1	BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION
2	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
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9	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS COMMUNITY INPUT HEARING
10	HEALTH SCIENCE ACADEMY August 21, 2013
11	2:00 p.m. Anthony City Hall
12	824 Anthony Drive Anthony, New Mexico
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20	REPORTED BY: Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR-CRR, NM CCR #219 Bean & Associates, Inc.
21	Professional Court Reporting Service 201 Third Street, NW, Suite 1630
22	Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102
23 24	
2 4 25	JOB NO.: 8095K(CC)





1	APPEARANCES	
2	COMMISSIONERS:	
3	MS. CAROLYN SHEARMAN, Chair	
4	MR. EUGENE GANT, Vice Chair MR. JAMES CONYERS, Member	
5	MS. CARMIE TOULOUSE, Member	
6	STAFF:	
7	MR. TONY GERLICZ, Director, Options for Parents MR. BRAD RICHARDSON	
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1	THE CHAIR: Ladies and gentlemen, my
2	computer says it's 2:00. So let us get started.
3	Before we do, I would ask that everyone, if you have
4	an electronic device, please turn it off so that it
5	doesn't come on during the meeting and disturb
6	anyone. This is a small room. It's going to get
7	warm in here. We don't have microphones. So I
8	would ask that everyone be very, very considerate of
9	each other, and let's be quiet while as much as
10	possible while the speakers are speaking.
11	We would also ask did you all bring an
12	interpreter with you this year?
13	MS. SAMRAJ: No.
14	THE CHAIR: No?
15	MS. SAMRAJ: We decided not to.
16	THE CHAIR: So we do not have an
17	interpreter. All right. Thank you very much.
18	This is a continuation of the hearings the
19	Public Education Commission began in Shiprock on
20	Monday. We have an agenda, which we are continuing.
21	We have had roll call at the other places. But I
22	would like to have it here to be sure that we have a

So, Vice Chair Gant, if you would do that,

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conduct this hearing.

sufficient number of Commissioners to legally

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1	please.
2	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Conyers.
3	COMMISSIONER CONYERS: Here.
4	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Toulouse.
5	COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: Present.
6	COMMISISONER GANT: Commissioner Shearman.
7	THE CHAIR: Yes.
8	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Gant is
9	present. We have a quorum.
10	THE CHAIR: Thank you. We will move on to
11	the public hearing. And let me get general
12	information out of the way.
13	This meeting is being conducted pursuant
14	to New Mexico Statutes Annotated, Title 22,
15	Section 8B-6J 2009. The purpose of these community
16	input hearings that will be held from August 19
17	through August 21st, 2013, is to obtain information
18	from the applicant and to receive community input to
19	assist the Public Education Commission in its
20	decision whether to grant the proposed charter
21	applications.
22	According to this section of the law, the
23	Commission may appoint a subcommittee of no fewer
24	than three members to hold a public hearing.
25	According to law, these hearings are being



transcribed by a professional court reporter, Cindy, who is here. The total time allocated to each application is 90 minutes, which will be timed to ensure an equitable opportunity to present applications.

Thank you for the air conditioner coming on, but now it's even harder to hear.

Brad will be our official timer. During the hearing, the Commission will allow for community input about the charter application. The time for public comments will be limited to 20 minutes. If you wish to speak regarding the application, please sign in, and we ask that you do it 15 minutes before the applicant's presentation. However, the sign-in sheet is still over there if you wish to sign in. Please be sure that you indicate on the sign-in sheet whether you are here in opposition or support of the charter school.

The Commission Chair, based on the number of requests to comment, will allocate time to those wishing to speak. If there are a large number of supporters or opponents, they are asked to select a speaker to represent common opinions. We will try to allocate an equitable amount of time to represent the community accurately.



The Commission will follow this process for each community input hearing:

The Commission will ask each applicant or group to present at the table in front. They will be given 20 minutes to present their application in the manner they deem appropriate. The Commission will not accept any written documentation from the applicant, but the applicant may use demonstrative exhibits to describe their school, if necessary. However, setup time for exhibits and so forth will be included in the 20 minutes.

Following the applicant's presentation, the local school district representatives, which include the superintendent, administrators, and board members, will be given ten minutes to comment. Subsequently, the Commission will allow 20 minutes for public comment, as described above.

Finally, the Commission will be given 40 minutes to ask questions of the applicants.

Commissioners, if you are ready, let us begin.

Applicants, I see you're at the table.

Thank you very much.

24 For the record, and loudly, please, state 25 the name of your school, the names of the founders



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of the school, and any other person who is here today on behalf of your school. You will have 20 minutes to present the information about your application.

If you would keep an eye on Brad, he w

If you would keep an eye on Brad, he will show you how much time you have left. And your 20 minutes will not start until after your introductions for the reporter, please. Please begin.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Jaime, if you will?

MR. TAMEZ: I'm Jaime Tamez. I'm one of
the founders for the school. Can you hear me okay?

My name is Jaime Tamez, T-A-M-E-Z. I'm one of the
founders of the school. I'm a former teacher and
administrator with the Gadsden School District, and
my kids attended the Gadsden School District as

MS. CARTER: My name is Mary Carter. I'm a Board member and have previous -- a decade working in a public school district in El Paso.

MS. SAMRAJ: My name is Lorna Samraj, S-A-M-R-A-J. I'm one of the founders of Health Sciences Academy.

MR. NEVINS: My name is Raphael Nevins,

R-A-P-H-A-E-L; Nevins, N-E-V-I-N-S. I'm a founder



well.

Thank you.



1 and a Board member.

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MR. HAUGEN: My name is Ron Haugen. I've been working with the organization on the administrative side to look at the aspects of the establishment of the school. H-A-U-G-E-N.

THE CHAIR: Please begin.

MR. HAUGEN: I guess I'll go first. As I say, my name is Ron Haugen. And it's a pleasure to be here this afternoon. We thank you for the opportunity to present our information regarding this exciting opportunity for kids. I think this is kind of what we're all about.

What we're talking about is establishment of a charter school. It's called the Health Sciences Academy, established within the boundaries of the Gadsden Independent School District.

Currently, for your information, I'm the Superintendent of Schools on the other side of Anthony, on the Texas side. But I have a tremendous history and a tremendous love for what happens in

later.

Like I say, I'm not here today as a superintendent. I'm here basically as an advocate

the Gadsden School District, and I'll explain that

for programs, basically, that provide opportunities



for kids, expanding their learning opportunities and expanding their opportunities to look at careers and potential possibilities in those particular areas.

And in -- I've had a lot of experience in that, and I think this is -- we're in that day and age right now where careers and getting kids the opportunity is truly essential.

About four months ago, Mr. Nevins contacted me and explained what they were looking at as far as the founders of this particular program and setting up as a charter school. And I said, "You know" -- and they wanted to know if I would be interested, possibly, down the road, to be an administrator for the school.

So I told them, "Yes. Go ahead and send me the information, okay, so I can take a look and see what it is you're talking about and see how you're proposing it and how the setup is."

And, so, he sent me that information. And I looked it over, and it looked very exciting, okay? As I say, it was an opportunity for kids that really wasn't there, you know, at the present time. In this particular area, you see other health science academies, particularly in El Paso, Isleta School District, the Texas side. But they serve those



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But they have a good history as far as a foundation in what they're trying to do. And this what we're proposing here is basically similar to the programs they already have established down there. So we have something to model kind of what we're looking at and the success they've had in these types of programs.

Like I say, after I looked through the proposal, what they were proposing for the charter school, as I say, it looked very interesting to me; great potential for kids, a great opportunity for a lot of people, not just kids, but adults as well, because there's an adult component in there.

And I thought, it's just -- it's an opportunity that really has to be jumped on.

I also have a personal side to this as well. After I looked it over -- I have a son who graduated from Santa Teresa High School in graduate -- in Gadsden in 1997, went on to get his nursing degree at New Mexico State, his master's in psychiatry -- nursing psychiatry, I guess it is, is finishing up his Ph.D. in forensic psychiatry.

I was kind of talking to him about this, and we were kind of going over it. He says, "Dad,



this is great. This is a great opportunity. I wish I would have had that opportunity when I was in school, to get my foot in the door before I had to walk out and go to college and get my feet wet."

So, on a personal side, listening to him and what he thought the opportunities would be for kids, it kind of hit home. So I think it's really important for me, personally, to know that I can't go back and do anything for my kids differently right now, but we've got a lot of other ones out there in the wings that are waiting. So, basically, you know, I said I had that conversation with him.

One of the other components I looked at for me, being very critical, as a superintendent, you work with boards, okay? Governing boards of different compositions, different personalities, those types of things. And I looked over the resumes of the individuals they had indicate would be on the proposed Governing Board. And I was very impressed by the professional resumes that were expressed there.

You have a lot of people with different background, not just all medical or educational, but a variety of social, business-type people as well.

And that's very important if you're going to get a





perspective on the operation of a school entity. A 1 2 lot of times, you know, it's important as far as the administrator and the Board. They have to have that 3 4 relationship so everybody understands where 5 everybody's responsibilities lie and in whose courts, you know. And, on the Board's side, it's 6 7 the, "What are going to do?" And, on the 8 administrative side, it's the "How are you going to do it?"

So it's real critical, okay, to have people that understand that concept, and, looking at it, I think there are the people there that have a true understanding of what the purpose is behind this.

I think we all realize today, probably, the health industry is one of those things that keeps growing and growing and growing, for obvious reasons, you know. We're getting an older generation, older population. It's going to require more health services. But it's amazing how the health industry has expanded, okay?

