1	BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION
2	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS PUBLIC INPUT MEETING
L 0	ACADEMIC OPPORTUNITIES ACADEMY August 22, 2012
L1	4:00 p.m. Frank O'Brien Papen Community Center
L 2	Las Cruces, New Mexico
L 3	
L 4	
L 5	
L 6	
L 7	
L8	
L9	DEDODEED DV. Geneticie G. Glerman DND GDD NN GGD #210
20	REPORTED BY: Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR-CRR, NM CCR #219 Bean & Associates, Inc.
21	Professional Court Reporting Service 201 Third Street, NW, Suite 1630 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102
23	Albuquelque, New Mexico 6/102
24	
25	JOB NO.: 5152K (CC)

SANTA FE OFFICE 119 East Marcy, Suite 110 Santa Fe, NM 87501 (505) 989-4949 FAX (505) 843-9492



1	APPEARANCES
2	COMMISSIONERS:
3	MR. M. ANDREW GARRISON, Chair
4	MS. CAROLYN SHEARMAN, Vice Chair MR. EUGENE GANT, Secretary MS. CARLA LOPEZ
5	MR. VINCE BERGMAN MR. GILBERT PERALTA
6	STAFF:
7	MS. KELLY CALLAHAN, Director, Charter School Division
8	MS. CORDELIA CHAVEZ MR. BRAD RICHARDSON
9	MS. SHELLY CHERRIN MS. RACHEL STOFICK
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17 18	
18	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	





e-mail: info@litsupport.com

THE CHAIR: Good afternoon, everyone. The Public Education Commission community input meeting, August 20th to 24th, 2012, is back in session. This meeting is being conducted pursuant to New Mexico Statutes Annotated, Title 22, Section 8B-6J, 2009. The purpose of these community input hearings that will be held from August 20 through August 24, 2012, is to obtain information from the applicant and to receive community input to assist the Public Education Commission in its decision whether to grant the proposed charter applications.

According to this section of the law, the Commission may appoint a subcommittee of no fewer than three members to hold a public hearing.

According to law, these hearings are being transcribed by a professional court reporter. The total time allocated to each applicant is 90 minutes, which will be timed to insure an equitable opportunity to present applications.

During the hearing, the Commission will allow for community input about the charter application. The time for public comment will be limited to 20 minutes. If you wish to speak on behalf of the applicant, please sign in at least 15 minutes before the applicant's presentation.



And I see that a couple of folks arrived just now. I have the sheet up here. So if you're part of the local school district we have five minutes for you, anyway. So you have a set time separate from the comments, and you'll hear this again.

Please be sure that you indicate on the sign-up sheet whether you are here in opposition or support of the charter school. The Commission Chair, based on the number of requests to comment, will allocate time to those wishing to speak. If there are a large number of supporters or opponents, they are asked to select a speaker to represent common opinions. We will try to allocate an equitable amount of time to represent the community accurately.

The Commission will follow this process for each community input hearing: The Commission will ask each applicant or group to present here in front. They will be given 20 minutes to present their application in the manner they deem appropriate. The Commission will not accept any written documentation from the applicant, but the applicant may use exhibits to describe their school, if necessary.



1	Following the applicant's presentation,
2	the local school district representative or
3	representatives will be given five minutes to
4	comment on the proposed application. Subsequently,
5	the Commission will allow 20 minutes for public
6	comment, as I have described.
7	And, finally, the Commission will be given
8	45 minutes to ask questions of the applicant.
9	I'd like to ask Secretary Gant if you
10	would take roll call, please.
11	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Peralta.
12	COMMISSIONER PERALTA: Here.
13	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Bergman.
14	COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Here.
15	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Shearman.
16	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Here.
17	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Lopez.
18	COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: Here.
19	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Garrison.
20	THE CHAIR: Here.
21	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Gant.
22	You have a quorum.
23	THE CHAIR: Thank you, sir. Academic
24	Opportunities Academy.
25	For the record, please state the name of



your school, the names of the founders of the 1 2 school, and, of course, your name and title. 3 MR. CASAVANTES: Academic Opportunities 4 Academy. My name is Mark Casavantes. I'm a 5 founder. My last name is spelled C-A-S-A-V-A-N-T-E-S. Was there another item? 6 7 THE CHAIR: Name of the school. Got it. Name of the founders of the school. 8 9 MR. CASAVANTES: Oh. Wes Clarkson. 10 still a founder of the school and still involved. The thing is he moved up to work at McCurdy School, 11 12 the charter school up there. And he has bad knees 13 and hips that are due for replacement. And I guess, 14 in doing his move, he was not able to come down 15 here. THE CHAIR: So when -- when did he start 16 17 doing work for McCurdy? This school year. 18 MR. CASAVANTES: Не 19 just -- has been in the process of moving. 20 think he just completed it maybe a week -- a few weeks ago, I think. 21 22 THE CHAIR: Thank you for that 23 information. You will have 20 minutes to present 24 information about your application, and you may



begin, sir.

MR. CASAVANTES: Okay. Well, I want to start with that the last meeting was very educational to me, okay? And I was -- I've been processing what was told to me the last -- the last meeting. And I am trying to see if the errors in my plan are fatal or not. That is the question that I'm asking myself.

I sought solutions to problems in education, and I think that you all saw that that was my intention in trying to -- in the writing of this application, and that I -- that we wrote a creative plan, and I thought it would address the needs of the students in New Mexico.

And I'm just going to summarize some of the errors. I think the errors in the plan, the budget, were some numbers did not coincide. The problem with tutors versus educational aides and to adjust the staff and budget on those items, and the community advisory group's role in governing -- or what their role is in the school. Community involvement in the various communities, partnership agreements and getting partner -- those agreements in writing. The selection of board members.

And then I guess the -- maybe the arrangement between the Texas entity and the



New Mexico entity, and that our goal would be to set it up similar to the way the other school in

Las Cruces is doing it with a partnership.

Anyway, our plan is to have a main educational space with a principal leader in the center that is observing and guiding how the students and staff is working, and making the adjustments, providing corrections and so forth.

