1	BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION
2	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
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4	IN THE MATTER OF:
5	LUNA CHARTER ACADEMY
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9	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
LO	CHARTER SCHOOL PUBLIC INPUT HEARING August 27, 2009
L1	3:57 p.m. Thomas Donnelly Library, Sanchez Lecture Hall
L 2	802 National Avenue Las Vegas, New Mexico
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20	REPORTED BY: Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR, CCR #219 Bean & Associates, Inc.
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4	MR. M. ANDREW GARRISON, Vice Chair MS. KATHRYN KRIVITZKY
5	MS. CAROLYN SHEARMAN MR. JEFF CARR
6	MR. VINCE BERGMAN
7	STAFF:
8	DR. DON DURAN MR. SAM OBENSHAIN MR. MICHAEL C DE BACA
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THE CHAIR: I call the meeting to order without having my notebook open at the right page. But I'll get there. I call this meeting back from The Public Education Commission is meeting for the purpose of a charter school public input hearing in Las Vegas, New Mexico, on August the 27th, 2009.

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I am going to ask the Commission members to give us their names and from what district they I'm going to recognize come in just a moment. Senator Campos. I know you're here for another purpose, but nevertheless, it's very nice to have you here with us, Senator.

SENATOR CAMPOS: Same here, Madam Chair. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: I also want to compliment the legislature for an action that you took. Prior to the last legislative session, when the Commission went throughout the state to the public hearings, the Attorney General told us that we had to have a quorum of six commissioners. And it didn't matter that, at one time, we were down to seven Commissioners. And that made it extremely difficult for us -- for us to meet.

And so the legislature changed that this





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last year to three Commissioners. And as you will
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     note, Senator, we have most of our Commissioners
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     here anyway. We do not have with us today Mr. Gene
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     Gant, whose brother-in-law passed away yesterday,
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     nor Mrs. Mavis Price, who has had a great deal of
     loss in her family and sickness, illness in her
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 7
     family.
              And so those two people are not here.
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               Mrs. Millie Pogna was with us in
 9
     Albuquerque, and I believe she's the only one who's
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     missing. But, at this point, we'll commence our
     roll call, Ms. Krivitzky, with you.
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                                          I think you're
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     the first Commissioner over there.
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               MS. KRIVITZKY:
                               My name is Kathryn
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     Krivitzky. I'm the Commissioner for District 3
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     which is the central Albuquerque area.
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               MR. BERGMAN: My name is Vince Bergman.
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     represent District 8, which is Chaves County,
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     Lincoln County, Otero County, and all or part of
19
     five other counties. I'm out of Roswell.
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               MS. SHEARMAN: I'm Carolyn Shearman.
     represent District 9, which is the far eastern slice
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     of the state. And I'm from Artesia.
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               MR. GARRISON: Good afternoon, everybody.
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                                  I represent District 1.
     My name is Andrew Garrison.
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     And it's the whole west side of Albuquerque.
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MR. CARR: I am Jeff Carr, and I represent 1 2 District 10, which covers northern Santa Fe, up to 3 Taos and over to Clayton. 4 Thank you. And I'm Catherine THE CHAIR: 5 Smith. I represent District 6, which is the southwestern corner of New Mexico, with the 6 7 exception of Dona Ana and Sierra Counties. 8 And so we do have a quorum of the 9 Commission. We also have the necessary three 10 members of the Commission to hold this public input 11 hearing. And so, at this time, are we going to do 12 the Pledge of Allegiance? 13 It's right over there. DR. DURAN: 14 THE CHAIR: Oh, there it is. Okay. So if 15 you would rise, ladies and gentlemen. 16 (Pledge of Allegiance and 17 Salute to the New Mexico Flag.) 18 THE CHAIR: Thank you, Mr. Garrison. 19 I think everybody participated in the State pledge. 20 That was really nice, folks. Thank you. All right. 21 We're to Item 4 on our agenda. The purpose of this 22 hearing is to solicit both written and oral input on 23 a proposed charter. In accordance with the Charter 24 Schools Act, quote, "The Commission shall receive 25 applications for initial chartering and renewals of



charter for charter schools that want to be chartered by the state and approve or disapprove those charter applications." End of quote. this is a citation from 22-8B-16, New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1978.

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In addition the Charter School Act states that, quote, "The chartering authority shall hold at least one public hearing in the school district in which the charter school is proposed to be located to obtain information and community input to assist in its decision whether to grant a charter school application. Community input may include written or oral comments in favor of, or in opposition to, the application from the Applicant, the local community, and, for State-chartered schools, the local school board and school district in whose geographic boundaries the charter school is proposed to be located." End of quote.

And this is a citation from 22-8B-6, New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1978. Our applicant this afternoon in Las Vegas, New Mexico, is the Luna Charter Academy. And in a few moments, we would like to hear from the Applicant. And, please, for the record, state the name of the school, the name or names of the founder or founders of the school,





the proposed grade levels to be served, and membership projection of the school. We ask that you state for the record a brief description of the school, the reasons you believe the school will benefit the children and citizens of this community, and any other information that you would like the Commission to know about your application.

You will have 15 minutes. So please be as precise as you can during this time. And are we ready with the timing? Thank you, Dr. C de Baca.

I'm going to give you that doctorate again. You may now begin.

DR. MARTINEZ: Good afternoon, members of the Commission. My name is Vidal Martinez. I am one of the founders of the Luna Charter Academy. We actually have five founders; myself, Ms. Flora Gallegos, Mr. P.J. Wolff, Mr. Ron Gonzales, and Mr. Lawrence Quintana. The name of the proposed school is the Luna Charter Academy. We're looking at serving eleventh and twelve graders. Our target population are students that are not currently being served by traditional public schools or students that are considered dropouts, if you will, or students that need to obtain the high school diploma.



The benefits of the Luna Charter Academy exceeds -- I apologize. This is a little -- we are looking at serving a population that's not being served in our community, not just in Las Vegas, but within the north central New Mexico. I'm talking about Raton, Santa Rosa, Mora, Springer. We have a population in this community that is not being served. This charter academy will partner with Luna Community College.

And what makes this academy unique is the relationship that the academy will have with the college. We feel it's important that our students are provided the opportunity. We have a significant number of students that need remediation. We have a significant number of students that have other issues that affect their success in school.

Now, one of mission -- one of our goals is to provide, if you will, that bridge from high school to college. We are looking at tying in our dual credit program, tying in the dual credit program at Luna Community College, where students that enter the charter school not only will earn high school credits, but they will also earn college credit at Luna -- at Luna Community College. Our goal is to provide that service, encourage the



students to graduate from high school, to graduate students from my school and have them continue on to post-secondary education.

We are looking at providing a flexible schedule of courses to meet the needs of the community. We do have a significant number of students that -- for several reasons, cannot attend school because of economic issues. They have to work or family commitments. They have to take care of their children and so forth. So we're looking at a flexible schedule.

This proposal is all about opportunity.

As I was going through the articles in the newspaper, "Graduation Rates Show Need For Real Reform," "Graduation Rate for State 54 Percent," "We Can't Turn Back," "New Mexico graduation rates between 1996 and 2006 compiled by Education Week shows little improvement." It goes on and on and on. Governor Richardson said Wednesday, on August the 5th, he wants to see 10,000 dropouts back in high school for the end of his term.

Every issue that is being addressed in the paper, the Academy is addressing it. It's important as a community, it is important as a society that we continue to strive to improve the quality of life





for all our citizens, for all our citizens. So, again, the Luna Academy is all about opportunity.

At this time, I would like to yield the remainder of my time to Dr. Campos.

DR. CAMPOS: Thank you very much,
Dr. Martinez. Madam Chair, members of the
committee. First of all, thank you to each of you
for not only the work that you're doing today, but
as you've traveled around the state, as you listen
to the many applications and the needs as you can
see throughout New Mexico to diversify in the way
that we present education.

To the individuals that are here also, both that will speak in favor and those that do have concerns, I wish to also thank you for this debate, for the communication and the dialogue that will take place today. This truly helps us to not only engage in some forward thinking when it comes to education, but to also continue to build the model that will bring about student success throughout our entire service area.

As you noticed, Dr. Martinez was somewhat emotional at the onset of his comments. I've had the opportunity this last year to listen to

Dr. Martinez as a young educator, in fact, he is, I



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understand, the youngest vice president for academics at any of our colleges across the state. So he brings to the table some thoughts, ideas, a lot when it comes to research. He validates that information. And he moves forward.

So what's happened under his leadership at Luna Community College? We've not only continued with the existing curriculum, but we've also tied in 13 new programs within higher ed at Luna. Along with that, if this charter is to be granted, this will give us another leading edge when it comes to providing educational services to the people of our service areas.

The other issue is, of course, with certification. When we go out there and we're looking to find credentialed personnel, when we look to insure that the credentials that we can provide to our students are there so that they can transfer, they can transition into the world of work, we're doing everything possible to make that -- that happen in their lives.

In today's world, when you take a look at the uncertain economy, when you listen to our president and how he is reaching out to community colleges, there is forward thinking. But what we're





talking about here within this northeastern quadrant of the state is how can we combine all of our resources to be as effective as possible to insure student success.

You may say, "Well, you're a post-secondary institution. Why do you want to engage in and support the Luna Charter Academy?"
For one very basic reason. Young people need opportunity. As I have gone throughout not only the community of Las Vegas, but this entire service area — and Dr. Martinez has already alluded to that — from Raton all the way to Pecos, cutting across from Mora, going into the Santa Rosa and Vaughn area, I've listened to young people, possibly 19 years of age, who have dropped out of school for whatever reason, whether it be because of an issue at home or any other issues that they've had to encounter.

And what they've asked for is an opportunity, a place where they can go to continue with their education. And what they're looking for is that opportunity. These people have children. They're possibly not married, and they're trying to put the entire package together so that they, too, at some point in their lives, will be very





productive. But they're looking for the opportunity.

So they're trying to overcome so many hurdles in their lives. And our goal is to also assist in that. If you can envision for a moment Luna Community College, the courses that we offer, the vocational side, the academic side. A young person coming to school, not the regular 8:00 to 3:00 hours, it could be in the evening, could be on weekends. But we work with them in their scheduling.

So what happens? They're working possibly at Taco Bell. And I, in no way, am trying to demean any business. But this is where I've encountered some of these young people. So whether it be Taco Bell, Wal-Mart, whether it be that they're undertaking a few hours of work because they need the other time to be a caregiver, either for a child or possibly even their parents. So they're working under these conditions.

But what we would do at Luna is we would provide them the housing. We would provide them the resources, the library, the technology, the vocational side that has already been mentioned. We talk about issues like concurring enrollment, dual



credit. So we would provide them with that spring board so that they could move forward.

