1	BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION
2	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
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9	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS PUBLIC INPUT MEETING
10	COLUMBUS COMMUNITY SCHOOL August 22, 2012
11	9:00 a.m. Columbus Community Center
12	Columbus, New Mexico
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20	REPORTED BY: Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR-CRR, NM CCR #219
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23	1110aqaciqac, New Mexico 0/102
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25	JOB NO.: 5150K (CC)





1	APPEARANCES
2	COMMISSIONERS:
3	MR. M. ANDREW GARRISON, Chair MS. CAROLYN SHEARMAN, Vice Chair
4 5	MR. EUGENE GANT, Secretary MS. CARLA LOPEZ MR. VINCE BERGMAN
6	MR. GILBERT PERALTA  STAFF:
7	MS. KELLY CALLAHAN, Director, Charter School Division MS. CORDELIA CHAVEZ MR. BRAD RICHARDSON
9	MS. SHELLY CHERRIN MS. RACHEL STOFICK
11	INTERPRETER: MR. LOUIS LUNA
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1	THE CHAIR: The Public Education
2	Commission community input meeting, August 20 to 24,
3	2012, is back in session. Good morning.
4	ATTENDEES: Good morning.
5	THE CHAIR: We will start off with a roll
6	call from Secretary Gant.
7	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Peralta.
8	COMMISSIONER PERALTA: Here.
9	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Bergman.
10	COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Here.
11	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Shearman.
12	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Here.
13	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Lopez.
14	COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: Here.
15	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Garrison.
16	THE CHAIR: Here.
17	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Gant is
18	here. We have a quorum.
19	THE CHAIR: Thank you, sir. This meeting
20	is being conducted pursuant to New Mexico Statutes
21	Annotated, Title 22, Section 8B-6J, 2009. The
22	purpose of this of these community input hearings
23	that will be held from August 20th through
24	August 24th, 2012, is to obtain information from the
25	applicant and to receive community input to assist



the Public Education Commission in its decision whether to grant the proposed charter application.

According to this section of the law, the Commission may appoint a subcommittee of no fewer than three members to hold a public hearing.

According to law, these hearings are being transcribed by a professional court reporter.

The total time allocated to each application is 90 minutes, which will be timed to insure an equitable opportunity to present applications.

During the hearing, the Commission will allow for community input about the charter application. The time for public comments will be limited to 20 minutes. If you wish to speak on behalf of the applicant, please sign in at least 15 minutes before the applicant's presentation. And that has been done.

Please be sure that you indicate on the sign-in sheet whether you are in opposition or support of the charter school. The Commission Chair, based on the number of requests for comment, will allocate time to those wishing to speak. If there are a large number of supporters or opponents, they are asked to select a speaker to represent



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common opinions. We will try to allocate an equitable amount of time to represent the community accurately.

The Commission will follow this process for each community input hearing. The Commission will ask each applicant or group to present at the table here in front. They will be given 20 minutes to present their application in the manner they deem appropriate. The Commission will not accept any written documentation from the applicant, but the applicant may use exhibits to describe their school, if necessary. However, the setup time for exhibits will be included in this 20 minutes.

Following the applicant's presentation, the local school district representative or representatives will be given five minutes to comment. Subsequently, the Commission will allow 20 minutes for public comment, as I described above.

And, finally, the Commission will be given 45 minutes to ask questions of the applicant. We already have the Columbus Community School up front here. Good morning.

APPLICANTS: Good morning.

THE CHAIR: Commissioners, are you ready

to proceed?





(Commissioners so indicate.) 1 2 THE CHAIR: For the record, if you would, 3 please state the name of your school, the names of 4 the founders of the school and any other person who 5 is here today on behalf of your school. And this doesn't count in the 20 -- oh, you're on it. 6 7 you. Thanks, Cordy. 8 MR. LONG: My name is Jack Long. 9 of the founders. Philip Skinner, next to me, is the 10 other founder. And the -- Gracie, what's your last 11 name? 12 MS. SAINZ: Sainz. 13 MR. LONG: Gracie Sainz. I knew her when 14 she had her maiden name. Gracie Sainz is on our Arturo Olaque is on our board. And Victor 15 16 Zizumbo is on our board. 17 THE CHAIR: Transcriptionist, do you need 18 any spellings? 19 THE REPORTER: No, sir. 20 THE CHAIR: Okay, then, thank you. 21 have 20 minutes to present any information about 22 your application, and you may begin. 23 MS. SAINZ: Okay. Well, good morning. 24 would like to welcome each and every one of you to



I also would like to welcome Bayne

this meeting.

Anderson, School Board President. 1 2 THE CHAIR: Excuse me. Hold it a little further back. Let's work on this feedback. 3 4 MS. SAINZ: How about there? 5 It's gone. THE CHAIR: For example, in the back, can 6 7 you hear her? Just test it. 8 MS. SAINZ: Test, test. 9 THE CHAIR: Okay. We're good. Thank you. 10 And also, Martha Skinner, our MS. SAINZ: 11 Village Trustee. And now we're going to introduce 12 our local board committee as well. We have 13 Mr. Philip Skinner. Mr. Philip Skinner is married 14 to Diana Skinner. They both have a child attending Columbus Elementary School. Mr. Skinner has been a 15 16 businessman for over 25 years and has an extensive 17 training in financial management. 18 And then we have Mr. John Long --19 MR. LONG: Jack. 20 MS. SAINZ: I'm sorry, Jack. He is also a 21 resident of Columbus and was licensed on general 22 building contractor in California. Mr. Long has an 23 extensive construction and adobe experience. 24 Then we have Mr. Olague. Mr. Olague is 25 married to Debra Olague. He has been a resident of



Columbus and Palomas for more than 40 years, has more than 30 years experience in financial management. He and his wife run their own office of school supplies and store it in Palomas.

Next, we have Mr. Zizumbo, Victor Zizumbo, married to Angela Zizumbo. They both have two sons with master's degrees. Mr. Zizumbo graduated from Utah Tech [ph] and attended the Marines for four years. He is also a businessman and owns several businesses for more than 40 years.

Last, myself, Gracie Sainz, married to

Eloy Sainz. We have a son that he attends Deming

High School. He's a sophomore. I attended the

University of Phoenix as well as Capital University.

I have strong sales and business management and also technology background. And I have been working with youths for over six years.

And that's it. I would like to thank you, all of you, for coming over here.

THE CHAIR: Thank you.

MR. LONG: Thank you, Gracie. I will start the presentation of our application. We have a strong belief in community involvement, involvement of students, teachers, parents, in the educational program. This is the core of our value





system.

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Our curriculum and our instruction is based around this. We will implement a STEM curriculum program. It will be an integrated, project-based program, integrating subject matter with the projects that the students will be working on. We believe in rigor, effort. We believe in recognition. We believe in caring for our students, for faculty, and for our community.

Our program will also be single dual-language program. The vast majority of our students speak Spanish in their homes. Over 99 percent of our students are Hispanic. The single dual-language program has shown to be a very effective program along the U.S.-Mexican border, particularly because of the demographics thereof.

We believe in the mastery program. The students master their coursework before they move on. We give them time to master that coursework. That's the important part of it.

We will provide a longer school day. Our students presently must traverse to Deming. You came down in a van, which is a little faster than what they must do when they go to catch a school bus, take it to Deming early in the morning. Then



at night they have to rush to get back on it and get back home. I know this whole process, as my son went through the -- attended -- I won't say "went through" -- attended the junior high -- and in those days, it was called "junior high" -- and attended high school in Deming.

It was a terrible burden on us to try and get to Deming, to meet with teachers, to have our son involved in programs. And it -- I can't express the burden it was. Actually, we live -- plus, we live one mile off the highway. So we had to get to that as well.

We -- with the longer school day, we -- we plan on seven hours of -- of -- of schoolwork. The last hour will be principally for electives, remedial stuff that may have to go on. Our students will come in with a fairly low English proficiency level. So we will have to work on that aspect of -- of the dual language fairly strongly.

We'll provide tutors for homework. Our parents generally do not speak English, so our parents cannot provide the input to the homework that our students bring home, as a rule. So the last hour of the school will be the students can determine what they want in terms of electives,



where they want to work on their homework with a tutor, a monitor.

