

New Mexico Public Education Department Coordinated School Health & Wellness Bureau Administrative Review Corrective Action Plan

SFA Name:	Alamo Navajo School		
Administrative Review Conducted on:	11/9/2016		
Sites Selected for Review:	Alamo Navajo School		
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Date Corrective Action Plan was provided to SFA:			
Due Date for Corrective Action Plan:			
9. 9	vere identified during your Administrative Review. For e presented with the following:		
The finding, and details specific to the SFA regarding the finding	A summary of the regulation / requirement		
The Code of Federal Regulations citation number or alternate resource citation	Suggested guidance for the SFA in order to achieve compliance		
	SFA area for reply to state how, when and by whom corrections will be made		

Please provide a detailed response to each finding in the spaces provided.

Finding #1

410. For the week of menu review, the K-12 breakfast menu did not meet the minimum daily requirement of 1 ounce equivalent grain. A grain was provided, however the minimum required portion size was not met and not all grain choices were creditable.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the portion sizes required by the meal patterns were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all meals counted for reimbursement contain the required components in the minimum portion size required for the specific grade group. The SFA should review all menus to ensure that at least the minimum portion size is planned for the specific grade group. The SFA should also provide additional training to the kitchen staff on the requirements of a reimbursable meal. The training should include what to do if a certain planned menu item is not available or if the item runs out during service. The USDA FNS website can be used for training materials, resources and guidance on the meal pattern. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/

Regulation / Citation and Summary

220.8(c) Meal pattern for school breakfasts. A school must offer the food components and quantities required in the breakfast meal pattern established. K-12: 1 oz. equivalent of grains daily.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance. The plan should include; a statement that all menus will be reviewed to ensure that all portion sizes planned meet at least the minimum required amount for the specific grade group, a process for sites to reference when they do not have one of the planned menu items or there is insufficient quantities, a statement that the serving line will be visually reviewed prior to service to confirm that all required components are available and that additional menu training for all SFA staff will be provided. Provide the outline and dates for the trainings that will be completed. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit the menu from the week of review with the corrections that were made to the menu to bring it into compliance moving forward. Provide any needed documentation to support the changes such as labels, recipes, production records, etc.

SFA Response

Finding #2

410. For the week of menu review, the K-12 breakfast menu did not meet the minimum weekly requirement of 9 ounce equivalent grain.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the portion sizes required by the meal patterns were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all meals counted for reimbursement meet the weekly requirements as well as the daily requirements for grains required for the specific grade group. The SFA should review all menus to ensure that at least the minimum daily and weekly requirement is planned for the specific grade group. The SFA should also provide additional training to the kitchen staff on the requirements of a reimbursable meal. The training should include how to determine the total number of weekly servings if there are multiple menu items each day. The USDA FNS website can be used for training materials, resources and guidance on the meal pattern. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/

Regulation / Citation and Summary

220.8(c) Meal pattern for school breakfasts. A school must offer the food components and quantities required in the breakfast meal pattern established. K-12: minimum 9 oz. equivalents of grain weekly.

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance. The plan should include; a statement that all menus will be reviewed to ensure that all weekly requirements for grains and meat/meat alternates are met for the specific grade group, a process for sites to reference when they do not have one of the planned menu items or there is insufficient quantities, a statement that the serving line will be visually reviewed prior to service to confirm that all required components are available and that additional menu training for all SFA staff will be provided. Provide the outline and dates for the trainings that will be completed. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit the menu from the week of review with the corrections that were made to the menu to bring it into compliance moving forward. Provide any needed documentation to support the changes such as labels, recipes, production records, etc.

SFA Response

Finding #3

410. For the menu review week, the K-12 breakfast menu did not meet the 100% Whole Grain Rich requirement. Not all grains provided were Whole Grain Rich.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review requirements for the meal pattern were reviewed with the SFA. All grains provided as part of the reimbursable meal must be Whole Grain Rich. The be considered Whole Grain Rich the item it must be comprised of at least 50% whole grain ingredients. An easy way to determine if a prepurchased item is whole grain is to look at the ingredient list. If the first ingredient is whole grain, it is a Whole Grain Rich product. If the first ingredient is water, but the second is a whole grain it is also a Whole Grain Rich product. If the SFA is using a recipe as long as the whole grain ingredient is the largest by weight of all of the grain ingredients combined it is a Whole Grain Rich product. For additional information on whole grains visit the USDA FNS website. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/menu-planning/whole-grains

Regulation / Citation and Summary

220.8(c)(2)(iv) Grains component. (A) Enriched and whole grains. All grains must be made with enriched and whole grain meal or flour, in accordance with the most recent FNS guidance on grains. Whole grain-rich products must contain at least 50 percent whole grains and the remaining grains in the product must be enriched. Effective July 1, 2013 (SY 2013-2014), schools may substitute meats/meat alternates for grains, after the daily grains requirement is met, to meet the weekly grains requirement. One ounce equivalent of meat/meat alternate is equivalent to one ounce equivalent of grains.

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance with the Whole Grain Rich requirements. The plan should include; a statement that only Whole Grain Rich grain products will be used as part of the reimbursable meal, a statement that all labels/recipes/manufacturer statements will be kept on file to document the Whole Grain Rich compliance, and a statement that additional menu training will be provided to SFA staff. Provide the outline for the training and the dates that the training(s) will be completed. In the plan include the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. In addition to the plan please submit a revised menu from the week of review that clearly identifies the products that have been changed to bring the menu into compliance, submit any needed supporting documentation such as labels, recipes, and/or manufacturer statements.

SFA Response

Finding #4

410. For the week of menu review, the K-12 breakfast menu did not meet the minimum daily requirement of 1 cup fruit. Fruit was provided, however the minimum required portion size was not met.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the portion sizes required by the meal patterns were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all meals counted for reimbursement contain the required components in the minimum portion size required for the specific grade group. The SFA should review all menus to ensure that at least the minimum portion size is planned for the specific grade group. The SFA should also provide additional training to the kitchen staff on the requirements of a reimbursable meal. The training should include what to do if a certain planned menu item is not available or if the item runs out during service. The USDA FNS website can be used for training materials, resources and guidance on the meal pattern. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/

Regulation / Citation and Summary

220.8(c) Meal pattern for school breakfasts. A school must offer the food components and quantities required in the breakfast meal pattern established. K-12: 1 C of fruit daily.