And then, from there, we also provide them with counseling, with tutoring. And then we're also transitioning into the world of work. So from this, we're able to assist them so that they, too, at some point, will find a better than minimum wage job.

This is all about opportunity. In a service area where you see small communities, young people leaving education, the educational system as it is today, for whatever reason, it will be our thrust to insure that in this whole process, we do bring the significant components together so that they will be successful in their life.

A couple of other things in our part of the state. I've had the discussion with state leaders and others. But if you'll think for a moment and envision, along the I-25 corridor, the small communities that we have. Ranching and farming are a couple of the big industries in our area. We're losing young people to the larger areas. The Albuquerque and Rio Rancho area is an example. We want to keep them here. In doing that, in providing a place like the Luna Charter Academy, they can stay in their community of Springer,



Watrous, Wagon Mound, Mora, Anton Chico, Delia,
Dalia, Baca, Vaughn, these small communities,
because they'll be able to learn there through the
Academy, and also, if you will, through distance
education.

Then, from there, we figure out, in this whole component with the economic engines that we're working on, how we're going to tie that together.

So if it's going to be in the Raton area, we have the racetrack and casino that's going on. Here in Las Vegas, you know that we're known as a government community. Seventy-seven percent of the state of New Mexico is agriculturally driven. So as we build these programs, whether it be equine science, whether it be any of the other related fields that we're dealing with, the bottom line is, again, as Dr. Martinez has alluded to, it is about creating opportunity for those students that are going to be in need of a nontraditional way to be educated.

That's what we want to provide through this Academy, and, lastly, provide the opportunity so, truly, we do have student success. Thank you all very much for listening to us today.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Does that conclude

your presentation?





DR. MARTINEZ: Yes, ma'am.

THE CHAIR: All right. Thank you very much. We're now going to move to Section 7 of the agenda. And this is local school board and district representatives. At this time, we would like to hear from the local school board and/or district representatives. If you would come forward and state your name and title for the record.

And we would request that you state your reasons this charter school application should be approved by the Commission and/or reasons why this charter school application should be denied. You will have ten minutes, so please be as precise as you can during your time. Is there anyone from the school district? Yes, sir.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Should I come --

THE CHAIR: If you would do that, we would appreciate it. We're probably having some hearing difficulties. And so if you can come forward, it certainly is appreciated.

DR. ABREU: Thank you, Madam Chair, members of the committee. My name is Dr. Jim Abreu. I'm the Superintendent of the West Las Vegas Public Schools, former Dean of Education at Highlands University. I speak for West Las Vegas Schools and





1 | the School Board.

THE CHAIR: And what --

DR. ABREU: For the West Las Vegas Schools and the School Board. They have asked me to speak on their behalf. I speak in opposition of the Luna Charter Academy for various reasons. I have also been asked by several superintendents who are not here today to speak on their behalf. One is Jack Wiley from Clayton. One is Rick Hazen from Roy, and one is Dave Wilden from Raton. I'm not sure if Zeta Lopez made it here today. But she spoke to me and she's not in favor. She has concerns. Let me just put it that way, Madam Chair.

Those three superintendents, those three said no, they are not in favor of a charter school at Luna. I did speak with Albert Martinez also, and he was supposed to be here today. I don't know if he's here also. But he was -- had some concerns. So I'm not speaking on their behalf. But I'm just telling you what they shared with me, Madam Chair, and members of the committee.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. It's noted in the record, sir.

DR. ABREU: Thank you, ma'am. Speaking on behalf of West Las Vegas, the concerns that I





have -- before I continue, I want to thank you for the work you do and the time you spend. I know you travel the state. And I know this is a very, very challenging job you do. I have great respect for that.

I've spoken to your committee before on behalf of Highlands University and higher education. So I know what you do and I have great respect for that. I do know what you do and what you have to consider when you're doing this.

Speaking on behalf of West Las Vegas, we are serving this area. The Luna Charter Academy is in our school district. It's in the West Las Vegas district on the west side of Las Vegas. West Las Vegas is in that area. We think we're serving our students well. We have elementary schools. We have a couple of middle schools. We have the valley schools, elementary and middle schools. We have two high schools. We have our regular high school, West Las Vegas High School, and we have our alternative high school, our Family Partnership.

Our Family Partnership is a seven-through-twelve school that catches the dropouts from our regular high school. We have 20 juniors there right now, and we have nine seniors.





Those there kids who would have dropped out of our high school and not gotten an education. We think we have something in place right now in West Las Vegas that takes care of that.

Now, we do have a charter school, Rio Gallinas. That only goes up to the eighth grade. But that does not play a role here. But our alternative school, our Family Partnership, does catch those dropouts. So we think we are serving We had very few dropouts at West Las Vegas. I think my high school principal told me we maybe had four last year. The year before, we maybe had So we don't have a big problem at West Las Vegas. And any that do drop out, if we can catch them, they're those at-risk students, they're very challenged, they don't work well with other kids, they don't work well in a structured environment, our alternative, our Family Partnership, picks those kids up and takes care of them.

So especially that eleventh and twelfth grade cohort that the Luna Charter Academy is speaking to, we have those covered in West Las Vegas. Twenty juniors and nine seniors speak to that very directly.



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As a post-secondary institution, I am concerned of Luna taking on the K-12 area that -the area that we deal with. I'm concerned about it.
So community college, they're spilling over it, I think, into another area that maybe they should be careful of spilling into. That's just my concern there.

And my last concern that I will express is will this hurt the other public schools in our area. Your heard our esteemed gentlemen speaking about serving this northeast part of the state and the small communities. Well, I'm wondering in those schools -- and, certainly, their superintendents can speak better to it than I can -- would it have a negative impact on their juniors and seniors, you know, their graduation rates and those type of things to meet AYP, if some of them don't have the amount of students we have.

We have -- I think last year, we had

144 graduates, seniors. Some of those schools may
have ten, may have 20, may have 30 or 40. Will this
charter academy affect their momentum in those
schools in those small communities. That would be
probably the last concern I would express to you,
Madam Chair. If there are any questions from the





committee, I would stand for any questions.

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THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. We appreciate your input.

DR. ABREU: Thank you, Madam Chair.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Now, I think all of us know that Las Vegas is composed of two school districts. And I'm assuming that this school district, you've designated the West Las Vegas as the -- as the school district.

DR. DURAN: That is correct, because of the --

THE CHAIR: Because of the proposed location, the tentative location. So we have that clarified. We are to the place, No. 8, in our community input. Public comments and observations regarding the application will be heard at this time. There will be a four-minute time limit per presenter. Persons from the same group and having similar viewpoints are asked to select a spokesperson to speak on their behalf. Multiple and repetitious presentations of the same view will be discouraged.

At this time, is there anyone who would like to come forward under the -- item of community input and share with us your observations?





DR. DURAN: I think we have someone here. 1 2 Go ahead. UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I didn't know we 3 4 were done with the school presentations, Madam 5 Chair. Are there -- can all of us speak as either 6 district or board members, or was there just one 7 district allowable? 8 THE CHAIR: Well, I think that it's just, 9 as we have done it in the past, the school district 10 that is proposed to be the location for the school. 11 And then we have asked other people, other board members, other staff from other schools to come 12 13 under this portion where we are now, sir. 14 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you, ma'am. 15 THE CHAIR: So it basically covers the same -- the same idea. 16 17 DR. CORDOVA: May I step forward? 18 THE CHAIR: Dr. Ruben, I'm going to 19 I already had when you asked your recognize you. 20 question, sir. And then I'll get to you. 21 DR. CORDOVA: Good evening, members of the 22 Commission, Madam Chair. Welcome to Las Vegas. 23 It's a beautiful city. I know that in recent years, 24 we've had some negative publicity, but don't believe 25 all that.



THE CHAIR: Did you give your name to the recorder?

DR. CORDOVA: Ruben Cordova. And I'm a member of the community. I've had an opportunity to work with both the school district in this community as well as at the university level, and I am very much in favor of the Luna Academy Charter School. These are my reasons why.

In preparing for this, the 2007 Anna Casey Foundation published a report that used data from the 2000 census, which reported that about 30 percent of the students — the young people between ages 18 and 24 in this county, San Miguel County, when they were asked if they had a high school diploma or its equivalent, about 30 percent of them said they did not. So there is a huge population there of students that need an alternative, that need options.

We're living at a time when people want options, people need alternatives. And there's nothing wrong with that. We're here to prepare students, and that's what our mission should be.

And we should never tire in finding ways to create opportunities for kids.

I also had the opportunity to be





associated with the charter school that existed here in this community. So I know firsthand that there are a bunch of students, a bunch of students, age level, if you will, in this community, that are begging for options. And it is our -- I think it's our responsibility as adults to provide those opportunities for kids.

The 19 -- 2008 State Farm Insurance

Company published a report that called -- was titled

"Learn More and Earn More." And it published the

result -- or the, if you will, the income levels,

average income levels of people based on the level

of education. Based on that report, the average

level of income per year for people who are dropouts

was about \$26,000, average, across the country. For

people who had at least an associate's degree, it

was about \$41,000, per year. So you're talking a

difference in salary of about \$15,000 annually.

You compound that over a period of a person's working life, which is now, because of the economy, it's probably 30 to 40 years, and you're probably looking at a difference in lifetime earnings of \$600,000. It has huge economic significance, if you will.

We need to do everything possible to get





more kids to achieve at least a high school diploma. 1 2 And my wish would be that they would also achieve 3 the equivalent of an associate's degree. And my 4 understanding is that one of the purposes of this 5 academy would be to get those students to complete a high school diploma, while at the same time 6 7 completing the equivalent of an associate's degree 8 or perhaps the core courses for a four-year degree.

So I endorse it wholeheartedly. And I don't think that there's any -- there's no need to be suspicious that there's going to be competition here, because we are at an age when we have to provide opportunities for people. And to do anything less, I don't think would be responsible.

Thank you very much for your time, and I know that you will grant this application the highest consideration. And I thank you for your efforts.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Dr. Cordova. Will the gentleman in the yellow shirt now come forward, please, sir.

MR. ROMERO: Madam Chair, members of the Commission, Dr. Duran and your staff, my name is Rick Romero. I'm the superintendent of schools with the Las Vegas City Schools. I've been the

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superintendent with the Las Vegas City Schools now for a year. I walked into a situation where we basically had concluded and absorbed the previous charter school that was in the community. arrived in the district, we were two years behind on our audits largely due to that charter school. Okay?

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These are concerns that -- that I want this Commission to understand is that, you know, the districts generally absorb that responsibility. And I understand that Luna is accepting that responsibility. I'm concerned that we're creating feeder schools for our post-secondary institutions and the precedent that this would set for other institutions of higher ed around the state.