Our whole program is based on team And the project is based on team teaching. learning. The students will be -- will break down into teams for the projects that they decide they want to work on. The teachers will form teams to work with the students, more as coaches and as mentors than what we see now with the teacher lecturing in front of the room. This will need extensive -- we understand this will need extensive professional development. We will look for teachers who are -- have a passion for learning, have a passion for teaching, and have a passion for children. We'll look for an administrator with a passion as well.

Our program will be based upon core values that will be developed within the school system itself, with the input of parents and community.

These core values will drive the school.

In the evening -- our school is open from 8:00 until 8:00. In the evening, we will look at the needs of the adults in terms of adult education. Many people here want to learn -- want to become citizens. Many of our people aren't citizens;

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they're residents. They come here to work, mainly in the fields. But they would like to become residents. Part of the becoming residents, we will include the -- what they need to know to support their children in their educational process.

At this point, I'd like to turn the microphone over to Philip, and he will continue.

MR. SKINNER: Thank you and welcome, all. Some of the arguments that we've heard in the past, and you'll probably hear today against the charter school here in Columbus, is the isolation of our community. And I just would like to point out a few things.

In reality, we are closer to a metropolitan area, El Paso, which is more than 500,000 people, than Deming is. We're 70 miles away. They're 100 miles away from a large metro area. So we're not as isolated as we may appear out here. The -- we think that there's some tradeoffs, though, in being isolated, some things that are far more important than the isolation issue.

And we feel that smaller schools are better. We're going to cap our attendance at 485.

And so we think that's a real benefit to have a small school -- I'm sorry, 385. Thank you for the

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We are going to have a smaller class size. For example, Deming School District right now in the high school is 28 or 30 students to one teacher.

Ours is going to be 15 students to one teacher.

Some things that are real intangible, but are very real, is community involvement for students. If they're 30 miles away, they have to catch the bus to be working in a local business or being mentored by local community residents, volunteering at the library, or volunteering at the health center; those things are not possible when they're so far out of their community. So we -- student service, community involvement is very important.

And we also think parental involvement.

Studies show that where parents are involved,

students do much better. And the students being out

of the community, the parents are not so able to be

involved in their -- in their daily activities.

The last thing that I would point out about the isolation argument is -- and I almost see it indicative of the whole problem throughout the country -- is that school districts and administrators think they know what is better for



the student than the parents do. I -- my son presently goes to Columbus Elementary. It has been receiving failing grades.

I have the opportunity right now, if I chose, to send him -- bus him out of here, bus him to Deming to a school that is not failing. But I choose to keep him in this community, because it's a more important -- that the relationship I have with him and that I want him to be close in this community is more important, unfortunately, than the quality of school he's going to.

My -- I'm asking you to approve this charter, because we would like to have both things. We would like to be able to keep our children in this community, but also to provide a quality education. Thank you.

MR. LONG: Just to close, I'd like to bring out the -- two issues. As you see, we're all community people. We're not education professionals. The statute that -- for the charter schools allows for parents and for community members to apply for charter schools as well as professionals. By law, we are required to hire licensed people. These are the people that will guide us in the -- in the statutes, in the -- in the



best practices, but we will have oversight over That will be our responsibility. them.

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We will require reports on a monthly We will set up our -- our student management system in such a way that we can know where each student is at any time. And the staff will have to report to us on a monthly basis where our students are and in their achievement levels.

Our students will have close relationships with their teachers. The teachers will know them all by name. They will greet them every morning. We will start with an assembly of the whole school, and we will go over our core values. recognize students for their achievement. recognize students in that -- those issues.

One of the problems, as we put in our application, our Hispanic students are achieving below the achievement levels of the Caucasians in the district. Of course, this is truly throughout the state. However, in our district, our Hispanic students are achieving significantly lower from the Caucasians' achievement than the state as a whole.

Our goal is to bring that up to that -- so that our students are achieving at at least the state level, all students, and if not higher. It's





very important to us that our school is seen as an excellent school. You will have the authority -- if we do not produce, you will have the authority to shut us down.

You do not -- the State does not have the authority to shut down a district if the schools are achieving at F levels or D levels. And that's one of the advantages -- you will be able to see our program, how it functions. You'll be able to see if you can use it as a model as part -- as part of the -- as part of the statutes requires.

We have a problem, and you know we have a challenge in that we do not have State plan- -- federal planning money. The legislature, when it drew up the Charter School Act, it included in the Act 22-8B-14, which is known as a stimulus fund. We checked this out, and there were no funds in it.

Hopefully, you, as a Commission, will -will push -- have some influence on getting some
funds in that, which would allow us. But we have
plans. We plan to -- some of us have grantsmanship
skills. We can -- but we can't do anything for
grants until we have a contract. So we'll be
working for developing our own resources for
planning, should you approve us.



At this point, that's -- I think -- is there anything that we need -- okay. At this point I'd like to turn the microphone back over to the Chairman.

THE CHAIR: Thank you for your presentation. We will now hear from the local Deming School District. If the school district will come forward, and, for the record, state your name and the role you play at the local school district. And you will have five minutes to comment about the application for the Columbus charter school. And reminder, because I'm going to go turn mine off right now. Please turn off cell phones if they're still on.

MS. MOORE: Good morning. My name is
Harvielee Moore. I'm the Superintendent of Deming
Public Schools.

THE CHAIR: Good morning.

MS. MOORE: I've worked for Deming Public Schools since I was a teacher in 1967. I grew up here. I know and love this entire county. One of the greatest things that ever happened to me is that I became an educator, and I take it very seriously.

I'm very happy to see people interested in anything that will help improve the learning





condition for all children. But I would like to let the Commission know, we are a stable district. We have full staff, all highly qualified. We have ancillary staff, social workers, counselors. We have teachers. We have all of our staff who are dedicated to the success of the individual.

We have training that's ongoing, not only for English, but for Spanish as well. We are a dual-language district, and we do work hard to overcome language acquisition.

In doing that, we have had some success.

And in other areas, we've had great success. One of the things that we have found is that by having activities that involve the students and the parents, we have an international parent-teacher organization here in Columbus. And the parents work in the school and associate with the staff and the students and help all that they can.

As you know, many of our parents cannot cross the border. They've been deported, and/or do not have a visa to pass. They'll stand at the gate and show the paper they've signed to the principal so their child can do and participate in the field trips or the activities or whatever it is we're doing.



We are very proud of those parents who get the children to school every day. Our attendance rates are up; not perfect, but up. We are graduating more from Columbus than in the past.

Last year, I told you that we had a 76 percent. And I want to clarify that. When we are talking about graduation -- and I will be mailing you some data to back up this -- we are talking about qualifiers.

Let me give you one example.

In 2007, 66 sixth-graders left Columbus

Elementary and went to seventh grade. Forty-two of
those graduated from Deming high school. Seventeen
transferred to other schools. One completed the

GED. And so we have a 90-percent accountability for
where our students went, and we're very proud that
42 of them graduated, much higher than it had been.
And we work on that. I have this for you through
2012. (Indicates.)

One of the other pieces that's very critical is if students are here and they are somewhat isolated, we want to integrate them fully throughout the county. That means when they go to the feeder school, they're a feeder school going into Red Mountain Middle School, which has a B -- very proud of that, worked hard to get it. And



1 we're working on our F. The F has to do, in part,

2 with us not understanding the grading system.

Although our scores are coming up, we are not at or near enough to the State average, and we're working

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As we look at going into town, the activities that are there are available to all students. We run two -- we used to run one -- we now run two activity buses to and from the district so that students can stay. And the research shows clearly that students who are involved in activities do better, and they want to come to school more, and they also do better in their academics. They are learning their language. They're making friends. They are integrated fully.

We have more post-high-school opportunity. The CAMP program at New Mexico State University used to have -- Dr. Bejarano told us recently that we used to have three or four students from Deming High School that went to New Mexico State University through the CAMP program, were mentored and graduated. Forty percent of that program are now Deming High School graduates, and they are doing very well.

And we will continue to make -- when we



have College One [verbatim] survey our juniors and seniors, 66 percent of the children, 66 percent of the students are the first in their families to graduate high school and/or dream of going on to college. We have two out at UNM who are migrant students, and they are now on the path -- on the road to becoming doctors. So we are working very hard with our parents.

Our parents are fabulous. Because of our parents, we got bonus points above the State average in every school. Our doors are open to parents, and without them we would not be successful. This community has been extremely supportive of Deming Public Schools.

The new school on the hill -- and Red Mountain Middle School is a new school as well. It has the best library, the most technologically --

MS. CHAVEZ: Mr. Chair, time is up --

THE CHAIR: Your time is up. Thank you for your comments. Appreciate it.