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance. The plan should include; a statement that all menus will be reviewed to ensure that all portion sizes planned meet at least the minimum required amount for the specific grade group, a process for sites to reference when they do not have one of the planned menu items or there is insufficient quantities, a statement that the serving line will be visually reviewed prior to service to confirm that all required components are available and that additional menu training for all SFA staff will be provided. Provide the outline and dates for the trainings that will be completed. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit the menu from the week of review with the corrections that were made to the menu to bring it into compliance moving forward. Provide any needed documentation to support the changes such as labels, recipes, production records, etc.

SFA Response

Finding #5

410. For the week of menu review, the K-8 lunch menu did not meet the minimum daily requirement of 1 ounce equivalent grain and the 9-12 lunch menu did not meet the minimum daily requirement of 2 ounce equivalent grain. A grain was provided, however the minimum required portion size was not met and not all grain choices were creditable.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the portion sizes required by the meal patterns were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all meals counted for reimbursement contain the required components in the minimum portion size required for the specific grade group. The SFA should review all menus to ensure that at least the minimum portion size is planned for the specific grade group. The SFA should also provide additional training to the kitchen staff on the requirements of a reimbursable meal. The training should include what to do if a certain planned menu item is not available or if the item runs out during service. The USDA FNS website can be used for training materials, resources and guidance on the meal pattern. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(c) Meal pattern for school lunches. Schools must offer the food components and quantities required in the lunch meal pattern established: K-8: 1 oz. equivalent daily grain, 9-12: 2 oz. equivalent daily grain.

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance. The plan should include; a statement that all menus will be reviewed to ensure that all portion sizes planned meet at least the minimum required amount for the specific grade group, a process for sites to reference when they do not have one of the planned menu items or there is insufficient quantities, a statement that the serving line will be visually reviewed prior to service to confirm that all required components are available and that additional menu training for all SFA staff will be provided. Provide the outline and dates for the trainings that will be completed. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit the menu from the week of review with the corrections that were made to the menu to bring it into compliance moving forward. Provide any needed documentation to support the changes such as labels, recipes, production records, etc.

SFA Response

Finding #6

410. For the week of menu review, the K-8 lunch menu did not meet the minimum weekly requirement of 8 ounce equivalent grain and the 9-12 lunch menu did not meet the minimum weekly requirement of 10 ounce equivalent of grain.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the portion sizes required by the meal patterns were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all meals counted for reimbursement meet the weekly requirements as well as the daily requirements for grains required for the specific grade group. The SFA should review all menus to ensure that at least the minimum daily and weekly requirement is planned for the specific grade group. The SFA should also provide additional training to the kitchen staff on the requirements of a reimbursable meal. The training should include how to determine the total number of weekly servings if there are multiple menu items each day. The USDA FNS website can be used for training materials, resources and guidance on the meal pattern. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(c) Meal pattern for school lunches. Schools must offer the food components and quantities required in the lunch meal pattern established: K-8: minimum of 8 oz. equivalent of grains per week and 9-12: minimum of 10 oz. equivalent of grains per week.

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance. The plan should include; a statement that all menus will be reviewed to ensure that all weekly requirements for grains are met for the specific grade group, a process for sites to reference when they do not have one of the planned menu items or there is insufficient quantities, a statement that the serving line will be visually reviewed prior to service to confirm that all required components are available and that additional menu training for all SFA staff will be provided. Provide the outline and dates for the trainings that will be completed. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit the menu from the week of review with the corrections that were made to the menu to bring it into compliance moving forward. Provide any needed documentation to support the changes such as labels, recipes, production records, etc.

SFA Response

Finding #7

410. For the week of menu review, the lunch menu for grades K-12 did not meet the 100% Whole Grain Rich requirement for grains. Not all grains provided were Whole Grain Rich.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review requirements for the meal pattern were reviewed with the SFA. All grains provided as part of the reimbursable meal must be Whole Grain Rich. To be considered Whole Grain Rich the item it must be comprised of at least 50% whole grain ingredients. An easy way to determine if a prepurchased item is whole grain is to look at the ingredient list. If the first ingredient is whole grain, it is a Whole Grain Rich product. If the first ingredient is water, but the second is a whole grain it is also a Whole Grain Rich product. If the SFA is using a recipe as long as the whole grain ingredient is the largest by weight of all of the grain ingredients combined it is a Whole Grain Rich product. For additional information on whole grains visit the USDA FNS website. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/menu-planning/whole-grains

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(c)(2)(iv) Grains component. (A) Enriched and whole grains. All grains must be made with enriched and whole grain meal or flour, in accordance with the most recent grains FNS guidance. Whole grain-rich products must contain at least 50 percent whole grains and the remaining grains in the product must be enriched.

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance with the Whole Grain Rich requirements. The plan should include; a statement that only Whole Grain Rich grain products will be used as part of the reimbursable meal, a statement that all labels/recipes/manufacturer statements will be kept on file to document the Whole Grain Rich compliance, and a statement that additional menu training will be provided to SFA staff. Provide the outline for the training and the dates that the training(s) will be completed. In the plan include the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. In addition to the plan please submit a revised menu from the week of review that clearly identifies the products that have been changed to bring the menu into compliance, submit any needed supporting documentation such as labels, recipes, and/or manufacturer statements.

SFA Response

Finding #8

410. For the week of menu review, the K-6 lunch menu did not meet the minimum daily requirement of 1/2 cup fruit and the 9-12 lunch menu did not meet the minimum daily 1 cup fruit requirement. Fruit was provided, however the minimum required portion size was not met.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the portion sizes required by the meal patterns were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all meals counted for reimbursement contain the required components in the minimum portion size required for the specific grade group. The SFA should review all menus to ensure that at least the minimum portion size is planned for the specific grade group. The SFA should also provide additional training to the kitchen staff on the requirements of a reimbursable meal. The training should include what to do if a certain planned menu item is not available or if the item runs out during service. The USDA FNS website can be used for training materials, resources and guidance on the meal pattern. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(c) Meal pattern for school lunches. Schools must offer the food components and quantities required in the lunch meal pattern established: K-8: 1/2 cup of fruit, 9-12: 1 cup of fruit.