We're not just talking about making doctors or dentists. I mean, there are so many opportunities out there in different areas, whether it's on the money side, the physical therapy side,



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whatever else for people to -- for kids, students, children, to get into. There's tremendous opportunities.

I look at the El Paso papers on Sundays, and they list all the job availabilities in the different areas. And, always, at the top, is the health industry, health occupations. There's always a need. I think New Mexico, in particular, probably has significant needs for more people entering the health industry and being able to provide those services that are essential, you know, down the road.

So, obviously, there is a need for these types of people going into these types of careers.

And this is an opportunity for children, for students, to get an early start, okay, and to understand what it is that's going to be expected of them and get an understanding of the needs out there.

Just to give you an idea about my background, this is my 39th year in public education. I actually started in 1975 at -- down the road at Gadsden Junior High as an eighth-grade social studies teacher. I taught at Gadsden Middle School -- or Junior High and High School -- for



about seven years, became an assistant principal at Gadsden High School for about ten years.

Then, I moved across the state line -it's the wonderful thing about living here; you can
bounce back and forth as many times as you want. I
went over to Texas, over to Canutillo, for about
seven years, where I was a middle school principal.
Went back to Gadsden, where I was a principal at
Santa Teresa High School, and was fortunate to be
selected as a superintendent at Gadsden, which is a
position I held for about six years.

To me, Gadsden, you know, that's where your first teaching position -- whatever it happened to be, it's like your first girlfriend, okay? You never forget them. There's always a soft spot in your heart for that experience, okay? And Gadsden is very near and dear to me. Like I say, I put 27 years in there. And they were great people, great to me. Hopefully, I returned the favor to them during that time.

My two oldest children both graduated from Santa Teresa High School. So I have personal and a professional connection back to what happens there. And I see -- you know, it's about what these kids are doing and what they can do, because there's





always been a tremendous potential there.

Over these years, I've kind of learned, any successful program, really, be it in education or out in the private sector -- whatever -- you really need three components. They have to come into play to ensure the success.

First of all, is the vision or the idea, okay? Somebody in their garage on Sunday morning has a -- "Hey, you know, this is a good idea," okay? And they have to share that vision with other people. I think that's important. That starts the ball rolling at that point, to get -- to identify that vision.

The second thing that has to happen, to make it move along, is you have to get the support, okay, of other people that are going to make this happen. In this particular situation, I think, and in public education in general, the support generally comes, first of all, with the students, because you can't do anything if you can't take them along with you, okay?

The second thing is the communities and the parents, okay, because you need their support to support their children in these various programs you may be proposing.





Also, you need a governing board, okay, or the governing system that operates that, and you need the professional staff, okay? All of those things have to come together, basically, to kind of flesh out the ideas about how this is going to work, okay? Because ideas initially are very minute, okay, not very well fleshed out or expanded. So you have to get people that are going to expand this idea and get it close to a moveable or a working object.

The third thing is the leadership. And that's the critical piece, too. That's where you put the wheels on the wagon, basically, to make the whole thing work. You need the people with the experience to work -- make the system work and put it into play.

And I'll give you an example. During the time that I was at Gadsden, I think we did many things, implemented many things that were great for children, okay? And one of them -- I'm going to use Superintendent Efren Iturralde on this. And I'll be nice, okay?

Back in 2001, when I took over as superintendent at Gadsden, we had -- you could call it an alternative school, but that's stretching it a





little bit. It was a place for, like, ten or twelve kids hung out with a few teachers that didn't know for sure why they were there, doing what, they didn't know.

So I looked at that, and I said, "You know, I don't know exactly what this is, but, you know, I don't think it's really any good."

So I talked with -- at that time, it was
Yvonne Lozano is our associate superintendent for
curriculum and instruction. I said, "Yvonne," I
said, "This isn't working, okay? This isn't serving
anybody's needs whatsoever." Basically, it was
supposed to be a dropout recovery program, but they
were long gone, okay, before they ever got there.

Basically, what we did -- that was the idea. That was the place we started from to say, "What do we do to fix this," because we knew we had kids out there that had a need for these particular services in an alternative setting.

From there, you know, we got together as a team and said, "What have we got to do? How can we put this together to be successful?"

We had to get the principals from the two high schools together; we had to get the staff together. And, probably, the most critical point,

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okay, was the leadership. We needed somebody that understood what these kids needs are, and be able to address it, and understood how to select staff that's going to be very focused on what those kids are -- needs are -- and be able to address those kids' needs.

And we were fortunate at the time that there was a gentleman that was retiring from El Paso, and that was Mr. Iturralde, and we were able to pick him up -- it was probably the best hire I ever had -- and made him the principal at the school that we called Desert Pride Academy.

At that point on, through his leadership and through the support of the staff he selected, we were able to establish a school -- and I think towards the end, we were at 200, 250 kids that they were serving. Probably the most exciting time I've had in the last 39 years was the first graduation they had. Forty kids up there. Fantastic. Parents crying, kids crying. It was wonderful.

That's what it took to get the program going, okay? It was a need that was out there for children, and it was an important thing.

That's what we're talking about here.

Health Science Academy is some thing, I think, that



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is needed very desperately in this part of the county, in this part of the district as well, okay? And it's an opportunity for kids. I think that's the important part, that we understand that it is an opportunity for kids.

Like I say, the support is there. I think the -- the structure is there. The big piece, you know, obviously the question is, "Well, what are you going to do?" There's a lot of "ifs" and "what ifs." That's where the expertise comes in as far as building program and what it takes to put all the pieces together to get it out the door and make it function. That would be, like, a joint responsibility of the Governing Board and the administration as well.

The other day, I called Mr. Iturralde, and we were talking. I told him I was coming over here today for this particular meeting. And we chatted a bit, and I understood where he was coming from, and he understood where I was coming from, you know.

We've known each other for a long time, so we can have that conversation.

But I guess my point on this whole thing is, though, is not about what's good for Gadsden ISD, or what's good for the HSS -- HSA -- founders,





okay, or what's good for Ron Haugen. This is what's good for kids. Is the concept, is the principle behind the Science Academy going to be good for children in the Gadsden School District? And I firmly believe it is, okay? I firmly believe this is a need.

Can we fulfill that need? I believe that as well, okay? I've done it before, and it's not easy, but it can be done. It just takes a lot of work and cooperation.

So, with that, I'd like to go ahead and turn it over to Mr. Nevins.

MR. NEVINS: Thank you. Well, what we want to do with the remaining time is have everybody here on the panel say a couple of words. I'm going to ask Mary Carter, a Board member, and also Executive Director of the Women's Cultural Center, to talk about community and what she knows about the community's interest in this kind of a school.

MS. CARTER: Within our population of the women that we serve -- and we serve over 3,400 women annually -- the -- the educational rate between parents is from zero to third grade. If we get parents that have a higher grade average, that's fantastic. So you can imagine the difficulty that



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happens when kids cannot -- when parents cannot go and assist in the education of their children.

So a lot of this -- this individual high school, in itself, offers a lot of positive points that will be beneficial to the entire community as a whole as providing an educational component for our adult participants that can get educated and get a high school diploma; whereas, now, a GED is required, especially in order for them to increase their economic self-sufficiency, as well as to be able to assist their children in their educational transition and learn with them as well.

And, also, if you really look at this area, this is a short, underserved area of professionals. But we're targeting a key area that is very well needed. And, not only that, we're actually going to be able to prepare children to break the poverty cycle, which is something that is very high here, particularly in the south -- in New Mexico, as a whole, but more so in the south. So we're actually going to be able to provide different opportunities.

But one key component that also would differ is the fact that I have over a decade of experience in doing grant writing for school



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districts and have had a very good, high record of success, which can be an added component as we go ahead and strive for new programming and seek funding at the federal level, and not burden the State with such funding. And we can look at different opportunities from foundations to cover mental [verbatim] agencies in providing different programming that will be beneficial to all.

Thank you.

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MR. NEVINS: Jaime, would you talk a little bit about special populations and how we focus on our special populations to align with the Health Science Academy?

MR. TAMEZ: Yes. As you read through the application, you'll notice that we did talk specifically about how we would be addressing some of the special populations that we -- and we are going to be having special ed teachers that are endorsed and certified in that arena, and they will be helping to develop the curriculum and do the lesson planning and so forth, and serve as resource and mentor for the classroom teacher, where we'll be using an in-class model.

We also are doing something that we've done in other organizations. My own background is



I've done a lot of community organizations, as well as education. I retired in 2007, and I've been working with nonprofits for the past six years. And one of its things that we've done is there's the use of the university students as part of our classroom model, where they are in the classroom, and they are working with the teacher under their supervision, and with the support of the special education specialist, teacher that's there, helping them with the development and the differentiation of the instruction and so forth, development of the materials.

We are going to be using all of the State and federal required tools that we have, the IEP plans and so forth. All of this is in place and is part -- you'll see it in our application throughout. But sometimes, when people see our use of educational assistants, university students -- we, in the past, in other organizations, used a lot of the Americorps students who were also university-based students -- sometimes people get confused as to their role.

And the role is really one of support and allowing us to differentiate, in a 90-minute classroom, that we would be having two sessions; one





is a 45-minute directed instruction, and the other part is a follow-up and follow-through with the instructional assistants, who are going to be specially trained, in addition to the work they receive at the university that's built into our plan as well.