21 MS. MOORE: -- appropriate in the state.

22 Thank you.

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THE CHAIR: We will now hear public comment from the community of Columbus. And the first -- the first name is Sheila Bjeletich. Is

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1 that close? Sheila B-J-E-L-E-T-I-C-H.

MR. LONG: I think she's in the bathroom

3 or --

4 THE CHAIR: The next person is Lourdes

5 Chavez.

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6 MS. CHAVEZ: Mr. Chairman, how much time

7 | for each one.

THE CHAIR: Two minutes. Actually, a minute and a half. There's a long list here, and we only have 20 minutes, and I want to give everyone a chance to speak so. I will give each person one minute and 30 seconds to comment.

MS. CHAVEZ: My comment is that it would be good to have a charter school because of the economic status of our village and the cost that it takes for our families to be able to send their students to Deming. That was all.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Felipe Salazar.

MR. SALAZAR: Good morning. I was able to speak about an issue that we would like that our children to have a higher quality of education.

Unfortunately -- or fortunately, we heard that there's a lot of good things that are taking place in the education system. But there is -- the -- at

the levels of education and at the high school





level, we're lower in that case.

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2 For us, we would like you to know that our community is made up of 99-percent Mexican. 3

4 Originally -- originally -- where Spanish is learned 5 at the time of development, for which we need a 6 quality education.

MS. CHAVEZ: Commissioner, the time is up.

THE CHAIR: Your time is up. Thank you Appreciate it. Did you get that last sentence sir. there?

THE INTERPRETER: I did not.

12 THE CHAIR: Sheila Bjeletich. A minute 13 and a half.

MS. BJELETICH: Great. Good morning. МУ name is Sheila Bjeletich. I am a resident of Columbus. I am a mechanical engineer, so I have a strong interest in the math-and-science focus of the charter school.

I was asked to speak about what it's like for Palomas parents. Now, I'm not a Palomas parent, not even a grandparent. But I know a lot of Palomas parents. And I know it's difficult for -- and Columbus also. Many of us don't have good cars. Wе can't zip up to Deming if we want. Even just getting the kids to school or to the border to get





on the bus is a challenge.

But, mainly, what I thought was parents need a choice. Now, for me, I would have chosen the charter school for math and science. My sister, the musician, would have chosen Deming for the fantastic music program. Mainly, let's give these kids and parents a choice. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Bayne Anderson.

MR. ANDERSON: Thank you. I'll save most of my comments for written follow-up. But I just very briefly would mention that Columbus is not an unusual situation. There are students across the state that travel long distances to attend school. For example, in Animas, for example, students travel over an hour each way from remote ranches to attend school in Animas. So this is not a unique situation that exists here.

And I would -- I would argue that approval of this application, based on distance, would simply open the door for this council to be inundated from every rural, isolated place in the district -- in the state, rather for -- for a similar privilege of attending school close to their home.

The last thing I would mention very -- well, two things I would mention just very quickly.





I believe the attendance enrollment figures for the 1 2 I think they're higher school should be revisited. 3 than actually exist, and I'll elaborate on those in 4 written. 5 And the last thing I would mention is that there is a conflict of interest in their 6 7 application. If you'll look at Page 59 and 60, it 8 indicates that the buildings to be used for the classrooms are owned by the Southern New Mexico 10 Economic Development Corporation, which is owned by 11 Mr. Philip Skinner. And that would, therefore, make 12 a conflict of interest on their classrooms. 13 And with Columbus having a very limited 14 capability for bond issue, I don't see another option for them for classrooms, for their use. 15 16 Thank you. 17 THE CHAIR: Mr. Anderson, do you live in Columbus here? 18 19 No, I live in Deming. MR. ANDERSON: 20 THE CHAIR: You live in Deming? Mr. Chair, I told him not to 21 MS. MOORE: 22 speak; but when you called him, he thought he should 23 go up. 24 THE CHAIR: Okay. So -- stop the -- okay,



Let me just -- let me clarify the

you're good.

position of the Commission. Excuse me. 1 2 The school district had an opportunity to 3 speak, and they were given five minutes. 4 guess some folks --I would argue -- I'm sorry, 5 MR. ANDERSON: 6 but I would tell you I'm not representing the 7 district. 8 THE CHAIR: Sir, don't interrupt me. 9 They were given five minutes to speak. 10 And now I want to hear from the community of Columbus. And so that's the division. And if some 11 12 folks signed up, it's okay, we're not reprimanding 13 anyone here. But, sir, it was my mistake that I 14 called you up. So if I, indeed -- as I go down this list, 15 16 if I call a name, and you are a local school 17 district employee or board member, please identify yourself as such, and I will move forward with the 18 19 Columbus community members. Does that make sense? 20 Thank you. 21 Consuelo Martinez. 22 MS. MARTINEZ: I have a question. Why 23 Columbus depend too much for Deming still for the 24 school? Thank you.



Could you repeat your

THE CHAIR:

question, because some Commissioners did not hear. 1 2 MS. MARTINEZ: I say why Columbus depended 3 too much to Deming still for the school. Thank you. 4 THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. Kim 5 Perea. I feel like I am part of the 6 MS. PEREA: 7 community, but I am a teacher for the Deming Public 8 School system. 9 THE CHAIR: Ms. Perea -- are you -- you 10 live here in Columbus? 11 MS. PEREA: No. I live two miles that 12 way. 13 THE CHAIR: Let me move you to the -- are 14 you a School District employee? 15 MS. PEREA: I am. 16 THE CHAIR: What was your other hat? 17 I feel I am a member of the MS. PEREA: 18 community, because I am a teacher in Columbus. 19 I am a teacher for the District, so I guess I cannot 20 speak. 21 THE CHAIR: Thank you for identifying 22 yourself. Ken Perea. 23 MR. PEREA: I am a former employee of the 24 District. I've been retired for two years. I am a



former principal here.

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I live 18 miles north of

e-mail: info@litsupport.com

Columbus. 1 2 THE CHAIR: Let me move you to the bottom of the list, Mr. Perea. 3 4 MR. PEREA: All right. 5 THE CHAIR: No negative connotation with the bottom of the list. 6 7 Tim McAndrews -- or Jim? -- Tim? There we 8 qo, sir. 9 MR. McANDREWS: I am a Columbus resident. 10 If I may offer you this, this is --11 THE CHAIR: We are not accepting any 12 documentation during the community hearing, but you 13 may turn that in later. I will give instruction 14 later. 15 MR. McANDREWS: Okay. My name is Tim 16 McAndrews. I am a resident here in Columbus. I was 17 a substitute teacher for the Deming school system for two semesters here with the old school. And I 18 19 was also one semester employed as a private tutor 20 for language arts and math for four students in 21 Deming. 22 I support the idea of a charter school, 23 because I believe that a smaller, more intense



volunteer at the library once a week from 4:00 to

program would be better for the kids.

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7:00, that room is full of children, grammar-school 1 2 children-age, on the computers. Now, of course, 3 they're kids and they're off duty, so they're 4 playing games. But the point is that they're --5 they are technically so far beyond me that I could take classes from them in how to work computers and 6 7 stuff. This kind of -- this kind of attention 8 9 from kids is not found in traditional classrooms 10 that are overcrowded. And it's not found in -- with 11 the kids that I tutored in Deming. I walk into the 12 house, and there's a 40-inch TV screen up right 13 against the wall and not one single book in the 14 house. Now, this is not -- this is not the case of 15 all --16 MS. CHAVEZ: Mr. Chair, time is up. 17 THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. 18 MR. McANDREWS: Thank you very much. 19 THE CHAIR: Win Mott. 20 MR. MOTT: I am a resident of the Village 21 of Columbus. You have a lot of suave and 22 sophisticated presentations for charter school 23 applications. This isn't one of them. And there's 24 a vicious circle, in that that community that is in 25



poverty that doesn't have resources or a lot of

leadership or a lot of skills has a hard time being able to present its case. I would ask you to take that into account, that the less suave the presentation, the more we need what's here. Ms. Moore is rightly proud of the elementary school here. It's just heartbreaking that that can't continue on to the crucial teenage years, because this community has a lot of barriers to being able to relate to Deming, far more than simply geography. Communities I have seen over many years that do not have a particular high school to be a focus have trouble really pulling together as a community. We very badly need that focus for our community to pull ourselves out of that cycle of poverty and disadvantage. And so I would really ask you to look beyond smooth words to the very definite and specific needs we have. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, sir. Linda -- it

MS. SANCHEZ: I'm a Deming Public School employee.