You have several superintendents that are in this building today. We are passionate about what we're doing with our children. And we are working as hard as we conceivably can to educate every single child. And we understand what those -those obstacles are that we deal with every day.

We have worked very cooperatively with our institutions of higher ed when it comes to dual and concurrent enrollment. And, you know, right now, we have approximately 34 or -- I believe 34 students

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that are presently enrolled at Luna Community via
the dual or concurrent enrollment program. What's
going to happen when these students decide that they
would just rather -- not remedial, as Dr. Vidal
Martinez and Dr. Campos alluded to, not as a
remedial program, but as, "Hey, this isn't a bad
deal. So now I'm going to drop out of Robertson
High School, enroll in this charter school."

And that is going to have a significant impact on our schools. And every child that we lose is going to continue to affect what we can do with the budgets that we have in this day and age. This does concern me. We are a fairly small community. We have two school districts. We have two higher ed institutions. It does concern me. And — and what concerns me is not the fact that this is a remedial program. For those kids that they're picking up that are dropouts, I say, absolutely. We need to do whatever we can to get these kids back in school.

What concerns me are the kids that are happily enrolled right now that are going to drop out of our schools to enroll in this school, and it's going to change its -- its nature at some point. It's not going to solely be based on remedial programs. It's going to change in its





1 | nature. That's what concerns me.

2 And I think the two schools that are going 3 to hurt the worst out of this are the West Las Vegas 4 Schools and the East Las Vegas Schools. I would ask 5 you to please, please take into consideration the 6 precedent that this would set in having an 7 institution of higher education having a charter 8 school which is now in direct competition with K-12public schools. That does concern me considerably. 10 Madam Chair, members of the committee --11 Commission -- thank you very much.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, sir. Yes, ma'am.

Young lady right here.

MS. WARD: Step forward?

THE CHAIR: If you would, please. It

16 helps us.

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MS. WARD: Madam Chair, members of the Commission, welcome. Thank you for providing us this opportunity to provide our input in reference to the Luna Academy Charter School. My name is Mary Ward. And I am the vice president for student services at Luna Community College. My departments directly work with department -- with issues pertaining to student services.

Las Vegas is viewed by many as an





educational community. And as a community, we do provide opportunities for students to obtain their educational goals. However, I don't believe that we are reaching all of our youth. And they're not being provided with the opportunity to reach their educational endeavors. We have youth who are forced to work in order to support their young families. We have youth who, for some reason or other, do not wish to continue on with the public school setting.

We also have youth who are experiencing lots of barriers, whatever they may be, from personal to whatever, personal barriers they are encountering. These barriers are keeping them from reaching their goals. If we, as a community, are serious about educating our youth, we must provide access to all students.

The proposed charter school will operate as a nontraditional school, which will provide opportunities for its students to participate in a nontraditional model and schedule. This type of model will reach out to meet the needs of our youth. It is the ultimate intent of the proposed charter school to render educational services so that all our youth in our communities are provided with the access they otherwise are not privy to in our



traditional settings.

At this time, I stand for questions. I thank you for your time, and I trust that you will give the Luna Charter Academy the consideration it deserves. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.

Gentleman in the plaid shirt? Yes, sir. I have a couple of three more here that I see. Thank you.

MR. GALLEGOS: Madam Chair, Commissioners. My name is James Gallegos. I'm Superintendent of Schools of Cimarron. Cimarron wasn't mentioned in the coverage area. But I do have some concerns. As a superintendent of a school with a charter -- and I think Dr. Duran can attest to this -- we have probably one of the best relationships, if not the best relationship in the state with a charter school. We work very hard. It wasn't easy to get that. It's a charter school in a small school district of less than 500 students.

I have some concerns over the greater issue of charter school law in terms of the way this affects. Yes, the charter school will be setting up in one community, but impacting several school districts. Will there be a public hearing in each of those school districts to discuss the impact of



the -- of the charter school? It's my knowledge that cyber -- the cyber school academy law has certain restrictions on MOUs between school districts and other school districts who are offering online courses that have to be done. There's a lot of devils in the details that I see coming out here.

One of the big ones, too, that would impact a district like mine would be the 10 percent enrollment that a charter school can have of the district's total enrollment. Ours has already been exceeded and grandfathered in for our charter school. So how will this impact this? Will it be 10 percent of the enrollment of Raton, of Springer, of all of these districts that we said, or 10 percent of the home district?

I see a lot of things there. I do see a need to serve an underserved population of students between the ages of probably about 19 and 25 who have dropped out of school. If that be the case, then I would say that this charter school would well serve some of the communities like the Eagle Nest Reintegration Center, students who are incarcerated or in a situation to where they need to be rehabilitated that a traditional school district





such as Cimarron cannot handle. That is very difficult for us to do.

There is also questions, too. And again,
the devil is in the details. The New Mexico

Activities Association. When charter schools come
into play, there's really a lot of gray area on how
this works with how kids are eligible and not
eligible. And there are issues that we've had to
work through with our charter school.

These are things that I would like this

Commission -- and I would ask this Commission -- to

really consider before granting such a broad scope

to a charter school and allowing them to do. Some

of these issues need to be taken up by our

legislature. They need to address these. They need

to work on them and give us a viable law for charter

schools.

Madam Commissioner, thank you very much for this opportunity. If there is any questions, I will stand for those.

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.

Appreciate that. The lady in the -- I guess the tan sweater? Is that a tan sweater you have on?

Something?

MS. McLEOD: I think so. Thank you.



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THE CHAIR: And I'll get somebody from over here in a minute.

MS. McLEOD: Hello.

THE CHAIR: Hello.

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MS. McLEOD: Madam Chair, members of the committee and Commission. I am Cindy McLeod, director of Rio Gallinas Charter School. At this time, I am very dedicated to children in this I have worked in West Las Vegas Schools community. for 20 years, and so I have met many of these dropouts and know that there's a lot of reasons why they drop out. And I am really disappointed in the process so far because of the lack of dialogue. was not invited to any meetings to discuss what do our eighth-graders need, what do you think these children in this community need. And I think without that dialogue, where we have all the stakeholders, the superintendents of both districts, outlying districts, principals, parents, students, we're not going to create a school that is different.

And schedules is one thing. But most of the students that I know that are dropouts, it's not because of the schedules. It is because they have a different way of learning, and they need education





to be different for them. And I haven't heard how this charter school is going to teach these students differently. And I want to be a part of that process. And I want the other members of our community to have that opportunity.

So I'm not really -- I'm completely for charters and alternative education and nontraditional ways of teaching. But I'm not for starting another school that teaches in a way that is not going to meet these kids' needs. So I ask that we take a step backwards, have these meetings with our community and then see if we can really create the school that they need.

And I want to hear the students as a part of that, because I haven't been invited to any of those. Those meetings might have taken place, but I haven't heard about this. Let's ask the students and ask the parents and wait. And if it's -- if we can create it, let's go for it. But let's do it in the right way. Thank you. Do you have any questions?

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. I'll take the gentleman in the dark blue plaid shirt and the gray jacket, it looks like.

MR. PETERSON: Madam Chair, Commission





members, my name is Chuck Peterson, Charles 1 2 Peterson. I am in an unusual situation here because Dr. Campos and Dr. Abreu are both my employers. 3 4 work at Luna Community College. I teach one of the 5 distance learning classes, a class in American literature. I have students from Mora, from 6 7 Clayton, from Santa Maria, from Albuquerque. Those 8 are the names that come to mind just at the moment. And I teach those folks between 6:00 and 8:50 every 10 Monday night. 11

I work Monday through Thursday for Dr. Abreu at the Family Partnership School, where I teach Algebra II, two sections. And I teach a section in geometry. I previously worked at Rancho Valmora, where we worked with specifically behaviorally disturbed children. These were children that were victims of some fairly extraordinary abuse, including self-abuse that, in many cases, resulted from their -- the previous abuse that they experienced at the hands of their siblings, their parents, other relatives. And they found themselves, in many cases, able to support themselves by no other choice than working the streets. As soliciting sex, or providing sex for solicitors, if you will.



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That school no longer exists. And its clientele, frankly, overlaps in no way with the clientele that I work with at Luna, nor at West. But many of the same issues that resulted from that abuse and that we attempted to address at Valmora were, in fact, some of the self-abusive behavior that our current students are dealing with.

Drugs -- well, just let me say, behavior that was dangerous to them.

And our purpose at Valmora and, of course, our purpose at Family Partnership specifically, as a charter school, is to provide a safe environment where children are safe from others and from themselves.

I envision a school as a three-legged stool. The stool itself is the customers. And I speak from a business background, having worked for 14 years for Kodak and a number of other companies. The three stakeholders are the faculty, the management/administrative staff, and the community, and, in many cases, the parents. The stool cannot hold up if any of the stakeholders are not taken care of.

The students cannot be nurtured, cannot be taken care of if any -- if the stool falls over,





frankly. Let me assure you that the students who need a place like Luna Academy are numerous and many in this community. I've seen them. You've seen I certainly have met them at West, and at Luna, where I've been a teacher. I think it is dangerous, and one of the previous speakers spoke to the concern about what effect does this have on other communities. I would say there's a danger if we take away the best faculty, the best students. I think there are quality faculty and students out there who would benefit. Thank you. Any questions? THE CHAIR: Thank you, sir. Is there anybody in the center of the room who wants to Yes, sir, in the white shirt there. Good afternoon, Madam Chair. MR. ADAMS: THE CHAIR: Good afternoon. MR. ADAMS: My name is Michael Adams. am raised and born in Las Vegas, a graduate of West Las Vegas. I am currently the IT director at Luna Community College, previously the science, math, and



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College.

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There's not a school behind me that I see

engineering technology director at Luna Community

a superintendent I haven't written a grant for that

I don't believe so wholeheartedly in these schools,

these high schools, writing Carl Perkins and writing

these grants to bring the engineering levels up, bring it to where I didn't have the standard when I grew up here.

I believe the high schools are doing it.

I believe that they're doing a great job. But I believe there's still a hole, and I believe we're still lacking. I believe, like Dr. Martinez was saying, there are a lot of them that are out there that won't come back. If I'm 21 without a high school diploma, I'm not going back to high school and I'm not going to come back and ask, "Would you help me out at the high school so I can get my diploma?"

I'll go try to work towards my GED or I'll go get a job or I'm going to sit at home. that's what I believe. I believe there's a place that we have a hole. There's a hole where we can go fix them. And let me tell you, Luna Community College is a great college. I believe, since I've been there going on four years -- I started Luna Community College with an engineering department that had five students. I went from 5 to 350 in two years, because I was passionate about it. I went to my community where I grew up and I said, "Come here. Try it. See if you like it. Come to Luna. Take a



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taste of college. Let's let you get through either the GED program, get your diploma, or do what it takes to do."