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance. The plan should include; a statement that all menus will be reviewed to ensure that all portion sizes planned meet at least the minimum required amount for the specific grade group, a process for sites to reference when they do not have one of the planned menu items or there is insufficient quantities, a statement that the serving line will be visually reviewed prior to service to confirm that all required components are available and that additional menu training for all SFA staff will be provided. Provide the outline and dates for the trainings that will be completed. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit the menu from the week of review with the corrections that were made to the menu to bring it into compliance moving forward. Provide any needed documentation to support the changes such as labels, recipes, production records, etc.

SFA Response

Finding #9

410. For the week of menu review, the K-8 lunch menu did not meet the minimum daily requirement of 3/4 cup vegetable and the 9-12 lunch menu did not meet the minimum daily requirement of 1 cup vegetable. Vegetables were provided, however the minimum required portion size was not met.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the portion sizes required by the meal patterns were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all meals counted for reimbursement contain the required components in the minimum portion size required for the specific grade group. The SFA should review all menus to ensure that at least the minimum portion size is planned for the specific grade group. The SFA should also provide additional training to the kitchen staff on the requirements of a reimbursable meal. The training should include what to do if a certain planned menu item is not available or if the item runs out during service. The USDA FNS website can be used for training materials, resources and guidance on the meal pattern. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(c) Meal pattern for school lunches. Schools must offer the food components and quantities required in the lunch meal pattern established: K-8: 3/4 cup of vegetable, 9-12: 1 cup of vegetable.

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance. The plan should include; a statement that all menus will be reviewed to ensure that all portion sizes planned meet at least the minimum required amount for the specific grade group, a process for sites to reference when they do not have one of the planned menu items or there is insufficient quantities, a statement that the serving line will be visually reviewed prior to service to confirm that all required components are available and that additional menu training for all SFA staff will be provided. Provide the outline and dates for the trainings that will be completed. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit the menu from the week of review with the corrections that were made to the menu to bring it into compliance moving forward. Provide any needed documentation to support the changes such as labels, recipes, production records, etc.

SFA Response

Finding #10

410. For the week of menu review, the K-8 lunch menu did not meet the minimum weekly requirement of 3/4 cup red/orange vegetable subgroup and the 9-12 lunch menu did not meet the miminum requirement of 1 1/4 cup red/orange vegetable subgroup.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the portion sizes required by the meal patterns were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all meals counted for reimbursement contain the required components in the minimum portion size required for the specific grade group. This includes meeting the weekly requirements for the vegetables sub-groups. Over the course of the standard school week the SFA must at a minimum meet the required servings for each sub-group. The SFA should review all menus to ensure that at least the minimum serving for each sub-group is planned for the specific grade group. The SFA should also provide additional training to the kitchen staff on the requirements of a reimbursable meal. The training should include what to do if a certain planned menu item is not available or if the item runs out during service. The USDA FNS website can be used for training materials, resources and guidance on the meal pattern. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(c)(iii) Vegetables component. Vegetable offerings at lunch over the course of the week must include the vegetable subgroups, as defined in this section in the quantities specified in the meal pattern in paragraph (c) of this section: K-8: 3/4 C red/orange, 9-12: 1 1/4 C red/orange.

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance. The plan should include; a statement that all menus will be reviewed to ensure that all weekly requirements for vegetable subgroups are met for the specific grade group, a process for sites to reference when they do not have one of the planned menu items or there is insufficient quantities, a statement that the serving line will be visually reviewed prior to service to confirm that all required components are available and that additional menu training for all SFA staff will be provided. Provide the outline and dates for the trainings that will be completed. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit the menu from the week of review with the corrections that were made to the menu to bring it into compliance moving forward. Provide any needed documentation to support the changes such as labels, recipes, production records, etc.

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SFA Response

Finding #11

410. For the week of menu review, the K-12 lunch menu did not meet the minimum weekly requirement of 1/2 cup starchy vegetable subgroup.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the portion sizes required by the meal patterns were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all meals counted for reimbursement contain the required components in the minimum portion size required for the specific grade group. This includes meeting the weekly requirements for the vegetables sub-groups. Over the course of the standard school week the SFA must at a minimum meet the required servings for each sub-group. The SFA should review all menus to ensure that at least the minimum serving for each sub-group is planned for the specific grade group. The SFA should also provide additional training to the kitchen staff on the requirements of a reimbursable meal. The training should include what to do if a certain planned menu item is not available or if the item runs out during service. The USDA FNS website can be used for training materials, resources and guidance on the meal pattern. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(c) (iii) Vegetables component. Vegetable offerings at lunch over the course of the week must include the vegetable subgroups, as defined in this section in the quantities specified in the meal pattern in paragraph (c) of this section: K-12: 1/2 C starchy.

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance. The plan should include; a statement that all menus will be reviewed to ensure that all weekly requirements for vegetable subgroups are met for the specific grade group, a process for sites to reference when they do not have one of the planned menu items or there is insufficient quantities, a statement that the serving line will be visually reviewed prior to service to confirm that all required components are available and that additional menu training for all SFA staff will be provided. Provide the outline and dates for the trainings that will be completed. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit the menu from the week of review with the corrections that were made to the menu to bring it into compliance moving forward. Provide any needed documentation to support the changes such as labels, recipes, production records, etc.

SFA Response

Finding #12

410. For the week of menu review, the K-6 lunch menu did not meet the minimum weekly requirement of 9 ounce equivalent meat/meat alternate.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the portion sizes required by the meal patterns were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all meals counted for reimbursement meet the weekly requirements as well as the daily requirements for meat/meat alternates required for the specific grade group. The SFA should review all menus to ensure that at least the minimum daily and weekly requirement is planned for the specific grade group. The SFA should also provide additional training to the kitchen staff on the requirements of a reimbursable meal. The training should include how to determine the total number of weekly servings if there are multiple menu items each day. The USDA FNS website can be used for training materials, resources and guidance on the meal pattern. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(c) Meal pattern for school lunches. Schools must offer the food components and quantities required in the lunch meal pattern established: K-8: minimum of 9 oz. equivalent of meat/meat alternate per week.

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance. The plan should include; a statement that all menus will be reviewed to ensure that all weekly requirements for grains are met for the specific grade group, a process for sites to reference when they do not have one of the planned menu items or there is insufficient quantities, a statement that the serving line will be visually reviewed prior to service to confirm that all required components are available and that additional menu training for all SFA staff will be provided. Provide the outline and dates for the trainings that will be completed. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit the menu from the week of review with the corrections that were made to the menu to bring it into compliance moving forward. Provide any needed documentation to support the changes such as labels, recipes, production records, etc.

