1	BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION
2	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
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9	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
10	PUBLIC INPUT MEETING ACADEMIC OPPORTUNITIES ACADEMY
11	August 22, 2012 11:45 a.m.
	119 East Pine Street, Conference Center
12	Deming, New Mexico
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20	REPORTED BY: Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR-CRR, NM CCR #219 Bean & Associates, Inc.
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25	JOB NO.: 5151K (CC)





1	APPEARANCES
2	COMMISSIONERS:
3	MR. M. ANDREW GARRISON, Chair
4	MS. CAROLYN SHEARMAN, Vice Chair MR. EUGENE GANT, Secretary
5	MS. CARLA LOPEZ MR. VINCE BERGMAN MR. GILBERT PERALTA
6	STAFF:
7	MS. KELLY CALLAHAN, Director, Charter School Division
8	MS. CORDELIA CHAVEZ  MR. BRAD RICHARDSON
9	MS. SHELLY CHERRIN MS. RACHEL STOFICK
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THE CHAIR: The Public Education

Commission, August 20 through 24, 2012, community

input meeting is back in session.

This meeting is being conducted pursuant to New Mexico Statutes Annotated, Title 22, Section 8B-6J, 2009. Is the mic okay? Are we okay in the back with the microphone? Can you hear me fine? Thank you, sir.

The purpose of these community input hearings that will be held from August 20th through August 24th, 2012, is to obtain information from the applicant and to receive community input to assist the Public Education Commission in its decision whether to grant the proposed charter applications. According to this section of the law, the Commission may appoint a subcommittee of no fewer than three members to hold a public hearing. According to law, these hearings are being transcribed by a professional court reporter.

The total time allocated to each application is 90 minutes, which will be timed to insure an equitable account to present. During the hearing, the Commission will allow for community input about the charter application.

The time for public comments will be



limited to 20 minutes. If you wish to speak on behalf of the applicant, please sign in at least 15 minutes before the applicant's presentation. Be sure that you indicate on the sign-up sheet whether you are here in opposition or support of the charter school.

The Commission Chair, based on the number of people requesting to comment, will allocate time to those wishing to speak. If there are a large number of supporters or opponents, they are asked to select a speaker to represent common opinion. We will try to allocate an equitable amount of time to represent the community accurately.

The Commission will follow this process for the community input hearing -- for each community input hearing: The Commission will ask each applicant or group to present here at the table in front. They will be given 20 minutes to present their application in the manner they deem appropriate. The Commission will not accept any written documentation from the applicant, but the -- but the applicant may use exhibits to describe their school, if necessary. However, the setup time for exhibits will be included in the 20 minutes.

Following the applicant's presentation,





1	the local school district representative or
2	representatives will be given five minutes to
3	comment. Subsequently, the Commission will allow
4	20 minutes for public comment, as I have described.
5	Finally, the Commission will be given 45 minutes to
6	ask questions of the applicant. Commissioner Gant,
7	will you please take another roll call?
8	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Pogna
9	correction. Commissioner Peralta.
10	COMMISSIONER PERALTA: Here.
11	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Bergman.
12	COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Here.
13	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Shearman.
14	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Here.
15	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Lopez.
16	COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: Here.
17	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Garrison.
18	THE CHAIR: Here.
19	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Gant is
20	here. You have a quorum.
21	THE CHAIR: Thank you, sir. Academic
22	Opportunities Academy. For the record, would you
23	please state your name and your title and the names
24	of the founders of the school?
25	MR. CASAVANTES: My name is Mark



Casavantes. Sorry about that. My name is Mark

Casavantes. I'm the founder, and also Wes Clarkson
is a founder. And my last name is spelled

C-A-S-A-V-A-N-T-E-S.

THE CHAIR: You will have 20 minutes to present information about your application, and you may proceed, sir.

MR. CASAVANTES: Thank you. Welcome, and I appreciate the opportunity to present our plan for a charter school and welcome you. And first is our mission statement, which is -- which I think addresses a lot of the issues that we think will need to be solved in this area. And -- in Deming.

And one of the things is that we think that students should be able to graduate from high school with the ability to earn a decent income.

And I think that would solve a lot of the problems with dropouts, interest in school attendance, and many other issues. And so we're planning to have a dual-credit program and dual -- dual-language program, because we feel also that being bilingual along the border is a very important skill to have.

And the two fields that we're planning to deal with, and we selected because they are currently needing fields [verbatim] economically is



nursing and computer programming. We did not go for additional -- additional fields, because it would take a lot of resources to satisfy that requirement. But we did want to have a choice between two programs.

And we plan to test our students and staff for drugs. I understand that that's a major issue in -- in this community. But instead of kicking out those people that get -- and staff -- if there are teachers, to be removed. But if they're students, we would want to rehabilitate and correct that issue and try to work with those students to get them free of drugs.

And we also have a goal to have none of our dropouts of our own. And then we would look to have -- you know, to welcome all that have dropped out from the surrounding community.

Okay. And in our system, some of the things we've -- you know, we have looked at everything on a student-centered, what-do-they-need, solve-the-problems type approach. And you know, you often heard stories about would you want somebody operating on your parents that got a 70 in medical school or those sort of things.

We believe that one of the things we need



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to do to change education is to change the standard and change it to a 90, and that, using this system, we would not have failures. We'd just have different progresses through the curriculum.

And students can work at their pace. We believe that students can complete more than one year during a school year. And we also plan to provide feedback and training to good students to be excellent students. You know, we have no tolerance for gangs, but we welcome all the students; but the gang behaviors and so forth need to be left outside the school.

We -- you know, I am a personal proponent of freedom and so forth and not to be overly restrictive in, like, dress code and so forth and uniforms and so forth. But we are going to leave that to the individual community advisory groups to make the final decisions on those sort of things. And that, since our school is an open environment, and we plan to have -- like, the classrooms to have large windows so you can clearly see inside the classrooms, that there is no place where students will not be supervised. And -- and I think that that will make it a safe and comfortable environment for all students.



And then we will conduct various drills to -- to insure their safety on a monthly basis.

