1	BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION
2	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
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9	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS COMMUNITY INPUT HEARING
10	SAHQ Academy August 18, 2015
11	8:30 a.m. CNM Workforce Training Center
12	5600 Eagle Rock Avenue, Northeast Albuquerque, New Mexico
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20	REPORTED BY: Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR-CRR, NM CCR #219 Bean & Associates, Inc.
21	Professional Court Reporting Service 201 Third Street, NW, Suite 1630
22	Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102
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25	JOB NO.: 3506L(CC)





1	APPEARANCES
2	COMMISSIONERS:
3	MR. VINCE BERGMAN, Vice Chair
4	MS. KARYL ANN ARMBRUSTER, Member MR. JEFF CARR, Member
5	MS. ELEANOR CHAVEZ, Member MR. JAMES CONYERS, Member
6	MS. PATRICIA GIPSON, Member MS. MILLIE POGNA, Member MS. CARMIE TOULOUSE, Member
7	STAFF:
8	MS. KATIE POULOS, Directer, Charter Schools Division
9	MS. JULIE LUCERO, General Manager, Options for Parents
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VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: I am going to call this Community Input hearing for the SAHQ Academy into session.

Today's date is Tuesday, August 18th,

2015. As you may have noticed, Chairwoman Shearman
is not here today. She had a health issue last
week, and her doctor forbade her to drive. In the
previous six years, I don't believe she's ever
missed one of these hearings. So she's very sad and
sends her regrets, because she loves to come to
them. And as Mr. Vigil knows, she loves to talk
about budgets; and so we're going to miss her in
that area.

But we're going to go ahead and proceed with myself as acting chair. I am going to do a little different roll call, because I'm also acting secretary today.

I'm going to identify myself. I am Vince Bergman. I represent District 8, and I am from Roswell. I think I'll start to my right here, and introduce yourselves and state where you're from. And Commissioner Chavez is now here with us. So start --

COMMISSIONER CHAVEZ: Oh. You want me to



start.



1	Eleanor Chavez. I represent District 1,
2	Albuquerque-Bernalillo County.
3	COMMISSIONER ARMBRUSTER: I'm Karyl Ann
4	Armbruster. I'm District 4. I represent Los Alamos
5	and some parts of Jemez and parts of Rio Rancho and
6	parts of Santa Fe.
7	COMMISSIONER GIPSON: Patti Gipson. I
8	represent District 7, which is Doña Ana and a little
9	bit of Otero County.
10	COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: I'm Carmie
11	Toulouse. I represent District 3, which is the bulk
12	of Albuquerque and the bulk of charter schools that
13	are State-chartered. And also, I think the bulk of
14	APS-chartered schools are in my district. I
15	probably do, but I'm not sure exactly how many you
16	have at the moment; so
17	COMMISSIONER CONYERS: I'm Jim Conyers. I
18	represent District 5, which is all of San Juan and
19	McKinley Counties and part of Rio Arriba and
20	Sandoval.
21	COMMISSIONER CARR: I'm Jeff Carr. I
22	represent District 10, Colfax County, Taos County,
23	Rio Arriba County, and Santa Fe.
24	COMMISSIONER POGNA: I'm Millie Pogna.



I'm from Albuquerque, District 1, basically the

1	Northeast Heights area.
2	VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you, all. That
3	means we have eight Commissioners present, when
4	and therefore, we have a quorum. However, that's
5	not necessary today, because we have no action
6	items.
7	But it's a great turnout from the
8	Commissioners today for these Community Input
9	hearings.
10	I would ask Commissioner Armbruster if you
11	would you lead us in the Pledge of Allegiance, and I
12	will lead us in the Salute to the New Mexico Flag.
13	I think they're directly behind us.
14	(Pledge of Allegiance and Salute to the
15	New Mexico flag conducted.)
16	VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you very much.
17	I have a document that I'm doing to start with
18	today.
19	COMMISSIONER CARR: Do you need to approve
20	the agenda first?
21	VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Yes, I did that
22	vesterday as a matter of fact yeah. We do need to

Do I have a motion.



short agenda.

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approve our agenda today, which is obviously a very

1	COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: So move.
2	COMMISSIONER CARR: Second.
3	VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Commissioner Toulouse
4	has moved; Commissioner Carr has seconded.
5	All in favor, say "Aye."
6	(Commissioners so indicate.)
7	VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: All opposed?
8	(No response.)
9	VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: None. Thank you very
10	much.
11	Now I'll read my statement. But before I
12	do that, a little birdie has told me that
13	Commissioner Toulouse may be having a birthday
14	today; but we're not going to sing "Happy Birthday"
15	to her
16	COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: Thank you.
17	VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: because I don't
18	like that when it's done to me. I would not do that
19	to her. I'm sure she turned 21 today or something.
20	COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: By a number of
21	times, yes.
22	VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: But Happy Birthday,
23	Commissioner Toulouse.
24	And now I'll read this statement, please.
25	This meeting is being conducted pursuant





to New Mexico Statutes Annotated, Title 22, Section 8B-6J, 2009.

The purpose of these Community Input hearings that will be held from August 17th through August 21st, 2015, is to obtain information from the applicant and to receive community input to assist the Public Education Commission in its decision whether to grant the proposed charter application.

According to this section of the law, the Commission may appoint a subcommittee of no fewer than three members to hold a public hearing. So we have satisfied that.

According to law, these hearings are being transcribed by a professional court reporter. The total time allocated to each application is 90 minutes, which will be timed to ensure an equitable opportunity to present applications.

During the hearing, the Commission will allow for community input about the charter application. The time for public comments will be limited to 20 minutes. If you wish to speak regarding the application, please sign in at least 15 minutes before the applicant's presentation.

That list is over there on the table.

Please be sure that you indicate on the





sign-up sheet whether you are here in opposition or support of the charter school. The Commission Chair, or in this case the Acting Chair, based on the number of requests to comment, will allocate time to those wishing to speak.

If there are a large number of supporters or opponents, they are asked to select a speaker to represent common opinions. We will try to allocate an equitable amount of time to represent the community accurately.

The Commission will follow this process for each community input hearing:

The Commission will ask each applicant or group to present at the table in front. They will be given 20 minutes to present their application in the manner they deem appropriate.

The Commission will not accept any written documentation from the applicant; but the applicant may use exhibits to describe their school, if necessary. However, the setup time for exhibits, et cetera, will be included in the 20 minutes.

Following the applicant's presentation, local school district representatives, which could include the superintendent, administrators, and board members, will be given ten minutes to comment.



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Subsequently, the Commission will allow 1 2 20 minutes for public comment, as described above. 3 Finally, the Commission will be given 4 40 minutes to ask questions of the applicant. 5 I believe we are ready to proceed. 6 Cindy, you are in operation. 7 Commissioners, are you ready to proceed? 8 I would ask that the SAHQ Academy come forward. 9 MS. RODE: 10 That's us. 11 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: All right. They are 12 present. 13 I would ask that you please state the name 14 of your school. Please identify yourselves and your 15 relationship to the school. After you have done 16 that, then we will start -- that is not included in 17 the 20 minutes. So please introduce yourselves. 18 MS. RODE: Mr. Chairman, members of the 19 Commission, my name is Charlotte Rode. And I'm a 20 founder. And I also wanted to introduce Governor Luarke, who is not able to be here because he has to 21 22 be in Laguna with the current governor, doing a 23 presentation this morning. And so when times 24 changed, we had a little bit of a conflict of -- of 25 schedules.