I'm very passionate about what I believe in, because I still see the lack of what I saw back in 1977 when I graduated. I left Las Vegas in a month only because there were no jobs, no opportunity. I joined the United States Air Force. I did that for 14 years, got a great education. Aeronautical engineering; no degree, but a lot of education. Now, let me tell you, from there, I got fired by Boeing Aerospace, did well there. Decided to come home and retire, was blessed enough to get a job at Luna Community College as an engineering director, or chair. I love the position I did because I could do what I do best. I sell. And I go to these young kids and I sell the high schools, which are doing a fantastic job.

Like I said, every high school here, I've done a lot of work with. Every charter school, I've done a lot of work with, bringing math, science, and engineering to the high school. I think we need to do something a little bit different. We know that it changes. We know that Albuquerque opens a charter school almost every year.



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Santa Fe. I taught, at Santa Fe Community College this summer, an engineering class to middle school kids. There's two charter schools or technology schools opening in Santa Fe. So is there a need? I think there's a need. Do I want to take away from my West Las Vegas or from anybody, Mr. Romero, or from Dora, who I grew up with? I don't want to take their students. Do I want to Most definitely. Do I want to get the help them? lost? Most definitely. And that's what I think we could do at Luna Community College.

I run the IT department. Dr. Campos asked me a couple of weeks ago, "Mike, can we teach a class in China?" I said, "Sure. We have the bandwidth. They have the bandwidth. We can make that happen."

So we believe. We have strong goals, and we believe that everyone in New Mexico should be educated. I've looked at the stats. Again, I can't tell you exact percentage. But there's 60 percent out there without a high school diploma. If I'm 34 years old, I'm not going back to high school. Maybe we could bring you a trade. Maybe we could get you a high school diploma to take you to a trade, take you into engineering. It's never too late.



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I believe it can never end, and the only ones that are going to stop it is ourselves. I think that's what we've done for a long time in our community. We've stopped it ourselves. I want to bring it all back, bring it back so we have the best of the best. We have the best high schools in the area, and we also have the best college in the area.

As a community college, I did not steal from Highlands University. But I'll sure come recruit for physics and different things I taught at Luna, engineering and so on. It didn't seem to bother Highlands. So, again, we're not trying to crush the high schools. All we're doing is just trying to give everybody the same opportunity to have the greatest education you can have in this country. Again, we're rural. This is what we have to do. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. I take the young lady -- I think it's the maroon colored blouse or dress you have on there? Jacket?

Something.

MS. ROMERO: Good afternoon, Madam Chair, members of the committee.

THE CHAIR: Good afternoon.

MS. ROMERO: My name is Dora Romero. I'm

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the Superintendent of Schools in Mora. And thank you for taking the time to be here this afternoon.

I don't want to sound redundant. I just want to express that I, too, have concerns as the other area superintendents who are opposed to the Luna Academy have already voiced. I believe it is a noble effort to try to help those students that have dropped out of school that we definitely need to provide education to. They are part of our community. But my question is are we going about it the right way.

I believe that by establishing this academy, it eventually will impact our enrollment. Those of us that are very rural, as all of you are probably aware, have limited financial resources as it is. If our enrollments start declining, what'll end up happening is that we will be forced to limit what we offer our students in our high schools. Therefore, we'll be impacting the students that are left there. And they also need the best education that we can provide to them. I thank you for taking the time to listen to my concerns, and I stand for questions.

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.

Somebody -- yes, the young lady in the black with





the white blouse.

MS. MARTINEZ: Madam Chair, Commission members. My name is Alexandra Martinez. And I'm a student, and I would like to speak upon a student. It's all about opportunities for students. And I believe students and parents should be able to have the opportunities to attend a public or a charter school.

In a small community, I think a charter school will benefit all students. As a student myself, I am aware of struggling times and understand -- and I understand how difficult high school can be. Let's face it. High school isn't for everyone. And we need to do something about that.

Since Luna Community College is housing -housing the charter school, they will be offering
dual credit. And other high schools have dual
credit. But my understanding, when I was in high
school, we only had -- were able to take so many
classes. The rest, we had to pay for.

The opportunity for a student to go to college and not have to pay for it is amazing. I wish I had that opportunity. And I wish other students that I saw struggle in high school would be

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able to have this opportunity, and our community.

Instead of letting students fall through the cracks,

let's give them hope, opportunities and choices to

exceed in life. Within -- whether they would like

to go to a public school or a charter school, it

should be their choice. It's all about the

students. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Is there someone in the center of the room? Anybody in the center of the room? Okay. I'll move over here. Yes, sir, in the red shirt.

MR. HERRERA: Thank you, Ms. Smith, commission members. My name is Roy Herrera. And I'm the Superintendent from the Pecos Schools.

First of all, I want to compliment Luna Community College on extending opportunities to the school districts. I think it's been wonderful. Currently, we send 87 of our eleventh and twelfth graders to Luna on Tuesdays and Thursdays, by bus. They get to the school at about 7:30. They depart at 8:00.

They're at Luna, classes start at 9:00. They are done by 2:00, and they're back home and ready to go at 3:00.

Over the past five years, we have sent over 300 students to Luna, eleventh and twelfth





graders. But yet I am opposed to the Luna Community
College Charter School. First of all, I am very
upset that we were not communicated with. Our
northeastern regional ed center had invited Luna
Community College representatives six months running
to come and attend, communicate with us regarding
what they were planning to do so we would have a
better idea, voice our concerns, share ideas with
them. We did have them attend one meeting, which
basically, Dr. Martinez says, "We'll get back to
you," and since had not returned.

We continue to ask for meetings to get input, which I think would have been really nice for the school districts. That would have eased a lot of the concerns that they have. I think that communication lack needs to be looked at and addressed when looking at the application and the processes that they're doing.

I know that our students have benefited.

A concern that I have that you've heard from other superintendents is the competition piece. Well, let me tell you. Right now, on Mondays and Wednesdays and Fridays, our students are taking a lot of our core classes there at the school. The potential of being full-time students at Luna Community College



taking dual credit courses and establishing
themselves a little differently -- because I have
not been explained their processes -- it's a concern
to me. What would that do to a small community like
Pecos and devastating the program?

We have 700 total students, K-12. So to potentially lose all of our juniors and seniors that are attending Luna Community College, if they choose to do that, what would that do for the rest of our program?

Yes, I've heard the efforts that they're talking about, reaching out to the dropouts and really establishing that. But in quoting Dr. Martinez in his final sentence of the description of the thing, he said, "and general diploma." And so what that means, it's not just open for the dropouts. It's open for the rest that want to work on that general diploma.

So that's a concern that we have. I really would like to have more conversations with Luna Community College regarding this charter school. Once again, Commission, thank you for coming. I know you do a tremendous job. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Mr. Herrera. Okay.

I think -- yes, ma'am.





MS. SANCHEZ: Madam Chairman, members of the Commission. I hadn't planned to speak, so I don't have anything prepared. But my name is Faviola Sanchez, and I run the Zoe Pregnancy Center here in Las Vegas. And I hadn't really heard a lot about the charter school. But what I do want to present is that for you that are considering this charter school, that you would consider that we have many, many girls now in high school.

I have clients not only here in Las Vegas, but from Pecos, Anton Chico, Roy, Cimarron, Mora.

They come, and they're pregnant, and they're having to drop out of school. And many of these schools don't have programs for girls that are pregnant.

They end up having to drop school because they can't attend classes.

I applaud Robertson High School because they still have a program for the pregnant girls.

But for many of us, the present programs at the high schools don't. So I would both encourage the superintendents from the schools that are here to consider that, because this is something that the girls need. And if they can't provide it, then maybe Luna should provide it.

But I do encourage you to consider the



girls that are pregnant that quit school because they feel they would have no other choice, and what can they offer their children if they don't have a high school education? We want to -- we encourage them to stay in school. We work with them to try and stay in school. And we would like the schools also to work with these pregnant girls and try and keep them in school as well. So we thank you for your consideration and your time. Stand for questions.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Thank you very much. Yes, sir.

MR. GONZALES: Good afternoon, Madam
Chair, and members of the Commission. Welcome to
Las Vegas. My name is Roger Gonzales. I'm the
director of Institutional Support and Advancement
for the Mora Independent Schools. I come today in
opposition to this charter school not because of the
principle that it's being founded on, but many of us
rural schools recognize that we're cited numerous
times in this document, four or five to be exact,
and our concern is in ten years that I've come back
to Mora, enrollment has dropped nearly 400 kids.

And to hear that they're going to offer our students opportunity to relocate and migrate



from our community just adds and compounds to the problem that we have in rural communities; the migration of our young families outside of the area. So when we talk about discovery learning, enrichment learning, it's not to relocate our kids to learn somewhere else. It's how to create opportunities within our communities for the kids.

This afternoon, we've heard a lot of statements about opportunity. And I don't think we celebrate as rural schools how much opportunity we provide to our kids. We have examples of kids from our schools that have graduated with not only their diploma, but an associate's of general education starting as juniors in school. So there's a lot of good things going on in the schools. And I think what many of the superintendents that are here this afternoon is that the partnership between public ed and higher ed needs to continue, and the avenue of that charter school is not the way to proceed.

Thank you. Stand for questions.

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. The gentleman in the blue T-shirt, I believe, back there.

MR. BACA: Hello, Madam Chair and

25 | Commission members. I'm Jesse Baca. I'm a college



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New Mexico Highlands University. I support the founding of a charter school, because many people in Northern New Mexico do not have high school diploma or GED. And being that in Northern New Mexico is mostly comprised of state and government jobs, most state and government jobs require that, at least as a minimum, to get employment.

So it'll help Northern New Mexico in that -- I mean, you have their employment, higher employment rates at state and government jobs. And in order to sustain these jobs, we need to get these people educated, at least a basic high school education, GED program, something for them.

Then also as mentioned earlier about people with different learning styles, many students do not learn in traditional high school settings such as lectures and books and stuff. Many students learn in a laboratory setting or a shop setting. People are more hands-on. And this will help them approach it better, because many high schools do not have welding programs or laboratory science programs as good as Luna Community College.

Luna Community College has better trade programs and science programs, one of the best





nursing programs in the state. This will also help 1 2 those students who are in those areas. Some 3 students just aren't interested. And sure, they 4 need the basic education, because they're not 5 interested in receiving the extra stuff that they They want to get their career 6 don't need to learn. 7 started right away. And this will help with the 8 dual credit, getting both high school and college 9 credit.

And also, I think it's -- should be -it's a community college. I mean, they're serving
the community with this school. It shouldn't be an
issue of who's taking students from whose districts
or whatever. As long as the whole community is
educated in the end, that's all that matters is -it shouldn't be competition who has higher
enrollment and who doesn't. And that's all. Thank
you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Thank you. Way back there at the back.