We believe in awards and recognition of the students that do well. We -- one of our key components is our curriculum mapping and database system and software. And it will provide a super grade book, similar to how, like, a TD Ameritrade or one of those kind of financial institutions have monitoring of the stocks. We're going to have metrics that nobody is using before, and in a presentation manner that -- that would be understandable to parents, students, and staff and so forth.

And, like, the carpets, you know, where they have a screen that has various colors, that would have all the standards and all the subjects and show the students' strengths and weaknesses in each subject area. And we plan to have our teachers see this data, monitor it, understand it, and provide training and instruction to the students based on that data.

Let's see. And we plan to have dual credit with our students graduating with an associate's degree in nursing and computer programming. We've looked at it. I think that we



might have to have a graduated program that -- where we might just be able to get a CNA or a similar program, if they interrelate. And if they enter by the sixth grade, I believe we can get them an associate's degree and a high school diploma upon graduation. And some of the -- some of the metrics is progress, efforts, mastery, improvement.

You know, we also want to use -- we might have to postpone this a couple of years based on our budgeting availabilities. But we plan to have instructional information, like periodic table and so forth, and our best performing students and -- so that they are always being recognized.

And we considered other fields, but we felt that these were the two that were best for our students at this time. I contacted every -- every college and university in New Mexico and basically got almost no response, except for NMSU. So it looks like that would be our partner.

And one of the things is that they have a -- you know, we're going to have to comply with what they require and so forth. But it would -- negotiate with them about starting college credits in the sixth grade, like an introductory course.

And my dad was one that he kind of experimented with



me and -- when I was in the third grade. And he got me into Texas Western, now UTEP. And I got a B as a third-grader in geology. So I know that -- I've had that kind of experience and so forth. And I think that it would -- it would be very positive for the students to have that experience, and I think that that would lead them into more success in college in the future.

And this is kind of a projected way of earning their credits through the -- you know, starting in the sixth grade. And we'll be planning to comply with all the standards, plus, you know, the college readiness standards of ACT and SAT, and also the requirements of our college partner, university partner.

We're going to need an extended day. And then we also -- the extended day, a lot of parents do not fully support students or understand how to support them and so forth. So we're going to try to do everything within the school day so that they leave without any homework and -- and be free of -- and parents will be free of that responsibility.

It's kind of a projection of our school day. We also like to compete in academic competitions in the area. I was an academic coach,





and I've taken the team to regional competition in Texas. And I know that once you get to that upper level, you see how much improvement there is and how -- how steep the competition can be.

I talked a little bit about our curriculum mapping and the real-time data. So parents will be monitoring the students' performance at home.

One of the things, too, is that as soon as the student completes the requirements of a grade level in any subject, that the next day, they would be in the next grade level. So if they finish third-grade math, the next day, they're in fourth-grade math. And with our system, since it's individualized and self-paced, it would not interfere with -- with the operations of the school, because everybody is going to be working on a self-paced basis.

And then, also, when a student is retained, they're retained a full year. And we want to find out where they are in the continuum and take them from that point and move them forward and try to catch them up so they don't lose an entire year when they're retained.

We're going to have the testing -- one of the things is we plan to have our teachers prepare





to teach and teach, and not be involved in administrative duties, to the extent it's possible. And so we're going to have a testing center that will do the testing, grading, and so forth, and free the teachers from that. And then we'll -- I was

going to say, all that kind of administrative 6 7 duties, to take that away from teachers.

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And then we'll have a main educational And we're going to have our administrator to be a true instructional leader in the center, with the children, observing things, guiding it, directing it, making the modifications, guiding the staff, and making the corrections necessary, because I know that most of the time -- administrators, a lot of times, are in their office, and they don't -they're really not in there with the kids and doing the supervision that we would like to see.

Our classrooms are going to have about 12 students. They're going to be conference-room style. And we're going to have more dialogue and discussion and so forth in presenting information than just teachers teaching to the students in, like, "the sage on the stage," so to speak.

And students are going to have a choice of the assignments. And we're going to have -- try and





have things that might be more interesting for boys and more interesting for girls; and then, also, the different learning styles and so forth. So they will pick from an activity.

I know initially, we might not have that diversity, as we try to just maybe have one strand through the -- all the curriculum, and build a second strand and a third strand and so forth as we develop a curriculum. But it's our goal to eventually have wide, diverse choices of activities.

And then, also, my sister is an industrial engineer with Raytheon, and she's a Six Sigma expert, and she's been a consultant to the British during the Falklands War and to the Russians when the government of Russia collapsed. And she's agreed to provide us the training for Six Sigma. And I believe that that is a approach that will find the root causes and problems that are in the schools so that they can be corrected and addressed.

And we're planning to have our campus advisory groups, board members, teachers, staff, possibly even the students be familiar with this process; and that our community adviser groups will study every aspect of our operations and make improvements on a continuing basis. So however we



start, we will continue to continually improve and refine our program.

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One of the things is that we don't want to have anybody that -- you know, a lot of times, these campus advisory groups have been dominant [verbatim] by administrators or teachers and so forth, and there hasn't been the real open dialogue that's necessary for real change. So we're not going to -we're going to have that the ratio as six to one, that there's only one higher-level person in any given group so that we -- we foster an open-communication environment.

And then we plan to select, from our community advisory groups, people that have demonstrated skills and so forth so that we can have good oversight of our schools.

And we also plan to hire a couple of our students that are -- you know, when they're close to graduation part-time, and upon graduation, we will allow them to become full-time, and things like this, or possibly as tutors. We also are seeking volunteers for our program.

This was an item that was brought up in our previous meeting about -- we were planning to have -- have members from the community present





various art programs. But we understand we're going to have certified teachers of these. And so we're going to try to seek out the artists of the various types to -- to work on, I would say about a two-week basis on their different programs, so we can have a rich and diverse fine arts program.

And then also our physical fitness, we've looked at some of the things to do. And we are looking at also doing sort of the same thing with the dance program, and then also a martial arts program. But to -- you know, maybe they would -- you know, it would be the traditional martial arts, where they teach discipline and respect and so forth, but no physical contact with students. I mean, they're just going to get maybe heavy bags or punching bags or things like that, but they're not going to be hitting each other.

And then these are some of our current partnerships that we've been working on. And we're growing some kind of all the time. But these are the -- these are our current partnerships.