SFA Response

Finding #13

The SFA is not maintaining standardized recipes. USDA recipes were provided, however it was determined that these recipes are not followed as written. A standardized recipe for Red Chile Enchilada was not provided. A recipe for Frito Pie was provided instead, but the SFA confirmed this recipe was not followed for the week of menu review.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, standardized recipes were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all sites are using standardized recipes for the meals they produce. If the SFA is using USDA recipes, they are already standardized, however if they make any modifications to the recipe it must be documented. If the SFA creates their own recipes it is recommended that they use the USDA template for standardized recipes to ensure that they include all required areas.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(c)(5) Standardized recipes. All schools must develop and follow standardized recipes. A standardized recipe is a recipe that was tested to provide an established yield and quantity using the same ingredients for both measurement and preparation methods. Standardized recipes developed by USDA/FNS are in the Child Nutrition Database.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To bring this area into compliance the SFA must submit a written assurance that includes; a statement that the SFA is aware of the standardized recipe requirement, a statement that standardized recipes will be maintained for all menu items, a process for completing the standardized recipes, and a statement that additional training will be provided to the SFA staff, include the training outline and the dates that the trainings will be held. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit a week of standardized recipes with the corresponding menu and planned production records for review.

SFA Response

Finding #14

Resource Management Comprehensive Review: NonProgram Food Compliance The SFA did not complete the USDA Nonprogram Food Revenue Tool.

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Technical Assistance Provided

The NonProgram Food Revenue Tool should be completed every year. You can use a one-week reference period instead of gathering numbers for an entire year. This tool should include adult meals as your nonprogram foods. If the tool shows you are out of compliance, you need to increase nonprogram food prices (even if you are meeting the USDA adult meal pricing guidelines). A copy of the tool and a link to the USDA memo was sent in an email during this review. Both documents can be found on the USDA website. The reviewer completed the tool for last year using information provided by the SFA and sent a copy to the SFA. Per the tool, the SFA was in compliance with nonprogram food requirements for the SY 15-16.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

- 7 CFR 210.14 (f) Revenue from non-program foods. Beginning July 1, 2011, school food authorities shall ensure that the revenue generated from the sale of non-program foods complies with the requirements in this paragraph.
- (1) Definition of non-program foods. For the purposes of this paragraph, non-program foods are those foods and beverages; (i) Sold in a participating school other than reimbursable meals and meal supplements; and (ii) Purchased using funds from the nonprofit school food service account.
- (2) Revenue from non-program foods. The proportion of total revenue from the sale of non-program foods to total revenue of the school food service account shall be equal to or greater than: (i) The proportion of total food costs associated with obtaining non-program foods (ii) The total costs associated with obtaining program and non-program foods from the account.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

As the corrective action response, please explain the process that will be put into place to ensure that the USDA Nonprogram Food Revenue Tool is completed correctly each year. This should include a timeframe for when the tool will be completed, and proper training for the person responsible for completing the tool.

SFA Response

Finding #15

Resource Management Comprehensive Review: Revenue from NonProgram Foods

Technical Assistance Provided

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It was determined that the SFA's cash deposits for adult meals were only made twice in SY 15-16; the first deposit was for revenues from the previous school year, and the revenues from the second half of SY 15-16 were not deposited until after the school year ended. The SFA did not make a journal entry to true up the balance, despite using the modified-accrual basis for accounting. It appears that all adult revenues do eventually accrue to food service, but the SFA should be more timely when it comes to revenue recognition. The SFA said they will begin making the cash deposits monthly. Overall this did not distort the SFA's revenues, as the adult meal sales are fairly consistent from year to year. However, the SFA should be consistent about recording revenues in the period in which they are measurable and available, per the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

7 CFR 210.14 Resource management. (3) All revenue from the sale of nonprogram foods shall accrue to the nonprofit school foodservice account of a participating school food authority.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

As the corrective action response, please explain how you will ensure that all nonprogram food revenues will accrue to the food service account in the correct period, as consistent with your basis of accounting.

SFA Response

Finding #16

801. The SFA did not submit a public release.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review the requirement for a public release to be submitted for publishing was discussed with the SFA. At or near the beginning of each year, the SFA must submit a public release to the local media, the unemployment office and any major employers who are contemplating large layoffs in the attendance area of the school.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

§245.5(a)(1) After the State agency, or FNSRO where applicable, notifies the local educational agency (as defined in §245.2) that its criteria for determining the eligibility of children for free and reduced price meals and for free milk have been approved, the local educational agency (as defined in §245.2) shall publicly announce such criteria: Provided however, that no such public announcement shall be required for boarding schools, residential child care institutions (see §210.2 of this chapter, definition of Schools), or a school which includes food service fees in its tuition, where all attending children are provided the same meals or milk. Such announcements shall be made at the beginning of each school year or, if notice of approval is given thereafter, within 10 days after the notice is received. The public announcement of such criteria, as a minimum, shall include the following: (1) Except as provided in §245.6(b), a letter or notice and application distributed on or about the beginning of each school year, to the parents of all children in attendance at school. The letter or notice shall contain the following information: (i) In schools participating in a meal service program, the eligibility criteria for reduced price benefits with an explanation that households with incomes less than or equal to the reduced

price criteria would be eligible for either free or reduced price meals, or in schools participating in the free milk option, the eligibility criteria for free milk benefits; (ii) How a household may make application for free or reduced price meals or for free milk for its children; (iii) An explanation that an application for free or reduced price benefits cannot be approved unless it contains complete information as described in paragraph (1)(i) of the definition of Documentation in §245.2; (iv) An explanation that households with children who are members of currently certified SNAP, FDPIR or TANF households may submit applications for these children with the abbreviated information described in paragraph (2)(ii) of the definition of Documentation in §245.2; (v) An explanation that the information on the application may be verified at any time during the school year; (vi) How a household may apply for benefits at any time during the school year as circumstances change; (vii) A statement to the effect that children having parents or guardians who become unemployed are eligible for free or reduced price meals or for free milk during the period of unemployment, Provided, that the loss of income causes the household income during the period of unemployment to be within the eligibility criteria; (viii) The statement: "In the operation of child feeding programs, no child will be discriminated against because of race, sex, color, national origin, age or disability."; (ix) An explanation that Head Start enrollees and foster, homeless, migrant, and runaway children, as defined in §245.2, are categorically eligible for free meals and free milk and their families should contact the school for more information; (x) How a household may appeal the decision of the local educational agency with respect to the application under the hearing procedure set forth in §245.7. The letter or notice shall be accompanied by a copy of the application form required under §245.6; (xi) A statement to the effect that the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) participants may be eligible for free or reduced price meals.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with civil rights requirements, the SFA must indicate that the public release will be sent to the local media at the beginning of the school year. Additionally, the SFA must identify the name(s) and title(s) of the person(s) who will be responsible for submitting the public release for publishing. Please submit the assurance and plan to the State Agency.

