1	BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION
2	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS PUBLIC INPUT MEETING
10	ACADEMIC OPPORTUNITIES ACADEMY August 23, 2012
11	8:00 a.m. Women's Intercultural Center
12	303 Lincoln Street Anthony, New Mexico
13	<b>-</b> '
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	REPORTED BY: Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR-CRR, NM CCR #219  Bean & Associates, Inc.
21 22	Professional Court Reporting Service 201 Third Street, NW, Suite 1630
23	Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102
24	
25	JOB NO.: 5153K (CC)

SANTA FE OFFICE 119 East Marcy, Suite 110 Santa Fe, NM 87501 (505) 989-4949 FAX (505) 843-9492



1	APPEARANCES
2	COMMISSIONERS:
3	MR. M. ANDREW GARRISON, Chair
4	MS. CAROLYN SHEARMAN, Vice Chair MR. EUGENE GANT, Secretary
5	MS. CARLA LOPEZ MR. VINCE BERGMAN MR. GILBERT PERALTA
6	STAFF:
7	MS. KELLY CALLAHAN, Director, Charter School Division
8	MS. CORDELIA CHAVEZ  MR. BRAD RICHARDSON
9	MS. SHELLY CHERRIN MS. RACHEL STOFICK
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	





THE CHAIR: Good morning, everyone. The Public Education Commission meeting community input meeting is back in session. This meeting is being conducted pursuant to New Mexico Statutes Annotated, Title 22, Section 8B-6J, 2009. The purpose of these community input hearings that will be held from August 20 through August 24, 2012, is to obtain information from the applicant and to receive community input to assist the Public Education Commission in its decision whether to grant the proposed charter applications.

According to this section of the law, the Commission may appoint a subcommittee of no fewer than three members to hold a public hearing.

According to law, these hearings are being transcribed by a professional court reporter. The total time allocated to each applicant is 90 minutes, which will be timed to insure an equitable opportunity to present all applications.

During the hearing, the Commission will allow for community input about the charter application. The time for public comments will be limited to 20 minutes. The Commission Chair, based on the number of requests to comment, will aggregate time to those wishing to speak. If there are a



1	large number of supporters or opponents, they are
2	asked to select a speaker to represent common
3	opinions. We will try to allocate an equitable
4	amount of time to represent the community
5	accurately.
6	The Commission will follow this process
7	for each community input hearing: The Commission
8	will ask each applicant or group to present here in
9	front. They will be given 20 minutes to present
10	their application in the manner they deem
11	appropriate. The Commission will not accept any
12	written documentation from the applicant; but the
13	applicant may use exhibits to describe their school
14	if necessary.
15	Following the applicant's presentation,
16	the local school district representative or
17	representatives will be given five minutes to
18	comment. Subsequently, the Commission will allow
19	20 minutes for public comment, as I have described.
20	And, finally, the Commission will be given 45
21	minutes to ask questions of the applicant.
22	Commissioners, are you ready to proceed?
23	(Commissioners so indicate.)
24	THE CHAIR: Secretary Gant, will you
25	please take roll call?



1	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Peralta.
2	COMMISSIONER PERALTA: Here.
3	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Bergman.
4	COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Here.
5	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Shearman.
6	COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Here.
7	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Lopez.
8	COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: Here.
9	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Garrison.
10	THE CHAIR: Here.
11	COMMISSIONER GANT: Commissioner Gant is
12	here. You have a quorum.
13	THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner.
14	Academic Opportunities Academy. For the record,
15	please state the name of your school, the names of
16	the founders of the school, and any other person who
17	is here today on behalf of your school.
18	MR. CASAVANTES: Good morning,
19	Commissioners, everyone that's here. My name is
20	Mark Casavantes, C-A-S-A-V-A-N-T-E-S. And I am the
21	founder, and also Wes Clarkson is a founder, but
22	he's not here today.
23	THE CHAIR: You'll have 20 minutes to
24	present your application. Please proceed.
25	MR. CASAVANTES: Okay. As you know, I've



PROFESSIONAL COURT REPORTING SERVICE applied for several applications, and I think that it's been a good idea that I've done that, because I have five opportunities to speak to you all.