And we know it's an awesome responsibility to educate your children and that they are precious to each and every one of the parents. And we really want to improve education. And the way we wrote our



plan and did everything was based on improving education and that we plan to continuously improve everything we do regarding education.

And that we plan to operate with about 300 students with a maximum cap of 400; and kind of go through a mitosis program, if we go to a second campus, and grow it to 400, and then split it into two groups of 200, hire additional staff so that they can observe the operations, and so forth.

Because it is a unique system.

And that's it, with two minutes to spare.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, sir.

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

THE CHAIR: We will now hear from the Deming School District. If you would please come forward, and, for the record, please state your name and the role you play in the local school district. And you will have five minutes to comment about the school. If I could ask the applicant to yield the table to Superintendent Moore.

MS. MOORE: My name is Harvielee Moore. I am Superintendent of Deming Public Schools. Thank for you this opportunity. You know quite a bit about Deming Public Schools. I have five minutes, so I'm going to jump to some of the

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high-school-level exit, dual credit. We do have associate's degrees. We do have increasing numbers of students participating in the dual-credit program since the legislators were generous in funding it and evening the playing field, and our students can access that opportunity.

We also have career tech opportunities.

Our nursing program is one of the finest in the nation. Our VIGA [ph] group, our club recently took second in the international competition. And we are aware that that is because of skills they've had that they've learned for job opportunities and being marketable when they exit.

We also have hands-on mentoring with businesses and job shadowing, and we're increasing that opportunity through Doña Ana, NMSU, Western, Eastern, and others -- schools that work with us.

We are aware that in an impoverished area, it is very important that students have hope and they know what they're exiting to. They have to believe that they can get through pre-K through 12 and that that world out there does exist; it is real and it can be theirs. And that is one of our biggest goals and one of our biggest challenges.

I do want to say that we have read the



application. There are some commendable pieces in it. We're a little confused about how many teachers will be there. And I saw discussion of the sixth through twelfth, and I'm curious about the lead-in. But I'm sure I'm not the one to know that. I would just like to comment on it.

I would like to say also that when we look at -- we have entrepreneurship opportunities as well. We have one program where the students build houses and then sell them, and that money goes back into their program. They've completed their fifth house. And we did receive permission and permits for the students to completely add a wing to our preschool developmental -- model school, which is for the developmentally delayed children. And it will have the kinds of hands-on textures and opportunities that the children need when they play in their playground. It's completely enclosed and safe, with textures and steps and opportunities.

When they're walking they'll say, "Okay, now, listen for the dog." And when they step -- where the student walks, it goes "Woof-woof." And they have opportunities to begin to make this real. And we have seen such progress.

The rigor and relevance that we put





into -- and the relationship that we're building is K-12, pre-K-12, in the Deming Public Schools.

And we are working very hard to increase our test scores. But we're more than a test score. We're about exiting and going on to post-high-school opportunity.

As I said earlier, we have -- all of our staff are highly qualified. Our staff receive training in AIMS [ph], and we -- educational development, language standards. We're working on the core standards nationwide that are coming.

We're about three years into it, working diligently with the hands-on project.

I think an important thing to note is that the parent participation has increased tremendously. We have parents -- parent groups at every school. We have parent groups in the community. We also have supporters. I've recently added a fifth grade advisory to the Superintendent. And the students there are fifth-grade representatives, a girl and a boy from each of the schools, and we're talking about career building. And it was a fifth grader's idea, and it was fabulous. We're going into our second year, and we're going to add sixth grade as well. So it's very exciting.



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1	I have business people and community
2	people who work with me as advisers from every board
3	district on budget. So we have an outreach to the
4	community. And we do want to be thinking outside
5	the box. We don't want to be totally traditional,
6	but we also want to be in full compliance. All our
7	audits come in clean and clear. We have been given
8	acclamation from the Legislative Financial Committee
9	after a four-month in-depth study two years ago.
10	And they said that Deming Public Schools, Gadsden,
11	and Hatch serve among the highest numbers of
12	disadvantaged children in the state, yet receive
13	less funding on the State Equalization Guarantee.
14	We're 85th in Deming, out of 89 districts.
15	We try to put those dollars in the
16	classroom. Put 64 to 65 percent of our dollars in
17	the classroom. And for the last three years, we
18	have lowered administrative costs. As you know,
19	with funding being cut, the economic downturn
20	I I ran out of time. I just
21	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much for your
22	comments.
23	MS. MOORE: Thank you.
24	THE CHAIR: We are now to the point of
25	public comment from the community of Deming. And as



I look at the list, we have no one signed up to speak. So we will move to the Public Education Commission's question period of the applicant. I ask the applicant to move on up. And we'll begin our question period with Commissioner Gant.

COMMISSIONER GANT: I have a couple of questions, more than a couple. And I'll start with some background questions.

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER GANT: As I understand it, you and your cofounder run a private school in El Paso. Explain to us and the community -- the Commissioners and the community -- how that helps prepare you to run a charter school in the State of New Mexico, and how that charter school -- I mean, that private school -- has any interface with the charter schools that you are considering.

MR. CASAVANTES: Okay. That's a lot of questions. Okay. Well, that's not the -- the background and whatever that would qualify us for the charter school. I helped found the location of Premier High School in El Paso, which is a charter school, the largest charter school system in Texas. And then Wes Clarkson had also been the director of Paso Del Norte, a charter school in El Paso. And he



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also founded, the El Paso Independent School

District, Delta Academy, which is a joint venture

with the Sheriff's Department Juvenile Justice

School.

And then both of us have been administrators in -- in Texas and New Mexico. I was at Highland High School for a summer and -- as an assistant principal in the summer-school program. I taught at Cibola and Highland in Albuquerque. And currently, Wes is at the McCurdy School, which is a new charter that was awarded last year.

And so -- and then we've been teachers.

And then, prior to that, I've been a Navy officer, a general contractor. I was enlisted in the Air Force.

THE CHAIR: Speak up just a tad.

MR. CASAVANTES: Oh, sorry. Been a designer for Denny's and [inaudible] and Scotford Oil Refinery in Edmonton, Canada. So we have a diverse background and have areas that would relate to opening a charter school, besides just the school that we operated in Texas. And then we are basically ceasing those operations because we plan to start here.