It's a dynamic system. But it is geared for providing what each individual student needs at any given time. And it is a self-paced, individualized program based on how -- what they know and don't, to find their educational gaps, to fill those gaps, to find the next things that they need to learn in the scope and sequence, to -- and that the students have a choice in what they are able to work on.

Because the interests of, let's say, boys and girls are different. The people with different learning styles have different -- learn better under different situations. And so we want to provide those opportunities. And that we are using a curriculum mapping and database software that has some algorithms that select -- "You had -- you had errors here. You're going to get a choice of these assignments." And the students get to work on these



assignments on an individualized basis with some guidance.

And if they need -- and that we provide the different levels of guidance. Might be just, like I say, tutorial-type advice and guidance. And some students might need a lot more standards. In fact, we are thinking of having the tutors -- you know, close the gaps -- to have a tutor assigned to, let's say, the bottom 5 percent, another tutor assigned to the bottom 25 percent, and another tutor working on the 25 to 50 percent, to narrow -- and that they work with only those students in trying to narrow the gap.

And that a class will only have -- one of the things in the regular classroom is that students -- there are students in the classroom that don't need the instruction. They already know the material, and they're listening to it again and again. And then there's others that it's over their head. And then there is a group that it is appropriate for them.

And the thing is that what we're trying to do is have the group that's in this classroom be needing the same instruction, so that you're wasting nobody's time and being efficient with your staff so



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

that you get the most productivity in learning in a school year.

And I've also thought that some of the tutors might be, let us say, at a tutor station, where students go up there if they had a question. So depending on the situation, those that need to be kind of checked have tutors going to those students and monitoring and checking to see if they're making the progress; other students that can individually go up to a tutor and get help and so forth. And the plan was to -- is, like I said, to try to solve some of these problems that we have in education and to be efficient and effective.

And, then, some of the other components is a lot of students are disillusioned with the educational system. They -- they don't see that they can get a very good-paying job upon graduation. And so we have attempted to solve that problem through a dual-credit program in nursing and computer programming. And -- and that if we have a student that starts by the sixth gr- -- oh. But one of the things I think you had the question about what happens.

Below the sixth grade, our plan is that they kind of are doing -- are going to have



e-mail: info@litsupport.com

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

integration of both subjects. And they don't make a choice until the sixth grade. The sixth grade, they make a choice based on if they're going to go on the nursing route, or they're going to go for computer science -- computer programming. And we picked those areas because those are areas where we believe that, when a student graduates, that we could get them appropriate -- an appropriate job that they would be self-sustaining.

And -- and so that's -- that's one of the goals that we're trying to solve. And I think that if you -- if a student sees that there's opportunity for good employment upon graduation, they will -- they would be interested in staying in school, attending school, because they see that there's a reason for attending. And I think I basic -- that basically presents our plan.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, sir.

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

THE CHAIR: I ask that you yield the table briefly for the local school district. We have Superintendent Stan Rounds and Dr. Steven Sanchez. Good afternoon, gentlemen.

MR. ROUNDS: Good afternoon.

THE CHAIR: For the record, state your





name and the role you play at the local school district. And you will have five minutes to comment about the application for the Academic Opportunities Academy.

MR. ROUNDS: Very good. Thank you so much, and good afternoon. I'm Stan Rounds. I'm Superintendent of Schools here in Las Cruces. With me today is Associate Superintendent Steven Sanchez, Dr. Steven Sanchez, who's the Associate Superintendent for Teaching, Learning, and Research. Dr. Sanchez will give you some highlights within a document we will submit to you, both today and then by e-mail, so you'll have it for the record about our objections.

THE CHAIR: We won't accept any written documentation today. But surely, you have the time line to turn in the written work to our office.

MR. ROUNDS: Very good. I misunderstood that. Thank you so much. Basically, the District stands in opposition to this. As we look at the charter school laws on the books, the charter school law requires several things, including high rigor, high relevance, a requirement that what is brought before you is differentiated from what the school district is able to offer and afford our children.



And Dr. Sanchez will talk about the issues we have with this particular application, if I may.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, sir.

DR. SANCHEZ: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, members of the Commission. Very briefly, the school proposes to develop an individualized prescription for students not meeting appropriate benchmarks to insure that students pass the State assessments, although no details are really provided how this will be accomplished in the application.

They've established an attendance marker of 99.5 percent and note that parents will sign attendance contracts. The contract -- contacted regularly by school personnel, and that continued unexcused absences will result in the removal of the student from the charter school and removing them to the public school setting. Perhaps this is the most troubling comment made in the proposal.

The school -- the application identifies four -- four focus areas by grade level that are common to the school programs already in existence in Las Cruces Public Schools; for example, music in the lower grades, dual language, career academies, with little detail on how the proposed instructional model is different from what is already offered to



students in Las Cruces; and notably, that ELL students may be placed on a modified graduation plan that may not be as rigorous as the one proposed for other students.

This is identified on Page 23, and perhaps only meets minimum State requirements; whereas, other students will be required to meet much higher standards.

Tutors working with certified teachers -the application identifies two per teacher -- will
provide direct instruction to students in meeting
the goals outlined in their individualized plan.
And little detail, including research data or past
performance data, is provided as to why this
approach is an answer to reversing the achievement
gap and engaging high expectations for student
achievement on the NMSBA, as proposed.

There is documentation -- has

documenta- -- documented the experience of the

founders with impressive credentials. And I was

impressed with their credentials; yet there is no

mention of success, student achievement data in

achieving the goals, as articulated in this proposal

as part of that narrative.

Another thing that we noted is replacing





board membership from nominations of existing board members, not allowing parents or other community members to serve on the board, perhaps. This appears to be somewhat contradictory to the community inclusiveness addressed in prior sections of the application.

The application, on Page 50, notes that enrollment will be based on the size of the building to be leased. While the founders mention that they have engaged in a community study of available properties, there is no discussion of whether available properties meet all applicable occupancy standards, as required by the State of New Mexico, that can potentially house the charter school.