MR. QUINTANA: Good afternoon. My name is Lawrence Quintana. I'm the Human Resource Director for Luna, and one of the founders of the Luna Academy. One of the things that I think everyone is missing is that decisions to attend academy or

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traditional schools are usually made by the family core. I have five kids that I've raised from two different sets of families. And some of my kids have attended West Las Vegas alternative school and traditional school at West Las Vegas. That decision was made based on the child's needs, not on whether they were going to benefit the school or the charter school.

I look at benefiting the student themselves. And that was the decision made by our family to benefit that child. That was an opportunity that they had. And I think that we have to allow families that have those needs to make those decisions. We're trying to say how it's going to impact those schools. If we provide good products to our students, we're going to keep the students if we're providing the needs of those students.

I attended West Las Vegas, went to school, and I was very satisfied with the school system.

But I like the traditional school setting. I thrived in that. I played sports, and I did those things. But some of my kids didn't thrive in that. They wanted the alternative schools. They wanted the opportunity. They wanted to have more expanded



opportunity.

And I think that we are missing the boat. The families are going to make those decisions. And they need the opportunities. In the urban setting, they're getting those opportunities. In the rural setting, we're saying "No, we don't have enough resources, but we don't want to give you that setting."

I think that this charter school gives that opportunity in a rural setting for the families to make the decisions which is in the best interest of their children. And I think -- I thank you for coming this afternoon, and hope that you would consider the charter school.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Is there anybody on this side? Yes. Hello.

MS. GALLEGOS: Hello. My name is Flora
Gallegos, community member, also a parent. But I'm
in support of the charter school. I believe there
were quite a few students whose needs are not being
met here in the community. And even though there
are some alternatives that are available here. As
many other members of the audience have stated,
there are not only pregnant girls, but expecting
fathers and other students who are just not able to



attend a regular school during those regular school hours who need to be served as well.

And the fact that those students would be served very well if they were in urban setting and are not being served here in this rural setting makes a big difference to a lot of people here.

Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. There's a lady here in front.

MS. ARAGON: I'm Dorothy Aragon. Thank
you for letting me speak. I'm a parent. And I'm
just -- I'm for this charter school because I have a
child. And he had bad experiences in the public
schools. And -- and the school that he was
attending now had to close down because of money
problems. So I was looking for a school. So I
looked for Partnership. They didn't have enough
room.

He's in the seventh grade. And so I -- I enrolled him in another -- another Christian school, which he's -- he loves, and I love it, too. But I was -- but I called the charter school in Luna to see what was what. And they told me it was just for eleventh and twelfth grade. But that's it. But I'm for it, because the future, I'm sure that my son --



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I'm for school choice. And I'm sure my son, as -he loves where he's at right now, but I'm sure that
he would like to -- I want him -- to give him the
opportunity to see if he can better himself.

And I love this thing -- the charter school in Luna that they're offering them, like, vocational, and even their associate's. And because I want him to finish his school, even if it's -- if I home school him, I'm willing to do it.

But I'm for the charter school. I'm a concerned parent. And, like I said, my child had a bad, bad experience in the public schools. And he will not go to a public school. He tells me he will not go. So I know he's going to be a dropout if I would send him. So, that's me, Dorothy Aragon. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. I think I had somebody -- yes, ma'am.

MS. LOPEZ: Good afternoon.

THE CHAIR: Hello.

MS. LOPEZ: Madam Chairman and members of the Commission, my name is Vita Lopez, and I am the Superintendent from the Springer Schools. And I'm very fortunate. I want to say, first off, that we have a Luna satellite line school at our community.





And we work hand in hand. We have a very good working relationship. My students are able to attend Luna during the course of the schoolday. I bus them to Luna and back. And they even have the opportunity to take night classes.

So we have -- they do get the dual credit and concurrent enrollment. However, I'm opposed at this point, just because I agree with some of my fellow superintendents that we weren't invited to discuss a little bit about these options or what this academy school or charter school was going to entail or how it was going to affect the small districts, especially, for example, Springer.

We have 200 students, K through 12. I lose two or three students, that hurts the resources that — the money resources that I have and affects the education throughout the — it impacts my school entirely. And so I think since we have had a good working relationship, I think if we at least were involved and be able to come to the table and discuss some of how it was going to impact the school and how we can work together, I think, in the long run, I think it would be a positive thing, for the students that are dropouts that we need to address, because we definitely do.



But I'm proud to say, in Springer, we've done a good job. We have -- we are small. And I think that's our advantage, that we're able to work with students, even if -- for example, it was mentioned young ladies that are pregnant. We work with those students. We still keep them within the school and graduate them. So we're fortunate.

Again, we're lucky. But if I lose two or three students, then I'm starting to worry. It's impacting my money and the resources to provide any education to the rest of the students. So if we could just come to the table and talk and discuss some of these issues so we could better understand -- I haven't seen the application. But I would really like to know how is it going to impact our districts. And so just being able to discuss some of those issues, I would really love to discuss those issues. Thank you very much for listening, and I appreciate it.

THE CHAIR: I have a lady over here.

Thank you very much.

MS. ROMERO: Hello, Madam Chair and members. Hello. My name is Patricia Romero, and I am the dual credit director at Luna Community College. And I'm here today in regards -- to my

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Statement in regards to I do believe that the Luna Charter School would be a benefit from students. I come from a background where I worked at a private Christian academy in Mora with a pastor. Then he relocated out of state and it closed.

Our first year, we were at maximum, and there was a waiting list. The reasons for those were, one, disappointment with some of the education of the schools. Some had different learning techniques, and the academies were able to provide an opportunity to meet the needs of those students and family members. My children, themselves, attended the academy. And my reason for that was because when I was in the high school, I was a supervisor. Students came in with a third- and fourth-grade reading level.

You need a minimum of at least an eighth-grade reading level to be able to be successful in life. So that's what my choice, as parent, was to provide that opportunity for my children. I had a brother-in-law who, my father-in-law passed away when he was in high school. The counselor, at that point in time, told him, "Take time off. Come back when you're ready." You don't tell that to a child, because, at that





point, they're still maturing. To this day, he has not returned to school, wished he had that opportunity.

I work with over 700 students from all the way up to Cuba down to Santa Rosa. And I do meet with a lot of young mothers who are trying to go to school, went to a local academy, the -- and which it's nationally accredited. The credits were not accepted by the high school. And you have 17 years old young women, mothers wanting to get their education, provide for their recall family who are reclassified freshmen. I believe in retention, but I think that that is a challenge. And I am happy that they're willing to come back and get their education.

I believe that this charter school would meet the different and diverse needs of students. Right now, when the charter school, Bridge Academy, closed here in Las Vegas, I tried doing outreach. I was just in the community. I met with about eight of the students who should junior, senior status, not attending school right now. We have a lot of home schooled students that could take advantage of this charter school.

So I do ask that you take into





consideration those needs of those students who are out there, who want the opportunity but just don't have it at this point. So I am in support, and I want to thank you for your time, and I appreciate your attention. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. I thought there was somebody that I said I'd do next here. Is there somebody? Is there anybody else, then, who wishes to -- yes.

MS. ULIBARRI: Madam Chairman, Committee.

My name is Darlene Ulibarri, and I am the Assistant

Superintendent for the Pecos Independent School

District. I am a West Las Vegas High School

graduate. And, I was educated and raised by

Las Vegans. I have three daughters, two of which

went to school at Luna Community College and one who

goes to school at UNM.

And although they were successful in school, it's not my time to talk about my children, but more to ask the committee to focus on the lack of the details in the Luna strategic plan. We had a president of a college and a vice president of the college with 15 minutes to impress upon people in the audience as well as the committee that they are providing something different, something



stimulating, something unique. I heard no detail.

People and businesses can do well when there's a plan, a time line. People respond. I didn't hear any of that. I haven't read any of that. And I didn't scan any of that in the application. We're assuming, as a group of people, that their curriculum is set. Nobody representing Luna at the table today gave us any kind of idea that they're going to do something different that we haven't done, or, through our partnerships with them, that we aren't already doing.

So I ask why. Why? Why take an opportunity through approving an application on a chance that a community college charter school can do a better job than several districts are already doing as a partner with that charter school? With the lack of the detail in that technical piece is why people on the public education side are concerned.

Yes, in the end, it will come to enrollment. Yes, enrollment will translate itself into dollars. But when push comes to shove today, I didn't hear anything that would motivate me, as a parent, to say, "I would like to send my student there." Thank you.





THE CHAIR: Thank you. Yes, ma'am.

MS. BROWN: It's with some hesitation that

I come up here to speak to you. But good evening,

4 | Madam Chairman and Commission. My name is Wilma

5 Brown, and I'm a local attorney. And one of the

6 | things that I -- I also graduated from Robertson

7 | High School. I've been a teacher forever, as well

8 as being an attorney. I teach for Luna Community

9 | College, and I also teach for Highlands University.

I've taught for the West Las Vegas school system and the East Las Vegas school system, and I
I'm a graduate of the East Las Vegas school system.

What I hear in the voices here, especially from the superintendents, is fear. They're going to take our

15 students away from us, and we're going to lose money

and then we're not going to be able to provide the

17 programs that we're providing.

I deal with a lot of teenagers, mostly boys, in the juvenile justice system. I'm also responsible for having started the juvenile drug court, because there wasn't a treatment program available in this community for kids. If they're not going to treat their problems, they're going to kick them out. And that's what I found over and

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over again with these boys is that they were kicked

out of the school system.

They jumped from West Las Vegas to East

Las Vegas back to West Las Vegas. And jumping back
and forth, they were losing credits. They weren't

receiving an education. Probably the kids' fault.

That's what I was told. They didn't have any
encouragement from home, and they certainly didn't
have any encouragement from their teachers. They
were problem children, and nobody likes dealing with
problems. Nobody likes change.

When I started teaching for Highlands
University, they said, "You're going to have to
teach your class on the Internet." And I said, "Oh,
no. Can't do that. I want face-to-face. I can't
tell if my students are learning anything unless I
can see the expression on their face."

Well, after about two sessions I decided,
"Hey, I can do this. It's something different."

I've learned how to do it, and now, I'm more

comfortable with it. And that's what I hear today.

Nobody's comfortable with it because they weren't

included in the planning process. They didn't have

any input. They've had the opportunity to have

input into other charter schools, including the

other charter school that folded because of lack of



money.

I've worked with other kids that went to that school. They told me that's the first time they've been heard by any of their teachers. That's the first time that their education mattered to the people they had to work with. It's not 100 percent. Sample of two. But if this thing is happening over and over again, where there are some kids may not have dropped out physically, but have dropped out mentally from their classroom, then something needs to be done.