So, in terms of the English Language

Learner, there, again, we're going to be using

bilingual teachers. And our number one choice is to

have certified bilingual educators. I'm the former

executive director for the New Mexico Association

for Bilingual Education, and also was on the board

for dual-language education. So I'm bringing that

expertise into the program and helping them to

develop some of that expertise, the training, and so

on, for the teachings, so that they're able to

address the needs of the English Language Learners

in the classroom.

MR. NEVINS: I'd just like to add -- call your attention to Appendix D, Page 7, where we talk about the importance of a parent community engagement director. I don't have the time to go through all of it, but I would just encourage you to take the time, if you haven't taken the time to read it. It's a full-time position.



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The other thing I wanted to say is what's unique here is we have letters of support from a wide variety of both health-care providers and hospitals and clinics in the area. El Paso Children's Hospital, La Clinica de Familia, and a wonderful program that has 100-percent graduation rate called "Faces of the Future."

I would encourage you to look at those letters. Maybe Lorna would like to close with a couple of points, under a minute.

MS. SAMRAJ: I wanted to elaborate on the potential partnerships that Health Science Academy founders have been exploring with organizations, health care and education partners in the district. We have had a number of visits, including a community -- including a letter of support from El Paso Children's hospital, La Clinica de Familia in Doña Ana County. And we have letters of support from Dr. Mark Kittleson, who is the department head of the College of Health Sciences at NMSU. So I think our time is almost up, so I think I'll end there for our presentation.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Twelve seconds.

MR. TAMEZ: That's cutting it close.

MR. HAUGEN: Thank you.

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THE CHAIR: Thank you. If you all would 1 2 vacate the table, we would ask the representatives from the local school district to come forward, if 3 4 anyone is here. Please identify yourself for the 5 court reporter, and you will have ten minutes. Efren Iturralde. 6 MR. ITURRALDE: 7 THE CHAIR: And we're having a terrible 8 time hearing. 9 MR. ITURRALDE: Efren Iturralde. I'm the 10 superintendent of the Gadsden Independent School District. 11 MS. MILLER-TOMLINSON: I'm Wendi 12 13 Miller-Tomlinson, the interim Director of Secondary 14 Education for the Las Cruces Public Schools. Please go ahead. 15 THE CHAIR: Madame Chairman and 16 MR. ITURRALDE: 17 members of the Commission, thank you for having us 18 here today. I'm going to let Judy [verbatim] go 19 first. She's a guest speaking on her behalf of the 20 [inaudible] college, and I will continue after her. 21 MS. MILLER-TOMLINSON: Good afternoon 22 Commission members. As I said, my name is Wendi 23 Miller-Tomlinson. I am the interim Director of 24 Secondary Education with the Las Cruces Public 25 Schools. I'm here on behalf of Superintendent



Rounds to offer commentary on the charter school application.

The Las Cruces Public Schools does not support the application of this charter school for the following reasons:

The charter application notes that

Doña Ana County is known as a medically underserved area, and a dental health professional shortage area on Page 2 of the application.

The application further notes the first innovative feature of HSA will be the focus of preparing students for health science careers. All program components will be addressed within the context of the health care field presenting coursework and an interdisciplinary context which makes connections for students between the skills and their significance and their future careers. And that's on Page 3 of the application.

The Las Cruces Public Schools, in collaboration with the Gadsden Independent School District and the Hatch Valley School District, in 2009, launched the state's first Early College High School. To date, the Arrowhead Park Early College High School is in its fourth year of operation, serves 450 students, has a zero-percent dropout



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rate, follows the NMSU calendar, and received an "A" rating from the Public Education Department.

Based on the success of this school, the three districts are launching a medical- and health-related pathway early college high school. This school is scheduled to open in August of 2014. So, next August.

Students' classes will be include -student classes will include academic studies in a
blended learning environment and state-of-the-art
learning laboratories, with on-site and online
courses, and courses at a college campus.

Much of the learning will be facilitated via video-conferencing with our collaborating higher education partners, which include New Mexico State University, the University of New Mexico Medical School, the University of Texas at El Paso, Texas Tech University, Doña Ana Community College, and Central New Mexico Community College.

Students in Gadsden and Hatch districts, because of the high-tech nature of this learning community, will be able to enroll in the school without having to travel the distance to Las Cruces on a daily basis.

We see this infrastructure as a true



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partnership between the three districts. Students 1 2 will experience an academic environment and small 3 active learning community, which includes 4 connections to learning opportunities outside the 5 classroom through health industry-based internships and experiences and electronic conferencing with 6 7 professional mentors. And thank you for your time 8 today. 9 THE CHAIR: Thank you. 10 I put together MR. ITURRALDE:

something -- I put together a folder so you can just follow my presentation after you read it. I know we didn't have a presentation, particularly, but I'll just follow through, then.

THE CHAIR: We will just hear your presentation. We're not accepting written input at this time. Thank you.

MR. ITURRALDE: The District is in favor of providing educational opportunities to the students in the community, but not at the expense of utilizing State funding for duplication of educational programs already implemented in the district.

Going through the application, the demographics that I have here are not correct,



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what's in the application. They're erroneous.

Also, there is a charter school that has been here
for five years. And the 120th day, their total
enrollment was 68. When this charter school first
opened up, we were looking at 130-plus; but, in five

years, it just hasn't grown.

They have their own building; hopefully, that would be better for them. They're well-established, well-run. But, like I said, only 68 students are in that charter school right now.

Now, in the application that they submitted, they talk about La Clinica de Familia, partnering with them in an internship. Well, we have an agreement with La Clinica de Familia to build a permanent structure to be a school-based clinic center of 6,000 -- excuse me -- it's going -- it will be a clinic with 60-by-64 square feet. It will be in the high school, which will give the opportunity for the students of our district to do any kind of internship they'll need right there, on the campus, without any transportation at all.

There are plans -- this is not something in the planned -- this was a grant that they got.

It's already been accepted, and it's in the works.

The cost of transporting students -- I asked Boone





Transportation. If they were to transport students once a day, let's say, to a hospital in El Paso or in Las Cruces, that cost would be \$60,000. But they would have to work around our schedule. If they were to purchase their own bus, get a driver, just for the charter school, then it would be approximately \$84,000.

Now, that does not include transporting students to Doña Ana Community College or NMSU.

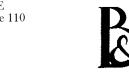
That would be an added cost.

Now, I have -- I'm just going to show you a picture. We have our own early college high school in Chapparal. The mission statement is, "Chaparral Early College High School will provide a small personalized community that prepares all students for success through a rigorous relevant curriculum, positive and meaningful relationships. Students will be exposed to innovative instructional practices and 21st century learning. Students will acquire the skills necessary for success in higher education in the future fields of education."

The associate degrees that are provided at this small -- right now -- early college in the beginning stages. We specialize in math, bachelor's degrees and associate in science and liberal arts.

PROFESSIONAL COURT

REPORTING SERVICE



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It's in place now, providing for math, physical science, engineering and agriculture.

For the workforce, associate in science will provide studies in health and human services.

It's already there; it's already in place. We have 68 students. Of course, the goal is to provide a skilled workforce, opportunities to serve the community and create an effective workforce.

We have already -- 84 percent of our students already qualified from COMPASS for four dual credits; 32 percent qualified, passed the COMPASS after the first year for math, and 21 percent for English.

Now, our enrollment jumped up 157 percent in our early college, providing the prep, what the -- what the application calls for. It identifies, in the application, they talk about innovative features. Well, focus on the academic program preparing students for graduation. I don't see how that's an innovative feature.

It talks about internships in health.

Well, as far as internships, we had 20 students in the last two years that graduated from Gadsden High School, were taking dual credits, and 20 of the students were Certified Nursing Assistants and went



into fields of health. So it's there already. The program is set up for any type of a health future.

It went on to say that our scores are below the State. Well -- and talk about AYP in an application that is outdated. I can tell you right now that our high schools, we had one A, two B's, and, at Santa Teresa Middle School, we had a B and two Cs. I can also tell you that we have graduated over 2,000 students who have taken dual credits in the past year, who come here to college preparing them.

We should talk about the health magnet. I can also sit here and tell you that, out of 43 possible gains, we had all gains in our schools except for four schools that did not show a gain in a particular area. Our middle and high schools all showed gains in the SBA.

I can also tell you that, in math, our scores are higher than the State except, in the H2 students because they're the sophomores. With our current ELL students, our SBA scores were higher than the State, and, also, with the exit ELLs, our SBA scores were higher than the State.

And, as far as in reading, the same pattern, except the seventh grade, we were higher;



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age four, we were higher.

Current ELL and exiting ELL students were higher than the State.

In closing, I would like to say that I think that it's a marvelous idea, but we already have it in place in our district. And, like I said earlier, my opinion, it is a mismanagement of State funding to duplicate services already provided in the district.

THE CHAIR: Thank you for your presentation. Thank you, both.

We'll now hear public comment from the community. If someone could get us the sign-up sheet, please.

Thank you. We have 24 people signed up to speak, and we have 20 minutes. Let me ask you if there are any folks in the audience who might like to go together and declare a spokesperson so that everyone will have a little bit more time.

Otherwise, you're going to have less than a minute each to speak.

Let me give you a couple of minutes to consider that. Talk among yourselves, if you'd like, and let's see if maybe perhaps we can come up with some spokesperson; otherwise, we'll go with





about maybe 45 seconds, Brad? We'll have to do
about 45 seconds apiece to speak.