The Commission should explore this issue in depth, as another charter school in our community is experiencing great difficulty in finding suitable quarters to house their school.

They also talk about establishing a high school program; yet there is no discussion of State and Federal requirements to employ highly-qualified teachers in the various subject areas proposed. The application notes seven teachers from Grades 1 through 12, complemented by tutors in various subject areas; no mention of qualified elementary



teachers; market availability for multiply-certified secondary teachers teaching in the elementary setting; one ESL teacher, when the proposal notes that all students will be placed in the dual-language program that prepares students to be proficient in three languages.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

SANTA FE OFFICE

Santa Fe, NM 87501

FAX (505) 843-9492

(505) 989-4949

The proposal notes that it will serve all segments of our diverse community; yet proposes to not provide transportation. Personally, this was a little troubling to me. This calls into question how this limits the population to be served, since many parents in impoverished areas are not able to transport their students across the city based on the location of the school, once it's established.

Cost-cutting measures, identified in the proposal on Page 59, during start-up are troubling and need to be further explored by the Commission to insure that the school has the capacity to open its doors and meet the learning expectations identified in the charter application. And, lastly, the proposal asks the founders --

MS. CHAVEZ: Mr. Chairman, time is up.

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much,

Superintendent Rounds and Dr. Sanchez.

appreciate your attendance today, and I assure you



we will read the rest of that when it gets turned 1 2 in. 3 MR. ROUNDS: Thank you, sir. 4 So if that seemed aggressive, THE CHAIR: 5 she's been on the time clock all day long. 6 put me in time-out twice. So I don't know what to 7 do with Cordy. 8 MR. ROUNDS: That's fine. 9 THE CHAIR: Just obey her; that's what 10 I've decided. 11 MS. CALLAHAN: That's always wise. THE CHAIR: We will now hear public 12 13 comment from the community of Las Cruces. 14 first name I have is Tita Brewster -- or Tita? 15 MS. BREWSTER: Yes, correct. 16 THE CHAIR: Okay. So you will have -- I'm 17 going to give four minutes for each individual 18 speaker to comment on the application. 19 afternoon. 20 MS. BREWSTER: Good afternoon. Thank you 21 very much for -- for allowing me to speak today. 22 I've known Mark Casavantes for over 40 years. And throughout this time, I found him to 23 24 be extremely intelligent and creative. And I know 25 what he's trying to do is in the best interests of



our children.

My family has been here in the Mesilla

Valley for over five generations, and I know that,
without pointing fingers, everyone here will admit

that there are some discrepancies in how our
children are learning, how they're able to learn.

And they all need individual -- because of the way
evolution is in teaching and learning, I think that
someone with a creative idea to help those children
who otherwise might not get help is -- it's a -it's a no-brainer. It's something that we should do
and look at.

And Mark mentioned -- I heard a few minutes ago about his application perhaps having some flaws. Hopefully, they're not fatal flaws. Hopefully, they can work -- he can work within the community to meet the requirements that will be necessary. Some comes from lack of information. But I'm sure, and I hope, that you will listen and help put this together to where this will accomplish the needs of the most important people around here, and that -- those are the needs of our children.

And thank you again for your help. But please see what we can do about meeting the needs of everyone and help us meet the requirements. I have



offered to work on Mark's board. I've worked on several boards locally: Jardín de los Niños; Big Brothers and Big Sisters. Our son is 43 years old now, so I have the time, and I retired. So let's see what we can do to help out. Thank you all for all the hard work that you do. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you for your comments.

Bonnie Burn. Good afternoon.

MS. BURN: Good afternoon. I'm sorry I'm not as well prepared as Mr. Rounds and Dr. Sanchez. But I believe, on the bit of information I heard here, that the concerns about the charter school that I came with may have been reinforced.

I am very concerned about charter schools and the for-profit goals that they have. I'm concerned also about the students that will be admitted. And I'm concerned that, in this school district in the last two years, we have had at least two new charter schools: The American School [verbatim], which is supposed to be teaching English, which I think the public schools does very well.

We've just completed a study in 2011, and the literature search that we did demonstrated that sometimes there are significant gains for the





children; but other times, the charter school results are the same as the public schools. So whether or not we have another public charter school, I don't know that it's going to make a great deal of difference.

The League supports publication, and we also support alternatives for children who are having difficulty. The Las Cruces Public Schools does have an alternative high school, and they have several good charter schools. So I believe that this particular proposal would need to be really investigated a little further before the League would support it. Thank you very much.

THE CHAIR: Thank you for your comments.

John Griffith.

MR. GRIFFITH: Good afternoon.

THE CHAIR: Good afternoon.

MR. GRIFFITH: I feel privileged to be here today as part of a community effort to meet the needs of our students. I think it's just terrific that there is this aspect of our process where people can come forward with a lot of creativity and ideas about how to do things differently or better or in a new way. And I read his proposal, and I was impressed by -- I think someone mentioned the



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

creativity involved.

I think we're in a time when there's need for creativity in education. And, personally, my background is I'm working with online course design, and I'm aware of all the changes that are coming along because of the potentials with that technology. So I'm really happy to see this going on, that your Commission has a chance to hear these proposals and that the school district is here and that they get a chance to hear these proposals.

Personally, I'm not in a position to evaluate what the gentleman has brought forward as far as viability goes. I was a little surprised that he had four schools. I don't know if he still is applying for four. I thought that was a little bit ambitious. And I would hope that someone with this much drive and innovation might have an opportunity to exercise his -- his goals and work on this in maybe a limited fashion, where he could start out in a small school of some kind, someplace that really desperately needs his help, and so that he might have an opportunity to see what he could do with this.

But other than that, I can't really comment on his particular proposal. Just happy, as





I said earlier, that you guys are undertaking these questions. I want to say that some people have said that private schools are for-profit schools, and that that's a bad thing. I'm not representing the Chamber of Commerce or anything. But I don't see anything wrong with an undertaking that makes a profit in the United States. I don't think we consider that to be a pejorative right out of the gate.