THE CHAIR: Please come forward. Oh,
you're a school employee?

MS. SANCHEZ: And a community -- a member



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of the community. 1 2 THE CHAIR: Let me move you to the -- how would I say it? The end of the list. 3 4 MS. CHAVEZ: The latter part of the list. 5 THE CHAIR: The latter part of the list. Elsa Solano. 6 7 MS. SOLANO: I'm an employee also, and 8 also, I live here in Columbus. 9 Thank you, Elsa. THE CHAIR: Javier 10 Mireles. 11 MR. MIRELES: I have the same problem. 12 I'm a summer employee, but I'm a former student and 13 a resident. THE CHAIR: 14 I'll move you to the latter 15 part. Paul Mimich. 16 MR. MIMICH: Good morning. Thank you for 17 coming down. I'm a resident of Columbus. I worked for the Village for three-and-a-half years. 18 19 presently drive for M&T Busing, and have the 20 pleasure of transporting students both in Deming and 21 Columbus.

There are very few times that a community has an important opportunity to embrace something like a charter school. It's important, because the charter school can be monitored. The community, the



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directors, the parents, and the students can be held accountable for its success or failure.

During their failures, they can react quickly to improve it and expand on it. During their successes, they can expand on it and add it to other curriculum.

The -- the opportunity for Columbus is huge. I would encourage the Public Education Commission, and especially Deming Public Schools, to embrace this community's opportunity for a success, because Columbus desperately right now needs a success. And I'm confident that the public education in New Mexico and Luna County will be stronger and better when that opportunity is a success. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, sir. Give me a moment, folks, to consult with my executive committee.

(Proceedings off the record.)

MS. CHAVEZ: Mr. Chair, you have just been informed you have one parent here that did not get to sign up. Could you allow her to speak? I don't know who she is.

THE CHAIR: That was you; right? What is

your name?





Amanda Ortiz. 1 MS. ORTIZ: 2 THE CHAIR: And you live here in Columbus? Yes. And I have four children 3 MS. ORTIZ: 4 who attend Columbus Elementary. 5 THE CHAIR: So now that we said all that. Amanda Ortiz? 6 7 MS. ORTIZ: Yes. 8 THE CHAIR: Thank you. Yes, Amanda. 9 MS. ORTIZ: Okay. I would like to say, 10 for those who initially came in to attack Columbus 11 Elementary, my children were forced to this town due 12 to my husband's deportation. And these teachers 13 have taken my children in and treated them so good, 14 and this principal and this community. And my child who is in sixth grade will 15 16 not go to school next year. He will be 17 home-schooled because he doesn't have the 18 opportunity to go to school in this community. 19 decision was made by a comment that I heard from a 20 Deming School District worker, which I'm not going 21 to get into. 22 But it's really emotional for me, really 23 difficult because I have an illness that prevents me 24 from driving to Deming. And here, I'm able to go to 25 Mr. Madrid and say, "Hey, my kids are having



problems, and he helps me.

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I have teachers who taught my children in less than eight months to fluently speak, read, and write Spanish. So, failing or not, Columbus is a great community, and it has an excellent school, and my kids deserve the right to continue that in this community. Thank you.

(Applause.)

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. Kim and Ken Perea, can Ken speak for the both of you? Are you husband and wife? Would that be okay?

MR. PEREA: Are you trying to get me in trouble? Speaking for her?

THE CHAIR: I've done that in a restaurant before. But I'll try not to get you in trouble, sir. Come on up, please.

MR. PEREA: My name is Ken Perea. I am a former principal of Columbus Elementary School. As such, I have an opportunity to speak to kids that have gone through the school system while I was there that are now graduating and so forth. And many of them that I have spoken to would not want to stay in Columbus for school. There are so many opportunities, not just academic or not just sports, but programs like the nursing program, which so many



of the kids from Columbus are excelling in.

Their education is just enhanced over there. If there was a school here, maybe 15 years from now, ten years from now, they would have the opportunities. But how about those kids who are going to be enrolled in this who will not have that opportunity? You talk about kids lost in the cracks.

I mean, there's a young man sitting over here that's going to speak in a bit that was a student when I was principal. And his story will explain a little bit better than what I could ever say for these kids.

You talk about quality of education.

Quality of education depends on the person in the classroom. I don't care if they're at a charter school or if they're in a public school. That person's relationship with that child motivating that child is what matters.

Now, you know, I think that Columbus is an excellent community. There are no people finer than what there are here. And I would be willing to bet that the majority of all these people in here are a product of Deming Public Schools. You have lawyers; you have doctors; you have farmers; you have people



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1 who have gone through the school system over there.

MS. CHAVEZ: Mr. Chair, time is up.

MR. PEREA: Sorry. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, sir. And the executive committee has decided to allow the final four -- the final three comments. So I would -- I am going to call up Glenda Sanchez.

MS. CHAVEZ: Mr. Chair, there's eight minutes left. There's three people. What's the time?

MR. SANCHEZ: My name is Glenda Sanchez. I've been teaching kindergarten here for Deming Public Schools. I'm also a lifelong resident from Columbus. And I am a firm believer that yes, our community does need a high school. I just don't feel that right now is the appropriate time. With all the confusion and turmoil within the community and the governing body, it would just add to the stress, and it would be contradictory instead of being -- uniting the community, which is what a new school should promote. It would do quite the opposite.

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. Elsa Solano.

MS. SOLANO: Good morning. My name is



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Elsa Solano.

THE CHAIR: Good morning.

MS. SOLANO: I live -- I'm an employee of the Deming Public Schools for almost 13 years. And I live here in Columbus. And my concern is that if we have a charter school, our kids are not going to be exposed to -- to, like, for example, going -- like, Deming Public Schools has the opportunity -- they give the opportunity to our students or our children to go city to city, state to state.

If we have a charter school, I don't know if they can provide that for extra-curricular activities. My other concern is that a charter school, how long would a charter school -- would be at a level of Deming Public Schools in technology? Right now, technology in our school is fabulous. We have excellent teaching tools to teach our children in Columbus School.

And my third concern is where and how quickly a charter school can be provide a building, or they're -- I hope they're not considering portables instead of -- instead of going forward, we're going backwards.

And I have three children on my own. They are adults and professionally successful in their





own field. And I am very proud of being myself a

Deming Public School product, as well as my

children. And thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. Javier Mireles.

MR. MIRELES: My name is Javier Mireles.

I'm a former student of Deming High School. I

graduated two years ago -- a year ago -- and my

little sister is currently in sixth grade. And I

attend the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

And I believe that this should be about the kids, not the community, not the economic things. It's about the kids. And my little sister would be the lab rat of this school. And she wouldn't have the opportunities I had; because over there, I was given the opportunities to join extracurricular activities, to be part of the school. And I took them.

The problem is that we're not educating our kids to take those opportunities. We tell them that the bus ride is too long, and then you're giving then an excuse when they come home. My parents didn't do that. Both of them are field workers. Both of them work in the fields, and that didn't stop them from community involvement. They



still pushed me to do my best.

It's not about the community or the closeness. If the parents actually want good things for their kids, they've just got to go over there and push them, or make a phone call and ask the teachers to help them out, and that'll happen.

Instead of focusing on trying to make a school and wasting all this time and resources trying to make another school here, just push that one to do better, and you'll get your results.

It's about the kids, not the community.

Like, it won't change -- if you make a school here, it won't change the community involvement, because the people from Palomas will still not be able to cross. And the people here, they can just -- might as well do the trip. There's different ways to do it. It's about the kids, and the kids are getting what they need. It's just a matter of letting them know and stop making excuses.

Those opportunities are there. I took
them, and I'm at one of the most prestigious schools
in the world, because I took those opportunities. I
doubt that this new charter school will be able to
give them, because it's too young; it's too small.
It's too small to provide variety, academic variety,



1 or prepare them to go to college. How are they even 2 going to go to college when they're in this little 3 town with, like, three teachers that went to 4 college? There's no one to set the example. 5 Over there, there's the example. There's 6 people that went to college, people like me that 7 went from the fields to college and got things done. 8 And if they see that, they're exposed to the world 9 and they'll end up somewhere good and with a good 10 But if -future. 11 MS. CHAVEZ: Mr. Chair, time is up. 12 THE CHAIR: Thank you very much for your 13 comment. 14 (Applause.) 15 THE CHAIR: I don't want to trip over 16 Cordy, you were stopping the clock between cords. 17 each one, weren't you? So in total, we are at 20 minutes? 18 19 MS. CHAVEZ: Yes. 20 THE CHAIR: And, as per instruction, 15 21 minutes prior to the presentation was the sign-up 22 period. So that concludes our community input. I want to thank both the local school district and the 23 24 community members for packing this house. This is 25 the second year in a row that you all have done



that. So I applaud you in that regard.