And so he is one of our board members. 1 2 And he was two-time governor of Laguna Pueblo, and 3 was also the president of the board of the Santa Fe Indian School. 5 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Well, let me interrupt. Why don't you grab that microphone? 6 7 is wireless. MS. RODE: Just take it off --8 9 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: And pass it down, 10 please. Commissioner Bergman, members 11 MR. VIGIL: 12 of the Commission. 13 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Apparently, it's not 14 on. 15 MR. VIGIL: Mr. Chair, members of the Commission, my name is Michael Vigil. I am a board 16 17 member with -- one of the board members for the SAHQ 18 Academy. I come to you as a former superintendent of business for APS. And I work now with the 19 20 charter schools, helping to start 15 charter schools 21 throughout the state of New Mexico. I own a company 22 that services charter schools, and I work with the 23 Public Education Department when they -- with 24 various issues. 25 So we're hoping that, working with



1 Charlotte, this is something that can be approved. MR. MADONIA: Mr. Chairman, Board members, 2 3 my name is Mike Madonia, and I am a founder and also 4 a board member at SAHQ Academy. I'm a Certified 5 Project Management Professional. My specialties are 6 scheduling, organizational management, policy and 7 procedure writing. 8 I currently work as a consultant to the 9 Sandia National Labs in project management system 10 implementation. And that's what I bring to this 11 team. 12 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you. Is that 13 all? 14 That's it. MS. RODE: 15 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Katie, are you going to be my timekeeper again today? 16 17 MS. POULOS: I am. 18 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Katie has a very soft 19 voice; but we do adhere to the times very strictly. 20 So she will identify when your 20 minutes are up. You now have 20 minutes to make your 21 22 presentation. Proceed, please. 23 Thank you, Mr. Chair, and MS. RODE: 24 members of the Commission. Just to give a little 25 bit of background --



1 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: I am so sorry. 2 Please turn off all cell phones, or mute it, or buzz 3 it, or something. And if you have any other devices 4 that might interrupt us today -- I happened to look 5 at mine, and I know it's not off. So I'm sorry. 6 MS. RODE: No problem. 7 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Katie, please? 8 MS. POULOS: I've reset it. 9 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: My mistake. Thank 10 you very much. Go ahead. 11 I'm sorry. 12 MS. RODE: No problem. I just wanted to 13 give a little bit of background on myself. I am a 14 Native New Mexican, and I have seven children. 15 was one of nine and currently live in the same house 16 that I was born in. 17 And so I have been an education advocate 18 and a coach for the last 30 years in Albuquerque, 19 and been serving the community in that capacity, 20 along with raising my children in an environment that they were exposed to, home-schooling, public 21 22 schools, a little bit of private schools, and 23 charter schools. And so we have kind of the whole 24 spectrum, based on what the needs of my children



are.

I have been a State Fair Commissioner serving my neighborhood and my community within that capacity. And, really, that was something that was very challenging, in the sense that I had to represent my community as a Republican against, you know, an administration that was a little bit adverse to -- to the questions and things that I brought to the table.

So my years of community service have extended back through education, children in sports, the government. I was a volunteer legislative assistant with Senator Mark Boitano and was able to spend a session in Santa Fe learning about how education is impacted through the government in Santa Fe. And that was my objective there.

And all of that combined together has kind of -- has come to what we do at Student Athlete Headquarters. And what our plans are for SAHQ Academy is that we want to impact our community; so literally, the tens of thousands of kids and families that I've worked with over the past 30 years in my community.

We are homegrown. Every single one of our members and our board members and our coaches and our teachers are New Mexicans. We don't have an



international company that is backing us or supporting us or payrolling us. We are just home-grown, Native New Mexicans that want to impact and make a difference within our communities.

And so some of those obstacles might be evident in our ability to pay for attorneys or for program writers or whatever. But our talent is very deep. We have a lot of talent within the group that is here to present and bring a school forward.

We have been doing this work for the past 30 years; SAHQ has been around since 2011. I've been at every charter training, I think, since 2011, and seen the PED change people multiple times throughout that -- that period of time, but have really come to understand a lot about what the issues are within the State government and within the PEC and the PED and the Charter Schools Division.

Our objective is to partner with you and also partner with APS, because we are all in this for the same reasons. This is about our community and our kids. And we are going to be able to move forward based on our ability to serve them. And so certainly, working together is what our objective is.



Our master plan for our programs includes a school. So if, hopefully, it means that we're able to partner with the State and provide it for free, we hope that that's the case.

We will provide a school down the road, because that's part of our plan, and that's what our objectives are within our -- our -- our community; but we're hoping that that means that we can partner with you and make a really fantastic school that impacts our kids for the better.

The educational plan that we have is similar to some very successful schools, and different in a sense.

So we have -- I have a graphic on the other side of this board, which I'll show a little bit later. But it shows the different schools that are blended environments within New Mexico.

Mr. Carr, Commissioner Carr, is familiar with the Taos Academy. We have here SSLC in Albuquerque; we have the Rio Rancho Cyber Academy, that are all blended models using the same curriculum that we will be using, Edgenuity.

And so the curriculum itself and the blended model itself has been proven in New Mexico to be effective. All of those schools that I've



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mentioned are A-rated schools. So when we talk about the basis of our school in New Mexico, that process and that delivery has already been proven to be successful.

The innovation that we're bringing to the table is that we are using sports, sports science, health science, to motivate kids to show up, to get kids engaged and inspire them, so that they will be engaged in their learning like they are with their athletics.

So in athletics, no athlete ever shows up to practice to be mediocre. They don't come and work and work so that they can do okay. Everybody shows up to practice because they want to get better every day and go compete and win. That's the objective. Now, winning isn't the end-all; getting better every day is the purpose.

So sometimes you play really well, and you do your best; you get a personal best, but you don't win. And that's a success.

So what we're trying to do is to bring that component into the classroom and to say, "You know what? If you're capable of getting an A or a B, why are you getting a D? You know, if you're capable of adding something to this classroom and



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bringing your own thoughts and your own energy and your own ideas, why are you just sitting there and listening?"

Because in a team, it's not okay for somebody to just come and stand on the sidelines. It's not okay for them to show up to practice and just give half an effort. You have to give a full effort, and you have to be a person who makes a difference on that team.

Everybody has a different role; everybody brings something different to the table. But that's what makes it special is that they're not just coming; they have something to offer.

So if you have something to offer to a team, why do you want to stay home?

You don't.

It's if you're sitting there not participating, and you're on the sidelines that you're not motivated to go to school. You're not motivated because there's nothing there for you.

But if you really feel as if you're an integral part of that team, and it matters whether you're there, you want to be there.

And that's why so many kids really are inspired through sports, is it's because they're a



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part of something bigger than themselves. And that's the component that our educational plan brings to the table.

We're using something that is proven. Our academic plan, our educational plan, is complete, in and of itself, with just the Edgenuity program, okay? That is -- that is used with all of the A-rated schools, and that is their curriculum is that Edgenuity curriculum. And so it's already been proven; it's already approved; it's already aligned with all of the State standards.

So what we provided you was all of the scopes and sequences for all of the State classes that are required for graduation. Then what we're doing is we're recruiting and hiring very dynamic people who are very familiar with the team dynamic:

Coaches who can inspire kids to want to be there and learn through sports, through talking sports, through being the type of people who enjoy sports and being able to interact with them, and then using their skills, the teachers, the dynamic skills that the teachers have, to then go deeper within the curriculum.

Now, we were criticized for not having that component written already. But I know, even --



I read a blog post that you wrote, in the sense that you have a base curriculum, and then you spend your time developing that curriculum before you head to school, right? So you have the -- the teachers and their expertise that they use to say, "This is what I'm required to teach, and then I'm going to go deeper. I'm going to provide more, because I'm a good teacher, and I care."

But the basics, what's really wonderful about an online digital delivery that requires relationship is that within a normal classroom -- and like he mentioned in his blog post -- sometimes you can't get through the whole curriculum in a year, and it's very difficult sometimes for teachers to make sure that they cover everything that's in a curriculum.

Well -- and I know from my boys, a couple of my boys -- they would just do the bare minimum to stay on the field. They wanted to play football or rugby or wrestling; so they would do the bare minimum. And sometimes they wouldn't learn everything that was in that curriculum that year, and then they would go on to the next year and have to start without the basic fundamentals that they were supposed to learn the year prior.



In digital delivery, what happens is that you are required to learn it, period. End of story. You don't progress to the next step until you have mastered this section.

And with our school, what we do similar to Taos Academy -- Taos Academy has a minimum of 70 percent across the board for all students before they can progress to the next level.

With our school, what we do is we set a minimum acceptable standard. And so if one student would like to go to Harvard, and the next student is planning on going to CNM, those minimum acceptable standards might be a little bit different, okay?

And then based on their history, if they've been an honor student, if they have really aggressive goals, or they have shown the capacity to do really well in class, one student might have a 95 percent minimum acceptable standard, and the other might have a 70 percent. And we, in general, in our discussions, would not allow a kid to have a below 70 percent minimum acceptable standard unless it was a pass-fail type of grade.

So the ability to really challenge kids to do their best is built into our system. So it's something that takes the base curriculum, ensures --



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so, say, a child's parents get divorced in the middle of the year, and they just fall flat for a short period of time because they just can't cope. Or they get sick.

With a normal, traditional school, what happens is that they get so far behind that it's really difficult for them to recover, and they end up having to repeat the whole year.