And I sincerely doubt that this gentleman is motivated because he's trying to get rich quick. So I would question any -- any concerns that -- because this is a private school, and there might be a profit involved, that we need to be concerned or worried about it. So I'm actually a little concerned that the League would have that as a pejorative right out of the gate. I know that there are outfits out -- there.

MS. CHAVEZ: Mr. Chairman, time is up.

MR. GRIFFITH: Okay. Thank you.

MS. CHAVEZ: Also, Mr. Chairman, there is one individual in the audience that would like to sign up that did not get the opportunity to sign up.

THE CHAIR: I will allow that. Federica

25 Lanza.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23



1 MS. LANZA: Thank you. 2 THE CHAIR: Here's the sign-in sheet. 3 MS. LANZA: I came to the meeting mostly 4 to learn more about the proposed charter school. I 5 know the public school does a great job. And I hope that these meetings will start something else in 6 7 terms of thinking about other ways to support 8 children in public school. 9 As a mom, I like the idea of having 10 And, as a mom, I have one very bright options. 11 child who is not gifted, but bright, who gets bored 12 I'd like to have the easily in the classroom. 13 opportunity to have my child in a place where he can 14 learn at his own pace and where he can be stimulated 15 and have his needs met. 16 So, again, I don't know much about this 17 proposal, and that's why I'm here. But, again -- I, 18 as a mom, I like to have the opportunity to have 19 options. 20 THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. Colleen 21 M. Blackman? 22 MS. BLACKMAN: I just retired from the 23 Las Cruces Public School System a year ago, and I 24 have been a teacher at Doña Ana Branch, San Andres,



Vista Middle School, Lynn Middle School, and worked

as a gifted facilitator for 17 years. And I still want to continue my interest in helping students learn.

And, overall, the 30 years that I have taught, as we all know, children need to feel important. I believe that all children have an area that they have to search for for expertise. And I was really happy to see and hear about your proposal.

They have to have -- feel like they're engaged and can advance with the ungraded system, like, if it's science or English or whatever. Then that will keep them motivated. And I think then, we could possibly raise our retention level. But I would like to see -- I agree with Stan and Steven Sanchez about how I would like to see the entire proposal. And I think that, you know, we need to see and look at more.

I am concerned about the profit as well, because we're losing the kids because they're not motivated. And I believe in the technology component. I bought myself a tablet, and I'm working, and I'm learning, too, because we've got to stay ahead of learning through technology and motivating the child in their area of expertise.



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

And it's our job as teachers and parents to find that area that they like and can thrive in.

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. That concludes our public comments section. We will continue with the Public Education Commission questions for the applicant. The Chair will open up the floor for questions. Commissioner Gant.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Mr. Chair, members, audience. Sir, we have a couple of questions. And as you know, we went through this this morning --

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER GANT: -- over at Deming.

And you'll probably hear a lot of the same
questions.

MR. CASAVANTES: I understand.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Don't feel like we're beating on you. But maybe we are. I assume you know this, but I'm going to say it anyway. I am not sure why we need another charter school. We have eleven high schools -- and part of your school is one through twelve -- four comprehensive; one early college high school; one traditional high school that's an alternative high school that goes from 9:00 in the morning to 9:00 at night; three charter high schools; Holy Cross High School; Mesilla Valley



3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Christian High School; 37 elementary schools, traditional, private, and charter; and 12 middle schools, traditional, private, and charter.

So parents in this district, really, no larger than this community is, right around 100K -- around 100,000 -- they really have a lot to choose from. So I'm not sure what you can bring to the table that parents can't find, students can't find out there to satisfy their needs for education.

Can you -- I assume you know what goes on in these -- all these schools. Can you tell me what is so different from yours -- so completely different that we should authorizes this school?

MR. CASAVANTES: I understand your point.

I -- I don't think that all of the components -- I

mean, you can find components that are available

elsewhere. But I don't think you find a -- the -
the collection of items in one plan like in our

plan.

And then, also, I just want to address some of the things that -- we are a nonprofit 501(c)(3), and so we're a nonprofit. Those that were thinking that we were a profit organization.

And then as far as identifying facilities,

we're using a firm called Insight that has





identified eleven facilities that are meeting our criteria in Las Cruces.

And -- and the -- one of the things, too, was that this is the -- that this year, there was no start-up funds, and there was no indication of how we could resolve that issue. You know, I brought up that I have found an entity that -- that would loan us \$1.5 million to start up our schools. But we're not to have any loans, so -- not to be in any debt. So, therefore, we're going to seek grants to get this school started.

And, you know, it's one of those things that you cannot foretell how much -- how much grant funding you're going to -- you're going to be receiving. But we will attempt to get all the funds necessary to open these schools.

And the transportation issue, from what I understand, that those are -- that can be achieved through a federal grant and not through New Mexico, and that's why it wasn't in the application.

And -- and that -- the students that graduate from any of these areas are not -- not graduating with a career that they can be self-sustaining. They may have some individuals that are in dual credit and so forth, but not an



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

attempt for every student that comes to us to graduate -- if they enter the sixth grade with us, to complete a -- an associate's degree by the time they graduate. And we're seeking to do this, not to the gifted and talented and the best students in the schools, but to the average students that would come to us.

COMMISSIONER GANT: This morning, sir, you mentioned -- and I just jotted a note with lots of question marks -- you said you were going to have sixth-grade students enrolling in college courses for dual enrollment.

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Is that correct?

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Do you think a sixth-grader is prepared academically and socially and maturely to go out on a college campus and sit in a classroom?

MR. CASAVANTES: I'm not proposing that they be in the college classroom. I believe that -- you know, that the -- that the courses we're hoping to bring would be online courses with a -- a nurse and computer programmer to -- and we're going to be integrating computer programming and nursing



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

starting in the first grade. And we plan to
integrate this with the standards, and so that, by
the time our students get to the sixth grade, they
have a lot more background and knowledge about
nursing and computer programming than students of an
older age.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Do you think you're going to have a sixth-grader --

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER GANT: -- ready to have -- with all the math and science required to take these online courses so they can be very successful? Once they fail an online course, you may not get them back.