I would like the applicants to come back up, because we are now to the point where we were -- we are going to have Public Education Commission questions of the applicant. And this part of the community input hearing will be 45 minutes, and then I'll conclude the meeting with just some brief comments in my closing.

The Chair is opening the floor up for questions of the applicant. Commissioner Shearman.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Thank you. Good morning. Before I start asking my questions, I'd just like to make the statement that what we consider before we vote on this charter school application is the application. What it says in the application is what we can vote on.

Now, we ask for clarification. We might even ask for additional information to help us understand better what we're seeing in this application and the budget, all the attachments to it. But nothing gets added. We hear what you all have said today. We consider that.

But the vote is on the application. Okay? So just -- just so you know.

My first question is on student goals,





Page 7 of the application. And it says, 1 2 "Sixty percent of students who have attended CCS for one year will exceed their Hispanic peers' academic 3 4 performance in Deming Public Schools." 5 I'm having a hard time reading that as a goal. You've narrowed it so much, only comparing to 6 7 Hispanic students in the Deming Schools. I don't 8 understand what academic performance you're talking Is it on NMSBA? Is it -- what academic 10 performance are we talking about? 11 MR. LONG: It's the academic performance 12 that the State --13 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Use the mic, 14 please. It's the academic performance 15 MR. LONG: 16 that the State uses in the -- the assessments for 17 the -- the school report cards. 18 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: NMSBA, 19 Standards-Based Assessment. Okay. Let me just make 20 one other comment, too. The goals that -- and I 21 look real hard at goals, because not only does it 22 tell us what you are expecting of your students and 23 your school for five years that you will be in 24 operation, but, should you be approved after that



initial period, you'll come back to this group to

1	ask for renewal. And these are what we will use as
2	the measure to know, did you do what you said you
3	were going to do, and how well did you do it.
4	So your goal is and 60 percent, to my
5	mind, is not very high. I'm looking for more
6	rigorous. And the same for the second goal.
7	"Sixty percent of students who have attended CCS for
8	four years will show academic performance equal to
9	or greater than the average Caucasian student
L 0	statewide."
L1	Again, you're really, in my mind, limiting
L 2	you. And, again, academic performance. If you're
L 3	using NMSBA, it's not stated. Okay? So I
L 4	appreciate your clarification.
L 5	Let me look at Page 9 of your application.
L 6	Do you have that in front of you, your application?
L 7	MR. SKINNER: No, ma'am, we don't.
L 8	THE CHAIR: "Seventy-five percent of all
L 9	graduating students who have attended CCS for four
20	years will enter post-secondary activities, career
21	and college, without having to take remedial
22	classes."
23	How are you going to verify that?
24	MR. LONG: We will keep track of our
2.5	students



1	THE CHAIR: Could I ask how? My
2	background is college work. And we've tried to
3	track students for years to see, you know, what do
4	you do with your degree? Do you go to work? What
5	do you do? And it's tough.
6	MR. LONG: It may be tough. But it will
7	be up to our administrator to solve that problem.
8	We feel that that we have will have since
9	we're we're pushing hard for community
10	involvement, for community contact at all times,
11	that we'll know our parents will know will
12	know how their students are doing, and we'll keep
13	track of it.
14	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: And when you say
15	"post-secondary activities," would you clarify what
16	that means?
17	MR. LONG: That could be a vocational
18	school; it could be a a two-year community
19	college, for example.
20	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Some kind of
21	educational institution.
22	MR. LONG: Yes.
23	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. And let's
24	get right to the budget, because I have to tell you,
25	when I read this budget, it really caused my eyes to



1 get wide open. 2 And let's go to building and lands, 3 because that seems to be a big issue. Before we get 4 to that, I'd like to go to Function 2500, Central 5 Services, where you have an associate superintendent 6 or -- for finance, or a business manager, and you 7 have allocated \$30,000. MR. SKINNER: 8 I did the budget, so I'm 9 responsible for this. 10 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Are you planning 11 on hiring a budget -- or a business manager, 12 contracting with a firm to do that? How do you 13 plan --14 MR. SKINNER: We're planning on contracting with the New Mexico Coalition to be our 15 16 certified business manager. The \$30,000 position is 17 more of, like, an office manager, and they'll be 18 preparing the reports to send to the -- to the 19 Coalition. 20 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: So, then, where is 21 the amount that you would be paying the Coalition? 22 MR. SKINNER: It's in the budget. 23 apologize for not having the budget with me. 24 there is a -- we've budgeted \$10,000 the first year,



\$20,000, \$30,000, \$40,000, and then \$50,000 on the

fifth year to pay the Coalition for those services. 1 2 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: And that -- the 3 Coalition has agreed to those amounts? 4 MR. SKINNER: Yes, ma'am. 5 THE CHAIR: This is the first time I've 6 seen the Coalition business manager -- whatever --7 for less than \$50,000, period. \$50,000. 8 Okay. Let me just work my way down. 9 Advertising. You have \$5,000 and \$10,000, \$10,000. 10 May I ask what you're going to use that advertising 11 for? 12 That money was -- I set MR. SKINNER: 13 aside for the -- letting people know that we're 14 going to be, like, doing our sign-ups, our -- that's not the right term -- recruitment time for teachers 15 16 and things like that; but also for, "It's time to 17 sign students up for school." COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: You do know new 18 19 legislation prohibits you using any SEG money to 20 recruit students? 21 MR. SKINNER: No. No, I did not. 22 sorry. 23 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Well, you can't. 24 MR. SKINNER: Now --25 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Contracted





services. Maybe this is where you have the business 1 2 manager. Ten, twenty, thirty, forty, \$50,000. 3 MR. SKINNER: Yes. 4 That's the COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: 5 Coalition. Let's get down here to lands and The first year is \$138,000; goes up to 6 buildings. 7 \$383,000; then \$540,478; and \$575,000. And I notice 8 that there are some amounts listed here also for 9 electricity, utilities. So I'm assuming that this 10 building, that's just the lease on the building, not 11 utilities. 12 MR. SKINNER: No, it's not -- no, it's not 13 utilities. 14 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. Are you --15 is that -- say, in year one, that \$138,000, is that 16 in addition to lease assistance funds? The \$700 per 17 student lease assistance? Is that what you're --COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: 18 Uh-huh. 19 MR. SKINNER: Yes, it's in addition to it. 20 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: So that means the 21 total lease on that building for year one is 22 \$222,000. 23 MR. SKINNER: I took the opportunity --24 whether it was correct or not I'm not sure. 25 took the opportunity in that area, where you're



saying the \$100,000, \$200,000, is to be saving some 1 2 It's -- it's -- it's extra money. 3 And I put it in that area so that if, like, our 4 student enrollment was not what we anticipated the 5 first year, it's money I can take out of the budget. Does that --6 7 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: So what is the 8 lease on the building? 9 MR. SKINNER: We don't know at this time, 10 We have -- we have an idea what we're going okay? 11 to do. We're hoping -- our goal is through using 12 community facilities and the \$700 per student lease 13 assistance, that that will be enough for our 14 facilities. So, really, that 15 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: 16 makes your budget a little difficult to understand, 17 because it looks like you're putting a lot into a lease for facilities, and I'm hearing that's not 18 19 necessarily the case. 20 MR. SKINNER: You're right. That is not 21 necessarily the case. We were trying to be 22 entrepreneurial in our thinking, in that we had a 23 little money set aside for things that we were not



expecting to come up. And we could use that money.

So it's more like cushion money.