SFA Response

Finding #17

806. The SFA did not provide the yearly civil rights training for the appropriate staff.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the on-site review the requirement to provide a yearly civil rights training was discussed with the SFA. The SFA must provide civil rights training at least once a year to all frontline staff and supervisor and maintain all required documentation.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

FNS Instruction 113-1 Section XI Training is required so that people involved in all levels of

administration of programs that receive Federal financial assistance understand civil rights related laws, regulations, procedures, and directives. Persons responsible for reviewing CR compliance must receive training to assist them in performing their review responsibilities. This training may be carried out as part of ongoing technical assistance. The FNS Regional OCR and State agencies will be responsible for training State agency staffs. State agencies are responsible for training local agencies. Local agencies are responsible for training their subrecipients, including "frontline staff." "Frontline staff" who interact with program applicants or participants, and those persons who supervise "frontline staff," must be provided civil rights training on an annual basis. Specific subject matter must include, but not be limited to: A. Collection and use of data, B. Effective public notification systems, C. Complaint procedures, D. Compliance review techniques, E. Resolution of noncompliance, F. Requirements for reasonable accommodation of persons with disabilities, G. Requirements for language assistance, H. Conflict resolution, and I. Customer service.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with this requirement, the SFA must submit to the State Agency the process that will be put into place to ensure that the yearly civil rights training will be provided to all SFA staff and that the training will cover the required topics. Provide supporting documentation to demonstrate that the required topics will be covered, such as an agenda or a copy of the training.

SFA Response

Finding #18

807. The SFA has not collected racial/ethnic data on an annual basis.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review the requirement to collected racial/ethnic data was discussed with the SFA. The SFA must collect racial/ethnic on an annual basis through the mechanism of their choosing.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

FNS Instruction 113-1 Appendix B Section F The collection and reporting of data on the actual number of children applying for free and reduced-price meals or free milk, by ethnic/racial group, is required by DOJ Regulations, 28 CFR Part 42, and 9 AR. (a) The SFA or other program recipient agency will: (1) Develop a method for data collection. Methods include determination of the information by a school official through observation, personal knowledge, or voluntary self-identification by an applicant on the free and reduced-price meal or free milk application.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with this requirement, the SFA must provide the State Agency with an assurance that the SFA will complete all racial/ethnic data collection and that the SFA will put plan in place to ensure future compliance. Please submit the assurance and plan to the State Agency.

SFA Response

Finding #19

1000. The SFA does not have a Local School Wellness Policy.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, Local Wellness Policies were discussed with the SFA. The Local Wellness Policy is required to contain the following: a designation of one or more SFA officials in charge of school compliance oversight; a plan for measuring compliance; goals for nutrition education, nutrition promotion, other school based activities to promote student wellness, and physical activity; and guidance for all foods available on school campus. The SFA should also contact the state agency to determine if there are any additional requirements from the state or if they have any state specific resources. The SFA was provided with the USDA link for Wellness Policies. http://www.fns.usda.gov/tn/local-school-wellness-policy

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.30 Local School Wellness Policy. (c) Content of the plan. At a minimum, local school wellness policies must contain: (1) Specific goals for nutrition promotion and education, physical activity, and other school-based activities that promote student wellness. In developing these goals, local educational agencies must review and consider evidence-based strategies and techniques; (2) Standards for all foods and beverages provided, but not sold, to students during the school day on each participating school campus under the jurisdiction of the local educational agency; (3) Standards and nutrition guidelines for all foods and beverages sold to students during the school day on each participating school campus under the jurisdiction of the local educational agency that; (i) Are consistent with applicable requirements set forth under §§ 210.10 and 220.8 of this chapter; (ii) Are consistent with the nutrition standards set forth under § 210.11; (iii) Permit marketing on the school campus during the school day of only those foods and beverages that meet the nutrition standards under § 210.11; and (iv) Promote student health and reduce childhood obesity. (4) Identification of the position of the LEA or school official(s) or school official(s) responsible for the implementation and oversight of the local school wellness policy to ensure each school's compliance with the policy; (5) A description of the manner in which parents, students, representatives of the school food authority, teachers of physical education, school health professionals, the school board, school administrators, and the general public are provided an opportunity to participate in the development, implementation, and periodic review and update of the local school wellness policy; and (6) A description of the plan for measuring the implementation of the local school wellness policy, and for reporting local school wellness policy content and implementation issues to the public, as required in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section.

To come into compliance with the requirements for Local School Wellness Policies, the SFA must submit a written assurance that the appropriate staff understand the requirements for the wellness policy. The SFA must also develop a Local Wellness Policy that has all of the required areas and submit this to the State Agency. If the SFA needs additional time to develop the wellness policy and have it approved by the school board, the SFA must submit a detailed timeline that shows when each step will be completed. Once the policy is in place it must be submitted to the state agency for review. Submit the name and title of the SFA representative that will oversee this process and ensure compliance.

SFA Response

Finding #20

1204. The School Nutrition Program Director did not meet the training requirements, and did not have scheduled/planned trainings for the remainder of the school year to meet annual training requirements.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the on-site review, annual training hour requirements were discussed with the SFA. To be in compliance, the SFA must ensure that the School Nutrition Program Director completes the required amount of training annually. For further information, please see the USDA's Guide to Professional Standards for School Nutrition Programs.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.30(b)(3) Continuing education/training standards for all school nutrition program directors. Each school year, the school food authority must ensure that all school nutrition program directors, (including acting directors, at the discretion of the State agency) complete annual continuing education/training. For the school year beginning July 1, 2015, program directors must complete eight hours of annual training. Beginning July 1, 2016, twelve hours of annual training are required. The annual training must include, but is not limited to, administrative practices (including training in application, certification, verification, meal counting, and meal claiming procedures), as applicable, and any other specific topics identified by FNS, as needed, to address Program integrity or other critical issues. Continuing education/training required under this paragraph is in addition to the food safety training required in the first year of employment under paragraph (b)(1)(v) of this section.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with the requirements for Professional Standards, the SFA must provide the State Agency with an assurance that the appropriate staff understand these requirements, and the SFA must put a plan in place to ensure future compliance. Please submit the assurance and plan to the State Agency, indicating how the SFA will ensure that the appropriate training is completed and the dates of all future trainings.