Well, with this kind of system, what happens is that they just slow down. They just -- you know, even if they came to a complete stop, they're there. And then when they're capable, when they're able, when they recover, we can start over at that spot and then keep them moving forward so they don't get discouraged, and they don't get -- feeling as though they're not smart because they can't keep up, or adding to their emotional problems, because now, not only did their parents get divorced, but now they're failing in school where they had done well before.

And they can't recover; they're going to have to repeat -- that's a whole other year of their life -- or a summer, that they have to maintain and do classwork during the summer.

So it's the ability -- it's the ability



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for -- sorry. I'm a little bit dehydrated. My mother's in the hospital, and I've spent the last two nights sleeping there; so I haven't exactly been prepared physically.

But, you know, it's one of those things that's really important to me, having seven children -- and I have one special needs child -- is that every one of them learns differently. Every single one of them has different needs and needs relationship to help inspire them.

And so with this kind of delivery system, with our educational plan, we can meet the needs of the special needs child, and we can meet the needs of somebody who is just soaring and really needs to be fed and fed and fed in order to be challenged and reach their potential.

In our world, there is uneducated, which we want to make sure we address those kids. And a lot of times, those kids who are -- are minorities, who might be poor, who might be, you know, just, in those -- in the -- in the things that you might think to be at risk. The one thing that's pretty common within those groups of kids is that they like sports.

Now, they may not be able to participate



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in very many sports, because their parents can't take them, or their parents can't pay for them. But they enjoy it, and it engages them. And you know what's great about the dads that sometimes are absent in those families is it engages them, too, within their kids.

So sometimes you see parents who wouldn't otherwise be engaged in their education become engaged, because it has to do with sports.

And so there's a lot of dynamics within a team-based environment, a sports-based environment that addresses our kids within Albuquerque and New Mexico. And we have seen the ability of these types of programs to meet the needs of a varied -- you know, a varied population.

Our location is right off of I-25 on Coal, between Lead and Coal. So we're just walking distance to CNM. We're right kind of kiddy-corner to Roosevelt Park. We have UNM, Downtown, Presbyterian Hospital all right there. It's very -- from anywhere in town, if you're close to a freeway, we're about ten minutes away; so it's very easily accessible.

And so our facility there -- we have plans down the road, maybe, you know, to build a bigger



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1 facility that we have more sporting type of facilities. But right now, this is perfect for us. 2 3 And the overhead is low. It is something that we've already established. We've been inside this 5 program, working with the kids, for almost four And so financially, it's a fiscally 6 7 responsible place to be, because when we -- when we asked APS how much -- if they had anything available 8 or how much it would cost to find, they said, 9 10 "There's absolutely no property like that in town 11 that isn't already owned by UNM," and that it would 12 cost \$8 million to replicate what we have right in 13 the middle of the city. 14 So the fact that we have this building, 15 and we have a low overhead is really an advantage to

So the fact that we have this building, and we have a low overhead is really an advantage to us to -- to stepping into a school and being successful right away.

We've also invested quite a bit into things like Internet and furniture. Our whole gym is equipped. We have a basketball court. We have chairs in our auditorium. You know, there's things that we already have that the school will not have to purchase in order to get started.

So it's one of those things that should be -- financially, it should be an easy transition.



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And the basic concepts of what we're doing has 1 already been -- the foundation of what's gone --2 3 we're doing academically has already been proven. 4 So I -- that's just kind of the overview, 5 and I'd love to answer your questions and to be available to, you know, any kind of scrutiny that 7 you all might have, but with the intent that we want to be better partners. We want to be servants, like 8 we have been for the past 30 years. We want to 9 10 serve our community. 11 We don't care about the profit model. 12 We're not coming in and saying, "We have to do 13 things this way, because we have to make a profit at 14 the end of the day." 15 You know, we're not going to cut off what 16 we do with the kids because it's going to impact our 17 profit-and-loss statement. We're here, every one of 18 the volunteers that have been here --MS. POULOS: 19 Time. 20 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: I don't wish to be 21 rude, but your 20 minutes is up. 22 MS. RODE: No problem. Thank you very 23 much. 24 MS. POULOS: Oh, I'm sorry. That was a



phone call. You have three more minutes.

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1
     apologize.
 2
               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: You have three
 3
     minutes.
               Did you say three?
 4
               MS. POULOS: I'm so sorry.
                          That's no problem.
 5
               MS. RODE:
                                               This is a
     very short video. I don't know if you can see it.
 6
     I want you to know that everybody that has worked
     for SAHQ in the last four years is a volunteer.
 8
     have all dedicated all of the time to building this
 9
10
     up as volunteers and used personal money to build
11
     and equip the program.
12
               (Video played.)
13
               MS. RODE: They're my favorite, the
14
     itty-bitties.
15
               (Video continues.)
16
               MS. RODE:
                         We actually did a basketball --
17
     or hosted a camp in Nigeria.
18
               (Video continues.)
19
               MS. RODE:
                          These are our kids that got
20
     scholarships to these schools.
21
               (Video continues.)
22
               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN:
                                     That is the time.
23
     I'm sorry.
24
               MS. RODE: Okay. That's okay. It's done.
25
     I think.
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1 Thank you. 2 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you. I hate to 3 cut you off; but if I make an exception for one, I have to make an exception for everyone. 5 That's a slick video. I can tell you, for anybody that's ever had the privilege of running up 6 a hill that's shown in there, that's a workout and a 7 half. I couldn't do it now. I did it when I was 8 9 young. 10 That's slick. Thank you. 11 We're now at the point where I call upon 12 the local school district, APS. If there's anyone 13 from the District that wishes to speak, I ask that 14 they come forward now. 15 And I see we do have a representative. 16 Mark, you will have ten minutes. I don't think I'll need that 17 MR. TOLLEY: 18 Where would you like me? VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Identify yourself for 19 20 the record. I'm Mark Tolley, Director of 21 MR. TOLLEY: 22 Charter and Magnet Schools for Albuquerque Public 23 Schools. 24 I'm familiar with the SAHQ Academy. year ago or two years ago, they met with me 25



considering APS as an authorizer for the SAHQ

Academy. I've also reviewed the application, as I

do with all applications either to PEC or to APS; so

I can make comments.

I've met with the Superintendent and advised him of this application and talked to him at length about it, and those comments come from myself and the Superintendent.

APS cannot support this application.

One -- please, I appreciate what SAHQ Academy is trying to do. I appreciate their intentions. I believe there is room for a sports and a sports-training type school.

I've met with APS about this very thing.

We're partnering on an idea for a magnet school -
I'm sorry; I said "APS" -- I meant UNM Athletic

Department has partnered with APS to look at the possibility of this. So I'm familiar with what a school like this can be.

First of all, I have to say the application is incomplete. There are parts that aren't complete, parts that aren't filled out.

Other parts seem to be from a former application.

They speak about opening this month. It seems like maybe it was thrown together.



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Two, the goals don't seem to be performance or S.M.A.R.T. goals at all. They talk about having a success coach and completing graduation requirements and hosting an athletic event, but nothing around performance or levels of what students can do.

Three, the blended technology around the curriculum, I'm very familiar with Southwest

Secondary's curriculum. I'm familiar with

Rio Rancho Cyber Academy. The strengths of those curriculums is not necessarily curriculum. It's the strong teacher support that is given at those sites, along with the digital technology curriculum.

I'm sorry, but this seems to be a sports program, where they're slapping on a virtual education program and trying to make it a school. I don't want to diminish the work that they've done as an after-school program. I hear excellent things.

But when I look at their board, when I look at the people involved, their coaches, I don't see any educators. And that, to me, is disturbing.

Finally, I was an athlete for a long time.

I understand about athletics and motivation for academics. But at all my running uphill, at all my training, all my practice, was a prelude to



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competition. And without that competition, I worry about the program.

New Mexico Activities Association has not accepted any -- well, one, and that was a glitch -- but they have not, in the past, ever provided any designations for charter schools. So I worry about where these kids would compete and what the motivation would be to train for that.

And like I said, once again, it looks like the education component may be an afterthought. I remember fumbling an opening kickoff of a game one time and walking off the field being horribly disappointed, and my dad saying, "Did you get your homework done?"

And so we don't want the tail wagging the dog.

I do appreciate the need for this. I think some of the components around the athletics are very strong; but I think the educational component is lacking. And so APS cannot support this within the Albuquerque Public Schools District.

Thank you.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you, Mark, for your input.

We are now to the public comment part.