The suggestion has been that we call the names on the list and see if anyone chooses to pass.

Then we'll see how many people we have left who want to speak. And, if we have any time left, then we might come back. Would that be all right?

8 All right. Let's do it. Carmen -- I'm
9 sorry. I'll probably butcher the last name. Starts
10 with a "B."

MS. BURCIAGA: Burciaga.

THE CHAIR: Do you want to speak or pass?

MS. BURCIAGA: I'm going to speak.

14 THE CHAIR: You want to speak?

MS. BURCIAGA: Yes, ma'am.

16 THE CHAIR: Cruz -- I think it's the same

17 | last name, is it? B-E-R -- Cruz? Is Cruz here?

18 | Cruz, is that you?

MS. BECERRA: Hablo español.

20 THE CHAIR: We do not have an interpreter.

Wait. Do you wish to speak or pass?

MS. CARTER: She wants to ask you a

23 question.

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24 THE CHAIR: She can do that in her time to

speak, okay? All right. Arcelia? A-R-A-C-E-L-I?





1	Araceli?
2	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: She's out to the
3	restroom.
4	THE CHAIR: No? Not here? Yes? Araceli?
5	Is she here? Do you wish to speak or pass? No?
6	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: She'll pass.
7	THE CHAIR: Dr. David Garcia? Do you wish
8	to speak?
9	DR. GARCIA: Yes.
10	THE CHAIR: Norma Gozman [ph]?
11	MS. GOZMAN[PH]: I am with Ms. Burciaga,
12	so we are together.
13	MR. GERLICZ: She's going to pass.
14	THE CHAIR: So I'm going to pass on her.
15	Josefina Ramirez? Are you here?
16	MR. GERLICZ: Josefina? Yes, she's going
17	to speak.
18	THE CHAIR: She's going to speak. Okay.
19	Alisa Flores?
20	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: No.
21	THE CHAIR: No? Okay. Cesar Ontiveros?
22	MR. ONTIVEROS: Yes, ma'am.
23	MR. GERLICZ: Yes.
24	THE CHAIR: I heard "yes." I didn't see
25	the person.



1	MR. ONTIVEROS: Right here. Yes.
2	THE CHAIR: Olivia?
3	OLIVIA: Yes.
4	THE CHAIR: Mercedes? Mercedes?
5	MERCEDES: Yes.
6	THE CHAIR: Yes? Speak?
7	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes, she's going to
8	speak.
9	THE CHAIR: "Mona" or "Mana" Rodriguez?
10	MS. CARTER: Maria. She's out in the
11	hallway.
12	THE CHAIR: Perhaps it is "Maria." I'm
13	sorry. I read it as an "N."
14	MS. CARTER: She had to leave. She had to
15	leave, so she's not here.
16	COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: She left.
17	THE CHAIR: She left? Okay. Liliana
18	Rodriguez?
19	MS. RODRIGUEZ: (Indicates.)
20	THE CHAIR: Yes? Christine Martinez?
21	MS. MARTINEZ: Yes.
22	THE CHAIR: Yes? I'm thinking it's Nancy?
23	NANCY: Yes.
24	THE CHAIR: Yes? Ann Salazar?
25	MS. SALAZAR: Pass.





1	MR. GERLICZ: Pass.
2	THE CHAIR: Pass? Carla Carla Lara?
3	Lira? No? Mary Helen?
4	MARY HELEN: Yes.
5	THE CHAIR: Rosa?
6	ROSA: Pass.
7	MR. GERLICZ: Pass.
8	THE CHAIR: Pass? Thank you. Consuelo?
9	CONSUELO: Yes.
10	THE CHAIR: Speak or pass?
11	MR. GERLICZ: Yes, speak.
12	THE CHAIR: You ought to have this vent
13	right above your head, right above my good ear.
14	Magali? M-A-G-A-L-I?
15	MAGALI: It's "Magali."
16	MS. CARTER: She'll speak. She's just
17	right outside.
18	THE CHAIR: Thank you. Cecelia? Cecelia?
19	No Cecelia? Okay. She's marked off. Loren?
20	LAUREN: No. Right here?
21	MR. GERLICZ: Do you want to speak or no?
22	LAUREN: No.
23	THE CHAIR: Do you want to pass? All
24	right. Now, I have
25	MS. CARTER: Excuse me. Maria Rodriguez





just came in, so she is going to speak. She was outside.

THE CHAIR: I think I had her down to

4 speak. Okay?

5 MS. CARTER: Okay.

THE CHAIR: Liliana?

7 MS. CARTER: No, that's Liliana. That's

Maria. She wasn't here when you were calling out.

9 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: We didn't sign in.

10 | COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: You needed to sign

11 in.

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12 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I walked in late.

13 But she did -- I signed it on the wrong spot on the

14 other side. It says "Maggie Gonzales," and I'd like

15 to speak.

16 | COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: Maggie Gonzales.

MS. GONZALES: It was the wrong spot,

18 though.

19 THE CHAIR: It was marked off already. Is

20 | it Maggie?

21 MS. GONZALES: Yes, I'd like to speak.

22 THE CHAIR: There are 14.

23 MR. GERLICZ: Fourteen. So that would be

24 a grand total of 90 seconds each.

25 THE CHAIR: How much?





MR. GERLICZ: For 20 minutes with 14 1 2 people, that's 85 seconds. 3 THE CHAIR: Ninety seconds? 4 MR. GERLICZ: Ninety seconds. 5 THE CHAIR: I'm sorry. I've been having such a hard time in here. Could we not do that? 6 7 Thank you so much. We're going to do 90 seconds 8 each. And, when you speak, either come and stand 9 here, or sit at the table, whichever you would 10 prefer to do. 11 If we -- if we have people who do not 12 speak English, do we have someone who can translate 13 for them? 14 MS. CARTER: I'll translate. 15 THE CHAIR: If you would come up to the 16 table with them, please. And the timer, if you will 17 keep an eye on the time, please. Carmen is the 18 first speaker. 19 COMMISSIONER GANT: And be sure to spell 20 the names. 21 THE CHAIR: Come up here, please. 22 need to spell your name for the recorder, please. 23 MS. BURCIAGA: C-A-R-M-E-N. Burciaga, 24 B-U-R-C-I-A-G-A. I'm a volunteer right now Okay. 25 trying to pick up signatures from the communities in



this area. And I have over 400 signatures here from 1 2 parents and grandparents who are in favor of the charter school, due to their children or 3 4 grandchildren. And myself, as a parent, I vote yes 5 for the charter school. I support it. As a 6 grandparent myself also. 7 And, I mean, we need that among the 8 community. I struggle with my kids through school, and now, I'm going through it with my grandkids. 10 I know that would help them a lot, too. So I'm in 11 favor of the school. 12 THE CHAIR: Thank you. Cruz? Please 13 spell the name. 14 MS. BECERRA: C-R-U-Z, B-E-C-E-R-R-A. 15 MS. CARTER: She's asking that, if the 16 school is built, will there be public 17 transportation? I don't know if you're allowing 18 those kinds of questions. 19 THE CHAIR: That's part of the 20 application. Did you all request public 21 transportation? 22 MS. CARTER: I believe that we will be 23 adding public transit for that, yeah. 24 THE CHAIR: Only if it's in the



application.

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It will not be provided otherwise.

MR. GERLICZ: It was in the application.

MS. SAMRAJ: It was in the application.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you. Dr. Garcia.

DR. GARCIA: My name is Dr. David Garcia.

Madame Chair and members of the PEC, I was also the president of the Gadsden School District, and we went in a nationwide search for a superintendent.

And Mr. Ron Haugen was the superintendent that was chosen. I tell you that if the Academy has enlisted Mr. Haugen as their leader -- lead administrator, the Academy is in good hands, because he's a very

liked person, very intelligent, and a great leader.

And I've worked, also, with Superintendent Iturralde. What is important here is that a lot of people in our district do want the choice of school, and I think that we need to encourage them, and especially when they're so passionate about doing

I've seen them working for several years

now, and I think that we should give them an opportunity and see if that would materialize.

But I do know that Mr. Ron Haugen is a fantastic leader, and they're in great hands, and I feel more comfortable with him being in the leadership. And I thank you for your time.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Norma. Norma?



something.

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MS. CARTER: She was with Carmen Burciaga. 1 2 So she passed. She was in the same, of support. 3 THE CHAIR: She passed. Josefina. 4 Josefina? MR. GERLICZ: Alisa. 5 THE CHAIR: No? Okay. Alisa 6 Flores? I'm sorry. She said she was passing. 7 Cesar Ontiveros. 8 MR. ONTIVEROS: Right here, ma'am. МУ 9 name is Cesar Ontiveros. Cesar, C-E-S-A-R, 10 O-N-T-I-V-E-R-O-S, Ontiveros. I disagree on this 11 charter school. Main reason is I don't know where 12 the location is going to be at. I haven't read it, 13 where is the location going to be at for the school. 14 The other thing is you only got support for Anthony; you don't have support for Sunland Park 15 16 or the rest of the community. And I think they 17 are -- the support that we're talking about, I don't 18 think it's there, all there, you know, just missing 19 a lot of stuff on supporting the kids, okay? 20 You guys should look into it, exactly what 21 kind of support they're talking about, because I 22 don't think it's right. They might say this, this, 23 and that, but it's not there. It's not there. 24 And I think that me being from Sunland 25 Park, I know what's going on in that area. I don't



know what's going on in this area, but I know what's 1 2 going on over there. And there's not too many kids that want to be part of the medical field; because I 3 4 already asked in some high schools, okay? 5 asked some kids from Santa Teresa High School. even asked from the middle school. They're not very 6 7 interested in becoming in the medical field. 8 don't know where these numbers are coming from 9 saying that, "We're interested." 10 We're not. That area, we're not. This 11 area, I don't know, ma'am. And that's all I got to 12 Thank you, ma'am. say. 13 THE CHAIR: Thank you. Olivia Contreras? 14 MS. CONTRERAS: O-L-I-V-I-A. Contreras, 15 C-O-N-T-R-E-R-A-S. 16 MS. CARTER: She likes this project. She 17 has grandchildren. There's one particular niece of 18 her -- one granddaughter of hers that is actually 19 walking in this path. And she wishes that she would 20 continue this path in health. And that's why she 21 supports the school. 22 She's asking if the adults that come in at



I'm telling her that that's not a possibility, so --

evening classes to get their high school diploma,

would they be able to enter into the school.