And then I've -- I wish I had, like, more



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1	knowledge of the law and so forth in learning about
2	the law. But I know the school in Colorado that
3	also opens a school, I think, in Albuquerque and
4	Las Cruces, they have a partnership agreement with
5	their schools. And so and I know we didn't I
6	wasn't aware of the different ways that you can set
7	up governance and so forth.
8	But I think we eventually would like to do
9	that, have a joint amendment or something to that
L 0	effect, so that we can have a similar type of
L1	oversight of our schools that the school that came
L 2	from Colorado did.
L 3	Did I address all of your questions? I
L 4	don't know.
L 5	COMMISSIONER GANT: A lot of information.
L 6	Thank you.
L 7	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.
L 8	COMMISSIONER GANT: This question
L 9	you're proposing a charter school in this community.
20	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.
21	COMMISSIONER GANT: Who approached you or
22	why did you pick this community to set did
23	someone from this community approach you to set up a
24	charter school?
25	MR. CASAVANTES: Well, to be honest with



1	you, we looked at where the greatest need was in
2	New Mexico. And we feel that Deming is the greatest
3	need in New Mexico to improve schools. And and I
4	think if you can look at their at their data,
5	that you would concur.
6	COMMISSIONER GANT: Are there any
7	community members? If there are, they aren't here
8	right now
9	MR. CASAVANTES: You know, I've been here
10	many times. I've been all over the place.
11	COMMISSIONER GANT: Please don't
12	interrupt.
13	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. Yes, sir. I'm
14	sorry.
15	COMMISSIONER GANT: Are there any
16	community members that have volunteered to be on
17	your board of governance, or you have approached to
18	be on your board of governance? And why aren't they
19	here if you have?
20	MR. CASAVANTES: Because they're currently
21	employed. They are not able to be here.
22	COMMISSIONER GANT: But you have people
23	who are willing to be on this governance board?
24	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.
25	COMMISSIONER GANT: How come they're not



on the application? This is addressing an issue. 1 2 On Page 30, I'm referencing this Cenpatico Division of School-Based Services in Tucson. 3 I guess you are 4 planning to use these as the contractor that 5 provides services such as special ed administration, professional development, compliance services, 6 7 psychology and evaluation reporting, counseling and 8 behavior services, SLPs, OTs, PTs, et cetera. 9 are you going to Tucson instead of using --10

MR. CASAVANTES: Well, at that time, that was an entity that we were looking at. But -- and since this has been written, I believe that we would use somebody from New Mexico. And we would be selecting somebody from New Mexico to provide the contract services.

COMMISSIONER GANT: I got a little confused on selection of replacement board members, once a board member decides -- if you're on the governance board -- decides to leave the governance board. It seemed to me that what you were asking the current governance board is to give you a name -- a list of nominees that they pick to be on the governance board.

And I am curious how parents can even think about being part of the governance board if



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1 it's the old governance board picking the new one.

2 This ends up being -- I don't like the word

3 | "nepotism," or "good 'ole boys" or like that. That

4 sounds like what it's going to end up being.

Explain this.

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MR. CASAVANTES: Okay. Our intention is to select from the community advisory groups that are made up of the community that have demonstrated that they have the capacity, interest, and so forth to be board members. That's where we -- that's the pool that we believe, which is from the community.

COMMISSIONER GANT: All right. Next question. In your -- and I don't have it up right now. But in your application, you talk about the first principal, teacher/leader, or however it was defined.

MR. CASAVANTES: Uh-huh.

COMMISSIONER GANT: And you indicated that the two founders, you and your other founder, will be the -- the first principals, if you want to call them that, of the charter schools. Now, it's hard for me to understand, since you have written this, and you have a desire to open up five charter schools in five different communities, how two individuals can be the principals for these two



schools -- or five different schools. 1 2 MR. CASAVANTES: Well --3 COMMISSIONER GANT: That was in your -- in 4 your --5 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. Yes, sir. Our 6 plan is -- I think when we met in our capacity 7 interview, I addressed that as well, is that we plan 8 to be like the catalyst, and that -- that we will eventually not be principals there. But we will be 10 principals, and we will be working to select 11 principals to replace us; and that even if -- even 12 if the -- we hire a principal from the very 13 beginning, which I think we could, the -- they're 14 going to need training, and we are going to have to go through -- to understand and implement this 15 16 system, which I think is very unique. It's going 17 to -- I think require us to show them what we -what this plan is about and so forth. 18 19 COMMISSIONER GANT: So I go back. 20 think you can hire five competent, well-trained --21 across New Mexico, from Carlsbad to Deming to 22 Cruces, Anthony, Alamogordo -- five individuals who 23 are willing to be trained in your system if we 24 authorize this in September, and be ready to go in 25 August.



1	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.
2	COMMISSIONER GANT: And where are you
3	going to get the money
4	MR. CASAVANTES: Well
5	COMMISSIONER GANT: to train these
6	people in the next year, if there's no stimulus
7	money?
8	MR. CASAVANTES: I understand. I know
9	it's an issue. And I I am working with on a
L 0	plan to have grants. I have talked to a couple
L1	of Daniels foundation, and they have an interest
L 2	in our school. And but they will not do anything
L 3	until we have a signed charter with the State of New
L 4	Mexico. They will make no agreement; they will make
L 5	no funding.
L 6	They will but and then we're looking
L 7	for some other sources that we're going to be
L 8	seeking. And we believe we will have enough funding
L 9	to open our schools using grants.
20	COMMISSIONER GANT: You put up a long list
21	of partners up here on the board.
22	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.
23	COMMISSIONER GANT: How many of those do
24	you have written agreements with?
25	MR. CASAVANTES: Written agreements?