And I believe that, also, that it's been a learning experience for me, and I believe that this is going to be the beginning of a long relationship.

This is -- you know, what we're doing here and what I've started may -- you know, I know it has -- that my plan has had some parts in it that have to be changed, revised and so forth. I'm hoping that the plan will have -- be able to be accepted somewhere with -- with revisions.

You know, I have served in the military.

I was in the Air Force in the Civil Engineer Corps and the Navy. And I've learned that in military life, that you accomplish your mission. And I am always innovating and learning and testing and thinking and planning and improving. And last night and this morning, I've been going through that process to -- to improve what I've started.

It is time that all the children in

New Mexico have a quality education. And I think

that you all agree with that, that we need to have a

quality education. And I don't believe that there

(inaudible). I may lose a few battles -- maybe five



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

this week -- okay? But I will not lose the war, and
I will be back, okay?

So -- as you've seen in the previous meetings that I've had with you, that I do have a strong desire to improve education in New Mexico. I think you all would agree that there's a great need to improve the education in New Mexico.

You know, out of all the places I applied,
I feel that there's areas where it can be improved.
I know that Las Cruces was probably the strongest of
the five cities. And I think that Deming was the
weakest of the five cities and needs the most
improvement.

I think you can see my heart is in the right place. I think you can see that I am creative in seeking solutions, and I am working diligently to seek solutions to improve education in New Mexico. I think you can see that my overall idea is a good one and will work, and I hope you agree.

You know, I initially, earlier, said I wish I had the skills of a good lawyer, because I think at this time, that's basically what -- what skill I need to -- you know, I'm trying to convince you, and I know that I have had, in these meetings, not the level of community support that I'm -- I



3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

would like or need.

I have really sought this support. I've been in these communities repeatedly throughout the application period. I'm surprised that there has been such limited support. I have had lots of people tell me that they would be here, and they're not here, so...

You know, I appreciate what I've learned.

I -- I think I'm a better person from this

experience. And it's been a rewarding experience,

even though it's been, you know, a little bit -- you

know, the criticisms that I've received. I can

receive criticism and adjust, adapt to that and grow

from it. And, actually, I appreciate what you -
the comments that you all have made.

You know, when I was applying for my 501(c)(3) with the IRS, the first time, they sent me eight pages of questions to respond to. And one of the questions was what would I do if I did not get a charter. And I answered, "We will reapply every year until we get our charter schools. We will apply for charter schools in other states."

We're going to apply in Texas, and we've applied here in New Mexico. We made it to the second level





of the process in Indiana. I think their main objection was the two-way dual-language program.

We're constantly thinking of ways to improve education. I'm convinced, once we have a charter school in some of these communities, that will show that we -- that success can occur. And I'm hoping it's similar to what happened with Mr. Roger Bannister when he broke the four-minute mile, that other people start breaking these records and improving education throughout New Mexico.

A little bit of my background. As well as a student teacher, Mr. Wes Clarkson was the assistant principal there. And I observed that there was one teacher who was a teacher in the alternative education classroom that I thought was an outstanding teacher, and I wanted to work with him to learn how he worked. And I was asked to switch to his class as a supervisory teacher, Mr. Charlie Rizzo.

And he was a master at discipline. He could transfer the most difficult student in behavior to a model student in about three days.

And it was phenomenon what I saw he could do. And it didn't look like he worked hard. He didn't get stressed. He enjoyed his job, but would spend half



a day the first day that he had with a student and have a discussion with them and really learn about that student. And he would probe and seek and try to find out what the root problems were.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(505) 989-4949

And I have done that in my teaching, and I -- and there's a lot of -- and I don't think a lot of people do that. He was very calm and respectful. And -- and what happened -- one of the things I observed in the school is a lot of teachers would say he was soft on discipline, because he wasn't mean to his students. He wasn't -- and I found that I think a lot of -- a lot of -- a lot of teachers are mean to some of these students, and, actually, I think, do create some of the gang problem.