And Las Vegas hasn't changed a bit since I left here in -- well, it seems like 100 years ago. It was 1977, came back in 1991. There wasn't much difference in what was happening in the school system. There wasn't much difference in attitude of the students, and there wasn't much difference in what was happening.

There were students who make it through school. Each school district can say they have doctors, they have lawyers, they have all these professional people. But what about the majority that stayed here? I'll tell you where they're working. They're working at the medical center -- excuse me -- the New Mexico Behavioral Health





Institute. I was their attorney for two years. We had a very difficult time filling positions in that facility, simply because the quality of the person that came could not read, they could not write, they could not observe, and they were only there for the retirement benefits that they hoped that they could stay in the background and earn so that they could retire in 20 years. That does not provide for quality services.

What we need is a bigger pool of employees. That was what I kept getting told over and over again. But we need a bigger pool to pick from, to choose the employees that could actually do the job. That wasn't happening here. So they had a lot of people from out of state, from out of area that came and took the more important jobs at the Behavioral Health Institute because we didn't have the qualified people here. I don't know about you. That says something's not working. I support the charter school.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, ma'am.

MS. BROWN: You're welcome.

THE CHAIR: Is there anyone else? This,

then, concludes Item 8 of community input. We're to

Item 9 on the agenda. At this time, the Public





Education Commission reserves time to address any 1 2 questions that the Commissioners may have of the 3 Applicant. So if the applicants will return to the 4 table, it would be appreciated. 5 I will ask you to please keep your 6 responses as brief as possible to allow for 7 questioning from other Commission members. 8 THE CHAIR: We have a new face. We need a 9 name. 10 MR. BEATTY: My name is Robert Beatty. 11 I'm a consultant with the charter school 12 application. I am the Director of Robert F. Kennedy 13 Charter School in Albuquerque, and I've worked on a 14 number of charter applications. 15 THE CHAIR: Thank you, sir. We needed 16 that for the record. All-righty. We have 17 Commissioners. You have an opportunity. Mr. Carr, 18 we'll start with you. 19 MR. CARR: I have quite a few questions. 20 Some of them, you probably can answer yes or no. 21 But -- the -- you've kind of given me a, you know, a 22 pretty broad stroke of what you're going to do 23 differently. I've heard some things. But what are 24 some specific examples that you are going to do



differently than what is already provided by the

local schools?

DR. MARTINEZ: One major component is to align the high school curriculum with dual credit courses. And that's unique in this respect. Let me give you an example. What we're looking at is, for example, the science class. We want to align the science curriculum within the high school with the science curriculum within the college in order to offer the dual credit.

When the student enrolls for that science class, not only are they earning high school credit, they're earning college credit. So what that means is it brings the -- a high level of accountability, because what is taught within that high school curriculum has to reflect -- the information has to reflect what was in that college course. So it's bringing -- first of all, partnership with the high school instructor and the college instructor in respect to the information that needs to be -- that needs to be taught. In other words, they have to not only meet the high school requirements, but in order to receive college credit, they have to meet the requirements of the college credit.

MR. CARR: Isn't that the way all dual

credit classes work?





DR. MARTINEZ: That is correct. 1 That is 2 correct. 3 MR. CARR: So how -- well, then, my 4 comeback question is, then, how is that different? 5 DR. MARTINEZ: We don't have that many 6 science courses dual credit within the high school. 7 MR. CARR: So you offer more, a wider 8 range of science classes? As an example, you offer a wider range of dual credit, or you want to --10 That's correct, sir. DR. MARTINEZ: 11 MR. CARR: Okay. Let's see. Do you -- do 12 you intend to offer any online classes? 13 DR. MARTINEZ: Yes. Yes. 14 MR. CARR: I know you're already doing it 15 at Luna College. 16 DR. MARTINEZ: Yes, sir. 17 MR. CARR: What percentage of these -- of 18 your total enrollment in the high school would 19 you --20 DR. MARTINEZ: Right now, our projection 21 within the first year, roughly 100; 100 students. 22 Now, we want to utilize distance learning and IT, 23 interactive television, to meet the needs of 24 Right now, in the application, we satellite areas. 25 have identified Mora, Santa Rosa, and Springer as





our satellites. And the reason for that is we already have established facilities within those communities.

So, for example, let's just use Springer for an example. If there is a need out there, if there are students that want the service, then they can attend — they don't have to come to the main campus. They can attend right there in Springer. And we will utilize a variety of instructional methods, having an instructor there, interactive television and distance learning.

Right now, we have a Title V grant. And we started off in our distance learning with the basic WebCT, and we have moved up to Blackboard, Wimba. The point I'm trying to make is we continue to make advancements into our distance learning. We're at a point now where our students can see our instructor via the Internet. So we are fortunate to have an excellent distance learning program and also an outstanding IT program.

MR. CARR: Okay. Along those lines, I noticed you have prerecorded classes.

DR. MARTINEZ: Right. We haven't initiated that yet. But we're looking at that as an option down the line.

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MR. CARR: And I'm getting -- and I 1 2 noticed a lot of -- a few interesting waivers. I -- we had -- read this -- actually, our 3 4 chairperson had read this into the record in 5 Albuquerque. There are specific waivers that, if 6 you ask, we have to -- or the Secretary of Education 7 has to allow. There are some waivers that may or 8 may not be granted. There are some -- but there's a specific list. There's a specific itemized. 10 Some of these waivers didn't seem to fit 11 into those typical waivers that could be waived. I 12 notice there was a waiver on religion in schools. 13 What is -- what do you plan to do there? 14 MR. BEATTY: It wasn't actually -- the 15 waiver is simply there. It doesn't mean that any 16 religious classes would be taught. Right? And the 17 waivers don't have to be accepted as part of the It could be conditional to not have them. 18 charter. 19 MR. CARR: Okav. I'm not -- it sounds 20 like you're leaving it open to you could do some --21 I don't understand --22 That's right. Depending on MR. BEATTY: 23 the community that was going to be served. 24 idea was not to be offering religious classes. 25 waiver was simply there to allow this planning year



to happen and for the details to be worked out. And 1 2 most of the waivers are for that reason. There's no intent to teach religious classes at the school. 3 4 DR. MARTINEZ: That's correct. 5 MS. LOPEZ: Okay. And so that goes down to some of these other waivers. One, I won't laugh 6 7 about. A flag waiver. How are you going to display 8 the flag? Or are you not going to display the flag? 9 MR. BEATTY: There are satellites 10 throughout the state. There may or may not be a 11 flagpole at one of the satellites. There's a requirement to have 12 MR. CARR: 13 one in every classroom, not just a flagpole. 14 MR. BEATTY: But the waiver would be if 15 the facility had a flag on a flagpole. It's not 16 about flags in a classroom. David Cargo Library is 17 the satellite in Mora? DR. MARTINEZ: That's correct. 18 19 MR. BEATTY: If there's a satellite 20 identified and a community center identified, and it 21 may or may not have a flag. There may be a 22 community location that may not have a flag there in every classroom. 23 24 MR. CARR: Okay. Yeah. But why not?



MR. BEATTY:

Well, they -- well, they may

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     not have it there. Right?
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               MR. CARR:
                         Okay.
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               MR. BEATTY: If --
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               MR. CARR: I'm sorry.
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               MR. BEATTY: In a traditional school, you
 6
     have a flag in every classroom. But if somebody
 7
     says, "We'd like a couple of classes here," I don't
 8
            It may be an incarceration facility where
     they may not have a flag.
10
               MR. CARR:
                         Okay.
11
               MR. BEATTY: And in that education pod,
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     there may not be flags, for whatever reason they
13
     have -- right? -- to be there. And so that provides
14
     that room for those situations.
               MR. CARR: Okay. I don't want to belabor
15
16
     that point.
17
               MR. BEATTY: No.
                                 But it is a good
18
     question.
19
               MR. CARR: I would like to see a flag in
20
     every class.
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               MR. BEATTY: So would I.
22
               MR. CARR: Animals? A waiver for animals?
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               MR. BEATTY: It opens the possibility for
24
     husbandry classes in a rural situation.
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               MR. CARR:
                          Oh, okay.
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MR. BEATTY: Your restrictions -- you're 1 2 not supposed to have reptiles in an aquarium. 3 MR. CARR: Right. All right. 4 understand. Okay. This was a particular concern to 5 Grievance procedures. 6 MR. BEATTY: It's within the charters, 7 it's outlined the grievance procedures, the governance council is the appeal, as opposed to the 8 typical district grievance procedure. 10 MR. CARR: Do you have a -- I didn't see a 11 procedure laid out in the application. 12 MR. BEATTY: There should be one as part 13 the employee handbook. 14 MR. CARR: Is it in the employee handbook? MR. BEATTY: I believe it is. 15 16 MR. CARR: Okay. Let's see. And the age 17 of students was another waiver. I'm trying to work 18 through these. How -- how old will you -- I mean, 19 is there no limit on that one? You don't know age 20 limit? 21 DR. MARTINEZ: We do not specify how old 22 within the application. We did indicate that they 23 had to be classified as juniors or seniors. 24 MR. CARR: Okay. 25 MR. BEATTY: So, currently, there is no



1 upper age limit. 2 MR. CARR: Have you seen any problem with 3 a 40-year-old being mixed in with eight 16, 17, 18 4 year-olds? 5 MR. BEATTY: Sure. I graduated a 6 grandmother from my charter school. She was 42 7 years old. She was a young grandmother. She came 8 to the evening program. She was one of the best models I could have had in the class. And when she 10 applied to my school, I said, "Ma'am, you're kind of old" -- and she explained. 11 12 MR. CARR: You said that? 13 I did, because it was a very MR. BEATTY: 14 awkward situation. And she said, "You know, my 15 daughters didn't graduate, and they didn't get their They told me that they didn't have to because 16 GED. 17 I didn't." And that was all I needed to hear. 18 found an accommodation for her. I put her in the 19 evening program. She spoke at graduation. 20 following year, her daughters got their GEDs. 21 MR. CARR: I take it you have full 22 permission to talk --23 MR. BEATTY: I'm sorry.



MR. CARR:

was saying something.

24

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I'm sure you'd speak up if I

MR. BEATTY: He'd tap me on the shoulder.

I'm sorry. I get enthusiastic.

MR. CARR: Two more waivers. The outside the district. You want to -- you want to be able to take students from outlying districts. And I think you've kind of already explained that. But that does not, as far as I understand, fall into one of the waivers that can be waived. I'll get further clarification on that from our attorney.

DR. MARTINEZ: Okay.

MR. CARR: But what -- I mean, have you talked to legal counsel on that one? Have you -- has anybody said anything to you about it, by going out of the district, that waiver, that particular waiver?