1	Probably two.
2	COMMISSIONER GANT: Okay. You have the
3	Boys and Girls Club up there. Which one?
4	MR. CASAVANTES: El Paso, Alamogordo.
5	COMMISSIONER GANT: All right. In your
6	application, you talk about a New Mexico board.
7	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.
8	COMMISSIONER GANT: What is that?
9	MR. CASAVANTES: Well, because we also
10	have a Texas board, you know, we were trying I
11	was trying to identify that as a separate, and so
12	forth. And going back to what I said about the
13	Colorado program, I understood that that's the way
14	we had to set it up. That was my understanding at
15	the time that it was written.
16	COMMISSIONER GANT: Did you go to training
17	meetings with the CSD, when they provided trainings
18	on putting together the application?
19	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. I did go to
20	one. And then I was I wasn't able to go to all
21	of them. But I was sent the information by the
22	Columbus Community School.
23	COMMISSIONER GANT: Going to your budget.
24	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.
25	COMMISSIONER GANT: Who developed your



budget? 1 2 MR. CASAVANTES: I worked with Mr. Vigil with the Coalition. 3 4 COMMISSIONER GANT: Now, go to your 5 teachers, which is Function 1000, Object 51100, 1411, "Teachers." All right? You start out with 6 7 seven teachers, \$350,000, and you maintain seven 8 teachers at \$350,000. 9 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. 10 COMMISSIONER GANT: No allocations, no 11 thoughts or anything about inflation? Giving 12 raises? Anything like that? I mean, it's not in 13 the budget. So I've got to ask the question. 14 You did the same thing for vocational and technical teachers, instructional assistants? 15 16 There's -- you know, it's -- no leeway for raises or 17 anything like that for any of these important 18 people. No thought to that at all? 19 Well, I know -- well, we MR. CASAVANTES: 20 knew that there was some areas where we did -- we 21 will be experiencing some savings. And I -- I 22 didn't do it that way. I -- it's my fault. But I 23 do know that we have some, like, tablet computers 24 that we're planning to use for the system, and that



the prices have come down significantly, which we

think would be able to be transferred to -- put in 1 2 those categories. 3 COMMISSIONER GANT: You probably know that 4 what you've provided to us is what we vote on, 5 not --6 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. 7 COMMISSIONER GANT: -- not what you plan 8 to do. 9 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. 10 COMMISSIONER GANT: All right. Explain to 11 me, on Function 1- -- 1000, Object Code 51100, 12 Class -- Job Class 1415, which is your teachers --13 "Teacher, Vocational and Technical." There's two of 14 them across the five years. Talk to me about those. 15 What do they do? I couldn't find a job description. 16 MR. CASAVANTES: I believe one is going to 17 be the nursing component teacher, and the other is 18 going to be the computer programming teacher. 19 COMMISSIONER GANT: But there's no job 20 description. That's my point. There's no job 21 description. 22 Student travel. There's quite a bit of 23 student travel. Where do you plan to travel in the 24 state of New Mexico? Or where are you planning to 25



travel?

MR. CASAVANTES: Well, our plan was to be 1 2 involved in academic competitions, wherever they -hopefully within the vicinity; but that's where we 3 4 were planning to use that money for. 5 COMMISSIONER GANT: These professional 6 folks that you were going to hire through the 7 company in Tucson, and now you say you're going to 8 do it through some outfit in New Mexico, I find neither budgeted for them in salaries or budgeted 10 for them in contracts. Maybe I'm missing --11 MR. CASAVANTES: I believe we put in 12 there -- I got --13 Then show me the COMMISSIONER GANT: 14 function, page number. 15 MR. CASAVANTES: Let's see here. 16 able to pull it up right now, but I definitely will 17 give it to you. 18 COMMISSIONER GANT: All right. We'll go 19 to something else then. Function 2600, Object 54311 20 through 54416, which deals with facility and 21 maintenance; maintenance, repair, electricity, 22 utilities, et cetera. 23 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. We put it 24 as -- as a lump sum for the -- under the billing, I 25 think it was \$150,000. And that was to include our



1 utilities and so forth.

2 COMMISSIONER GANT: So you're going to rent this complex for \$150,000, and you're going to 3 4 include all the repair, the utilities, which could 5 add up to a great deal, because you're going to have a lot of students and staff. I mean, electrical 6 7 bills could drive you right out the roof. And so 8 you won't have much left for a building. It's going 9 to eat up probably \$50,000 of what you've allocated 10 for utilities and repairs and maintenance, 11 et cetera. Okay?

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER GANT: And it would have been nice, I think, for our knowledge, the Commissioners' knowledge, to have the breakout. You say Mr. Vigil did this for you?

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. Yes, sir.

18 COMMISSIONER GANT: Are you contracting

19 | with the Coalition?

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir, we will.

21 COMMISSIONER GANT: And how much is that

22 going to be?

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23 MR. CASAVANTES: I think it's going to be

24 | \$50,000 -- you know when we first did it, when we

wrote the budget, we were thinking of doing it





independently and having -- I think it was an office 1 2 manager. But the -- we think that it's a better idea to go through with the -- with the Coalition. 3 4 COMMISSIONER GANT: Well, Mr. Chair, 5 someone else can ask questions. I might have some 6 later. Thank you. 7 THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner Gant. 8 Other questions? Commissioner Shearman. 9 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: I'd Thank you. 10 like to -- good afternoon, or good morning, or 11 whatever. MR. CASAVANTES: Good afternoon. Yes, 12 13 ma'am. 14 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: I'd like to start 15 with your student academic performance goals on 16 Page 11 of your application. 17 My first -- when I read these, my first 18 comment was -- and let me just read you what I wrote 19 "Realistically, there will be no student 20 performance data until years four and five. Students must be full-time for two years for the 21 22 goal to apply. Year three will set the previous 23 year's performance." 24 So that means years four and five will be 25 the only ones that you'll have any data on to base