SFA Response

Finding #21

1206. he school nutrition staff did not meet the training requirements, and did not have scheduled/planned trainings for the remainder of the school year to meet annual training requirements.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the on-site review, training requirements were discussed with the SFA. To be in compliance, the SFA must ensure that the School Nutrition staff complete the required amount of training annually. For further information, please see the USDA's Guide to Professional Standards for School Nutrition Programs.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.30(d) Continuing education/training standards for all staff with responsibility for school nutrition programs.

Each school year, the school food authority must ensure that all staff with responsibility for school nutrition programs that work an average of at least 20 hours per week, other than school nutrition program directors and managers, completes annual training in areas applicable to their job. For the school year beginning July 1, 2015, staff must complete four hours of annual training. Beginning July 1, 2016, six hours of annual training are required. Part-time staff working an average of less than 20 hours per week must complete four hours of annual training beginning July 1, 2015. The annual training must include, but is not limited to, the following topics, as applicable to their position and responsibilities: (1) Free and reduced price eligibility; (2) Application, certification, and verification procedures; (3) The identification of reimbursable meals at the point of service; (4) Nutrition; (5) Health and safety standards; and (6) Any specific topics identified by FNS, as needed, to address Program integrity or other critical issues.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with the requirements for Professional Standards, the SFA must provide the State Agency with an assurance that the appropriate staff understand these requirements, and the SFA must put a plan in place to ensure future compliance. Please submit the assurance and plan to the State Agency, indicating how the SFA will ensure that the appropriate training is completed and the dates of all future trainings.

SFA Response

Finding #22

1400. The SFA does not have a food safety plan.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the food safety plan was discussed with the SFA. The SFA must have a complete food safety plan that includes all of the required sections as specified by USDA. The SFA must have a food safety plan available at each site so that food service staff may stay in compliance with food safety requirements and procedures.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.13(c) Food safety program. The school food authority must develop a written food safety program that covers any facility or part of a facility where food is stored, prepared, or served. The food safety program must meet the requirements in paragraph (c)(1) or paragraph (c)(2) of this section, and the requirements in §210.15(b)(5). (1) A school food authority with a food safety program based on traditional hazard analysis and critical control point (HACCP) principles must: (i) Perform a hazard analysis; (ii) Decide on critical control points; (iii) Determine the critical limits; (iv) Establish procedures to monitor critical control points; (v) Establish corrective actions; (vi) Establish verification procedures; and (vii) Establish a recordkeeping system. (2) A school food authority with a food safety program based on the process approach to HACCP must ensure that its program includes: (i) Standard operating procedures to provide a food safety foundation; (ii) Menu items grouped according to process categories; (iii) Critical control points and critical limits; (iv) Monitoring procedures; (v) Corrective action procedures; (vi) Recordkeeping procedures; and (vii) Periodic program review and revision.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with the requirements for food safety, the SFA must provide the State Agency with an assurance that the appropriate staff understand the requirements for a food safety plan. The assurance should include; a statement that the food safety plan will contain all required fields, that the food safety plan will be available at each site within the SFA, and that training will be completed for all appropriate SFA staff. In addition to the assurance an electronic copy of the food safety plan must be submitted for review.

SFA Response

Finding #23

318. The point of service did not provide an accurate meal count by eligibility status. This is a systemic error. Staff member taking POS meal counts consitently left POS during meal service which resulted in an inaccuate count of reimbursable meals.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, an accurate point of service was discussed with the SFA. The point of service does not provide an accurate meal count by eligibility status. This is a systemic error. To be in compliance, the SFA must ensure that meal counts taken at the point of service correctly identify the number of free, reduced priced and paid lunches served. Tracking students accurately at the point of service was reviewed with the SFA. The SFA acknowledged the finding and will implement needed changes immediately.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.7(c)(1) Lunch count system. To ensure that the Claim for Reimbursement accurately reflects the number of lunches and meal supplements served to eligible children, the school food authority shall, at a minimum:(iii) Base Claims for Reimbursement on lunch counts, taken daily at the point of service, which correctly identify the number of free, reduced price and paid lunches served to eligible children; (iv) Correctly record, consolidate and report those lunch and supplement counts on the Claim for Reimbursement.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with the requirements for counting and claiming, the SFA must provide the State Agency with an assurance that the appropriate staff understand these requirements, and the SFA must put a plan in place to ensure future compliance. Please submit the assurance and plan to the State Agency. The plan must include: an indication that the SFA will advise the State Agency that the systemic error has been corrected, a description of the new process that has been implemented, a description of the training that was provided to staff to inform them of the new process, the date the training was completed and the name and title of the SFA representative that will ensure compliance moving forward. Additionally, SFA staff will need to complete the Meal Counting and Claiming training found in the School Nutrition Toolbox at http://www.schoolnutritiontoolbox.org/snt-v3/index.php.

SFA Response

Finding #24

400. On the day of review, all required components were not available to all students prior to breakfast service. The SFA was not able to correct the menu prior to the beginning of meal service but corrected the menu mid-service.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the components of the meal patterns were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all meals counted for reimbursement contain the required components in the minimum portion size required for the specific grade group. The SFA should consider providing additional signage and training to students to make sure they know what is required for a reimbursable meal. The SFA should also provide additional training to the point of service staff on the requirements of a reimbursable meal. The USDA FNS website can be used for training materials, resources and guidance on the meal pattern. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/

Regulation / Citation and Summary

220.8(b)(iii) (iii) Meal selected by each student must have the number of food components required for a reimbursable meal and include at least one fruit or vegetable.

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance. The plan should include; a statement that all menus will be reviewed to ensure that all required components are planned, a process for sites to reference when they do not have one of the planned menu items or there is insufficient quantities, a statement that the serving line will be visually reviewed prior to service to confirm that all required components are available and that additional menu training for all SFA staff will be provided. Provide the outline and dates for the trainings that will be completed. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit the menu from the day of review with the corrections that were made to the menu to bring it into compliance moving forward.