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Thank you. Mercedes. 1 THE CHAIR: 2 MS. CARTER: It's Mercedes Palomarez. 3 M-E-R-C-E-D-E-S. Palomarez, P-A-L-O-M-A-R-E-Z. 4 She's in support of the school. She wants 5 it to be realized because of the -- for the 6 prosperity of the students. That's all. 7 THE CHAIR: Thank you. 8 MS. CARTER: May God bless you. 9 THE CHAIR: Liliana. 10 MS. CARTER: Liliana Rodriguez. 11 L-I-L-I-A-N-A. Rodriguez, R-O-D-R-I-G-U-E-Z. 12 MS. RODRIGUEZ: So Liliana. My name is 13 Liliana Rodriguez. I am a mother of three 14 daughters. And I am single, and I would like to 15 study, and that, for my daughters to follow my 16 example and continue studying. 17 MS. CARTER: And she hopes that this school will be realized. 18 19 THE CHAIR: Thank you. MS. MARTINEZ: Christina Martinez. 20 Christina, C-H-R-I-S-T-I-N-A. Martinez, 21 22 M-A-R-T-I-N-E-Z. 23 I am -- I am on behalf of the vote Okay. 24 for the charter school, due to the fact that I do 25 have four children, and I would like for my children





to get all the education they can and become -- and succeeding in life. Okay. I vote for it. I'm sorry.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Nancy?

MS. CARTER: Here she comes. Nancy

N-A-N-C-Y, Arreola, A-R-R-E-O-L-A.

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MS. ARREOLA: Well, first off, I would like to let you guys know that I've been here for about eight years now. When I started settling here, it was just a town; nothing much was done. It was a town that I didn't want to live in. When it became a city more, it began to develop.

Well, we now have a sidewalk. We now have rights. And, now, with this charter school, I want to support it because it's going to help kids stay off of the streets. It's going to help them want to do something more, and just having that belief is something that we -- we can go ahead and go off on.

I mean, I've never seen a charter school before. I never knew anything about charter schools. And, now, with this, I'm really supporting it. And I hope that we can be good to do it. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Mary Helen?

MS. LLANES: Mary Helen Llanes. M-A-R-Y,





1 H-E-L-E-N, L-L-A-N-E-S. Nobody can pronounce it, so that's okay.

I am a lifelong resident of Anthony. I have known the couple that are bringing it forward. I have worked with Mary Carter. My children all went to Gadsden High School. My grandchildren went -- they moved away, so they didn't go to Gadsden.

I went to Gadsden, and I know Mr. Haugen for many, many years when my children were there. He's always been a reliable person, very strong in his beliefs. So they have a good person at the helm.

I do believe that the school is doing a great job. Mr. Iturralde is doing a great job. But this charter school fills a gap that would reach out to students that have not been able to get into the system. As you see, the parents that are here that want this for their children and this area would benefit greatly from it.

I do feel there's great potential in a charter school for health sciences. I really do.

So I hope that it does have your support. It can only go forward. And it has good leadership. It has community support, and it will have the students



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that it will need. And, hopefully, the funding will 1 2 be available as well. Thank you. 3 THE CHAIR: Thank you. Rosa? 4 ROSA: I have passed. 5 MS. CARTER: She passes. 6 THE CHAIR: Consuelo? 7 MS. CARTER: I think she had to leave. 8 She just left. Yeah, she -- it looks like she left. 9 THE CHAIR: Did she leave? M-A-G-A-L-I. 10 MS. CARTER: Magali? I think she left, 11 too. 12 She left? Cecelia? Loren? THE CHAIR: 13 MS. SCHOONOVER: I had passed, but can I 14 change my mind? 15 THE CHAIR: Yes. Did you pass? 16 MS. SCHOONOVER: Hello. My name is Loren 17 Schoonover. L-O-R-E-N. Last name is S-C-H-O-O-N-O-V-E-R, kind of like "school's over." 18 19 I support the charter school. I was born and raised 20 in La Mesa, New Mexico. I attended -- I am a 21 graduate of Gadsden. And, like Mary Helen said, I 22 believe that Gadsden Independent School District is 23 doing a great job, as well as the other charter 24 schools located here. But I think the children and 25 the parents should have a choice.



I never thought I would see something like this, where there was going to be, you know, an independent school district and then a charter school. And now there is an application for another charter school. I think that's wonderful. I think that's wonderful. And I totally support it. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Maggie?

MS. GONZALES: My name is Maggie Gonzales. For the record, it's G-O-N-Z-A-L-E-S. I first have a question. Would the charter school be -- well, I live in Sunland Park, New Mexico. Would that be covered?

MS. CARTER: Yes.

MR. GERLICZ: Yes.

MS. GONZALES: Okay. It will. Because I am in favor for the charter school. I travel over 30 miles every day to bring my daughter to the Anthony charter school. And Mr. Haugen has vast experience in education. He's an asset to the community. El Paso has Silva Magnet, and we don't have anything similar. We need something and something immediately.

We need responsible educators and administrators who care about their students.



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Mr. Haugen is one of them, and I know. I know him as a former principal. I have my sister, who also travels to bring her son. I have friends who travel with me to bring their kids. So I know there is support in Sunland Park. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. That's the last name on the list. Thank you very much for your help. That concludes the public comment section.

The next section is time for the Public Education Commissioners to ask questions. So we would ask the applicants if they would come back to the table, please.

If you're ready, Commissioners, do you have questions? We'll start with Commissioner Conyers.

16 COMMISSIONER CONYERS: Thank you. No, I
17 do not.

THE CHAIR: Commissioner Toulouse?

COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: I have just one question. It didn't come up when I was reviewing all of this. But, when the question was asked about transportation -- and I know there are so many small communities in the colonias and all around here. If you're going to provide transportation, how are you thinking about getting that organized so that you





can bring these kids in?

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2 THE CHAIR: Please go ahead.

Yes. PEC member Carmie 3 MS. SAMRAJ:

4 Toulucy [ph], I will -- Toulouse -- in our

5 application on Page 69, it's the narrative on the

budget section under "Student Transportation" is 6

7 what we state, that transportation services to and

8 from school will focus on providing transportation

for students in the district who do not have easy

10 access to school. "HSA will apply for

11 transportation funding from Public Education

12 Department and will contract with an authorized bus

13 company for services."

14 COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: But I'm thinking

more about the area you have to cover and the 15

16 areas -- are you going to have one bus route? Two

17 bus routes? Because it gets more and more expensive

18 the more you're doing it. And the better your plan

19 is and the tighter it is, the better chance you

20 would get to get that transportation. So I'm trying

21 to think, knowing this area and where people are --

22 MS. CARTER: The concept -- first, in

23 order to be designed for the transit service, first

24 you have to look at the enrollment, how it is

designed. Having had the experience of designing



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(505) 989-4949



the public transit service in Sunland Park and designed the route based on input, we do have the basic knowledge of how it can be done, and also tapping into federal funding to make it happen as well.

However, first, you have to look at where the areas -- who are the students going to be enrolled in order to go ahead and start making the plan in sections on how to work with.

One good thing that we could tap into experience because of knowledge and communication with is Sun Metro from El Paso, that has worked in a lot of logistical stuff like that, that could help us define target areas better, and we would have assistance from them to go ahead and define it, once we determine the enrollment and the areas they come from.

COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: I would think it would help your enrollment if your plan would start in an area and grow. I guess I was just trying to get a better planning picture, that you may -- once you know where your students are, you may not be able to do transportation everywhere. And that's why I'm saying, is it a system that's going to grow as it --



MR. HAUGEN: I think, realistically, you're looking at hubs or something like that. You couldn't do door-to-door service or anything like that. Because, presumably, it's going to be a little bit spread. You're looking at central hubs.

When you're serving 14 different communities, that's kind of a stretch. Something along that line, and like Mary said, too, utilizing the services and supports of those agencies that do that kind of thing for a living, too. You also have Boone Transportation available here, too, that's very, very familiar with how the whole district operates.

COMMISSIONER TOULOUSE: Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Commissioner Gant?

COMMISSIONER GANT: Madam Chair, I'll pick up on that, because that was one of my first ones was the transportation. It's in the application and on Page 53 of the app -- of the appendices. I know you go from Sunland Park -- Gadsden Independent School District goes from Sunland Park on the south to Snow Road on the north, over to the Rio Grande in the west, and over to Chaparral over the mountain.

Now, if there are two -- first of all, I want to know, your statement says, "We will provide



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students who do not have easy access to the school."