1 this goal. Was that your plan? 2 MR. CASAVANTES: Well, you know, our -our plan is to have immediate results and so forth. 3 4 But when we're going to be doing a performance 5 contract, you know, it gets into are you backing 6 yourself into a corner, that you cannot provide --7 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Well, goals back 8 you into a corner, and that's where you're going to 9 be, because it's where we want you to tell us where 10 you're going to go with your school and how your 11 students are going to progress. And then when your 12 school is approved and when it comes up for renewal, 13 this is what we look at to tell us, Did you do it? 14 Yeah, I want you backed into a corner. 15 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, ma'am. No, I 16 understand. 17 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: My second 18 observation is that there are no student performance 19 goals for Grades 1 through 3, 9, and 12, because you 20 based your goal on NMSBA, and those are the grades 21 that don't take it. 22 MR. CASAVANTES: Oh, yes. 23 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: My third 24 observation was the goals are not measurable because 25 they both have disclaimers. The first disclaimer



is, "Depending on the performance needs of our 1 2 students at the beginning of any school year," and the second is, "Assuming a 90-percent year-to-year 3 4 re-enrollment rate and a normal distribution of 5 newly enrolling students." MR. CASAVANTES: I understand your point. 6 7 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Yeah, okay. 8 me move to student academic growth. Goals are not 9 measurable because they do not state what growth 10 students will achieve. Instead, we have 11 disclaimers; "expected growth," which, again, you 12 know, gives you too much wiggle room. 13 Yes, ma'am. MR. CASAVANTES: 14 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: On 11-D-3 on 15 Page 12 -- let me get there -- okay. Achievement 16 gaps in proficiency and growth between the student 17 subgroups. No goals are listed. This is an action I'm -- there's nothing here that tells me 18 plan. 19 these students are going to do this; they're going 20 to have this much growth, any of those kinds of 21 things. It's not there. 22 On Page -- I'm sorry; I'm losing it. 23 Page 14, under High School College Readiness, 24 "One-hundred percent of our graduating



eighth-graders will be ready for high school

1 beginning in year one and beyond." 2 MR. CASAVANTES: What page are you on? 3 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Fourteen. How are 4 you going to prove that? I think it's a -- I can't 5 MR. CASAVANTES: 6 prove it. 7 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: All right. Let's 8 move on to Page 15, please. Graduation rate. 9 Yes, ma'am. MR. CASAVANTES: 10 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Your chart. 11 What's your cohort group for your graduation 12 statistics? 13 MR. CASAVANTES: I didn't prepare this 14 part, so I don't know offhand. 15 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Just let me let 16 you know that in New Mexico, the core grade group is 17 ninth-graders who began together, and, of that 18 group, how many of them graduate together. 19 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, ma'am. COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: So it needs to be 20 21 apples to apples here for --22 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, ma'am. 23 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Let me go on, 24 please, to Page 16. "Our goal is for NMSBA scores 25 are identical to the MAP scores above." I'm not



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able to really figure that one out, what your target
 1
 2
     is, what your measurability is, what your time frame
 3
     is.
 4
               MR. CASAVANTES: Again, I didn't prepare
 5
     this part, so I'm not familiar with it. Sorry.
 6
               COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN:
                                       I'm going to
 7
     Page 18.
               In your curriculum, there's a -- tablet
 8
     computers are shown that will be provided to
     students.
10
               MR. CASAVANTES:
                                Yes, ma'am.
11
               COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Can you tell me
12
     where that expense is located in the budget?
13
               MR. CASAVANTES: I believe we had it --
14
     I'm trying to remember. I know that it was, like,
15
     $600 per each tablet, or somewhere in that
     neighborhood, times the 300 or 400 students.
16
17
     don't recall exactly where that was. But I do
     remember it was that amount.
18
19
               COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: I didn't find it,
20
     either.
21
                                Yes, ma'am.
               MR. CASAVANTES:
22
               COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: On Page 18, also,
23
     11 -- pardon me -- 2-F-2, "Provide research and/or
24
     data substantiating how the philosophy..., " blah,
25
                  I've got a bibliography, but I don't
     blah, blah.
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have any explanation of your research or your data.

I have where it came from, but no information
pertaining to it. Okay?

And then on Page 19 -- oh, before I go to Page 19, I missed a couple of questions I had scribbled on the front. Are you a qualified and registered nonprofit in New Mexico?

MR. CASAVANTES: I'm recognized by the IRS, and I am a Texas nonprofit. I have not filed with the State, you know, the Secretary of State. I believe that, in New Mexico, we were going to be a government entity. And so that's why I didn't pursue that further.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Ms. Callahan, can you help me with that? I thought they had to be a qualified nonprofit to even turn in an application.

MS. CALLAHAN: Mr. Chair, Commissioner

Shearman, the -- the law -- if this is a company
applying for, yes, they have to be a nonprofit. If
they are an individual, as in a parent group,
community group, or other type of application, they
can apply without any other qualifications. So it
depends on what this school's consideration is going
to be. Is it as a nonprofit, or as an individual
entity?



1	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: What is
2	Connections?
3	MR. CASAVANTES: Pardon me?
4	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Is not Connections
5	a business? Am I thinking of something I've got
6	too many things
7	MR. CASAVANTES: I don't know.
8	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. Is any of
9	this instruction going to be delivered online?
10	MR. CASAVANTES: The dual-credit portion,
11	I believe, a good portion of that will be online,
12	because, you know, it would be I think it's the
13	easiest way to present the college work. But the
14	other work is is is going to be
15	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: And you said, in
16	response to one of Commissioner Gant's questions,
17	"Who would be the principal of these schools," and
18	you said you and your other founder partner
19	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, ma'am.
20	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: would be the
21	principals?
22	MR. CASAVANTES: Well, we're going to get
23	it going. And, like I said, is that our intention
24	is to, you know, eventually be out of the picture.
25	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Well, let's talk



about year one, though. Year one, the two of you 1 2 would be principals of all five schools? MR. CASAVANTES: Well, we're planning to 3 4 have principals for each location that are going to 5 be the principal leaders for each school. are going to guide and train and get it going and so 6 7 forth. And once we feel that it is self-sustaining 8 or they understand how things are going, we're going 9 to remove ourselves from these schools. 10 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Let me boil it 11 down to this. Who's going to make this \$80,000 a 12 year at each school as the principal? 13 It's going to be the MR. CASAVANTES: 14 principal that's going to be at the school. COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. 15 16 you, or is that these people you're going to be 17 bringing in? MR. CASAVANTES: 18 They're going to be the 19 people we're bringing in. 20 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Let me go to the

staffing plan on Page 42. Let's skip over there.