1 Julie, if you would bring me the list of 2 potential speakers? 3 We will have up to 20 minutes for this. 4 And as soon as I know how many speakers I have, 5 we'll decide how much each speaker is going to get. 6 Thank you. 7 Actually, I see three names. One of those 8 is Mr. Tolley, and he's already spoken. 9 believe that's not necessary again. I see -- I see 10 another speaker is Bree Rode. That's not you, is 11 it? 12 MS. RODE: No, no, no. 13 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: And so we have two 14 So I guess by our definitions, they can speakers. 15 have up to ten minutes each. Bree Rode -- am I 16 pronouncing it correctly? 17 Rode. MS. RODE: That's correct. 18 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Commissioners -- are 19 you one of the founders, also? 20 MS. RODE: I'm not. 21 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Okay. Go ahead, 22 then, please. 23 MS. B. RODE: Okay. 24 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Hold on. 25 COMMISSIONER CARR: Is she connected with





1	the school?
2	MS. RODE: Yes, she is. Well, she's
3	connected with the Student Athlete Headquarters,
4	which would be anybody all of our speakers last
5	year were connected with the program.
6	VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: I'm trying to think.
7	COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: We let people
8	yesterday speak who had connections with the
9	VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: I think in there's
10	only two. I understand, because I was thinking the
11	same thing, Mr. Carr. It depends on the
12	relationship. In the past, we've not allowed
13	certain people to speak.
14	MS. RODE: Oh. Okay, well, that's up to
15	you.
16	VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Go ahead. Is it the
17	feeling of the Commission
18	COMMISSIONER CARR: As long as we're
19	consistent.
20	COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: We let people
21	yesterday talk.
22	VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Go ahead. Go ahead.
23	We'll do it. Go ahead.
24	MS. B. RODE: Okay. So today, I can talk
25	to you guys as a mother of a four-year-old who's



been a part of SAHQ and who has benefited from what we've already started.

And just to talk on what has just -- what was said, you're right. The athletic side is the first, because that's where we started. And I say "we," because it is a community effort.

And so, yes, the sports side of it was the starting point. And so we grow on that. I could talk to you from a former college basketball coach and, you know, my job is to go out and find athletes who not only portrayed good basketball skills, but also were good people and had good character and knew how to get their work done and have a family and do all the things that mattered.

Those things were more important as a recruiter than necessarily what their ACT scores were.

Today, I talk to you as a former college basketball player and as a former student athlete because I think that I can give a perspective that comes firsthand on what we're trying to do and what the -- what the intent is down the road.

You know, I was home-schooled until I was in high school. I was Gatorade Player of the Year. I played five years of varsity basketball at





Rio Rancho High School. I was a product of being taught at home and going and having to get good grades in high school.

Basketball was my life. Basketball was what saved my life. And, you know, for anybody that knew me back then, you know, I had issues. I would run away from home and fight my parents and do all the things that made sense to me at 15, 16 years old. I would run away and stay at somebody's house that was close enough for me to wake up at 5:00 in the morning and go shoot 1,000 shots before school, because I knew that sports was my way out of New Mexico, was my way to a higher education.

I'm the oldest of seven. There is no way that we were paying for the kind of education I wanted with seven kids. So I used sports as my tool to get a D-1 scholarship at the number one university in the nation.

I was blessed enough to go to

Cal-Berkeley. And without sports and education and
without my brain on both, that wouldn't have

happened. I took school serious enough to go to
school and get good grades. But my grades and my

ACT score were not getting me into Cal-Berkeley. My
work ethic, through basketball, and my passion for



basketball and how that correlated with education, that got me into Cal-Berkeley.

My education then took me further than even basketball could take me, because I got into Cal-Berkeley because of sports. I got to do things related with sports. I got to do an internship with the Warriors NBA team for sports marketing for three years. I got to coach D-2 basketball when I was done with college. I got to travel to Canada and to Australia and coach at high-level basketball. Those things were because of my work ethic, both education and sports.

And so the model might not be perfect.

But just the same as there are schools for dance and there are schools for music, the kids' passion has to be fed. And I was blessed enough to have my passion come from wherever it came from. I was born with it. But not a lot of these kids have the outlet for sports and to be pushing education.

And it works hand in hand. I understand that some people don't understand it. But it works hand in hand. And sports and education did save me.

The idea is my daughter will only go in that direction. If that's her passion, and her passion is music or sports or -- that's where she's



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going to go.

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So I speak from a point of it works. I did it. I used both. My brain thought basketball, but education came. And so if the idea is to attach ourselves to all walks of kids and to feed the enthusiasm of all walks of kids, then I think that the SAHQ Academy is doing that. It's getting ahold of the kids that use sports as a tool to get a higher education and to get out and explore other things besides New Mexico.

So I'm just here to show my support in the SAHQ Academy and what I think it can do for our younger generation.

Thank you.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you so much.

I may be wondering why I was -- you can sit down. We have three new Commissioners here. I believe it has been our policy in the past that if a person was a founder or a future governing council member, we have not allowed them to speak in the public comment period. It was assumed that they should have been a part of the presentation.

MS. RODE: And she's neither.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: I'm trying to explain

25 | why I made the question.





No problem. We understand. 1 MS. RODE: 2 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: We try to be fair 3 with everyone. 4 The second name actually here is Christen 5 Aragon. And on that same basis, are you a founder 6 7 or a future governing council --8 MS. ARAGON: Neither of those. Thank you. VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Because that is the 9 10 public comment section. Actually, everyone in this 11 room is part of the public. Like I say, I try to --12 go ahead, Christen. Thank you. 13 MS. ARAGON: I found SAHQ Academy two-and-a-half years ago. 14 My husband 15 actually went to school with Bree Rode, and she 16 invited us to see what they were doing. 17 involved in a nutrition company. I have my own 18 nutritional business. And when I walked into this 19 building, my eyes were opened up to something different. 20 21 Growing up, I was not an athlete, per se. 22 I was a cheerleader which cheered on the athletes. 23 My husband would say that is not an athlete. 24 When I got in there, something shifted for 25 The passion that I saw behind -- behind the



coaches, behind the students that were in there, was a total mind-changer for me. And I've dedicated the last two years of my life volunteering for this place, because I believe in it so much.

My daughter is now eight years old. She's been working out with these student athletes for the last two years, and the change in her has been incredible. Her confidence has gone up. Her strength has gone up. And her vision in the future has changed.

She's now a champion. She believes in herself more than she's ever believed in herself before. She's grown up with the kids who are around her every single day. They encourage each other. They build character within each other, not just in themselves.

And so my daughter is part of a charter school right now in the APS system. And they do progressive learning online. I want to talk to you a little bit about that.

When she started that, moving from a public school into the charter school, she was very behind in her math skills. And the public school wasn't working with her on taking those levels to increase her math skills.



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When she moved to this charter school that had an online progressive system, she started out at a first-grade level, even though she was in second grade. At the end of second grade, working online and working with her teachers combined, she's now at a fourth-grade level in her math. She was able to really, really focus in on her trouble spots and increase that; whereas, in the public schools, they just kind of met the grade level, and then they handed out worksheets and kind of just kept them busy while they worked on the other students who were falling behind.

So for me, I believe that the online programming is probably one of the best in the state, and that's why I moved her to that new school, because it has a progressive online learning system.

So I believe in the SAHQ Academy. I believe, with the educators behind our students that we do have on board, they will encourage our students. They will encourage our students with sports; they will encourage our students with their education. There's not a doubt in my mind that these people don't have the best intention for our children and their future.



I want you -- I want you guys to take a look around this room, because every single person in this room has dedicated hundreds and hundreds of hours to SAHQ, to the Academy and the school.

I'm crying, because when I watched that video, it was fast-forward of all of our efforts and our hard work with these students. And how much they've progressed is incredible. You guys don't understand that the progression that these students have made with these people here who believe in this system so much.

So thank you, guys, for listening to us. Thank you for sharing our beliefs in our future in our kids.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you so much for your input and your passion. I wish more parents were that passionate when it comes to the education of children in our state.

All right. We are now ready to proceed to the next portion, which is Commissioners' questions. That will be timed at 40 minutes.

I would ask my fellow Commissioners, since there's eight of us, please be succinct and correct in your questions or your comments.