What is the definition of "easy access," and how are
you going to pick those students that do or do not
have easy access?

MS. SAMRAJ: Commissioner Gant, we won't be picking the students. They will be picking us. And -- and "easy access" means that some students will be able to have their own transportation. Either they may have a family member who can drop them off. So those who have access to their own transportation will be encouraged to come on their own. And, then, we will look at those who don't have that access to transportation. And those are the ones that we will be focusing on as we create the hubs and plan for transportation.

MR. HAUGEN: I think if you have -- you know, once you have students who are identified who are interested in the program, you're going to have to work something out in terms of providing some





form of transportation. I mean, that's the crux behind the program, that you're going to serve all the kids who have a need.

How that's going to work logistically to accomplish that, yeah, you'd have to look at the complication of how you can do that and what other methods you have available to get them over here. I think probably, Mr. Iturralde touched on it when he said, "You know, you have schedules -- you have to look at scheduling of schools and where the impact," and things like that. So --

COMMISSIONER GANT: You mentioned hubs, which leads me to believe that a family member, or someone -- has transportation to the hub.

Therefore, you know, there are parents that live in this county. Both parents work, if they're lucky to have two parents. And school starts -- I don't remember what it said school starts -- which means it's usually after parents go to work. So there's going to be some difficulty even getting to a hub.

MR. HAUGEN: That's very true.

MS. CARTER: But, you know, that's already something that occurs, because even from the center, all the students get together there early in the morning about 7- -- 7:00, to wait for the bus stop





to come in. But as -- because you're engaged and you want your child to be part of this particular program, you put more effort into ensuring that you make everything -- you're committed to making sure that your child is going to participate.

So that includes even sometimes getting up a little bit earlier, dropping your kid at the hub, and being able to do that. As a parent, myself, I did that for many years, because I went to work at 7:30. And I had to be at work at 7:30. So there were times I had to drop my kids off at 7:00. So that was a sacrifice I had to do to be able to do it for my children.

But I believed in the education that they were getting, and, therefore, even my child -- we lived in El Paso, and I had to transfer him over to Canutillo. And I drove him, personally, and went aside from my road and took extra time to take him.

So, due to this is a different type of programming you're talking about, there are more parents that are interested and doing everything they can to make sure that they will be participating in this program.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Page 49, there's a discussion about having adult students in the





evenings. And my question, is it kind of -- how 1 2 many are you planning to have? 3 MR. NEVINS: Lorna. 4 MS. SAMRAJ: Our enrollment projections 5 are on --6 COMMISSIONER GANT: I'm talking about the 7 evening school, though. 8 MS. SAMRAJ: I'm sure we have them here. 9 On Page 1 of Part C, the Educational Plan. 10 COMMISSIONER GANT: Yeah, I saw that. 11 MS. SAMRAJ: Evening students: Fifty for 12 year one; seventy-five for year two; year three is 13 100; year four is 150; year five is 185. Those are 14 the projections. 15 COMMISSIONER GANT: Okay. Now, are those 16 in the evening part of your SEG? 17 MS. SAMRAJ: Yes. 18 COMMISSIONER GANT: They're part of the 19 total count? 20 MS. SAMRAJ: Yes. 21 COMMISSIONER GANT: The 500? 22 MS. SAMRAJ: I'm pretty sure they are. 23 MR. NEVINS: Sure, they are. We have the 24 total here on the column. 25



I saw that.

COMMISSIONER GANT:

But

you're going to start school in the morning. 1 2 MS. SAMRAJ: Uh-huh. COMMISSIONER GANT: So, what if you have 3 4 enough students to fill your -- your cap during the 5 What are you going to do at night? MR. HAUGEN: I would think you still have 6 7 to offer -- I mean, that's the crux behind the 8 program. If it's the adult program at night -evening -- that you're talking about, it kind of 10 runs -- from what I gather, there are separate staff 11 for the two functions. So --12 COMMISSIONER GANT: If you hit your cap of 13 500. 14 MR. HAUGEN: Oh, okay. If we hit our cap, there will 15 MS. SAMRAJ: 16 be a lottery process. We'll go into the lottery 17 process for the day program, as well as the night, 18 if we get our cap there. We will stick to our 19 enrollment projections as we recruit and -- and 20 advertise and enroll students. COMMISSIONER GANT: Now, will these 21 22 evening adults register at the start of the school 23 year? 24 MS. SAMRAJ: They will start at the same 25 time the day students start, if that's what you



The school year? 1 mean. 2 COMMISSIONER GANT: There are charter 3 schools that don't do it that way. 4 The plan is to have them MS. SAMRAJ: 5 start at the same time. They'll have the same school year. 6 7 COMMISSIONER GANT: Next question, if I 8 may Madame Chair. Basically, it's -- it's on the 9 discipline student policies. And you list 10 New Mexico Statute 22-5-43 [verbatim]. Basically, 11 if you look at that, it deals more with the issuing 12 of medications to students and not primarily for 13 student discipline, okay? Student discipline is 14 more carried in Section 6.11.2, New Mexico Administrative Code, and Sections 22-2-1 and 22-2-2, 15 New Mexico Statutes Annotated 1978. Those are the 16 17 details. This one you listed here is very generic. 18 MS. SAMRAJ: Is that in the appendix, or 19 is it in the narrative? 20 COMMISSIONER GANT: It's in both, okay? 21 It's very generic. And one of my issues is with 22 There are very specific things that SpEd students. 23 must be said and done for SpEd students. 24 We will comply with the law. MS. SAMRAJ: 25 COMMISSIONER GANT: I know that's what you



said. State and federal laws? 1 2 MS. SAMRAJ: Yes. 3 COMMISSIONER GANT: But I'm a person -- I 4 don't know about others -- that wants specificity. 5 You know what I'm saying? 6 MR. HAUGEN: Uh-huh. When you're talking 7 SpEd kids, obviously, you're going to a different 8 arena there in terms of what you have to do administratively, or -- on the teaching side as 10 well, because you have to look at, you know, the 11 condition, the handicapping condition, is it a 12 manifestation of that and stuff. So, yeah, you have 13 to really be cognizant of what the process is for 14 that particular area of concern, should it arise. 15 COMMISSIONER GANT: I'm trying to. 16 fine, the answer. Okay, I got it. 17 Now, let me find the rest of it. I had 18 some more on here, if my computer doesn't die on me. 19 But it's an Apple, so it won't. It's not a PC, like 20 she's got over here. 21 All right. The founders do know -- now, 22 on Page 58, you talk about the funding for 23 facilities. And one of the sources you gave was 24 capital outlay from the PSCOC. You do know that you 25 have to wait to have your charter renewed in five



1 years. 2 MR. NEVINS: That's correct. 3 COMMISSIONER GANT: Okay. So you won't 4 even consider that. But my next question is, you 5 stated that the District has SB-9 coming up, a mill 6 levy vote coming up. What if that doesn't pass? 7 And it doesn't always pass in the State of New 8 Mexico. Okay. That's listed on Page 58. SB-9. 9 That's one of the main sources you listed as --10 MS. SAMRAJ: Here. 11 COMMISSIONER GANT: It doesn't always 12 pass. 13 MR. NEVINS: That's correct, sir. 14 call your attention to one of the appendices, where 15 we have letters of support. And one particular 16 letter addresses the issue of capital. And that is 17 from the Charter School Development Corporation, 18 part of Western States, which is the utility. 19 COMMISSIONER GANT: I understand that. 20 MR. NEVINS: You probably know about that. 21 And you know that their commitment is not in stone, 22 because we have not been approved yet. But they They know what our target 23 have made a commitment.



be located, and they said that they would fund a

They know where the school hopes to

population is.

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facility, should we come to their request.

MR. NEVINS:

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COMMISSIONER GANT: Okay. I sat on the Public School Capital Outlay Council. And I see the lease assistance given to schools every month, if you will, every year. And I know how much they are. And I know that, right now, charter schools are paying more than -- almost \$7 million out of their operating costs. And you believe your \$9.00 that you list on Page 58 is going to cover your needs?

Well, it's a good question. And the reason we came up with that number is, after talking to Richard Romero, who is supposed to be in charge of the southern part of the state -- he works for the Public Facilities folks in Albuquerque. he and I and Lorna sat down with him and went over that number, and he thought it was a reasonable number for the district.

COMMISSIONER GANT: And that \$9.00, if I may, probably will not cover your mai- -- I know you've got maintenance and repair costs listed in your budget.

> Sure, we do. MR. NEVINS:

23 COMMISSIONER GANT: So that \$9.00 is just 24 going to be the lease rental.

> MR. NEVINS: That's what I understand.





COMMISSIONER GANT: Okay. I just know 1 2 that this has caused trouble for charter schools. 3 MR. NEVINS: And that's why we went to 4 Richard Romero, to see --5 COMMISSIONER GANT: I also know we're coming out with a standardized lease for all charter 6 7 schools that's going to stop some of --8 MR. NEVINS: And we're in favor of that, 9 by the way. 10 COMMISSIONER GANT: All right. Grading. 11 It's in your appendix, Page 51. You say C-minus is 12 a passing grade. If you don't get a C-minus, you 13 don't get credit for the course, if I remember 14 reading it. Of course, I'm old and blind, so I --15 it's on Page 51 of the appendices. 16 MR. NEVINS: Do you know which appendix it 17 is? COMMISSIONER GANT: All I know is it's on 18 19 Page 51. It's --20 MS. SAMRAJ: Can you read that sentence 21 for me, Commissioner Gant, so I can identify --22 COMMISSIONER GANT: My question is -- you 23 really don't have to go look at the page. What is 24 the percentage -- you know, A is a 90; B is a 25 whatever; C is a whatever. What are your -- you





know, some of them in some schools we've seen, the percentage is so low, even my cat could pass it, okay? So what are your percentages?