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. One of the things is that we -- is that we were intending to have one course of the sixth grade, okay, like an Introduction to Nursing or an Introduction to Computer Programming, where we're not planning, in the sixth grade, to have a class like pre-calculus or calculus and so forth. But I believe that there are courses that we can prepare students for that they would be successful in the sixth grade.

And I'm saying, like, the Introduction to Nursing and Introduction to Computer Programming.





COMMISSIONER GANT: All right. You just said you believe there's courses out there. Have you talked to any universities or community colleges, and do you have --

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes.

COMMISSIONER GANT: It's not in the -- in the application, so I don't know what courses you're talking about. I don't know what universities or community colleges are offering these. Can you give me one example?

MR. CASAVANTES: Almost every major has a course that's an introduction into the field: Introduction to Engineering, Introduction to Nursing, Intro- -- and so they -- and those courses are usually not as rigorous as other courses. And I mentioned at the other meeting in Deming that we have talked to New Mexico State University, and they -- they would not want us to do this initially. We would have to earn the ability to -- to do it in the sixth grade.

They would consider that with some students in the freshman year that pass some tests that they could start this. And then we would -- and then after we have proven that they can be successful, they would be -- they would consider





1	possibly having us start sooner.
2	COMMISSIONER GANT: All right. Moving on
3	to your budget. You have, on Function Code 1000,
4	Object Code 51100, Job Class 1611, you talk about
5	instructional assistants.
6	MR. CASAVANTES: Uh-huh.
7	COMMISSIONER GANT: And then we talked
8	this morning about tutors.
9	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.
10	COMMISSIONER GANT: Are these you know,
11	it was kind of confusing after the whole thing was
12	talked about. Are these tutors the instructional
13	assistants? Yes or no?
14	MR. CASAVANTES: They're the instructional
15	assistants, yes.
16	COMMISSIONER GANT: And, therefore,
17	they're going to have to be meet the qual
18	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.
19	COMMISSIONER GANT: qualifications for
20	the State of New Mexico?
21	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.
22	COMMISSIONER GANT: And do you think you
23	can find I can't remember how many were in there.
24	MR. CASAVANTES: Well, we will have to
25	adjust the staffing number and budget, because we



would not be able to have the same number of staff using the instructional aides as we could when we were planning to use tutors.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Well, as I said this morning, and I believe it was said by Commissioner Shearman, that what we see in front of us --

MR. CASAVANTES: I understand.

COMMISSIONER GANT: -- whether it's paper or computer is what you're voted on; not promises to do something different down the road.

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Again, Function Area 2100, Object Code 51100, Job Class 1211 to 1511; these are the professional services required by students in special needs. And you've said that, in your application, that you were going to contract these out with a company in Tucson, Arizona. But now you said this morning you'll find somebody in the state of New Mexico to do it.

Well -- but then in the same budget, you don't have any money in the budget line to contract these. So you haven't put any money in, whether it's salaried or contract. And I can't find it.

MR. CASAVANTES: You can't find it? Well,

in my comments, I will locate that information and



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

forward it to you. 1 2 COMMISSIONER GANT: Let's go to land and buildings, if you will. 3 4 Yes, sir. MR. CASAVANTES: 5 COMMISSIONER GANT: That's Function 2600. You talked earlier about that you worked with this 6 7 company -- I -- the name escapes me. 8 MR. CASAVANTES: Insight. 9 COMMISSIONER GANT: Insight. Did they 10 tell you how much it was going to cost to set up a 11 facility lease, how much per square feet for a lease 12 it's going to cost in the City of Las Cruces? 13 MR. CASAVANTES: They're aware of the 14 budget figure we have in there, and they're going to 15 do their best to try to meet that target. 16 COMMISSIONER GANT: Sir, the new school 17 that's opening up, New America, is \$14 per square 18 foot. And you have a very large number, I believe, 19 that you want to have set up for. And you want to 20 have multiple buildings; right? Is that correct? 21 MR. CASAVANTES: In one site or -- each 22 site will just have one building. 23 COMMISSIONER GANT: How many sites are you 24 planning? 25 Well, we have applied at MR. CASAVANTES:



five sites. 1 2 COMMISSIONER GANT: No. In Las Cruces, is it going to be one building? 3 4 MR. CASAVANTES: One building. 5 COMMISSIONER GANT: A rather large building? 6 7 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. 8 COMMISSIONER GANT: And do you plan for 9 any renovation? 10 MR. CASAVANTES: We are working to try to 11 find the facilities that do not require a lot of 12 renovation. 13 COMMISSIONER GANT: Well, I wish you luck 14 in that one. But being from here for 32 years, I think you're going to find it very hard to find a 15 16 building that will meet E-Occupancy that does not 17 need to be renovated. Twenty six hundred, 54311 through 54416, 18 19 is the budget line for maintenance and repairs and 20 utilities. Absolutely zero in the budget. Please 21 explain to the Commissioners and to the community 22 why -- I mean, this is a very big cost, one that keeps going up every year. So what's your plans to 23



Well, we do feel that

cover that? It's not in the budget.

MR. CASAVANTES:

24

1	there like I mentioned earlier, there are some
2	items where I do think that we could re and I
3	know that you said once, you have a budget, it's
4	pretty much fixed. But the price of tablet
5	computers has gone down. And some of the things
6	some other aspects of our budget, let's say, field
7	trips and some other things might have to be
8	curtailed to to to provide more money towards
9	facilities.
10	COMMISSIONER GANT: Reference the budget
11	and salaries and all that type of information, this
12	morning you stated that you're going to find
13	principals for all five locations. So we won't go
14	down that road again.
15	MR. CASAVANTES: Okay.
16	COMMISSIONER GANT: All right? Although
17	you did say that you and your I back up. That
18	raises a question.
19	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.
20	COMMISSIONER GANT: Since your cofounder
21	is no longer is he still working for this one?
22	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes. Yes, sir. He will
23	return.
24	COMMISSIONER GANT: So he's going to be
25	working for both McCurdy and this one?



MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. And he will return here in the next school year.

COMMISSIONER GANT: So what is he doing for McCurdy, if I may ask?

MR. CASAVANTES: He is a math teacher.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Okay. And I need to ask this question. Maybe it's out of line. And, Kelly, you tell me if I'm out of line, please. You mentioned this morning that once you set up the schools with the proper principals and they are properly trained, that you and your cofounder were going to back out.

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Are you telling me that there will be no financial remuneration for you and your cofounder once you back out?

MR. CASAVANTES: We are planning to -while we are working in the schools, we'll be paid
as teachers. And then when we pull out, we are
looking at some options for how we would be
compensated. But it appears, in the New Mexico
system, there is either not much money available, or
it's difficult and so forth, and that we may have to
depend on the Texas applications and our Texas
charter schools for our compensation.



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

COMMISSIONER GANT: Okay. Dr. Sanchez already brought up one of the problems I had with this -- I'm going to bring this one up again, because this really has bothered me all along with your application, in that I had a strong feeling that you were going to have one centralized board for all five schools. And that's -- I guess that's what you were talking about when you were talking about the New Mexico -- it's called "the New Mexico Was that the -- the gist of what you were doing? MR. CASAVANTES: You know, I was -- I had a difficulty trying to find out what was acceptable to New Mexico, as far as what they -- what was -- if we were to have a board for each campus or a New Mexico board, or that if we had a board for each campus, that we had representatives from each individual campus make up a New Mexico board. And it wasn't, I think, until recently

that I -- my understanding is that each school would require its own independent board, and it would have to have five members.

But I was -- when -- I brought this question up, and I had not received an answer in time for the application to be -- when it was turned



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24



1 in.

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2 COMMISSIONER GANT: And who did you bring 3 that up to?

4 MR. CASAVANTES: I can't recall. But I

5 have brought -- I had brought it up.

COMMISSIONER GANT: And I understand that you're a very experienced individual, as well as your cofounder. So going to the State statutes, 22-8 NMSA, 1976 -- '78 -- it's right there, clear as it can be, what a school board and a school requires. So, you know, that's why I raise this question, because it leaves me in doubt as to -- as if this charter or this series of charter schools, that the governance boards and the direction they're taking -- you're taking with the governance boards, really, whether you have an understanding of what a governance board is and how it's supposed to function and the New Mexico Open Meetings Act. То me, it seems very strange to have -- they don't even do that with the State's colleges and universities. Each one of them has its own board of regents, you To have one single board spread out across know. five locations from Carlsbad to Deming, Alamogordo,

SANTA FE OFFICE 119 East Marcy, Suite 110

119 East Marcy, Suite 110 Santa Fe, NM 87501 (505) 989-4949 FAX (505) 843-9492



Explain to the Commissioners and the

Cruces, and Anthony, wasn't logical to me.

e-mail: info@litsupport.com

community, please, your concept of the open architecture.

MR. CASAVANTES: Okay. That -- there is going to be a main space similar to -- like this -- let's say this room, where students would be working. And then around the perimeter of this room -- I think I have a diagram, but this may not be the most -- what do you call it?

MR. GANT: Sir, would you just explain?

Maybe you have it up there. I don't --

MR. CASAVANTES: Okay. That the classrooms would be surrounding the main academic space, with the lead teacher in the middle, and that the kids that needed to be instructed in a particular concept would be pulled out to these conference-room-style classes. And so the only students that are in the class are students that need that instruction.

Then the traditional classroom, when you have 30 kids or 24 or whatever kids in a classroom, they -- some of them have already learned the material and are wasting their time, and there's others that maybe it's over their head. This way, the class that you pull out -- and the other thing is that we -- the teacher has the ability to take



the amount of time necessary to teach these students
successfully.

There's no bell schedule, so that the students can be taught and -- to conclusion each concept before they're released, or the teacher can even release some of the students once they find that they are capable of the material. They can be released to the main academic space to continue their work, and the ones that need further instruction are kept in the classroom until they are -- they have had all the instruction that's necessary for them to be successful.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

No more questions at this time.

COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: Mr. Chair?

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner Gant.

Commissioner Lopez.

COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: I have some follow-up. You said that you -- you and the other founder would serve as teachers, and then you would pull out, and you would figure out some way of being compensated. What would you be compensated for? What would you be doing at that point?

MR. CASAVANTES: Are you talking about

after we're not there?



3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

15

18

19

20

21

22

23

24



COMMISSIONER GANT: Yes. 1 2 MR. CASAVANTES: Well, like I said, it 3 appears that, in New Mexico, it's very difficult 4 for -- for us to be compensated. And we're planning 5 to start the Texas application in November. that we are going to figure that we are probably 6 7 going to have to be compensated through the Texas 8 charters. 9 COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: Thank you. 10 Thank you, Commissioner Lopez. THE CHAIR: 11 Commissioner Bergman, and then Commissioner 12 Shearman. 13 COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Thanks. Thank you, 14 Mr. Chair. On Page 23 of your application, I want to explore a statement that you made there. 15 16 reads -- it's in the third paragraph. "Our 17 development plan is to begin the first year with enough lessons and learning activities in our 18 19 database to meet the needs of our students for the 20 first four months of the first school year." 21 So you're going to start a school year 22 with only four months of curriculum and lesson 23 plans. And you do say, in the next sentence, that, 24 "As the year progresses, our teachers will be



assigned to create additional learning activities."