I want to make sure everyone has a chance,





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     if we wish, to ask questions of these applicants.
               So are we ready to proceed?
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     start the clock, we have 40 minutes.
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               Who would like to go first?
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               Mr. Conyers or --
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               COMMISSIONER CARR:
                                    I'll go.
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               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: -- Mr. Carr.
               COMMISSIONER CONYERS: I really have no
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     questions.
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               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Well, then proceed,
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     Mr. Carr.
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               COMMISSIONER CARR: Hey. I wrote --
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     everybody? Okay, good.
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               I wrote a few things down. You may have
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     had this -- I can't -- the applications are
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     extensive; so I can't remember everything,
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     obviously. Short Cycle Assessments? What kinds are
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     you going to use?
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               MS. RODE:
                          MAPs.
               COMMISSIONER CARR: MAPs, okay.
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     I would -- it's not my purpose here to speak for
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           But, you know, the program you're going to
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     use, in conjunction with excellent teachers, and
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     with, you know, plenty of help, is -- can be a very
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     successful program.
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If somebody were to take this and say, 1 2 "Hey, this is going to be just a cyber-school, and 3 just use this," it doesn't work that well. 4 One thing you did mention was that there -- you know, there's three different levels. 5 You can virtually set everybody up with their own 6 IEP, even if it's not called for. You can even add course content. 8 So it's very important that you have 9 10 academically oriented teachers, as well as the 11 people who are experienced with coaching. 12 I'm experienced with both; mainly 13 academic, myself. But it's -- it's a good program. 14 The other question I had -- and I'm trying 15 to move quickly. What kind of face-to-face classes 16 are you planning on adding? All right. I'd love to be able 17 MS. RODE: 18 to speak to that. And I appreciate your 19 understanding in having that background of at least 20 somewhat of what we're going to plan to do with our 21 kids. 22

The foundational portion of our -- I did this, because there were some questions about how everything tied together. So we do have three levels of building a student's capacity. And so the



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foundational level is basically making sure that they cover those classes, from start to finish, online.

And so those kids who are identified during what we call a "stakeholders meeting" at the beginning, to need extra support from the very beginning, we can actually start that face-to-face, high-intensity tutoring from day one.

But online digital delivery allows teachers to actually be able to gain assessments through the program itself to identify areas where the students are weak or where the students are strong.

So in this foundational building [verbatim], where we're building the students' capacity, they do the online curriculum. They have small classes. So sometimes with kids, you might have a group of them that are having problems with decimals. And actually, we do have -- just as an aside, we do have -- Lindsey is a teacher, been a math teacher forever. She's been an integral part of our program.

Last year, we had very experienced teachers of over 200 years' experience that helped us to produce this application. I've been working



on this application since I helped Senator Boitano in 2011. Like I said, I've been to every training. So this is not an afterthought. Actually, this process started before we opened SAHQ Academy, for me.

The online curriculum then helps us to develop the small classes. So we may have a small class that encompasses a large portion of the curriculum, or we may have a small class that just encompasses a small portion of the curriculum. We can see, through our technology, that many students are having a bump in, that they're just having a -- that they're just struggling with that topic.

So we can pull them out, based on their needs. And the teachers are available every day for that purpose. And our building is set up so that those teachers can pull them out into small groups.

And what we call it is "high-dosage tutoring," and "dynamically grouped classes."

So you might have a sixth-grader -- or in our school, a seventh-grader and a ninth-grader in the same dynamically grouped class, because they're having a problem with the same topic. So it doesn't necessarily mean that they're all going to be in the same grade; it just means they're having a problem



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with the same topic.

Then you have the high-dosage tutoring, which might be one-on-one that they have.

The demonstrated capacity is the applied learning. So those are where we take the experience of the teachers, and those teachers then create cross-curricular projects so that the children learn how to take what they've learned in the classroom and online and apply them to something tangible.

Most athletes are very hands-on. They've got to be moving. They've got to be touching something. They've got to have some activity in the way that they learn. So the cross-curricular projects that the teachers develop, that's -- that is the second level, where we're having the kids demonstrate, not only just check the box and say, "I completed this online course," but they're actually having to use those skills and demonstrate their skills within a project.

And so you might have, within the project, a math skill and a writing skill and a speaking skill that are all -- and that depends on the students. So if you have a group of students that are struggling, or, like my son, special needs, their project might look different than those kids



who are wanting to study, you know, something -want to be doctors and have that initiative to
really study in-depth topics.

So then you also have career-based courses, which, for instance, the -- our teachers -- we have, like you said, very -- we will recruit very experienced teachers for the core curriculum. We also have trainers and a sports science professional that are in our budget. So the sports science, this is the career-based courses that the kids can take, that even some of the kids might even be able to start making money while they're in high school, if you become a certified trainer, if you become a referee, if you become some of those things that might allow them to make money right away. And in the sports science electives --

COMMISSIONER CARR: Yeah. I was -- I was looking for a little bit more of a concise answer. But thank you.

MS. RODE: I'm sorry. Okay. Did I cover what you asked?

COMMISSIONER CARR: Yes, you did.

MS. RODE: Great. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER CARR: And I just have one

25 more question. So it's -- I'm pretty sure it works



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the same way in Albuquerque as it does everywhere else.

Charter school students can participate in any traditional public school program; is that not right?

MS. RODE: Yes, they can. Is that what you said? They can, yes.

COMMISSIONER CARR: Yes, they can.

The other -- and the comment to go along with it, there are many studies that you could have quoted that after-school activities and kids that are involved in sports programs and other after-school activities are less likely to get involved with drugs, less likely to have early pregnancies, and on and on and on, and more likely to go on to college. So that's a given.

So my question is is does not APS already offer all the sports programs that may be needed?

MS. RODE: Well -- and I appreciate that question. My son did go to Southwest Secondary and play sports at Sandia High School. And so there is that component, where a child can go to a charter school and then play for their high school.

It was -- it was difficult in the sense of, you know, just getting there; but it was very --



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it was a good environment for him. That's different than what we're doing.

We're not going to have sports teams. The high schools that the kids go to high school or they go to middle school and participate at their schools, those schools then get funding for their participation.

What we're doing is kind of building it into our concrete. It's an attitude; it's an atmosphere. When they walk in the door, they are surrounded by people who have the same lens that they do.

So fitness and training are part of what we do. It's not the totality of what we do. The curriculum and the high expectations academically are what drives our school. But what gets the kids to show up and the lens that we use is sports activity, training.

But we're not trying to be an elite school for teams, because we're not going to have teams.

And so those kids will go on -- and I'm -- and this curriculum is approved by the NCAA through -- Edgenuity does have an approval for the NCAA.

The school itself will then have to apply



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with how we deliver it to make sure that we're
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     giving the kids appropriate support and one-on-one
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     time with teachers, contact with teachers, in order
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     for us to get that approval.
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               But Edgenuity, contrary to the comment
     made earlier, does have NCAA approval.
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 7
               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN:
                                    Thank you.
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               COMMISSIONER CARR:
                                    I'm done.
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               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you,
     Commissioner Carr.
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               Commissioners down on my right here, raise
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     your hand if you'd like to speak, please.
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               COMMISSIONER CHAVEZ: I don't have any
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     questions.
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               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: And use the
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     microphone.
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               COMMISSIONER ARMBRUSTER:
                                          Yes, I have.
               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Commissioner
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     Ambruster?
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               COMMISSIONER ARMBRUSTER: Is it on?
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     just wanted to just check something.
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               Do you have E-Occupancy? That's a new
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     word I'm learning.
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               MS. RODE: Yes, ma'am, I do.
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               COMMISSIONER ARMBRUSTER:
                                          That's good.
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e-mail: info@litsupport.com

And the other thing is, how do you have the small classes? Is it because some classes are very large, because they're online? So in a sense, that class could have 40 kids? Is that how you have a 1-to-16 ratio?

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Let me explain, Mr. Chair, and MS. RODE: members of the Commission. What we will be doing is when kids are working online, they're not in small classrooms. So when they have independent work time that they're actually working on their computers, they're not in a small-class grouping, like the 1-to-15 or 1-to-16.

So you might have a large number of kids -- you know, if you consider kind of taking the viewpoint that if I'm in a traditional classroom, it's like all of us in this room sharing one computer screen, and we have to go at the same pace at the same time, listening to the same words; and regardless of whether we got it or didn't get it, we've got to keep moving, okay?

With digital delivery, each child goes and looks at it and processes at their own speed, even though they have a minimum number of, you know, things that they have to get done in a day.

So the large group is kids working





independently with support, with teachers who are there to support them if they -- if they get hung up on something. And within the curriculum, it's kind of built-in. So you can build in, if a child has to repeat something twice, it automatically sends them to a teacher; so there are certain things that are built in to the curriculum that allow that support to happen.

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But then you also have the professionalism and the expertise of the teachers that they are monitoring the progress of the kids. They can actually see, realtime, what the kids are doing on their screen, and they can see what's going on as far as how much time it's taking them to get through their work and if they're struggling with something.