MS. SAMRAJ: You can answer that.

COMMISSIONER GANT: I don't remember

seeing --

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MR. NEVINS: Commissioner Gant and Commissioners, may I draw your attention to Appendix E in the handbook, Page 11? And it talks about student promotion and retention policies beginning in grade seven and eight. And then there's a separate discussion of grades nine through twelve. And, so, I'm just going to briefly read one of the paragraphs, and then go on in general.

But it says, "Students must demonstrate they're on track to master 80 percent of all course content in order to be promoted to the next grade level." This is Page 11, Appendix E. "If a student falls below the 80-percent mastery in one or more subjects, they will be promoted if the grade below mastery is in the 70- to 79-percent range, the student has consistently completed assignments and has demonstrated an effort to improve, and, the classroom teacher recommends promotion. Students who do not meet these criteria may only be promoted



at the discretion of the principal."

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So I turn to Mr. Haugen to talk about these issues that are very sensitive to both the parents and the student in terms of promotion, and also, to include the special ed focus.

MR. HAUGEN: What I'm familiar with -it's kind of like a grade placement committee
situation, where you have kids, at the end of the
year, they don't pass the State examinations which
may be required for them, or their core contents
during the course of the year.

Obviously, it says in here you can have this -- you know, three different criteria that you can follow to do that, or it comes down to the administrator making the decision. And that would have to be in conjunction, like it said there, with the parents, obviously, and you have to have the teachers, okay? Because sometimes there's mitigating circumstances that exist that maybe the teacher is not aware of, the parents -- it's important to get all the parties there, okay?

We're not talking about a great number of kids, but I think it's important to have that conversation to ensure that that conversation takes place before any action is taken. I think that's



critical. 1 2 Myself, I believe, you know, if there are 3 no mitigating circumstances, you know, at some 4 point, you have to hold kids accountable. You know, 5 if the school is going to have high standards, that means you have to tow the line somewhere along the 6 7 way in these particular areas. 8 So, as far as the C-minus, I would count 9 that as a 70 myself, so --10 COMMISSIONER GANT: Just asking. 11 just -- one last question, Madame Chair, that 12 doesn't really -- it does and doesn't pertain to the 13 And maybe you can answer this. charter. 14 Has the State, the PED, provided any 15 training whatsoever on the PARCC? 16 MR. HAUGEN: That, I could not answer. 17 I've been across the line. So I'm finishing up here 18 in a few weeks over there, so --19 COMMISSIONER GANT: Well, you better catch 20 up real quick. Are Texas doing PARCC? 21 MR. HAUGEN: No. They have their own 22 stuff -- torture for people, too. 23 MR. NEVINS: Commissioner Gant, that's an 24 excellent question, because you know, and I'm sure



the other Commissioners know, that in 2015, we're

going to migrate to PARCC from SBA in certain areas.

And, that, when we do our -- assuming we're

approved -- our professional development, people

have to understand what that all means. We have

discussion of PARCC in our -
COMMISSIONER GANT: I saw that.

MR. NEVINS: As you know. So we were made aware of PARCC, and then we did our research on what that means.

COMMISSIONER GANT: The reason I'm asking, in September, the Commission has a meeting with some of the staff from the PED to try to figure out what the school grading is and what the teacher evaluation is. I --

MR. NEVINS: I just want to make one other extraneous comment. In the newspaper yesterday, Washington Post, they did a survey of parents across the U.S. And they asked, "Do you know what 'Common Core' means?" And two-thirds of the parents did not know what -- had never heard of Common Core, two-thirds. Of the one-third that did, most of them got it wrong. They thought that Common Core was not going to help their kids succeed. So we need to do a lot in terms of education.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Appreciate that. Your



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1 turn. 2 THE CHAIR: Thank you. Is there anywhere 3 in your application, other than the PSCOC letter, 4 that breaks out your day and evening students? 5 MS. SAMRAJ: Yes. 6 THE CHAIR: They have it for the fifth 7 year, 315 day students and 185 night students. 8 MS. SAMRAJ: It's on Page 1 of the Part C 9 of the application. 10 THE CHAIR: Well, it's a lump number. I'm 11 asking for a breakout. 12 MS. SAMRAJ: You mean grade-wise, or 13 night -- just the evening and the day? THE CHAIR: Yes. 14 15 MS. SAMRAJ: Yeah, it's broken down on 16 Part C. 17 MR. NEVINS: Do you want to read it to 18 them? Madame Chairman, just to be clear, were you 19 looking at the --20 THE CHAIR: Are you saying Page 1? 21 MS. SAMRAJ: Correct. I have a question 22 here, because, you know, there was a little bit of 23 discrepancy in submitting our documents. I don't 24 know if you have the one that has the appendices



that complements, or is a supplement to see --

MR. GERLICZ: You should have all the 1 2 appendices. 3 MS. SAMRAJ: So this is what it looks 4 like. (Indicates.) 5 MR. NEVINS: This is what it looks like on 6 our Page 1. 7 COMMISSIONER GANT: Page 1 of what? 8 THE CHAIR: Page 1 of what? 9 MS. SAMRAJ: Of the application, Part C, 10 "Educational Plan." THE CHAIR: 11 I'm looking at Page 3, 12 "Education Plan." 13 MS. SAMRAJ: Commissioner Shearman, it 14 could be in Appendix U, because we could not submit 15 the tables in the application initially. 16 MR. GERLICZ: That has happened; we know 17 that. 18 THE CHAIR: I have a table right here. 19 MS. SAMRAJ: We're making sure 20 Commissioner Shearman has it, Tony. 21 MR. NEVINS: Here's the issue, if we could 22 just talk to it. We called it to the attention of They asked us to upload this, which 23 the Commission. 24 is what you have here. But whether it got to you, I 25 can't answer the question.





MS. SAMRAJ: It should be in Appendix U, if not there.

THE CHAIR: We had quite a discussion last year when you all were proposing to use college students, graduate students, as your educational assistants. Tell me how that is fitting into this year's plan.

MS. SAMRAJ: The plan is the same. We've tried to become more clear in explaining how they are going to -- how they are going to be used in the classroom, what kind of supervision they'll have, what kind of training and evaluation.

They will be students that will be -NMSU, College of Health Sciences will help us
identify those students who will be in turns. They
will be subject-competent. They will work under the
direction of the classroom teacher.

In our budget narrative, we have an explanation of how we came up with how many EAs or IAs we're going to use. For example, grade seven and eight in middle school, every math and English teacher will be supported with three instructional assistants. Every science, in seven and eight, will be supported by one instructional assistant.

THE CHAIR: So you have changed the



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terminology from "educational assistants" --1 2 MS. SAMRAJ: No. We've always used "instructional assistant." 3 I think there was some 4 misunderstanding, because it's so close to 5 "educational assistants." We did retain the same 6 name. 7 THE CHAIR: But these are unpaid --8 MS. SAMRAJ: They are paid. They are in 9 the budget. We have them prepaid. 10 THE CHAIR: Who has them? 11 MR. NEVINS: We do. \$15 an hour. 12 THE CHAIR: Under the SEG funding? 13 MS. SAMRAJ: Correct. I can point it out 14 to you in the budget, if you wish. They are in the same place where you have teacher salaries. 15 That's where the confusion is. 16 THE CHAIR: 17 MS. SAMRAJ: They will not be full-time. 18 They will be part-time. Nobody will work more than 19 50 percent. 20 MR. GERLICZ: Instructional aides, 21 educational aides have to go through the proper 22 training. They don't have to be teacher certified, 23 but they have to go through proper training. THE CHAIR: 24 Sixty hours. 25 MR. GERLICZ: I'm not sure what the



1	minimum is, but they have to go through
2	State-sanctioned proper training.
3	THE CHAIR: The equivalent of an
4	associate's degree. Do they have to be certified?
5	MR. GERLICZ: They have to have a
6	certificate saying they've gone through whatever the
7	State requires as the program.
8	THE CHAIR: So, in order to be paid as
9	instructional assistants through SEG funding, they
10	have to be certified.
11	MR. GERLICZ: Yes. But I want to be
12	clear, that's not the same certification. It's a
13	different program. I'm not even sure if the State
14	calls it a certification. They have to demonstrate
15	that they've gone through
16	THE CHAIR: It's educational assistant
17	certification.
18	MR. GERLICZ: Okay. That would be
19	THE CHAIR: So, in order for these
20	instructional assistants to be paid, they must have
21	this certification. Am I correct?
22	MR. GERLICZ: You know, I'm not a lawyer,
23	but that is my understanding.
24	THE CHAIR: Will they have the
25	certification?



MR. NEVINS: Madame Chairman, we will make sure that they have the appropriate certification. But we want to add one more level to that, if we may. All of the folks who are recommended to be these assistants will come from the graduate school at New Mexico State College of Health Sciences. We have asked them, and they have written a letter of support, saying that they will identify the suitable candidates.

One of the things they'll have to do is go through a background check. Another thing, they'll have to go through all the State requirements and ultimately pass the screening. As the head administrator.