SFA Response

Finding #25

401. On the day of review, meals counted for reimbursement did not contain all of the required components. The breakfast offered to the K-12 grade group did not contain a fruit. This finding may result in fiscal action due to incomplete meals being counted for reimbursement.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the components of the meal patterns were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all meals counted for reimbursement contain the required components in the minimum portion size required for the specific grade group. The SFA should review all menus to ensure that all required components are offered. The SFA should also provide additional training to the kitchen staff on the requirements of a reimbursable meal. The training should include what to do if a certain planned menu item is not available or if the item runs out during service. The USDA FNS website can be used for training materials, resources and guidance on the meal pattern. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/

Regulation / Citation and Summary

220.8(c)(2)(ii) Fruits component. Effective July 1, 2014 (SY 2014-2015), schools must offer daily the fruit quantities specified in the breakfast meal pattern in paragraph (c) of this section.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with meal pattern requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written plan that will be implemented to ensure future compliance. The plan should include; a statement that all menus will be reviewed to ensure that all required components are planned, a process for sites to reference when they do not have one of the planned menu items or there is insufficient quantities, a statement that the serving line will be visually reviewed prior to service to confirm that all required components are available and that additional menu training for all SFA staff will be provided. Provide the outline and dates for the trainings that will be completed. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit the menu from the day of review with the corrections that were made to the menu to bring it into compliance moving forward.

SFA Response

Finding #26

402. On the day of review, the K-12 breakfast menu did not meet the 100% Whole Grain Rich requirement. Not all grains provided were Whole Grain Rich.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review requirements for the meal pattern were reviewed with the SFA. All grains provided as part of the reimbursable meal must be Whole Grain Rich. The be considered Whole Grain Rich the item it must be comprised of at least 50% whole grain ingredients. An easy way to determine if a prepurchased item is whole grain is to look at the ingredient list. If the first ingredient is whole grain, it is a Whole Grain Rich product. If the first ingredient is water, but the second is a whole grain it is also a Whole Grain Rich product. If the SFA is using a recipe as long as the whole grain ingredient is the largest by weight of all of the grain ingredients combined it is a Whole Grain Rich product. For additional information on whole grains visit the USDA FNS website. http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/menu-planning/whole-grains

Regulation / Citation and Summary

220.8 (c). (iv) Grains component. (A) Enriched and whole grains. All grains must be made with enriched and whole grain meal or flour, in accordance with the most recent FNS guidance on grains. Whole grain-rich products must contain at least 50 percent whole grains and the remaining grains in the product must be enriched. Effective July 1, 2013 (SY 2013-2014), schools may substitute meats/meat alternates for grains, after the daily grains requirement is met, to meet the weekly grains requirement. One ounce equivalent of meat/meat alternate is equivalent to one ounce equivalent of grains.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

SFA Response

Finding #27

403. On the day of review, fluid milk was offered at breakfast that was not 1% white or nonfat white/flavored.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the on-site review, the fluid milk requirements were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that fluid milk is offered that is 1% unflavored or nonfat unflavored or flavored. Milk that is above 1% fat content is not allowable for a reimbursable meal. The SFA must provide at least 2 different varieties of milk throughout the meal service.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

220.8(d) Fluid milk requirement. A serving of fluid milk as a beverage or on cereal or used in part for

each purpose must be offered for breakfasts. Schools must offer students a variety (at least two different options) of fluid milk. Effective July 1, 2012 (SY 2012-2013), all milk must be fat-free or low-fat. Milk with higher fat content is not allowed. Fat-free fluid milk may be flavored or unflavored, and low-fat fluid milk must be unflavored. Low fat or fat-free lactose-free and reduced-lactose fluid milk may also be offered.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with the fluid milk requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written assurance that staff administering the Program understand these requirements, and the SFA must put a plan in place to ensure future compliance. Please submit the assurance and plan to the State Agency, along with an indication that corrections have been made at this site, as well as system-wide, in order to bring the menus into compliance. Submit a copy of documentation (milk receipts, labels, menus, or production records) to demonstrate compliance.

SFA Response

Finding #28

403. On the day of review, fluid milk was offered at lunch that was not 1% white or nonfat white/flavored.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, the fluid milk requirements were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that fluid milk is available in at least two varieties on all serving lines. The milk varieties could be flavor, fat content, lactose free, etc. The SFA must ensure that they have enough of each variety to last though the entire meal service, the last student through the line should still have a varieties of milk to select from.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(d) Fluid milk requirement—(1) Types of fluid milk. (i) Schools must offer students a variety (at least two different options) of fluid milk. All milk must be fat-free or low-fat. Milk with higher fat content is not allowed. Fat-free fluid milk may be flavored or unflavored, and low-fat fluid milk must be unflavored. Low fat or fat-free lactose-free and reduced-lactose fluid milk may also be offered.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with the fluid milk requirements, the SFA must provide the State Agency with a written assurance that staff administering the Program understand these requirements, and the SFA must put a plan in place to ensure future compliance. Please submit the assurance and plan to the State Agency, along with an indication that corrections have been made at this site, as well as system-wide, in order to bring the menus into compliance. Submit a copy of documentation (milk receipts, labels, menus, or production records) to demonstrate compliance.

SFA Response

Finding #29

409. The SFA is not maintaining daily production records. As there is no documentation for meals served, no meals may be claimed for reimbursement. Fiscal action will apply.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the onsite review, production records were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must ensure that all sites are keeping accurate and complete production records for the meals they produce. The records must be completed throughout meal service and maintained everyday. At a minimum the production records should include the name of the item, the recipe or item number, the portion size, the number of planned portions, the component contribution amount and the number of actual servings. All kitchen staff should be trained on completing productions records so that everyone can complete the records.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(a)(3)Production and menu records. Schools or school food authorities, as applicable, must keep production and menu records for the meals they produce. These records must show how the meals offered contribute to the required food components and food quantities for each age/grade group every day. Labels or manufacturer specifications for food products and ingredients used to prepare school meals must indicate zero grams of trans fat per serving (less than 0.5 grams). Schools or school food authorities must maintain records of the latest nutritional analysis of the school menus conducted by the State agency. Production and menu records must be maintained in accordance with FNS guidance

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To bring this area into compliance the SFA must submit a written assurance that includes; a statement that the SFA is aware of the production records requirement, a statement that production records will be maintained for all meals produced, a process for completing the productions records, and a statement that additional training will be provided to the SFA staff, include the training outline and the dates that the trainings will be held. In addition please submit the name(s) and title(s) of the SFA representative(s) that will oversee this area and ensure future compliance. Submit a week of completed production records for review.