Okay. "Full capacity, 400 students, Grades 1

through 12. The teachers will include up to

about..." -- well, you're not painting yourself into

any corners there -- "...twelve full-time regular



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1	education teachers and one special education
2	teacher. Tutors in the instructional group will
3	include up to about 24, with assignments for regular
4	education, and up to about two with assignments for
5	special education."
6	Are you calling tutors what we call
7	instructional aides or instructional assistants?
8	MR. CASAVANTES: Our plan is to hire
9	students from the universities that that are
10	pursuing a master's or a doctorate degree, and many
11	of them come from a foreign country, where they are
12	only able to work in an educational institution.
13	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: New Mexico has got
14	some pretty strict laws and salary schedules for
15	instructional aides. Would those come into play
16	here?
17	MS. CALLAHAN: I didn't hear the question.
18	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: I'm talking about
19	instructional assistants, pay requirements, and the
20	teaching requirements.
21	MS. CALLAHAN: They have to be licensed,
22	Mr. Chairman, and members of the Commission.
23	Educational assistants do have to be licensed.
24	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: So let me just
25	follow with that. These are called "tutors" does



it matter? -- that will be in the classroom.

MS. CALLAHAN: Mr. Chair, Commissioner

Shearman, are they going to be paid?

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Yes.

5 MS. CALLAHAN: They are going to be paid?

6 Then they would require licensure to be an

7 | educational assistant, if that was the identified

8 role. As far as tutors, there's not a designation,

9 really, in the budget, unless they're volunteers.

10 | If they're volunteers, they can tutor and they can

11 come in.

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I don't believe that there's any in the

13 chart of accounts that has specifically to tutors.

14 It is only educational assistants. And so that

15 | would have to be clarified. There are some problems

16 | that universities do -- they pay the students as

17 part of a work-study program, if that's something

18 | that they're looking at.

But if the school is going to pay them,

20 | they're, going to have to be licensed as an

21 | educational assistant, or there's going to have to

22 be another code or classification that would not

23 | require licensure, you know, if they were going to

24 be an administrative assistant of some type. But

then they couldn't work with students.





COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Thank you. 1 If I 2 recall in the narrative somewhere, it said these would be halftime without benefits? 3 4 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, ma'am. COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: How does that opt 5 6 with the law, to be part-time with no benefits? 7 MS. CALLAHAN: Mr. Chair, Commissioner 8 Shearman, I don't believe there's a designation 9 about the time. An FTE is an FTE. So if it's a .2, 10 they need a license, or full-time. 11 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. Thank you. 12 On your budget -- and I know Mr. Gant asked you this 13 about teachers -- you've got seven full-time regular 14 classroom teachers. 15 MR. CASAVANTES: Uh-huh. COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Two vocational 16 17 teachers and one special education teacher. So with 18 your ratio that you propose to have -- and tell me 19 again what it is? Student-teacher ratio? 20 ten? MR. CASAVANTES: Well, we were looking at 21 22 it with the entire staff-to-student ratio would be 23 about -- a little bit more than ten to one. But I 24 didn't calculate it for what it was with just 25 teachers to --



1	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: One teacher and
2	two aides?
3	MR. CASAVANTES: Pardon me.
4	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: One teacher and
5	two aides, as I recall, to a classroom of 30?
6	MR. CASAVANTES: We are using a pullout
7	program. We have a main educational area, where
8	students are working and being guided on the
9	activities that they're working on. And then
10	classroom instruction is on a kind of a pullout
11	basis, based on based on what their testing shows
12	that they are needing to to learn.
13	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Well, I don't know
14	how to measure that, then. Because you say seven
15	regular classroom teachers.
16	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes.
17	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Three hundred
18	students the first year.
19	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes.
20	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: That's well,
21	even if I use nine teachers, including the two
22	vocational, that's 33 apiece.
23	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes.
24	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: And if we just use
25	seven, that's 42 apiece. So I'm not sure how we're



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MR. CASAVANTES: Because of the tutors that we plan to have, that, you know -- we were looking at -- you would be gaining more -- you know, you get -- with a limited budget, you get to a point where you cannot get more individualized contact unless you do something like this, you know. When you have everybody a certified teacher, you're stuck at a certain ratio, and you cannot provide more help than that. And so we were looking at using tutors to have more staff in the building to work with the students.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Well, I -- I have a concern that tutors working with the students -- MR. CASAVANTES: Yeah, I understand. I understand.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: -- without a teacher there, or --

MR. CASAVANTES: Well, there is -- the principal lead teacher that was an administrator is present in that main educational space and is supervising all the activities in that space.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. Thank you.

Let me just talk about your staffing plan. And

Page 50, I'm looking at the charter, where you have

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the grade levels broken down by year. Comparing 1 2 that to your budget in year one, you're projecting 3 200 students, the budget was -- your budget was 4 billed on 300 --5 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, ma'am. 6 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: -- in year one. 7 In year two, you have a projected budget of 8 300 students, but it's still the same number of teachers. 10 MR. CASAVANTES: Let me say that this is 11 incorrect. We intended it to be 300 all the way 12 across, and this was an error. 13 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. So this is 14 incorrect. 15 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, ma'am. 16 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Oh, it's the same 17 number of teachers, but then that stands to reason. 18 Okay. On Page -- where you talk about who 19 you're going to hire, teachers, and you want -- you 20 plan to hire teachers with master's and doctorates. Well, I think that we 21 MR. CASAVANTES: 22 were planning to hire tutors. I believe that's the 23 intention. And -- and then one of the things we 24 were considering is for teachers to have more than 25 one certification, to -- where they were available.



1	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: In your budget
2	narrative, your narrative for line 17, "We plan to
3	hire master's and doctor's level students" pardon
4	me "who have a student visa from a local"
5	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes.
6	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Okay. These are
7	the ones that you want to hire as your tutors.
8	MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, ma'am.
9	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: But if they're
10	functioning as instructional aides (Indicates.)
11	MR. CASAVANTES: I understand the issue.
12	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: I think I'm
13	finished. Thank you very much.
14	THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner
15	Shearman. Commissioner Bergman.
16	COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Thank you,
17	Mr. Chair. I'm going to explore the relationship of
18	these community advisory groups, because, to me,
19	that sounds like it's an outside group, kind of like
20	what used to be PTA or something. I know it's not
21	called PTO. I don't know what it's called. I don't
22	have kids in the school.
23	But, as I read the application, it seemed
24	like this "CAG," as you called it, was going to be
25	deeply immersed in the actual management and



operation of this charter school.

And I'm looking specifically here at

Page 39, for instance, of your application. And

about the middle of the page, as you're talking

about how you're starting up your school, it says,

"Then the founding members and the CAG will work

together on behalf of the Academic Opportunities

Academy...." That sounds like they're going to be

involved in the management in the early stages.