And the -- they can pull them out accordingly, or create a separate class accordingly. And our staffing plan, the way our staffing plan works is that that staffing plan is built in teams, so that we make sure that we have teachers in each subject matter available to the kids at all times.

COMMISSIONER ARMBRUSTER: So it's possible, then -- a couple -- I have several.

So if you have a special needs child, that child might rarely be online, because I think the





research shows that generally, special ed kids don't
do as well online. But so then you have a special
ed credentialed teacher who would be delivering
services. I guess it probably would be not
inclusion, because the classes are really tutoring,
as opposed to instruction. So I guess it would be
more of a self-contained situation.

MS. RODE: Right. And that's one of the beauties of this type of system is that every kid is kind of treated that way. So I can take a little bit of a difference of opinion with that, since I do have a special needs child, who, if I allow him to, would be on the computer all day, every day.

So he is -- and he's at about a third-grade level. He's 21, and he's still -- he goes to -- to ACE Charter School. This is his last year.

So he is very -- very good with the computer.

So depending -- what's -- one of the beauties about digital delivery is that with this system, they have a -- a thing called "Pathways."

And so it can actually give a student their -- their age-appropriate material at their grade-appropriate level.



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So you're not going to have an 18-year-old reading, you know, "Sam went" -- "Sam tossed his hat," or just that in the very -- you know, very small -- "Sam," "cat," "hats," that type of thing -- you're not going to have those simple, babyish type of delivery. But what you are going to do is you're going to have things that are age-appropriate, but also level-appropriate that are able to engage them.

And I can tell you special needs kids are very engaged by the computer. So even though it will be different, and they'll be managed differently, I think a parent would not choose our school if they felt as though that was something that was beyond their child. But should they choose our school, we certainly are equipped to be able to handle any level of students' needs.

COMMISSIONER ARMBRUSTER: And my -- I think last question is, I'm assuming -- but I don't know about APS -- but I'm assuming that you have to have a certain grade level to participate in sports; right? So there could be kids who go to your school, who, for whatever -- it doesn't really make any difference what reason -- might not be eligible for sports on the -- competitive in the public schools? Am I saying that correctly, then?



MS. RODE: You are. And that's very important. And the thing is, is that that's wonderful, that we would get the opportunity to encourage them academically, through sports that they love, to say, "You know what? There is no future for you in sports unless you take care of the classroom."

And so those opportunities -- what we require is added seat time for those kids who are struggling with their academics. So if they're struggling with their academics and cannot participate in sports because they don't have the grades to participate in the schools, they are going to be spending more time in the chair with teachers at our school.

And one of the things that I think that I could take -- take -- one of several -- so last year, we had a lot of -- we applied last year, for those of you who are new. And so there were many portions of our plan last year that were graded high that were graded either as "met" or "exceeded" the standards; whereas, the same application with the same questions and the same rubric, this year, were attacked.

And so you have a little bit of a -- I'd



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     appreciate, at least, that you take a look at some
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     of those things. Because one of those happened to
 3
     be our special education plans. And so even though
     we had been scored very well last year on the same
 5
     exact plan, we were attacked on it this year.
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               So when you take a look at those scores
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     and, just, would you consider the dynamic that is
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     there, our plan addresses special needs probably
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     better -- and having had a child that's gone through
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     the system -- better than any school I've ever seen
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     anywhere.
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               COMMISSIONER ARMBRUSTER:
                                          Thank vou.
13
               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN:
                                     Thank you.
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               Commissioner Pogna, did you have any
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     questions?
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               COMMISSIONER POGNA:
                                     (Indicates.)
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               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN:
                                     Commissioner Chavez
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     did you have any?
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               COMMISSIONER CHAVEZ: No, I don't.
                                                    Thank
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     you.
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               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN:
                                     Commissioner Convers,
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     have you changed your mind?
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               COMMISSIONER CONYERS:
                                       Not yet.
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               MS. RODE: I'd love to hear a question
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     from you. I didn't even hear you speak last year.
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1 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Commissioner Gipson, 2 do you have some questions? 3 Please be concise in your answers. 4 MS. RODE: I'm sorry. I love this plan, 5 and I've been doing it so long, I want to share. 6 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: I know your passion. 7 COMMISSIONER GIPSON: I have a couple. 8 coached on varsity sports at the high-school level 9 for more years than I want to even account for at this moment in my life, in the public school. 10 11 never saw a greater mechanism for support for 12 athletes. 13 So I have a question as to what you're 14 offering that's different from everything I saw in 15 the high-school level to get athletes the help that 16 they needed, the one-on-one instruction. I saw the 17 public schools go above and beyond, in my 18 experience, for -- for the athletes. 19 And secondly, if you're not competing in 20 the sports, even though you're NCAA-certified, what recruitment is going to come to your school when 21 22 you're not competing in sports? 23 MS. RODE: Okay. Those are great 24 questions. And I can also tell you, from my 25 perspective, that I have had seven children who



played sports in school. And I can tell you that my boys, who chose not to study and just get enough grades to play on the football field, so long as they are passing, then those resources are not put towards your children.

So the thing is, is that if the kid is not eligible, then those resources are going to be there, because the coach wants them to be eligible.

But there's a big difference between being uneducated and under-educated. I think it's really important to understand that what we're trying to do, and what our system does that other systems do not, is that we push kids academically to be the best they're capable of becoming.

And that is -- does not happen -- at least in my seven children and the thousands of kids that I have coached, the kids that she tutors on a regular basis, that's not happening in the public schools. And so when we're meeting individual needs, we're not just meeting individual needs so that they get a diploma; we're meeting individual needs so that they do the best they're capable of and going as far as they're -- we want to set their trajectory high.

And so that's the difference between what



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APS is doing and what we're doing.

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(505) 989-4949

With regards to the NCAA, what we're doing is we're creating -- for one, we may get superior athletes. We may just get kids who love statistics. We may get kids who love sports statistics. We may get kids who want to learn about nutrition or who want to lose some weight and be fit. We may have kids who have diabetes and want to just live a healthy life. So this is not a one type of kid that's going to be in our school.

But with regards to NCAA, what we're doing is, those coaches in college, they don't recruit an athlete because they play for "X" school. recruit an athlete because they're great athletes.

So what we're doing is we help to develop the individual athlete; so when they go play for their school, they go play for their club team, they are the best they're capable of being and, therefore, recruitable.

So it's something that is -- you're not a good enough athlete, if you're not a good enough softball player or soccer player or basketball player, you're not going to get recruited, regardless of who you're playing for.

We're not trying to create great teams so





we look great. We're trying to create great individuals who have the character and the work ethic and the academic resume and the confidence to move forward and be successful in college.

I don't -- maybe you haven't experienced this; but I have. So many kids that are really good at sports, they get to college, and they fail, because they didn't have the work ethic or the character that they needed to be successful in college.

So we're not just -- you know, sports is a tool; it's a mechanism. It is not the basis of what we're about. The education and the character building and the relationships that they have and the accountability that they have is what's not in the public school.

I've had teachers tell me that, in

January, that they still don't know the names of all

of their students, because they've got 200 of them

coming through their classroom.

That's not going to happen in our school. They are on a small academic team. They have an academic success coach that they're meeting with every day. And those relationships are built throughout their time at SAHQ Academy.

SANTA FE OFFICE 119 East Marcy, Suite 110 Santa Fe, NM 87501 (505) 989-4949 FAX (505) 820-6349

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MR. VIGIL: If I could -- Commissioner

Bergman, Commissioner Gipson, my daughter attends a

charter school and plays for a public high school

here in Albuquerque. We put her in the charter

because she was invisible in her high school.

The APS high schools are very large.

She's a very good student. They were sad to lose her, because her scores were so high.

But she was not being challenged. She didn't have to go to class all the time. It didn't make a difference to her.

But we put her in the charter, because this is the ability to push her; so that we believe, as parents, sports are a venue. And when I was an APS Superintendent of Business, the Athletic Department was my department. You'd be surprised how many parents came to me to override their local athletic directors in APS.

The problems we have with transfers, everything else that goes on, if you're a good kid, not causing problems, you sometimes become invisible. The schools are very large. They don't push you.