I don't -- I'm not a teacher, but I think 1 2 teachers are pretty busy. I'm not sure how they can teach classes and also be developing another five 3 4 months of curriculum. Can you address that issue 5 for me? MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. Okay. 6 Well, 7 currently, Wes is working on developing the 8 curriculum. And we changed our idea to have a single strand all the way through the year, and 10 then -- and then start a second strand and so forth 11 until we eventually have all the -- enough strands 12 with enough variety. But -- so we have modified 13 that from what we wrote in the application. 14 that's better to do one strand all the way through instead of do four months. 15 16 Let's see. Refresh me on the other 17 questions. 18 COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: I was just -- that 19 was it. 20 MR. CASAVANTES: Oh, about the teachers 21 wri- --22 COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Then the teachers 23 would be doing that -- in addition to their 24 teaching, they would be doing the next five months. 25 That's what the next sentence says.



1	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes. We are planning on
2	hiring our teachers on a longer school year than the
3	traditional traditional teacher, so that we can
4	have them write curriculum during that time.
5	COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: That's an
6	interesting point. Later, you do state in there
7	that you're going to ask your teachers to work
8	during the summer to work on the next year's stuff.
9	So it almost sounds like your teachers are going to
10	be on an annual contract to
11	MR. CASAVANTES: We're looking at about
12	the same number of days as a central office person
13	would work.
14	COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Okay. I think
15	that's all I have, Mr. Chairman.
16	THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner
17	Bergman. Commissioner Shearman.
18	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Thank you. Good
19	afternoon.
20	MR. CASAVANTES: Good afternoon.
21	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: This morning you
22	and I talked a lot about student goals.
23	MR. CASAVANTES: Uh-huh.
24	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: And I think I
25	said I know I did at the time that not only



1	are these goals important to the application in this
2	phase, where we're looking at either approving the
3	school or otherwise; but, should the school be
4	approved, then these goals will come back with you
5	at renewal, so that we may look at the goals and
6	say, "Did you get it done, or didn't you?"
7	And so that's why I really look at goals.
8	So I want to go back over those, even though we did
9	it this morning.
10	MR. CASAVANTES: Uh-huh. Yes, ma'am.
11	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: On Page 11 of your
12	application, under "Student Academic Performance,"
13	as I have told you this morning, I wrote myself some
14	notes as I was going through this. The first that I
15	wrote is that, realistically, there will be no
16	student performance data until years 4 and 5.
17	MR. CASAVANTES: Uh-huh.
18	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Students must be
19	full time for two years for the goal to apply.
20	MR. CASAVANTES: Uh-huh.
21	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Year three will be
22	set as the previous year's performance level.
23	MR. CASAVANTES: Uh-huh.
24	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: And then the
25	fourth and fifth year, then, will be hopefully,



the students will progress from that. There is no student performance goals for Grades 1 through 3, 9 and 12, because SBA is not given in those grade levels. And the goals are not measurable because they both have disclaimers.

The first is, "Depending upon the performance mix of our students at the beginning of the school year"; and the second is, "Assuming a 90 percent year-to-year reenrollment rate and a normal distribution of newly enrolling students."

Gives us really nothing to work on should this application come back for renewal, or this school.

Under "Student Academic Growth," I see the same -- pardon me -- better I should turn the page -- no specific measurable goals; not acceptable. In Section D-1 and 2 are not acceptable here for the same reason.

I -- next, I'd like to go to -- I think that said enough about goals. There are others that we could talk about, but it's -- the one I did want to get to -- oh, my goodness; my computer is going nuts. Hello. Wake up.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Space bar.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Thank you very

much. I don't like those.





The one I wanted to get to is high-school college readiness. And it says, "100 percent of our graduating eighth-graders will be ready for high school beginning in year one and beyond."

And this morning, I asked you, "How will you prove that?" And you've had some time to think about it.

MR. CASAVANTES: Well, I think that -- I mean, I'd be glad to read -- you know -- as I told you this morning, I know that when the -- this was written, we were trying to make sure we didn't box ourselves in a corner. And I see that -- I see from your response what your perspective is. And we didn't know that perspective. I would gladly modify and change the requirements to meet whatever you desire to have as the goals and be measurable and so forth to your satisfaction.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: But they're not here.

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, ma'am, I agree.

21 Yes.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

20

22

23

24

25

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. And under your curriculum section, in F-1, you talk about, "Each student will be provided a tablet computer." And I asked you where that was in the budget. And

SANTA FE OFFICE 119 East Marcy, Suite 110 Santa Fe, NM 87501 (505) 989-4949 FAX (505) 843-9492



1 at that time, you weren't completely sure.

MR. CASAVANTES: That's another -- that's another item that I'm going to have to look for it and find out what line item it is and so forth.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. Let me move on to -- I'd like to talk about Page 50, Section 3. And we talked about the chart that you have there listing the grade and the number -- pardon me -- the year and the grade and the number of students that were projected for each grade.

And I suggested to you that that did not correspond to the budget, because your budget has been built on 300 students every year. And this shows 200 -- pardon me -- 300 and then 400. So -- and you said at the time this is incorrect.

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, ma'am.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: But this doesn't match the budget.

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, ma'am, that's correct.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: I noticed in your waiver lists -- and we didn't talk about this this morning. But it's on Page 53. And you say, "If driver education is required, we will not be able to provide that service due to the small size of the



2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

21

22

23

24

school." 1 2 You're not sure, huh, whether or not it's required? 3 4 MR. CASAVANTES: No, I'm not for sure 5 that's required. COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: And the other 6 7 thing I'd like to do is look at your application --8 pardon me -- your Appendix L, your teacher salary schedule. And if this is correct, I'd like to apply 10 for a job, because -- let me find it. Under 11 Level III, Master's Plus 45, your 29 will make \$6,243,125. I'm sure it's a mistake. 12 I just 13 thought I would give you an easy question, instead 14 of everything I do is difficult. 15 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes. 16 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Thank you, 17 Mr. Chairman. 18 THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner 19 Shearman. Commissioner Peralta. 20 COMMISSIONER PERALTA: I have a couple of 21 things I want to bring up, but I think Commissioner 22 Bergman indirectly touched on this when it was 23 brought up about teachers and responsibilities. 24 I want to make some sense out of this.