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It -- it -- if I

1 can use that term. 2 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. A lease 3 purchase or just a straight lease on the facility? 4 MR. SKINNER: No, it would be just a 5 straight lease in any buildings that we are -- we would anticipate bringing in some portables and 6 7 leasing those portables. But not a lease purchase. 8 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. But -- so 9 you don't yet really know what the lease will be on 10 the building. 11 MR. SKINNER: No, not at this time, no. 12 THE CHAIR: Because the amounts you've got 13 here are really extraordinary for the number of 14 students that would be served in that facility. 15 MR. SKINNER: I understand. 16 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. Let me go 17 back to -- let me ask about -- on Page -- well, let's -- it's Section 3-K-1, and let me get to it, 18 19 If someone else would like to go ahead 20 while I find my place. Go ahead? 21 It's a long way down here. 22 you explain the length of your school day? It's not clear to me what I'm reading here. 23 24 MR. LONG: The length of the school day is 25 seven hours.



COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: And your school year? What's the calendar?

MR. LONG: The calendar is for a school year, basically the same calendar as the local elementary school has. It's a year-round school.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Tell me how that works, how many weeks and then how many weeks of break and so forth.

MR. LONG: When we did this application, the -- the school calendar hadn't been submitted yet. So I understand this year that the school has added 25 days to the school year. So I would -- I would -- I would -- I would suppose it's like in a quarter system. You go for a period of time; then you have a week, two weeks off, as you go throughout the year.

But we're aligning it to the local school district's schedule here because the problems we've had, as parents and as community -- as parents in the community, is that sometimes some of our kids are on vacation, and sometimes some of them aren't, because the school -- the Deming school system in Deming goes on the regular school year with a summer vacation. And with the Columbus school, it's year-round.

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So parents have to juggle things as the 1 2 way it is now. We want -- we want the system to be the same so that the kids are out at the same time. 3 4 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: I'm looking at 5 waivers. The first is length of school day. And it 6 says here, "Project-based learning requires fallible 7 class management due for the need to engage in 8 additional research, collaboration, and work outside of class structure." Would you explain "fallible 10 class management"? 11 MR. LONG: "Fallible." That's probably --12 sounds like --13 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: F-A-L-L-I-B-L-E. 14 MR. LONG: I think it's the wrong word. 15 It's a misspelling. COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: So the waiver that 16 you're asking for for the length of the school day 17 is that it be seven hours? 18 19 MR. LONG: That's correct. 20 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. Then on 21 staffing patterns, you talk about -- you plan to use 22 team teaching and so on and so forth; but you're not specific on what the waiver is that you're asking 23 24 for in staffing patterns. 25 Part of the waiver is that MR. LONG:



our -- that our administrator and our administrative 1 2 people will have to be -- will be teaching as well. They'll have teaching responsibilities. And I felt 3 4 that I would -- I put that in for that purpose. 5 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: I already asked that one. 6 7 Okay. Back to the budget. Just one last 8 question. And I might should have asked this earlier. On -- I got this in an Excel spreadsheet, 10 so it makes it a little bit easier for me to read. 11 But it's on line 568, and it totals Community 12 Service Operations, first year, of \$71,700. I have 13 never seen an application before that requested 14 funds for "Community Services Operations." Can somebody help me out with that? Is it -- is that 15 16 legal, is it -- to use SEG funding for community 17 services operations? 18 MR. SKINNER: Again, I apologize for not 19 having the budget in front of me. Is it toward the 20 bottom, very bottom of the --21 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Uh-huh, it's at 22 the very bottom. 23 MR. SKINNER: I think what I budgeted in 24 there, which is very important to us, is adult 25 education. So we budgeted two staff people to be



1	working to reach out into the community, community
2	outreach, dealing with the students and their
3	parents, being able to go over to Palomas and visit
4	them in their home with parents who are not able to
5	visit back.
6	I would anticipate them being coming
7	on, like, at 3:00 in the afternoon and working till
8	8:00 or so in the evening, or noon to 8:00 or
9	whatever, and also getting our adult education
10	program going.
11	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Ms. Callahan, can
12	you help us with that?
13	MS. CALLAHAN: Mr. Chair, Commissioner
14	Shearman, I'm not sure what in terms of?
15	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Can you use SEG
16	funding for that program?
17	MS. CALLAHAN: For the community outreach?
18	Yes, yes.
19	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: And a whole
20	community outreach program, adult education, the
21	whole bit?
22	MS. CALLAHAN: Yes.
23	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: As part of a
24	charter school? Okay. I've just never seen it
25	before. So I learn something new every day.



MS. CALLAHAN: Many public schools employ somebody to go into the community, do home visits and those kinds of things, and also coordinate some adult education to support students. It would be -- for instance, reading strategies or things like that. A lot of times Title 1 money is used for that as well.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Let me just ask a philosophical question here. The money that you've set aside for community services, \$70,000, goes up to almost \$100,000. That's a lot of money to take out of a classroom for the kids.

MR. SKINNER: Yes.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Obviously, your philosophy is that that money is better spent for adults than for the children. Is that -- am I reading that correctly?

MR. SKINNER: I wouldn't say better spent.

But it's very important to us that we do -- that -educate -- we're a very poverty [verbatim]

community. And to -- we want to, through the
educational process, through educating the children,
be able to educate the parents, too, to try to
change that poverty cycle here in our community.

So, yes, philosophically, it is important to us.



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1 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Thank you, 2 Mr. Chairman. THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner 3 4 Shearman. Commissioner Gant. I'm going to start 5 COMMISSIONER GANT: 6 again with the budget. I know you don't have it in 7 front of you, but we can talk through it. 8 MR. SKINNER: Yes, sir. 9 COMMISSIONER GANT: On the first page 10 is -- I won't go through all the function code and 11 et cetera -- Student Travel. You've put in there, 12 the first year, \$12,000, and it runs up to \$38,500 13 in the fifth year. Can you elaborate on what kind 14 of student travel -- that's a lot of money to be 15 spending on children, or students -- and I'm no --16 it doesn't list where you're going, what you're 17 doing, what you're going to see and what educational 18 value you're going to receive, from \$12,000 to 19 \$38,000. 20 MR. SKINNER: We put that money in for 21 things like field trips and being able to 22 participate in different activities for the children. 23 24 COMMISSIONER GANT: Elaborate on 25 "activities," please.



MR. SKINNER: The words are escaping me; but, like, competitions where they might go to spelling bees in different parts of the state and things like that. Educational activities.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Well, I will tell you that going across the state in a bus, bus companies don't do it cheaply. Twelve-K won't go very far.

Moving on -- this is actually on Page 2 in your basic application, you state that you're going to hire these professions -- and I'm not sure who you're -- remember who you're hiring from -- the diagnostician, SLPs, the OT, PTs, et cetera. You're going to do contract hires?

MR. SKINNER: Yes, sir, that was our plan.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Do you have a company that you're going to hire them from?

MR. SKINNER: Not particularly at this particular time, no, no, sir.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Well, the issue I see is you say -- you say you're going to do that. And then I look at your budget. Neither do you have it in the salaries, and neither do you have it in the contract. So how much money are you talking about being able to pay a contractor?

MR. SKINNER: For, like, special





education?

COMMISSIONER GANT: For an IEP, to take care of all the professionals you need for your -- again, I say a diagnostician, the counselor, the speech therapists, the OTs, PTs. No money was put in the -- in your accounts in your lines, either as a salaried or as a contract employee.

MR. SKINNER: We did not budget that in at this time, because we also were not receiving the funds for special education at this time. And so we didn't budget it in.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Sir, don't you think you should know how much you are going to project to spend on these, whether you have the special ed, the Title money, regardless? You do not know how much you are willing to spend on these professional individuals? They don't come cheap. An SLP, the last I heard, was somewhere between \$80,000 and \$90,000 contracted, one individual.

So I'm saying we should have seen it, I believe, in the budget to make sure that it's a solid balanced budget. But there's no information on that, and it's hard for me to understand how much you think you're going to spend on this.

All right. I also note, on the third





page -- the functionary is 2200 -- I'm sure the district people don't want to talk about it. You haven't budgeted for librarians or media specialists, data processing.

MR. SKINNER: The -- we have a challenge in this community, in that there -- we -- let me see if I can answer this correctly. We plan to use as many parents and volunteers as we can for different things to be able to -- we budgeted pretty high on, like, teacher salaries and lots of staff to work with our people and in the community outreach.

And so, in some areas, we're going to have to be very creative and reach out to community members to help with those activities.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Well, I'll just take one individual that's in this category. It's -- it's data processing. And I'm sure you're aware that you have the STARS program with the State you have to link up with. You have other financial programs you have to link with. All this budget, it's almost a week- -- a daily, weekly input.