This is an extra venue for them. The charters are allowing them to. We appreciate the



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     law that lets them play at their high school,
     because they get to have that experience also.
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     There are many good kids that are average kids; we
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     want the best for them, because they're not going to
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     be a professional athlete; but we need the college
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              That's what we're pushing our kids for, to
 7
     get better grades. We want an academic scholarship,
 8
     but with supports while they're in high school.
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               COMMISSIONER GIPSON: I just have one
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     quick -- in your application, you say -- you've got
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     a 15-to-1 ratio. With -- but it says it's teachers,
12
     trainers, and special ed staff. So if you take out
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     the trainers, what's your teacher-to-student ratio
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     going to be?
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               MS. RODE: I don't have that.
                                               They are
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     teachers; our trainers are teachers.
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               COMMISSIONER GIPSON: They're certified
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     teachers?
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               MS. RODE: They will be certified
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     teachers, yes.
21
               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN:
                                   Is that all,
22
     Commissioner?
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               COMMISSIONER GIPSON: Yeah, that's all.
24
     Thanks.
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               COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: No, I don't think
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I have anything. I asked a lot of my questions last 1 2 year, and I've heard a lot of answers today. 3 don't think I have anything new. 4 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you. 5 COMMISSIONER GIPSON: And I'd just like --6 can I just add one thing? Even though I'm new, I 7 did actually sit through last year. 8 MS. RODE: Oh, great. COMMISSIONER GIPSON: So I did hear it. 9 10 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Commissioner, go 11 I have a number of questions, also. ahead. 12 COMMISSIONER CARR: Oh, I'm sorry. 13 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Go ahead, if it's 14 going to be short, please. 15 COMMISSIONER CARR: Commissioner Gipson's experience is the same experience as mine. 16 I'm a 17 coach and taught for 25 years. And I -- in my 18 experience -- in Taos, anyway, and other places --19 we had tutoring classes. We got the athletes 20 together on Saturday morning and -- and we were on those kids who were having difficulties like crazy, 21 22 all the time. 23 And that has always been my experience, 24 even when I was in school myself. So actually, I



have a question for Mark. Is he still here?

can't see him because he's hiding behind --1 2 MS. RODE: I'm sorry. He's behind the 3 sign. 4 COMMISSIONER CARR: -- the sign right 5 here. There's been some statements made about 7 APS in regards to athletes in your schools. 8 can't speak for APS. And I would like, you know, to 9 hear what you have to say about how -- about what 10 was said about APS, to be fair. 11 MR. TOLLEY: I heard a number of things. 12 Specifically, what part did you want me to address? 13 COMMISSIONER CARR: So kids being, you 14 know -- being invisible, not being -- not really 15 being taken care of academically in the APS schools, 16 not giving -- not being given enough attention, that 17 type of thing. 18 MR. TOLLEY: Well, of course, that happens all the time. And it's because of the size. 19 20 Because of our size and the economies of scale, we can offer a lot of things that charters can't. 21 22 because of that same size, sometimes kids get lost 23 in the shuffle. 24 We really believe in the right fit for 25 each kid. That's why charter schools exist; that's



1 why we have magnet programs. So a smaller school 2 that does fit the needs of students and focuses on 3 athletics, absolutely, if we can provide more small 4 programs that have a specific curriculum to meet the 5 needs of students, that's definitely a positive. So a part of the problem of being a large 6 7 district is trying to address the needs of a great 8 number, and also the needs of each individual 9 student. So as we've gotten better, we have opened 10 more programs. And I think with the new 11 superintendent, you'll see more of this. 12 But that's also why we support our charter 13 schools and a lot of the State-chartered schools in 14 Albuquerque. 15 COMMISSIONER CARR: Okay. Thank you. 16 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Is that all, 17 Commissioner Carr? 18 COMMISSIONER CARR: Yes, thank you. 19 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you. 20 Thank you, Mr. Tolley. Appreciate that. 21 All right. I have a number of questions I 22 want to jump right into. 23 First off, you threw us a curve on the 24 very front part of your application. You put a new 25 category in called "Internal and External Enrollment



Caps." We don't have internal and external -- all charter schools manage their caps internally.

That's their problem, and that's their deal.

Statute says we have an enrollment cap.

So is your request for two -- what is the enrollment cap you're requesting? Is it 300 or 270?

MR. VIGIL: Commissioner Bergman, members of the Commission, we put that in -- Charlotte and I were talking about the application, as we amended it for this year. I was talking to her about --

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Yeah, I understand.

MR. VIGIL: I was talking to her about -I'm also a business manager for Cottonwood
Classical, the number one high school in the state
of New Mexico -- No. 67 nationally -- and has -when we look at that school, what Cottonwood does is
they requested from the Commission -- and I told her
this -- an 800, I think -- their enrollment cap is
800 students.

But when I talked to Sam Obenshain and the governing council, we have an internal set one at 750. The difference is if siblings, twins, or somebody like that comes in, we don't want to violate our contract with -- so it was an information-type issue.





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We're really just looking for the
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     enrollment cap; but we will know that we're going to
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     keep it so that we can address any bubbles, any
     fluctuations a little bit for siblings, that sort of
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     stuff that come through, that we're able to meet
     that without having to come back to the Commission
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     for every single time. We're going to be a little
 8
     bit lower, and it's an information piece.
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               MS. RODE: We just wanted to be
10
     forthright.
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               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Is it 300 or 270?
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     That's for the record.
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               MR. VIGIL: 300.
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               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN:
                                     300. All right.
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     That is your enrollment cap, not an external or
16
     internal cap.
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               MS. RODE:
                          We apologize. We were trying
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     to be transparent.
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               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: I wanted to walk out
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     of this meeting knowing for certain what your cap is
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     going to be for your school.
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               I wanted to make a general comment that I
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     thought your goals -- as we well know --
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               MS. RODE: Right.
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               VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: -- I'm -- that's kind
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of my specialty. I think there were a lot of holes in your proposed goals; but that -- should you be approved, that would be handled down the road in a negotiation for a performance contract. So that's all I'm going to say about that.

You used terms like "Demonstrates progress." What is -- you can improve your score by one point, and that is quote, "progress," unquote. So that kind of language is what I'm specifically -- and I think you've talked about how much -- a very short answer -- how much of your delivery is going to be blended?

Have you got a -- is it going to be 50/50, 60/40 face-time and digital? How is it going to work?

MS. RODE: I think that will be individualized, based on the needs of the children; because you will have some that will be very weighted towards the face-to-face, because of their needs, and some that will be very weighted towards the online, because they're very -- they can move quickly through things, and the focus will be then on feeding them additional types of work to enhance their learning.

So it depends on whether it's for



remediation or for acceleration.

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VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you. And now, this is just actually more of a general observation, also. But the Charter School Division, in their preliminary analysis, talking about Edgenuity. You guys stated -- your review team stated that, "It is unclear whether the Edgenuity curriculum is aligned with the Common Core."

And I found that interesting, because a number of people are using Edgenuity; so maybe we need to explore that briefly somewhere down the road: Is it aligned, or is it not?

MS. POULOS: And what we were looking for, was that information provided, was there evidence in the document? And we did not see that in the document.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: And I had a question for Mr. Vigil. You are planning to be a board member, should this school go forward?

MR. VIGIL: Mr. Bergman, it -- you know,
I'm helping them with their planning; the planning
year, I'll be involved. In the future, what happens
would be the governing council would follow the
checklist that PED -- if you approve us -- that the
PED would give us, which would include approving the



Board of Finance, bringing that before. So that would be up to the school, at that point, to select their actual members that would be there.

My belief is, like I said, I've helped a number of schools. I am for choice. I am a public school person. I worked in the district for a long, long time; and I've worked with charters now for about ten years.

And so I'm a big advocate. I agree what Mark Tolley said on the choice and individualized needs. So I'm not sure what my role would be as a school board member.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: I just asked that question, because you are a contract business manager for many charter schools in the state. And you have not given that up yet, have you?

MR. VIGIL: No, sir, I have not given it up.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: And I'm not aware of any statute that says you can't be. For some reason, that flagged me when I saw you might be a board member; because being a board member over here and then working for a bunch of other charter schools over here -- I'm not saying there would be a conflict of interest; but there would be at least a



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small potential, perhaps, for some conflict there.

MR. VIGIL: Commissioner Bergman, I would make sure that there are no conflicts involved for my business or myself at all. I work currently under contract for the PED, also. I work for nonprofits for -- including a former Secretary of Education.

So there are a number of things that my company does. And we do have, I believe,

12 business licenses working for me; so it's not that I do the work myself that my company does.

But that would be fully disclosed, and I would stay out of any conflict that would be present.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: And, here again, I just kind of -- in the -- in the analysis by the CSD, that they raised a little question about your IEPs and special needs. And you, yourself -- you have firsthand knowledge of special needs.