But I believe what I want to lead up to is

that there might be a possibility, in dealing with recruitment of teachers -- when I look at -- and I believe this is on Page 43 -- when you look at salaries for staff, I believe it was noted that there were seven regular teachers --

MR. CASAVANTES: Uh-huh.

COMMISSIONER PERALTA: -- on staff? And you budgeted \$350,000, I believe, for staff?

MR. CASAVANTES: I can't recall that.

COMMISSIONER PERALTA: Which would be equivalent to a Level III teacher's salary at \$50,000 per year. And I think you alluded this morning, too, that you would like to recruit teachers with master's or even doctorate degrees for your --

MR. CASAVANTES: Well, the tutors were going to be -- when we had the plan for tutors, we were planning to do that with the doctor's and the master's degrees. But it appears that that's out of the question right now. And so that's -- but we did plan to have more than one certification and hire some teachers who had more than one certification. And also we were going to have them working a longer school year. So that's one of the reasons why we had a little higher salary than normally.



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

COMMISSIONER PERALTA: Okay. And that's what I want to get at. I believe in your application, it says 227 days for the school year?

MR. CASAVANTES: That sounds reasonable.

COMMISSIONER PERALTA: Okay. So my point is, that's roughly 30 to 40 extra days than someone in the public school would be at a Level III. So my point to be is how -- if I were a Level III teacher, for \$50,000 a year, I think I would prefer to go work for 185 or 190 days in a traditional school versus your school. So the challenge there is how are you going to recruit these teachers?

MR. CASAVANTES: We don't plan to have all Level III teachers. We plan to have the spectrum. But we budgeted at the Level III level, and we plan to have new teachers at level -- some teachers at Level I, some at Level III. And they were going to -- some are going to trans- -- move up from a Level I to a Level II and so forth.

COMMISSIONER PERALTA: But, again, my point is, to go work at your school, you have to work an extra 30, 40 days for the same salary you would at a traditional school. So what's your selling point to get these teachers to go work for you for longer days at the same pay rate of a





traditional teacher -- traditional school?

MR. CASAVANTES: Well, I think part of it is we're going -- we budgeted at the Level III, but we're not going to have all our teachers at the Level III. We're going to have them throughout the spectrum, and that -- that they are going to be paid more than their counterparts in the public schools for those additional days.

COMMISSIONER PERALTA: Okay. And I'm still confused.

Second point here, I'm still confused on this first year, where you and Mr. Clarkson were going to kind of get the ball rolling. I know there was questions about whether you guys were going to be the actual administrators on site. I know there's four or five sites that you're applying for. But you did allude to saying that you were possibly going to try and recruit principals for your site schools; correct?

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER PERALTA: Okay. And if, say, you're able to recruit one or two, and you are lacking a principal here or there at another site, what takes place?

MR. CASAVANTES: We might have to fill in





until we could find something. I mean --1 2 COMMISSIONER PERALTA: And that's "we"? Who's "we"? 3 4 MR. CASAVANTES: Wes Clarkson and myself. 5 COMMISSIONER PERALTA: Are you licensed administrators? 6 7 MR. CASAVANTES: We're both Level III-B, licensed in New Mexico. 8 9 COMMISSIONER PERALTA: Okay. Thank you. 10 MR. CASAVANTES: Thank you. 11 THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner 12 Peralta. Are there other questions from 13 Commissioners? Seeing none, any member of the 14 public, including the applicant, may submit written input following this hearing. Written comments can 15 be sent to the Commission via the Public Education 16 17 Department Web site, at ped.state.nm.us, through the 18 Calendar listing on the front PED Web page, through 19 the Public Comments section on the PED Web page, or 20 by using the link, ped.state.nm.us/comments. 21 You will be directed to an e-mail format 22 in which to write your comment. Make sure you identify the school you're commenting on in the 23 24 drop-down menu. Please note that any written input 25 must be received by no later than close of business



on the third business day following the hearing on the application you wish to comment on.

I want to thank you for your presentation and your hard work in preparing your application. The Commission will now recess the hearing until tomorrow morning at 8:00 a.m., where we will meet in the district of Gadsden at the Women's Intercultural Center to hear further applications. We're in recess.

(Proceedings in recess at 5:10 p.m.)

11

10

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24



1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 2 I, Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR, CCR

I, Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR, CCR #219, Certified Court Reporter in the State of New Mexico, do hereby certify that the foregoing pages constitute a true transcript of proceedings had before the said NEW MEXICO PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION, held in the State of New Mexico, County of Doña Ana, in the matter therein stated.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand on September 4, 2012.

11

10

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

12

13

Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR-CRR, NM CCR #219
14
BEAN & ASSOCIATES, INC.
201 Third Street, NW, Suite 1630
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102

License Expires: 12/31/12

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

SANTA FE OFFICE 119 East Marcy, Suite 110

Job No.: 5152K (CC)

119 East Marcy, Suite 11 Santa Fe, NM 87501 (505) 989-4949 FAX (505) 843-9492



1	RECEIPT
2	JOB NUMBER: 5152 CC Date: 8/22/12
3	PROCEEDINGS: PUBLIC INPUT HEARING
4	CASE CAPTION: In Re: Academic Opportunities
5	Academy, Las Cruces
6	**********
7	ATTORNEY: Ms. Beverly Friedman
8	DOCUMENT: Transcript / Exhibits / Disks / Other
9	DATE DELIVERED: DEL'D BY:
L O	REC'D BY: TIME:
L1	**********
L 2	ATTORNEY:
L 3	DOCUMENT: Transcript / Exhibits / Disks / Other
L 4	DATE DELIVERED: DEL'D BY:
L 5	REC'D BY: TIME:
L 6	***********
L 7	ATTORNEY:
L 8	DOCUMENT: Transcript / Exhibits / Disks / Other
L 9	DATE DELIVERED: DEL'D BY:
20	REC'D BY: TIME:
21	************
22	ATTORNEY:
23	DOCUMENT: Transcript / Exhibits / Disks / Other
24	DATE DELIVERED: DEL'D BY:
25	REC'D BY: TIME