SFA Response

Finding #30

1706. Production records were not complete for each day of the review period.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, production record requirements were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must complete production records as described in 7 CFR 210.10(a)(3). How to complete these records was discussed with the SFA. This finding may result in fiscal action.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(a)(3) Production and menu records. Schools or school food authorities, as applicable, must keep production and menu records for the meals they produce. These records must show how the meals offered contribute to the required food components and food quantities for each age/grade group every day.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with production record requirements, the SFA must provide an assurance that staff administering the Afterschool Care Snack Program understand these requirements, and the SFA must put a plan in place to ensure future compliance. Please submit the assurance and plan. Training for all afterschool snack program staff must be completed. Submit a copy of the completed sign in sheet and agenda for the training along with the date that the training was completed. The SFA must also submit revised production records to the State Agency, for each day of the review period.

SFA Response

Finding #31

1707. The program is not monitored twice per year.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, program monitoring was discussed with the SFA. The SFA must monitor the program twice per year, including once within the first 4 weeks of operation.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.9(c) Afterschool care requirements. Those school food authorities with eligible schools (as defined in §210.10(n)(1)) that elect to serve meal supplements during afterschool care programs, shall agree to: (7) Review each afterschool care program two times a year; the first review shall be made during the first four weeks that the school is in operation each school year, except that an afterschool care program operating year round shall be reviewed during the first four weeks of its initial year of operation, once more during its first year of operation, and twice each school year thereafter.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with monitoring requirements, the SFA must provide an assurance that staff administering the Afterschool Care Snack Program understand these requirements, and the SFA must put a plan in place to ensure future compliance. Please submit the assurance and plan. The SFA must also complete the monitoring reviews and submit them or, if early in the year, must provide the date when monitoring will occur. Once these reviews are completed, they should be submitted to the State Agency at that point. Include the person by position will be in charge of completing the snack program monitoring reviews.

SFA Response

Finding #32

1706. Snack records do not demonstrate that the components met the meal pattern requirements on each day of the review period. Cookies were served seven days.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review, production record, component, and portion size requirements were discussed with the SFA. The SFA must complete production records and serve snacks as described in 7 CFR 210.10(a)(3) and 7 CFR 210.10(o)(2). How to review nutrition labels, ingredient labels, CN labels, and use the food buying guide was discussed for meal pattern compliance. This finding may result in fiscal action.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

210.10(a)(3) Production and menu records. Schools or school food authorities, as applicable, must keep production and menu records for the meals they produce. These records must show how the meals offered contribute to the required food components and food quantities for each age/grade group every day.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with component requirements, the SFA must provide an assurance that staff administering the Afterschool Care Snack Program understand these requirements, and the SFA must put a plan in place to ensure future compliance. Please submit the assurance and plan. Training for all afterschool snack program staff must be completed. Submit a copy of the completed sign in sheet and agenda for the training along with the date that the training was completed. The SFA must also submit revised snack menus for the next time this menu would be offered, to the State Agency, to show compliance with the snack meal pattern. For missing components, the State Agency will determine the correct number of snacks that may be claimed for the review period.

SFA Response

Finding #33

800. The SFA must use the current civil rights statement on all Program materials. The SFA is not using the civil rights statement on all Program materials.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review the requirement for the most current civil rights statement to appear on all Program material was discussed with the SFA. The SFA must use the most current statement on all Program material. Per USDA requirements the new Non-discrimination statement must be on all program materials no later than September 30, 2016. The SFA was provided with the USDA link to the new non-discrimination statement. http://www.fns.usda.gov/fns-nondiscrimination-statement

Regulation / Citation and Summary

FNS Instruction 113-1 IX A 3 Nondiscrimination Statement. All information materials and sources, including Web sites, used by FNS, State agencies, local agencies, or other subrecipients to inform the public about FNS programs must contain a nondiscrimination statement. It is not required that the nondiscrimination statement be included on every page of the program information Web site. At the minimum, the nondiscrimination statement, or a link to it, must be included on the homepage of the program information.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with civil rights requirements, the SFA must submit an assurance to the State Agency that the current non-discrimination statement has been added to all program materials. In addition, the SFA must submit a sample of program materials, such as a menu or letter to households with the statement added to the State Agency.

SFA Response

Finding #34

803. The SFA does not have a procedure in place for handling civil rights complaints.

Technical Assistance Provided

During the review the requirement for the SFA to have a complaint procedure was discussed. The procedure must indicate: that any person or representative alleging discrimination based on a prohibited basis has the right to file a complaint; all complaints, written or verbal, must be forwarded to the appropriate Regional or FNS OCR Director, unless an approved State complaint procedure is in place; in the event a complainant makes the allegations verbally or in person and refuses or is not inclined to place such allegations in writing, the person to whom the allegations are made must write up the elements of the complaint for the complainant. The procedure must also identify the outside agency to which the complaints are forwarded.

Regulation / Citation and Summary

FNS Instruction 113-1 Section XV All complaints, written or verbal, must be forwarded to the appropriate Regional or FNS OCR Director, unless an approved State complaint procedure is in place. Anonymous complaints will be handled as any other complaints, to the extent feasible, based on available information.

SFA Suggested Guidance for Compliance

To come into compliance with civil rights requirements, the SFA must develop a procedure that will be put into place to handle any discrimination complaints and to forward them to an appropriate agency. The process must outline the steps that will be taken when a complaint is received, the name and contact information of the agency that the complaint will be forwarded to, and the name(s) and title(s) of the person(s) who will be responsible for forwarding complaints to the appropriate agency. Please submit the procedure to the State Agency.

SFA Response

Signature of Reviewer: _ Rancelli n Rich _	Date: <u>11/9/2016</u>
Signature of SFA Representative:	Date:

If you have any questions, feel free to contact CN Resource at your convenience. Thank you.



Coordinated School Health & Wellness Bureau 120 S. Federal Place, Suite 207 Santa Fe, NM 87501

Phone:		
email:		

Please insert your detailed responses, save, print, sign, and scan/email or mail the signed copy to your NMPE address above by the due date indicated. Thank you.

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