I -- I just want to be absolutely certain that you're fully cognizant of everything, because we have, just this year alone, had several charter schools that are having some real problems in their special needs -- and that's not -- I suspect there's problems in the public schools in that area. It's



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very complex, as we well know, because the Feds are involved and everything else.

You guys are ready to go, hit the ground in that area?

MS. RODE: Thank you, Chairman. But we are ready as you can be, when you have to hire the expertise. So our -- what's really wonderful about that board is that we have professionals who -- and the board isn't complete. But when you look at Governor Luarke and his position, not only with the Pueblo, but also with Santa Fe Indian School, you look at Mark Madonia, who has been -- just as far as planning and organizational structure, billion dollar contracts with DOE and DOD. We have the people on board to evaluate and set structure so that we can hire the very best talent out there.

And so that's why he's on our board is because I believe he's the best talent out there for us to be ready financially. And so I think that when you look at who we have to choose those people, we are very confident that we will be absolutely ready.

And because we're sensitive to those issues. I mean, I'm very sensitive to that issue.

My son, who is special needs, is at our building



every day, and it's a big part of his life.

So I think -- I would give you my word that we will be absolutely ready to go in that environment, and we will exceed your expectations.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Outstanding. And a review team also in the area of ELL. You used a term called "proficiency," and they explored that in their analysis. In fact, they say, which is fairly firm, that the position you put forth was contrary to federal and State law.

When you saw that, when you read that analysis, what -- your comments on that.

MS. RODE: Well, I think several places within the application, we said that we would abide by all State and federal laws. And certainly, those change on a regular basis.

So it is up to us to make sure that we abide by any State law, any federal law, and we hire those people who maintain those relationships and that training to ensure -- like, there's -- for the financial end of it, there's several trainings for the board; there's several trainings -- you know, the same thing for the special needs and ELL.

We need -- we will ensure that those people are in place that abide by every law. We





stated that several times within our application, maybe not within the sentence or the paragraph that they would like to look for it. But I think that we made it pretty clear throughout the body of the application that we're sensitive to that.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you.

Oh. And there was -- your organizational chart apparently had some conflicts on it. They picked up on that.

MS. RODE: I don't think that's correct.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Especially concerning
your business manager, whoever that might be.

MS. RODE: I think they misread it.

Because of the way it was put on the paper, they
assumed that -- if you put an organizational chart,
and the way you read it, if you put a title and then
put a line under each one, they all report to the
same person.

If you put that organizational chart vertically, and you put one line to the top, and then you have lines coming out, that doesn't mean that each person at the bottom is then reporting and reporting -- it means that they're all reporting to the top. It's just this way instead of this way (indicates).



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So I think they read it improperly. It's not that we have him reporting to three different people before he reports to the principal. All four of those people on that side are reporting directly to the principal.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Okay. As long as you understand that. Everybody works for the boss; but not everybody reports to the boss.

MS. RODE: Correct, yeah.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: And they did have a few questions on your lottery procedures. I just want -- again, they made a statement that they might be -- some of your proposals might be contrary to law. So your thoughts on that?

MS. RODE: Right. And, again, this is something that if you look at last year's versus this year and the kind of criticism that we're getting on that, what they had mentioned in the capacity hearing is that we stated "registration materials."

What we found to be is that I had a misunderstanding as to the district. I thought that kids had to be -- show that they were New Mexico citizens, and that they lived in the district in order to be eligible for school; and I found out



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that was incorrect.

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So those are the only items that we were talking about, because we didn't want to hold a lottery with kids that were ineligible, lived out of district or didn't show that they were -- that they had residency in New Mexico.

And so that was my mistake, that I thought that those are required; because if we did a lottery and then found out later -- it wasn't that we were requiring any other documents. I just said "necessary registration materials." And I didn't even identify what those were. That was the question mark that they had, that they thought somehow, we were requiring registration materials that would disqualify anybody.

And that definitely was not the intent. It was just to fulfill our obligation as to boundaries.

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank you. And I don't -- we could actually spend an hour on this next one, I suspect, your third-party entities, the original SAHQ, the SAHQ Backers group, and of course, the charter school. I only raise this because we have a school that had some third-party things, and it turned into a mess.



MS. RODE: Right. And I appreciate --

VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: And, here again -- so that's something that that Commission would have to be -- and you would have to be -- very careful about the interrelationships between those third-party

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MS. RODE: Sure. And I think it's a valid question. But I think there was a little bit of sinister attitude about how this functions. And really, when you look at our history, I've been working on this since 2011 since before SAHQ existed. And SAHQ was established as a nonprofit.

Later, SAHQ -- SAHQ Backers was established, as we have progressed through starting the school as a means to support the building to be able to be ready for a school. And then we have SAHQ Academy.

SAHQ has always been run by volunteers.

And it is not necessary; nor -- the application was written to stand alone, because we have looked at options of moving down the road, hopefully sooner than later, so that we had better athletic facilities. So the application was built, or written, to stand alone, so that it didn't need SAHQ to function.



What SAHQ does is it adds value to the programs and to the families and to the community. So it's not necessary; it's not written into the program, because it's -- we don't need an MOU, because SAHQ Academy can stand alone; but SAHQ itself will add value to the programs and to the community.

As far as SAHQ Backers go, we pre-planned, because we intend to have a school, regardless. So the 501(c)(3) obviously can take sometimes four or five years; it took us two. So we applied for the 501(c)(3). That 501(c)(3) will then help us to -- we don't get any money from you for our facilities. We don't get any money for trying to get ready to be a school.

So rather than wait until you approved us, or wait until we found another partner to start our school, we applied for and got our 501(c)(3). So that's the -- you know, there's nothing sinister behind any of it. We have a great building. We have low overhead. We have -- we're ready to roll, in that we already have the 501(c)(3), so we can go out and get partners to help fund the stuff that you don't. And we have a program that is there run by volunteers that will make our school better.



1 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: Thank for you that. 2 And, actually, you don't get your money 3 We are penniless. The PEC has no money. from us. It comes from someone else --4 5 MS. RODE: Right. VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: 6 -- through PED. 7 thank you so much. 8 Our time is up; so let me read this final 9 statement. 10 Any member of the public, including the 11 applicants, may submit written input following this 12 hearing. 13 Now, keep in mind, if you mail it, it's 14 not going to get to Santa Fe by the deadline. 15 you can either hand-deliver it or e-mail it or fax 16 it or something. Right here at the bottom of our 17 agenda, there's two paragraphs. It advises who you 18 should send comments to. 19 The deadline for that, for this school, 20 is -- oh, mercy, I had my page. Where did it go 21 here? Oh, it's right here. Okay. 22 The details and addresses are listed on 23 the handout. Make sure you identify the school that 24 you're commenting on. Some people send comments and



they don't say who. And who knows what happened to

those? 1 2 MS. RODE: Just give them to all of us. 3 VICE CHAIR BERGMAN: So please be sure you 4 identify the school, and please know the written 5 input must be received no later than 5:00 p.m.; not 5:01, not 5:02 p.m. 6 And for this applicant, that deadline will be Friday, August the 21st -- you have three days --8 at 5:00 p.m. 9 So please adhere to that if you wish to 10 11 make additional comments on this application. 12 Thank you for your presentations today. 13 This Commission will meet again in Santa Fe on 14 September 24th and 25th, 2015, to render the 15 decision on approval or denial of this or our other 16 new charter school applications. We call that our "decision" day --17 18 days -- and that's when that will occur. 19 So I thank you again. I thank you for 20 your attendance today. Actually, we're kind of 21 rushing, because we have another one of these here in just a few minutes. 22 23 I am going to temporarily recess us until 24 10:30, when we'll have the next Community Input



hearing.

Again, thank you all for being -- taking the time to be here today. MS. RODE: Thank you. (Proceedings in recess at 10:10 a.m.)





1 BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION 2 STATE OF NEW MEXICO 3 4 5 6 7 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 8 I, Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR, CCR #219, Certified 9 Court Reporter in the State of New Mexico, do hereby certify that the foregoing pages constitute a true 10 11 transcript of proceedings had before the said 12 NEW MEXICO PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION, held in the 13 State of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo, in the 14 matter therein stated. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my 15 16 hand on August 27, 2015. 17 18 Benther Chapma 19 Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR-CRR, NM CCR #219 20 BEAN & ASSOCIATES, INC. 201 Third Street, NW, Suite 1630 21 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102 22 23 24



Job No.: 3506L (CC)