MR. SKINNER: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER GANT: And without a data processor that really knows the system and learning how to do the STARS is nothing you learn overnight.





So my question is, once you have messed -- I guess the background -- once you've messed up STARS and you don't get it right, the next thing you're going to have is someone down here doing an audit on your whole school.

So that's why I have a concern about the lack of these individuals not being budgeted, either contractually or salaried. It's -- it really concerns me.

Go to the principal's salary. The salary for the principal starts at \$45,000 the first year and goes to \$55,500 by the fifth year. That is low by State standards.

MR. SKINNER: We split the principal into -- we want our principal to teach and to be in the classroom. So we put part of his salary -- we know we need to pay at least \$80,000. And so we put \$40,000 of his salary into the teaching, into the classroom. And so that's why you're seeing that low figure there.

COMMISSIONER GANT: So which teacher is it? You have eight teachers allocated up here, eight FTE teachers.

MR. SKINNER: Uh-huh.

COMMISSIONER GANT: None of them are





half-time. You have all full FTEs. There's not a 7.5 or an 8.5 teacher FTE; all the FTEs for teachers, assistants, et cetera. So that's where I'm confused.

MR. SKINNER: Okay. Then that was my error, sir. But I did put his money -- half of his money into the teaching.

COMMISSIONER GANT: You've already addressed the business manager issue. And -- but I look at the line -- you -- you have an administrative associate that starts to work on the fifth year, and it's a salaried position for \$50,000, and it goes up to \$53,000 over a three-year period. But it doesn't start till the third year of the school. What is that administrative associate?

MR. SKINNER: Because we would like the principal to be in the classroom, starting from year one. But we understand, as the student population builds, he is going to need some assistance. And so that's why we brought in an assistant there at the third year. In the first and second year, we would be seeking some volunteer help, like, in the office and things like that, to be able to help with administration things.

COMMISSIONER GANT: I go back to the land



and rentals. 1 2 MR. SKINNER: Uh-huh. 3 COMMISSIONER GANT: And you say you put 4 extra money in that account? 5 MR. SKINNER: Yes, sir. COMMISSIONER GANT: If you were -- if this 6 7 charter is authorized, you do know that once the 8 budget is approved to open the school, some of this 9 money cannot be moved from function to function, all 10 the functions. You can't just take money out of one 11 It doesn't always work that way. Do you understand the chart of accounts 12 13 and how they function and how they're interfaced 14 with each other and all that? Do you have a business manag- -- have you even talked to the 15 16 Coalition about what they're going to do for you to 17 make sure you -- if you're on the board, you are 18 the -- the board is ultimately responsible for 19 everything that fails to happen or happen in the 20 district, including financials. The Coalition has 21 no responsibility. 22 MR. SKINNER: We understand that, sir. 23 Yes, sir. 24 COMMISSIONER GANT: Who's going to do your



auditing?

MR. SKINNER: We have not selected an 1 2 auditing firm at this time. I'm going to -- unless 3 COMMISSIONER GANT: 4 others would like to pick up, I do have questions on 5 the -- on the basic -- other Commissioners need their right to talk, too. We have 17 minutes. 6 7 THE CHAIR: Commissioner Lopez. Hold on. 8 Microphone. Thank you. 9 COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: What -- do you have a sense of what percentage of students from Columbus 10 11 and Palomas have parents who cannot cross the 12 border? 13 MR. LONG: The only ones that can't cross 14 from Palomas -- and there would be -- I would 15 estimate -- because I -- sometimes I go down and 16 stand there when the students come by -- probably 17 close to 75 percent. 18 COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: From Palomas? 19 MR. LONG: Uh-huh, that parents can't --20 between 50 and 75 percent, they can't cross. you know, until recently, which hasn't gone into 21 22 effect, those who could cross could not go more than 23 25 miles. So they couldn't go to Deming, anyway. 24 COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: And they can now?



Not yet.

The -- the -- you

MR. LONG:

know, the Homeland Security or whoever changes those 1 2 things, has changed it to 55 miles that a parent can 3 travel, if they can get a visa. Many of the parents 4 can't get visas because they have to prove their 5 income. Many of the parents can't prove their They don't have the different 6 income. 7 documentations that the U.S. requires for them to be 8 able to cross the border. 9

COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: Thank you. Are you in touch with -- in discussions or anything with any -- any educational professionals who could sort of help marshal you through this process? And, I mean -- you know, I think you mentioned --

MR. LONG: We don't have any that we've been consulting with. My wife is a -- teaches at National University in San Diego. She's a professional. She teaches teachers. She's given us some input. And -- but we haven't -- we don't have a specific person, organization, that we have consulted with.

COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: In terms of the -- if the school were to be approved, in terms of the longevity of the school, I mean, for people who choose to stay in this community, who want to grow up here, who want to live here and not go off



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someplace else -- that there are people, many people like that who want to stay in their communities -- are you talking at all to the governing body of anyplace, any of these communities, about, "How do we create jobs? How do we then use the education to feed those jobs?"

Is that part of what you're thinking about for this school? I mean, it's not in the application, but I -- you know, I have to ask that.

MR. SKINNER: Well, we -- we recognize that a school can be a big economic engine. And, yes, we've had communications with the Village and the Village Trustees and the Mayor and -- on the County level, also. And so we're all in agreement that -- that, from an economics standpoint, this is good for our community.

COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: And if you're -- if you'd like to focus on a STEM curriculum, what kind of jobs would you like to see the Town Council create around here that those students could then work at when they graduated from high school?

MR. SKINNER: I'm not so sure that I would be in conversations with government as to what kind of jobs they're going to create. I would probably tend to be more in conversation with private





1	industry.
2	COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: Correct.
3	MR. SKINNER: But the when we were
4	looking at the STEM program and training of the
5	students in that area, we were looking a little
6	broader out, like, White Sands and Fort Bliss and
7	that they would be able to work within be able to
8	find jobs within our general area; not specifically
9	in in Columbus.
10	COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: Okay. Thank you.
11	That's all I have.
12	THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner Lopez.
13	Questions? Commissioner Bergman?
14	COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Thank you,
15	Mr. Chair. Just a couple of questions. I thought,
16	from my reading of the application, that you,
17	Mr. Skinner, were providing the facilities through
18	your foundation, that were going to go to this
19	school? Did I misread that?
20	MR. SKINNER: The facilities are going to
21	be provided from a nonprofit group here called
22	Southern Luna County Economic and Community
23	Development Corporation. And I'm the president of
24	that.



Okay.

COMMISSIONER BERGMAN:

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So the lease

1 money is going to be going to this group, then; is 2 that correct? 3 MR. SKINNER: To the Southern Luna County? 4 That's correct. 5 COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: That's correct. 6 And are you intending to be on the governing 7 council? 8 MR. SKINNER: When the time comes, no, I 9 would have to resign. 10 COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: And on Page 8 of 11 your application, I had a question. It's under the 12 "Attendance" section. And I just want to read it to 13 It says, "School habitual truancy rate will be 14 25 percent." That's a flat statement. You expect a 15 quarter of your student body to be habitual truants? 16 MR. SKINNER: I'll let Mr. Long --17 MR. LONG: I don't think that's what that 18 I think what that says is that that is the 19 truancy rate now at the junior high school in 20 No, we -- we put our truancy rate below the 21 State statute -- not statute -- statistics. 22 point out in there is that, in nine -- in 2009 and 23 2010, when I had the last figures for -- for



habitual truancy in the district, the -- the -- the

middle school had a truancy rate of around between

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25 and 27 percent, I think. And the high school had 1 2 a truancy rate around 50, 51 percent. Those are straight out of the -- the 3 4 statistics. No, our truancy rate, we're saying, 5 will be well below the State truancy rate, which is -- I can't remember. It's around 6 to 6 7 12 percent, something like that. I can't remember 8 the State statistics. 9 COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Okay. It just 10 doesn't -- Deming is not listed here. It doesn't 11 say anything about Deming. It just has --12 MR. LONG: It's a misprint -- mis- -- or 13 something. 14 COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Thank you. Thank 15 you, Mr. Chair. 16 VICE CHAIR SHEARMAN: In the absence of 17 the Chair, I'm Carolyn Shearman, Vice Chair. 18 COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: I didn't know he 19

20 VICE CHAIR SHEARMAN: Any other questions 21 from Commissioners? Commissioner Peralta? No? 22 other questions?

23 COMMISSIONER GANT: I quess.

VICE CHAIR SHEARMAN: Commissioner Gant.