And then you drop down to the next paragraph. You've got the CAG selecting the backgrounds and everything for your people that you want to hire. In other words, they're working up your job identification factors.

And then I drop down further at the bottom, and it says, "Training for the board members and the members of the CAG will take place at the school."

And then the next sentence says, "The content of this training will focus on the job tasks of employees, the curriculum, and the instructional plan."

So, here again, it sounds like this CAG is going to be involved in the intimate details of your application, of establishing all that. And -- and





it says -- and then, on Page 40, where you're talking about your board meetings, "Time is going to be set aside for CAG to deliver reports."

And this statement -- and I didn't jot it down; I don't have the page number. I think I saw in that application where you said CAG was going to actually participate in the evaluation of the administrators and the staff, and the evaluation of the administrators done by the board of governors solely, and then staff is evaluated by the principal solely. So explain this CAG group to me, please.

MR. CASAVANTES: Well, it's -- in many schools, they call it "campus improvement teams," or I don't know what term is used in New Mexico. But they were -- they were used to -- to look at aspects of the school to improve -- improve things and research things.

It's kind of like a subcommittee of the board. And I -- I don't recall writing that myself, so -- but as far as some of those statements -- and -- so I did not intend them to be involved in management or administration, okay? If that's what's in there, that's -- that was not my intention.

COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: An outside group.





And I found the other one on Page 41. It says, "The 1 2 CAG will be asked for their input on these evaluations." There, again, that sounds like 3 4 management to me. 5 MR. CASAVANTES: I understand. 6 understand your point completely. 7 COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: And here, again --8 and I found the other thing I wanted, on Page 47. I'll read it to you. It says that, "In the near 10 future, we will ask the people present at these 11 meetings to elect representatives willing to 12 participate in the Community Advisory Group, " comma, 13 "an essential decision-making group for the school." 14 That sounds like management, also, if they are an essential decision-making group for the 15 school. I think there's some blurred lines here 16 17 somewhere. 18 MR. CASAVANTES: I agree. One of the 19 things, like -- items like the dress code or some of 20 those things, I -- we were thinking that these 21 community advisory groups would set that -- that 22 information, because we wanted the community to be 23 involved in that kind of aspect.



COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Parental

involvement is a need anymore for any school to be

24

successful. But parents aren't involved in the management of the school like that.

MR. CASAVANTES: I understand. I understand.

COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Let me just look here and be sure that was all I had. Oh. And in your complaint resolution process, if there were complaints about the school, et cetera, et cetera -- here, again -- this is this Page 48 -- it sounds like, when you wrote that, "Complaints may be addressed either to the CAG or the principal lead teacher." I'm not picking on you. That's just what's in your application.

MR. CASAVANTES: I understand.

COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: It sure sounds like they're immersed in your school when they're in as part of the complaint procedures.

MR. CASAVANTES: I know it's repetitive and so forth, and I -- I consider that to be an error.

COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Okay. And I -this is just briefly. On your graphics up there, at
some point, you talked about our "college partner
standards." And yet in your comments early on, you
stated you were in contact with all the universities



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and colleges in the state, and only ENMU bothered to even respond.

3 MR. CASAVANTES: That's true. That's 4 true.

COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: And so right now, it doesn't sound like the colleges are on board, either.

MR. CASAVANTES: They don't want -- the main issue of contention is to offer college credit below a certain level. You know, that's the -- that's the main issue that they have. They want -- some of them only want just juniors and seniors to be considered for any college credit, and -- and then maybe some -- some sophomores.

And so that -- that's kind of where the -the -- the areas of disagreement, or where they
don't want to come on board is the -- even NMSU has
agreed only to accept students into their program at
the freshman level, and we would have to demonstrate
performance for them to expand it.

COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: And I understand that when you're applying, you're in a gray area, because you can't sign agreements; you can't do anything. And I know that's tough.

MR. CASAVANTES: No, I understand. But,





you know, that's the understanding that we had. And so --

COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Okay. I think I'll quit, just in case someone else had a final comment. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner
Bergman. Commissioner Gant.

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COMMISSIONER GANT: A couple of quick -Mr. Chair, a couple of quick -- I have one minute
and 3 seconds. First of all, it's on Page 59,
paragraph 4-A, bullet 4. It's No. 2. It's talking
about the fact you may not have all the budget you
want, cash shortfalls and all that. And you state
in there that you will be willing to hire long-term
substitute teachers as long-term substitutes, and
then make them regular employees.

Do you think that a teacher who has been certified as a Tier 1 or 3 or 2 with a diploma is going to be hired on as a substitute at the pay of a substitute teacher?

MR. CASAVANTES: Well, this year, we have a special circumstance with no start-up grants. And we were looking at all kinds of options of how we could possibly open and deal with -- with it. And, you know, I've gone through several iterations. One



is I have the ability to get a \$1.5 million loan.

MS. CHAVEZ: Mr. Chairman, time is up.

MR. CASAVANTES: Financial --

THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner Gant.

The time has ended for the Public Education

6 Commission questions of the applicant.

Any member of the public, including the applicant, may submit written input following this hearing. Written comments can be sent to the Commission via the PED -- that's Public Education Department -- main Web site at ped.state.nm.us, through the Calendar listing on the front Web page, through the Public Comments section on the front Web page, or by using the link, ped.state.nm.us/comments.

You will be directed to an e-mail format in which to write your comment. Make sure you identify the school you're commenting on in the drop-down menu. Please note that any written input must be received by no later than close of business on the third business day following the hearing on the application you wish to comment on.

I want to thank you for your presentation and for your hard work in preparing your application. The Commission will now recess the

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hearing until 4:00 p.m., where it will resume in the community of Las Cruces. Thank you. We are in recess. (Proceedings in recess at 1:05 p.m.) 





## 1 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I, Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR, CCR #219, Certified Court Reporter in the State of New Mexico, do hereby certify that the foregoing pages constitute a true transcript of proceedings had before the said NEW MEXICO PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION, held in the State of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo, in the matter therein stated.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand on August 31, 2012.

BEAN & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR-CRR, NM CCR #219

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