DR. MARTINEZ: Right now, we're looking at serving Las Vegas -- basically, the geographical area that Luna Community College serves. But to answer your question, we haven't received any advice from legal counsel.

MR. CARR: Okay. All right. Last one. Tobacco policy. Are you going to let your kids smoke in class?

DR. MARTINEZ: In class, no.

MR. CARR: Why would you want a waiver on





the tobacco policy? Matter of fact -- I mean, it's 1 2 against the law to smoke in any public building in the State of New Mexico. 3 DR. MARTINEZ: That is correct. 4 I'm 5 trying to remember. 6 MR. BEATTY: It was simply a matter of 7 where the classrooms might be located, and if they 8 had a -- a smoking policy, that it wouldn't mean that the students were allowed to smoke. could be a facility where there was some sort of a 10 11 smoking area, that they allowed other students to 12 do, that would be in conflict. 13 So the idea is not to allow the students 14 to smoke. But the smoking policy could be in conflict if there was some satellite set up 15 16 somewhere where they had a smoking policy that 17 conflicted with the State law. 18 MR. CARR: Do you allow smoking at the 19 Luna Community College?

DR. MARTINEZ: We have designated areas.

MR. CARR: Outside areas.

DR. MARTINEZ: Outside.

MR. CARR: All right. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Ms. Krivitzky, and

25 then Ms. Shearman.



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MS. KRIVITZKY: Hello, Robert. I haven't 1 2 seen you for a while. 3 MR. BEATTY: How are you? Fine. I just have a few 4 MS. KRIVITZKY: 5 questions on the budget. And they're not -- I'm 6 sorry. One of them just jumped out right away is 7 that your revenue is \$141,000 more than your 8 expenses. Is there a reason for that? 9 MR. BEATTY: Which year? I don't have a 10 copy. 11 MS. KRIVITZKY: I think I only looked at 12 the first year. 13 MR. BEATTY: The first year, there's quite 14 a bit of additional revenue. MS. KRIVITZKY: Okay. So you didn't just 15 16 want to stick it somewhere? 17 MR. BEATTY: There's a planning year here. 18 There's going to be all kinds of pieces program to 19 be developed. It's better to be in that situation. 20 My concern is more toward the other end of the 21 budget, where there's a shortfall. 22 MS. KRIVITZKY: Okay. I also notice that you put \$140,000 in special capital outlays. 23 24 MR. BEATTY: That's the least -- they told 25 me to try to find a place to put it.





MS. KRIVITZKY: You put it in 31400. It should be in 31200.

MR. BEATTY: That calculates to 200 students at \$700 a student.

MS. KRIVITZKY: Also, I notice that you didn't show an FTE for a business manager. But it is mentioned on Page 40 in your organizational chart. So it's in the organizational chart, but it's -- and it is not anyplace else.

MR. BEATTY: Right. And so at the time of the submission of the charter, there was still communication with the community college and its board of trustees.

DR. MARTINEZ: Right.

MR. BEATTY: And so it may be that that's contracted through Luna Community College. But there is sufficient money in the budget to add it as an FTE.

MS. KRIVITZKY: Okay. Which brings me to the fact that you don't show any FTEs on your budget. Is there some reason?

MR. BEATTY: It's a mistake on my part then. I did list the FTEs, though.

MS. KRIVITZKY: You did. And that's what

25 I saw. I saw ten teachers and one special ed



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teacher and so forth. I noticed you put down a
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     financial clerk, but I didn't see it in the budget.
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     But I did see money at several -- four other places.
               MR. BEATTY: That could be used as
 4
     contract services.
 5
               MS. KRIVITZKY: One was a financial clerk.
 6
 7
               MR. BEATTY: Right.
 8
               MS. KRIVITZKY:
                               They could have been
 9
     almost anything.
                       You don't have the budget in front
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              So I was just curious about -- you have a
11
     subject matter specialist?
12
               MR. BEATTY:
                            Right.
13
                               With no FTE.
               MS. KRIVITZKY:
14
               MR. BEATTY: That's an instructional
15
     coach.
             Uh-huh.
16
               MS. KRIVITZKY:
                               Okay. But you have them.
17
               MR. BEATTY: I have my organizational
18
     chart here.
19
               MS. KRIVITZKY:
                               Yes. You have your
20
     organizational chart, but I don't see them on the
21
     budget is what I'm saying.
22
               MR. BEATTY: Right.
23
               MS. KRIVITZKY:
                               So --
24
               MR. BEATTY: The idea is to have it there.
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It may not be funded the first year.

I believe if

- you looked -- if you looked further out on the budget, it was a position that was added in the second or third year.
- 4 MS. KRIVITZKY: So you have FTEs in the other years?
- 6 MR. BEATTY: Yeah. It grows, because it's additional students added.
- 8 MS. KRIVITZKY: But not for the teachers 9 or special ed.
- MR. BEATTY: Yes. That was just the initial start-up. Additional teachers.
- MS. KRIVITZKY: I don't see year two or three or four for teachers.
- MR. BEATTY: In the line item for
- 15 salaries?
- MS. KRIVITZKY: Yeah. 11000, 1000, 51100,
- 17 | 1411, 1412. There's no FTEs.
- MR. BEATTY: The number of FTEs is not
- 19 there. But the salaries are there.
- MS. KRIVITZKY: Oh, definitely.
- MR. BEATTY: And it stays at 20 to 1.
- MS. KRIVITZKY: Okay. And I also
- 23 noticed -- okay. So you were saying that you were
- 24 thinking Luna College will cover the business
- 25 | manager position, basically handle payroll,





quarterly reports, BARs and purchasing. 1 2 MR. BEATTY: I'm not saying that. I'm 3 saying that would be decided during the planning 4 year. Right? 5 MS. KRIVITZKY: Oh, okay. MR. BEATTY: That's not for me to decide. 6 7 I left it open in the application. 8 MS. KRIVITZKY: Oh, okay. Thank you. 9 THE CHAIR: Thank you. Ms. Shearman. 10 I just have one other MS. SHEARMAN: 11 question on the budget, thank you, Commissioner 12 Krivitzky. You have a line item in here for rental, 13 land, and buildings. 14 MR. BEATTY: Yes. MS. SHEARMAN: Starts at 140, goes to 210, 15 16 280, 350. Is that purchasing a building? 17 MR. BEATTY: No. There is a -- there is a 18 lease reimbursement from the legislature at \$700 a 19 And so if -- if there was property being 20 leased from Luna Community College, then that money 21 would be paid to them. You turn the lease in, and 22 the money is released. It's a reimbursement. 23 so it's calculated based on \$700 a student. It's a 24 formula that's part of the lease reimbursement 25 funding.





1 MS. SHEARMAN: Okay. Well, that's a big 2 investment, if you're not purchasing the building, 3 it would seem to me. But. --4 MR. BEATTY: Agreed. And it could be 5 used. It could be used to lease-purchase property. MS. SHEARMAN: But in this case, it's not. 6 7 MR. BEATTY: That money is generated. 8 Whether it's used to build a building and pay the 9 finance or whether it's used to lease property, that 10 money is available because of the lease. 11 MS. SHEARMAN: The decision has not been 12 made? 13 MR. BEATTY: Yes. Nor is it my decision. 14 DR. MARTINEZ: Yes. Correct. A decision 15 hasn't been made. 16 MS. SHEARMAN: Okay. I remember -- when 17 you were talking a minute ago about aligning, say, a 18 science class, college-level, with a high school 19 class, to make it where they could take it for dual 20 credit and get core credit on the high school 21 level -- and I remember reading in your application 22 where you talked about that. And you said you were 23 going to ask for approval from PED -- I don't 24 remember the exact words. But it's not something 25 that is approved to do right now? You can't -- dual



1 credit is not core courses. Do I remember you 2 saying that in your application? 3 MR. BEATTY: (Indicates.) Okay. So that hasn't been 4 MS. SHEARMAN: 5 approved? It's something you're working on, hoping 6 to do? 7 MR. BEATTY: It will be done during the 8 planning year. And college courses are not always generally aligned with high school standards. 10 MS. SHEARMAN: Generally, they ought to be 11 a higher level. 12 MR. BEATTY: But they should then meet 13 those high school standards. Right? 14 MS. SHEARMAN: If the content --MR. BEATTY: Yes, if the content was 15 16 aligned. So it would be a matter of the two 17 departments working together to align those to make 18 sure they covered all high school standards. 19 MS. SHEARMAN: But you still need PED 20 approval to get college credit for the core courses. 21 MR. BEATTY: To award high school credit 22 for that material, because that material currently 23 is not aligned with high school standards. 24 A high school core course. MS. SHEARMAN: 25 Commissioner Carr asked you a minute ago what Okay.





1 percentage of your classes are going to be online. 2 And I'm talking strictly online, not ITV, strictly 3 Web-based. Do you --4 I don't know the specifics. DR. MARTINEZ: 5 It would be based on when students come in as -let's say, for example, classified as eleventh 6 7 graders, where their situation is at; in other 8 words, how many credits do they have in a specific We might have a situation where a student 10 does not have access to the main campus. Then maybe 11 the alternative there is to provide that educational 12 service via Internet. I don't have a rough -- I 13 don't have a number. All I'm saying is that that 14 should be an opportunity to meet the needs of -- of 15 the student. 16 MS. SHEARMAN: I'm just concerned, and I'm 17 sure you're well aware there's a prohibition against 18 the entire coursework being online. You're aware of 19 Okay? that. 20 DR. MARTINEZ: Yeah. 21 MS. SHEARMAN: You already have online 22 classes --23 DR. MARTINEZ: That's correct. 24 MS. SHEARMAN: -- at Luna. What process 25 do you use at Luna, or would you use in this charter



school with online classes, to insure that the enrolled student is the one actually doing the work and taking the test? You smile. We've all been there, haven't we?

DR. MARTINEZ: That has been an issue that we have -- are currently looking at. It's been an issue for the last year. It's a major concern as the VP of instruction for Luna Community College.

Several -- we're upgrading technology. Right now, we have specific classes that we allow distance learning. What we're looking at is the interaction -- we're using Wimba. We're using Wimba now. It's not just e-mail, e-mail back and forth. The instructor has to see that student on the other side.

Now, with the charter school, we want to have -- if we can -- now, I know sometimes we won't be able to do this. But we want to be able to have that support within that area. For example, if a student -- if we're offering a course Internet, and we have a group of students in the Mora area, we want to make sure that there's someone there to facilitate that -- that process, that -- if there's any student needs or any technological problems and so forth.