COMMISSIONER GANT: I'm looking, again, at



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was gone.



the -- at your basic document. And it also relates
to -- relates to the budget. In your basic
document, you say that you will implement a
breakfast and lunch program. It will be provided by
an approved contractor. And my question -- under
the Free and Reduced Lunch Program.

First of all, there's nothing budgeted in the food services. And my way of thinking, and what I know about school districts -- I did serve on a school board for eight years, I'm on the PSCOC, et cetera, et cetera; been in the schools a long time -- to serve food in a school, you need some kind of facility, hotlines. Whether you're cooking or not, someone has to have a hotline to keep the food -- refrigeration and et cetera. But there's nothing in the budget for equipment, personnel to help serve.

I understand you're talking about a contractor to do it. But there has to be somebody on this end to receive, be accountable, to store what's not -- et cetera. Can you explain this, please?

MR. SKINNER: Yeah. I budgeted a little bit of money in there for a -- for some equipment and for personnel. I apologize, again, for not





remembering exactly where it is in the budget.

The -- one of the facilities that we hope to be able to use here in the community is this community center. The portables would just be to the outside of us on some bare land out here. The park is right over here. We would use that as our -- one of our facilities also. There's basketball and volleyball. But if you'll notice in the back of this room, there is a kitchen. And that's the facility we're planning on using.

COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Are you saying you're going to put the school -- explain that again.

MR. SKINNER: There's about two-and-a-half acres of bare land just to the north of us out here. That's where we would anticipate putting in some portables. We would plan on -- we were trying to be very, very conservative with our facilities money to put it back into the classroom and to put it into adult education.

So we don't have a lot of facilities in our community to use, so we were trying to be creative. And creative would be contracting to use this facility part of the time, the park. The school district has a gymnasium that's just out here



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about 200 yards that is not being used. We would 1 2 ask them to be gracious in letting us rent that.

There's Ben Archer health facility right out here about 200 yards; they would be our school nurse; so if there's a child ill, we would send them over to the Ben Archer. And the County also has a facility out here that we would ask them to help us with that also.

9 COMMISSIONER GANT: I understood that that 10 old -- it's a high school?

11 MR. SKINNER: No, that's an elementary 12 school, the old elementary school.

13 COMMISSIONER GANT: I thought that was --14 was not to be used.

MR. SKINNER: I -- I'm not so sure about But there's a gymnasium there that's probably that. 20 years old that I think cannot be torn down and would be available to the community to use.

19 COMMISSIONER GANT: My discussions with 20 the PSFA, that that building is off limits.

21 That's --

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22 MR. SKINNER: Okay.

23 COMMISSIONER GANT: But the only money I 24 find in your food line is \$2,400, maybe up to

\$10,000. And that's for contracts. Now, I'm not





sure what that contract is for. But it's --1 2 MR. SKINNER: To contract with somebody here to receive and hold the food. 3 4 I'll go back up COMMISSIONER GANT: Okay. 5 to the top -- back to my -- I've got so many notes. 6 I don't know the page number right now on your -- on 7 your application. But you talk about your student 8 population, the size of it, the 395, I believe it 9 was? 10 Yes, sir. MR. SKINNER: 11 COMMISSIONER GANT: And some of them are 12 going to be coming from the middle school, some of 13 them from -- anyway, the numbers will get up -- and 14 then you make the comment in there that you 15 expect -- because of the program you will give, or 16 provide, in the charter school, that other students 17 from Luna County will want to commute to your school. 18 19 MR. SKINNER: That's correct. 20 COMMISSIONER GANT: Okay. Now, it's 21 confusing to me. You say that you don't want your 22 students from Columbus commuting to Deming. So how 23 can you justify students from across Luna County



Good question.

commuting -- commuting to Columbus to go to school?

MR. SKINNER:

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What we

really want in Columbus is quality education, okay?

Our -- my -- our elementary school now that my son

goes to is getting an F. It's not that I want him

to stay in Columbus. I want him to get the very

best education. If he could go up there and get a

better education, we wouldn't be having this charter

school hearing, okay?

I think people in Luna County are hungry for quality education and for better than Ds and Fs. So I think that's -- if we -- our plan is to do a quality program, to do an A or a B program. And I think people will send their children to here, will want to.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Okay. Let's say that they don't. And let's say that maybe this community has -- the one I came from, downsize; it's getting smaller and smaller, et cetera. And people don't commute here to bring students here, and the numbers that you are talking about to run this school, at a point it becomes economically not feasible to run a school. There's a point in time.

So I understand what you're saying about students possibly -- possibly wanting to commute.

But you're counting on that?

MR. SKINNER: Not counting on it a lot,





no. Presently, at this time, there's -- in all 1 2 grades, K through 6, there's 624 students at the 3 elementary school here. And -- and, probably, you 4 know, 100 of them are potentially -- each year, 5 students for here. COMMISSIONER GANT: And the others will go 6 7 to Deming. 8 MR. SKINNER: Some will choose to go to 9 Deming. 10 COMMISSIONER GANT: Mr. Chair, that's all 11 I have. 12 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: I have one last 13 question. 14 THE CHAIR: Commissioner Shearman. 15 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: I just have one 16 last question. I'm looking at Page 59 -- pardon 17 me -- of your application as evidence of support. 18 And while you all were -- while Commissioner Gant 19 was asking questions about numbers, I'm looking at 20 the numbers of students that you say their families 21 have shown their interest in having their children 22 attend the Columbus Community School. 23 Let's assume we can count all the sixth-graders, even though your school doesn't start 24 25 till seventh. If we gave it another year, there are



25 sixth-graders, ten seventh, three eighth, one ninth, and two eleventh. I believe that's 41?

Forty-one students interested in going -- attending this school.

And you have a projected first-year enrollment of 120. And from what I read here in the application, there have been efforts made to get the word out, to get people to show their interest, provide the forms to the public and so forth. I'm questioning the level of interest in your school.

MR. SKINNER: We feel there's a big level of interest. All we did -- we have very limited funds here. And so we went out into the community, mostly into Palomas, into Mexico, and visited families. So we visited 100 families over there. And that is where you get the numbers; 41, you know, like, sixth-graders were interested. And so we visited a broad range of families. So we visited 100 homes over there, and that's the numbers that we came up with.

Actually, I -- it's not for -- to present to you. But we have a petition here signed probably by 50 different families who could not be here today because they could not cross that are in support of this school.

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1 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. Thank you, 2 Mr. Chair. THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner 3 4 Shearman. Commissioner Gant. 5 COMMISSIONER GANT: One quick question. 6 know I've got 13 seconds. You talk about putting 7 portables back here, which requires infrastructure. 8 And you're not getting support from the State or the 9 Fed for up-front money if you get approved. 10 are you going to get the up-front money to put all 11 the infrastructure, the sewer, the lights, 12 everything, and move the portables in there? 13 MR. SKINNER: It's a challenge; you're 14 We're going to have to go out after grant 15 money, foundation money. And we also have some 16 private money that is -- is -- we're going to have 17 committed to us. 18 THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. Any 19 member of the public, including the -- the 20 participants -- including the applicants, may submit written input following this hearing. 21 Written 22 comments can be sent to the Commission via the Public Education Commission main Web site at 23 24 ped.state.nm.us, through the following:



The calendar listing on the front PED Web

1	page; through the Public Comments section on the
2	front PED Web page; using the link
3	ped.state.nm.us/comments. You will be directed to
4	an e-mail format in which to write your comment.
5	Make sure you identify the school you're commenting
6	on in the drop-down menu. Please note that any
7	written input must be received by no later than
8	close of business on the third business day
9	following the hearing on the application you wish to
10	comment on.
11	I want to thank you all for your
12	presentations and your hard work in preparing your
13	application. (Statement in Spanish.) I have to
14	thank the translator.
15	The Commission will now recess the hearing
16	until 11:00 a.m., where it will resume in the
17	community of Deming.
18	(Proceedings in recess at 10:50 a.m.)
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## REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I, Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR, CCR #219, Certified Court Reporter in the State of New Mexico, do hereby certify that the foregoing pages constitute a true transcript of proceedings had before the said NEW MEXICO PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION, held in the State of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo, in the matter therein stated.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand on August 30, 2012.

BEAN & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR-CRR, NM CCR #219

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