MR. GERLICZ: And, Madame Chair, I would think that much depends, as well, on the definition. It's not the same concept as having a graduate student come in and sit in the classroom and sit with students. But it's not unusual for students to have mentors outside of school, and so it really does depend on how we define that.

THE CHAIR: But I think the key to this is being paid as an instructional assistant with SEG funding. Then I think that changes the whole paradigm.

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1 MR. GERLICZ: Yeah. 2 THE CHAIR: So --MR. NEVINS: Madame Chairman, just to add 3 4 Appendix D, if you have it, Page 8, one more piece. 5 talks about the instructional assistants, the fact that they have to report and serve under the 6 7 direction of the lead teacher. And, then, we list 8 all the responsibilities in assisting that teacher. 9 THE CHAIR: But I never saw 10 "certification." 11 MR. NEVINS: And we weren't told that they had to have it in any particular way when we talked 12 13 to --14 MS. SAMRAJ: We will make sure we read the 15 requirement. MR. NEVINS: We will comply with the law, 16 17 and Mr. Haugen will make sure that that happens. 18 THE CHAIR: I think you do. Okay. Let me 19 just look at your goals very quickly on Page 3. 20 think these should be first-year goals, the way I 21 read the instructions that go along with this 22 information. 23 Your goals are far from first-year goals. 24 Some of them require that students be enrolled for 25 six consecutive semesters, some for eight semesters,



and so forth. They don't meet the "first-year goals" requirement that I'm looking for. Now, they meet many of the other goals, measurable and time-specific and all like that. But they need to be first-year goals, okay? So I think we've got a little problem there, okay?

MR. NEVINS: Madame Chair, there are two aspects to that. And I agree with you that they're not first-year goals, per se. But they are moving towards it. And the reason why we have a number of semesters, rather than first-year goals, per se, is you have a lot of transfer in and out of schools in the district. And, so, it would be hard for me to say, if a person just came in, and there are only three more weeks to go in that semester or that year, that they could meet those goals.

So we want to make sure that they get an opportunity to absorb the culture of the school and be under the direction of the administrator and the teachers.

THE CHAIR: I understand.

MR. NEVINS: And that's the reason we

23 wrote them that way.

THE CHAIR: You're also leaning more

toward academic goals, and these are



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mission-specific goals. So the academic goals will
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     really be set in the contract negotiation process.
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               MR. NEVINS: Yes, ma'am.
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               THE CHAIR:
                           These mission goals, kind of a
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     little on the other side.
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               MR. NEVINS: Thank you, ma'am.
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               THE CHAIR: Let me ask you, in your
 8
    budget -- and let me just pull that up so I know
 9
     what I'm talking about. On Page -- on the third
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    page of your budget -- some of these are so hard to
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     read, they're so small.
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               MS. SAMRAJ: I had to get a magnifying
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     glass.
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               THE CHAIR:
                           I didn't find anything
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     allocated for diagnosticians, speech, OT, PT, all of
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     those ancillary services.
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               MS. SAMRAJ: I -- I will point them out to
18
     you, Commissioner. I should -- let me just see
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            It's 2100, 53218.
    here.
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               MR. NEVINS:
                           Take that page out.
21
               MS. SAMRAJ:
                           Let me see what page of the
22
    budget it is. 2100, 53218. It's on Page 1.
23
               THE CHAIR: I realize it says they're all
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contracted.

MS. SAMRAJ:

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Chairman Shearman, if you

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look after the Page 1, under "Purchase Professional
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     and Technical Services, " where it says "Specialists,
     Contracted, " there's $5,000 the first year, $7,500
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     in year two, $10,000 in year three.
                                           That's the
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     line.
            In our narrative, we say, "Contracted,
     diagnostic services for special education students."
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     We assume that number at 10 percent of the special
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     education students that may require these services.
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               THE CHAIR:
                           So $12,000 in year one for
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     diagnosticians, OT, PT, all of that.
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               MS. SAMRAJ: That's $5,000 in year one --
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     for 10 percent --
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                           I'm talking about the total,
               THE CHAIR:
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     that is very low.
                            So we're talking about a
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               MR. NEVINS:
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     class of 150 maximum, of which they estimate
17
     10 percent of the --
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               MS. SAMRAJ:
                            No.
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               MR. NEVINS:
                            -- special ed.
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               MS. SAMRAJ: First of all, we assume
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     15 percent of total day enrollment as special ed
22
     students, on the average of a C-level special ed
23
     kids. And then we assume a 10 percent off the
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     special education students that will require
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     services.
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And these are based on -- for example, the
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     15 percent of the total day enrollment is higher
     than the current Gadsden district special ed
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     enrollment.
                  Theirs is at a 12 percent, so we
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     assumed 15.
               THE CHAIR: In my opinion, that's very
 6
 7
     low.
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               MS. SAMRAJ:
                            So it's higher than the
 9
     Gadsden district at the moment, what we've
10
     projected.
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               THE CHAIR:
                           Okay. So you have lumped it,
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     rather than breaking it out as diagnosticians,
13
     speech therapists?
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               MS. SAMRAJ: We have lumped it.
                                                 That is
15
     correct.
16
               THE CHAIR:
                           Page 9.
17
               MS. SAMRAJ:
                           Of the budget?
18
               THE CHAIR:
                           Of your budget.
                                             I think it
19
     must be getting hot in here.
                                   This computer is doing
20
     some strange stuff.
21
               MS. SAMRAJ: I'm on Page 9.
22
               THE CHAIR: Last line of the page.
23
     can't get -- my computer is going crazy on me.
24
            Rental, land, and buildings. Year one is
     Yeah.
25
     $100,000; year two, $120,140.
                                   Now, I assume that's
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for the rental of a specific facility? And I know 1 2 Commissioner Gant asked about some of this. question is, if -- if, in year five -- because that 3 4 was the only breakout number I had -- 350 daytime 5 students -- 315 -- and I used \$700 a student as lease assistance, that would produce \$220,000, plus 6 7 the -- let's just say year one, the \$100,000 that 8 you have allocated from your instructional budget, 9 that's \$320,000 in one year for the rental of a 10 facility. What kind of facility -- do you have a 11 facility in mind that -- what is available in 12 Anthony?

MR. NEVINS: Madame Chairman, just to be clear, we have not said we're going to be here in Anthony. It may be in Sunland Park; it may be another location that's suitable that meets the requirements of the PSFA.

So we're looking all over. We are talking to the BLM folks. we're talking to the State Land folks, the project folks, in an attempt to find a location that is suitable that meets the codes. So we have an estimated number here. It has to conform to the approval, as Mr. Gant said, of both the PSFA and the new lease guidance that may be -- so we will conform.



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1	THE CHAIR: All right. And my last
2	question. On Page 12, there are fewer employees in
3	year five than in year four.
4	MS. SAMRAJ: I don't have a Page 12 in my
5	budget.
6	THE CHAIR: It's the little number at the
7	bottom middle of the
8	MS. SAMRAJ: Is it under the staffing
9	plan?
10	THE CHAIR: Well, I went to Page 12.
11	MR. GERLICZ: I don't have a Page 12.
12	MS. SAMRAJ: Is it the number of teachers?
13	THE CHAIR: It says Page 12 on my
14	COMMISSIONER GANT: The problem is some of
15	the pages got split.
16	THE CHAIR: Could very well be.
17	MR. NEVINS: The one you just saw.
18	MS. SAMRAJ: This one?
19	MR. NEVINS: The 48, the number of staff.
20	MS. SAMRAJ: I can read out the numbers
21	from the budget for classroom teachers, if you would
22	like.
23	THE CHAIR: That's not a critical
24	question; more out of curiosity than anything.
25	MR. NEVINS: It's an increasing number





from 16 1/2 to forty-four eighty-five. The last year is forty-four eighty-five, and year four is 38.9, FTE.

THE CHAIR: All right. That does it. Any other questions, Commissioners? We're almost out of time.

Okay. I believe we're done. Thank you so much for your presentation. Let me finish up, and we'll be able to pack up our computers.

Any member of the public, including the applicants, may submit written input following this hearing. Written comments can be sent to the Commission via the Public Education Web site. And there should be yellow pieces of paper on this table right out here that have the address, but I'll read it just in case.

The link is www.PED.State.NM.US/Comments. You will be directed to an e-mail format in which to write your comment. Please make sure you identify the school you're commenting on in the drop-down menu. Please note that any written input must be received by no later than the close of business on the third business day following the hearing on the application in which you wish to comment on.

However, for this particular application,



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since the third business day would fall on Saturday, 1 2 we have extended that time to Monday. So Monday at 5:00 p.m. is the cutoff. 3 4 We thank you all for your presentation 5 today and for the public's comments. The Public Education Commission will meet in Santa Fe 6 September 26-27, 2013, to render their decision on 7 approval or denial of this and other new charter 8 school applications. 10 This is the last hearing we will hold this The commission is now adjourned. Thank you 11 12 very much. 13 (Proceedings adjourned at 3:40 p.m.) 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25



1	BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION
2	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
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4	
5	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
6	I, Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR, CCR #219, Certified
7	Court Reporter in the State of New Mexico, do hereby
8	certify that the foregoing pages constitute a true
9	transcript of proceedings had before the said NEW
10	MEXICO PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION, held in the State
11	of New Mexico, County of Doña Ana in the matter
12	therein stated.
13	In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my
14	hand on August 30, 2013.
15	
16	
17	Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR-CRR, NM CCR #219
18	BEAN & ASSOCIATES, INC. 201 Third Street, NW, Suite 1630
19	Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	



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