1 Now, what we have initiated at Luna is 2 that when a student takes a class online, they don't 3 complete the entire work online. A portion of the 4 curriculum is delivered online. But then they have 5 to meet with the instructor for examinations, discussions, and so forth. 6 7 So there -- and it's not just an issue at 8 I'm looking at this statewide issue with distance learning. And as we continue to move 10 forward in distance learning, these are issues that 11 we have to address. Dr. Breslin, she is our 12 representative for accreditation of our institution 13 through NCA. And this is a major issue, as we 14 continue to expand our distance learning delivery to 15 students, that we have to have those, if you will, 16 those tools or those -- what's the word I'm looking 17 for -- to make sure the quality of education is 18 there. 19 MS. SHEARMAN: I appreciate that. 20 you very much. 21 THE CHAIR: Thank you. 22 DR. MARTINEZ: I'm sorry.

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THE CHAIR:

THE CHAIR:

MR. BERGMAN: No.

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Mr. Bergman?

Mr. Garrison?

I think not.

MR. GARRISON: (Indicates.)

I'm looking at Page 7 of your application that is the abstract of the proposed charter school. And I will have to tell you, I continue to be puzzled, even following your presentation, about an early college high school and that you will actively recruit eleventh or twelfth grade students from throughout the community college service area. And they have to be able to document their grade level status through transcripts as having completed eleven credits.

And then I'm listening to the various superintendents in this same area from whom you would like to recruit your students. And I'm hearing their concerns. And I'm hearing them and believing that they do have merit.

And so I'm looking to try to figure out -in part of the testimony, it seems to me that you
talked about students who were having difficulty,
remedial class students, students are having
difficulty to -- in what would appear that they're
having trouble in finishing high school. And I'm
having a difficult time understanding what
population we're really talking about here. Who are



these kids going to be?

Are they going to be the kid who wants early admission to college, or the kid who's probably going to drop out? I think those are probably the two extremes. So help me understand that.

DR. MARTINEZ: We're going after students that are not in the public school system. For some reason, they dropped out. They're not there.

They're not attending school. They don't have their high school diploma. That's the population — that's the target population that we're going after. A good example, one of the presenters mentioned that the — I think it was Bridge Academy that closed, that shut down. And she indicated that there was maybe nine or ten students. Where are they now?

Where are they? Are they attending any school?

They're not doing anything.

That's the target population. San Miguel County and Mora County, throughout the State of New Mexico, are identified as -- I don't know if they're at the highest -- at the top of the list or close to that in poverty. I was born and raised in this community. I'm a product of the West Las Vegas School District. And as I visit with people, there





1 is a population out there that's not being served. 2 And that's where -- that's our target. We want to serve those individuals, those individuals that are 3 4 not being served. That's who we're going after. 5 THE CHAIR: But you will accept the 6 others. Is that correct? 7 DR. MARTINEZ: Now, as a public 8 institution, can we deny? 9 THE CHAIR: I'm not going to answer your 10 question for you. 11 MR. BERGMAN: Madam Chair, now I'm ready 12 to jump in when you're done. Now I'm ready to jump 13 in. 14 THE CHAIR: Well, I tell you what. I'11 15 give you an opportunity in a moment, Mr. Bergman. 16 I'm serious. I am not going to answer your 17 That's not my role to answer questions 18 from you. My role is to try to discern what you 19 want to do and try to understand if I'm going to 20 cast a vote for your application or against your 21 application. And I thought that I set that out very 22 clearly at the onset of this hearing. 23 So I am supposing from that that you and I 24 will just stop it at that, and we'll -- we'll --25 we'll not listen to that. Mr. Bergman, please go





ahead.

MR. BERGMAN: And I'm not answering your question. This thought had occurred to me before you said that. And Dr. Duran, if I misspeak, feel free to correct me, sir.

DR. DURAN: Don't you worry, Mr. Bergman.

MR. BERGMAN: Here, again, my understanding is that's where the potential danger may come from. It's my understanding that a charter school cannot have admission policies. So even though you wish to target dropouts, anybody that applies, if you haven't fulfilled your lottery, is more than likely going -- probably has to be accepted.

So you -- even if that's not your target audience, the dropouts, you're liable to take some active students from these small schools, whether you want them or not, whether that's a part of the audience that you're trying to reach. And, to me, that's where the danger comes in. That's what I mean.

DR. MARTINEZ: If I -- and my opinion here, as I go around the state -- I went to school in Las Cruces. And I see what's happening in Rio Rancho. I see what's happening in Albuquerque





and Santa Fe. And to be candid, I believe that this area is behind compared to the rest of the state.

Economically, socially, we are behind. We don't have the economic, if you will, stimulus that other communities have.

And I want -- as an educator, I want to provide the best opportunity that we can to our students. We have students that graduate from here and leave this community. And I'm -- my question is, are they prepared. If they go to UNM, if they go to New Mexico State, are they prepared. Earlier, I had a list of documents of all the articles, how our public school system is being criticized. They say we're behind here, we're behind there.

I'm a product of West Las Vegas High
School. I think we have excellent school districts.
But all I'm saying is giving parents and students a
choice to -- to be successful in our changing
economy. Isn't it about opportunity? Isn't it
about -- can't we give that student the opportunity
to say, You know what? I didn't make it in high
school. I want to go to this traditional route, and
I want to earn my high school diploma. If it's
going to school during the day, in the evening, and
I want to go within a specific field.



Earlier, Mr. Carr mentioned how is this unique. It's unique because we're giving students different choices. Our institution at Luna Community College, we offer 43 different programs of study, 43 different programs of study. And I want to give those students an opportunity to choose an elective. Not all of our students want to go to college and go to UNM or go to New Mexico State and earn a bachelor's degree and master's degree. They want a specific skill. They want to earn their diploma and earn a basic skill so they can provide for their families.

And I apologize if the superintendents feel that we're going to take from them. But it's not about me, and it's not about them. It's about those students. It's about giving opportunity. And I see what Las Cruces is doing. I read an article that they're going to -- 500 students, entry level, they're going to get them their diploma and associate's degree. And I go, "My God, look what they're doing in Las Cruces, look at the charter schools in Albuquerque. Look at what was going on in other parts of the state." I said, "What about Northern New Mexico? What about our area? Don't we have a right to be competitive? Don't we have a



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A gentleman said he felt nothing had changed since the 1960s. It is my obligation, it is my commitment as an educator that we do not just serve a specific group of people. We have to serve our community. We have to serve our community. I heard President Obama making a comment the other day about the future is within these community colleges. And as I keep reading these articles, how we're — they rank us always last in everything, last and last. And all I'm saying is let's try something different here.

Now, it's a public institution.

THE CHAIR: Let's limit our conversation here, please.

DR. MARTINEZ: It's a public institution.

Our target audience are those that have dropped out.

Governor Richardson made a -- I read an article that he wants the 10,000 --

DR. DURAN: Madam Chair -- and I remind the applicants. We understand your passion. We understand that you want the school. Answer the questions. Philosophically, we, too, read articles. Answer the specific question the Commission is asking about your application.

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DR. MARTINEZ: I apologize, sir.
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                                                  We are
 2
     targeting those that have dropped out that
     traditional school is not serving.
 3
 4
               MR. BERGMAN:
                             I appreciate your passion.
 5
     And I suspect everybody in this room, there are
 6
     underserved populations in every district in this
 7
     state.
             And yet the students -- you're exactly
 8
     right.
             The students is what we are all talking
             And we're talking about people who are not
     about.
10
     students anymore, which is what you're going after.
11
     And so maybe you perhaps misunderstand my question.
     I'm not saying we don't want to go after these kids.
12
13
     I think we're talking about maybe just a little
14
     different way of doing it.
15
               DR. MARTINEZ: Correct. And I apologize,
16
     sir.
17
               MR. BERGMAN:
                             I know that you have a way
18
     you want to do it. That's why you're here.
19
               THE CHAIR:
                          Mr. Bergman, let's don't
20
     extend that one, please.
                               If you have other
21
     questions, please go ahead.
22
               MR. BERGMAN: No, ma'am. I'm done.
23
               THE CHAIR:
                          Is there anyone else who has a
24
     question or a comment?
25
                          Could I make --
               MR. CARR:
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THE CHAIR: Yes. 1 2 MR. CARR: I just kind of want to make a positive comment. The -- I know that Dr. -- Senator 3 4 Campos, he's been an educator, a distinguished 5 educator for a number of years. I -- Dr. Martinez, 6 first time I've ever met you. And I know you all 7 have the greatest intentions. And I applaud you for 8 wanting to serve the students in this community. And however the vote turns out, you know, I just 10 wanted you to know that. 11 DR. MARTINEZ: Thank you, sir. 12 THE CHAIR: Thank you. Any other 13 Commissioners? Okay. We're to Part 10 of the 14 agenda. The Commission encourages continued public input in writing until September 1, 2009, at 15 16 5:00 p.m. Written comments should be sent to the 17 Public Education Commission in care of Beverly 18 Friedman, 300 Don Gaspar Avenue, Santa Fe, 19 New Mexico, 87501. Or e-mail comments to Beverly 20 Friedman at bev.friedman@state.nm.us. 21 The Public Education Commission would like 22 to thank the community of Las Vegas for their 23 hospitality. In particular, we thank Highlands 24 University for the use of their facilities and for



working so cooperatively with our staff.

25

The

1	Commission will recess until tomorrow morning,
2	August 28th, where we will reconvene at 9:30 a.m. at
3	Mabry Hall in the Public Education Department
4	building in Santa Fe, New Mexico.
5	From that hearing, we will go to Taos,
6	New Mexico. And that is the last scheduled public
7	hearing in this series of 2009 public hearings.
8	On September 10 and 11, the Commission has
9	designated those two days but our experience, at
10	least last year, showed us also that we only needed
11	one. But at any rate, we have designated two days,
12	September 10 and 11, at the Balloon Fiesta
13	DR. DURAN: Museum.
14	THE CHAIR: Museum off of Alameda in
15	Albuquerque, for our hearing to make our
16	determination on the various applications that we
17	have received and the what the public input in
18	the hearings has determined for each of us
19	individually. Thank you again very much.
20	(Proceedings concluded at 5:57 p.m.)
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1	BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION
2	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
3	
4	IN THE MATTER OF:
5	LUNA CHARTER ACADEMY
6	
7	
8	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
9	I, Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR, CCR #219, Certified
10	Court Reporter in the State of New Mexico, do hereby
11	certify that the foregoing pages constitute a true
12	transcript of proceedings had before the said PUBLIC
13	EDUCATION COMMISSION, held in the State of New
14	Mexico, County of Bernalillo, in the matter therein
15	stated.
16	In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my
17	hand on September 2, 2009.
18	
19	
20	
21	Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR, CCR #219
22	201 Third Street, NW, Suite 1630 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102
23	111Duquerque, New Mexico 0/102
24	



Job No.: 3844D