During my teaching career -- I started at Guillen Middle School, which was a reconstituted school about a block from the border in El Paso, one of the lowest income areas -- I think the average income was around \$9,000 something a year. significant gang problem. And I -- I had a difficult time the first half of the year. I didn't realize that my students were performing between about first- and fourth-grade level until about Christmas time.

And at that time, I switched to filling in





the gaps that they had. And a couple of weeks

before the tests, I was -- only had progressed up to
about seventh grade. And I was worried that I was
going to have bad results and -- and my students

were going to fail the tests. And the last two

weeks, I basically summarized the eighth-grade

material. And my scores were -- the previous scores

were, I think, 25-percent passing. And I don't

recall the exact scores. But it was in the 50 -- in
the low 50 percents, you know, passing. And I think
the overall school score was, like, 35 percent.

And in the second year, my principal thought that the -- a real wise strategy was to load my classes to the maximum capacity, and the teachers with the lowest scores to be given about ten students. And I still did -- the scores went from about 35 percent to, I think, around 50 -- mid 50s, 56 percent, if I recall correctly. So I got results in my second year as well.

I've always welcomed the behavior problems of the school. And once a principal knows that, they will give them to you. And you get a bunch of them.

I have had -- I have met my match a couple of times. I had one in Albuquerque. It was a





student, every time he got out of the chair, would cause me some issue. Some of the things he did is he chose one time to steal his parent's car and total it. And then when he tried to -- a few weeks later, he totaled the other parent's car.

And this is one student that I never was able to reach. And I was -- this was the kind of student that I was worried some day would kill his parents. But I never quit, and I kept trying, working with this child.

I worked with a very strong-willed young lady that was in the third grade who was going to be retained. And I -- I was teaching her multiplication tables, and she resisted like no student I'd ever seen before; very strong willed.

But I was using some of the techniques that I plan to use in the charter school. And I showed her a graph of how long it took her to complete a set of flash cards. First time, it took me over three days to get that -- you know, three times with her, about 270 minutes. But then the second time, it took her 90 minutes. And then over a period of time, she got it down to where she was doing about eleven minutes.

And she improved dramatically. She went



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

from the bottom of her class to one of the top of her class and was not retained. And she has promised me this year that she's not going to give me a hard time. And her father attended the capacity hearing in Albuquerque.

I was working with a boy that was retained in the fourth grade, and he developed a lot of bad habits. And then he's soon to be tested -- he's going to be given credit by exams. And I am confident that he'll move to the fifth grade. And I also used data and feedback to show when he was being effective and when he was not. And it has had phenomenal results.

When I started working with him, he was probably reading about second-grade level, and now I think he's at fourth-grade-level reading.

You know, another experience, I taught a student, again, who as a sixth-grader, shot somebody. He didn't kill his victim, but he spent a year in -- in juvenile hall. And I got him as an eighth-grader. And he was a very weak student, gang member.

And I worked on him. He agreed to come in for tutoring. I had to get the judge and the probation department and so forth to modify his --





his bracelet schedule, whatever. But he became my best student that year.

You know, I -- through my course of math teaching, so forth, I've developed a lot of tricks and strategies and so forth, you know. I've seen that I can teach fifth and sixth graders algebra. You know, when you were telling me that you can't believe that these students can do college work in the sixth grade, I'd say if I have enough time with them, I believe I can.

I have an activity which any student that has completed, has never failed the State exam. And so, you know, I'm looking forward to having the opportunity eventually to try these strategies and to improve education in New Mexico.

For those that are here and might not know how our plan is working, we're going to basically have an open space where students work on activities with instructional aides and that the teachers are going to pull out students that need a particular activ- -- skill to be learned. And so the only students that are in that class are the students that need that instruction.

In the current system, with 30 students or 25 students in their classroom, the -- you have kids



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

that you are wasting their time. And we're going to try to do everything we can that we do not waste their time and be effective and efficient and make more progress.

And -- and so we're going to use testing to identify the areas where they're going to need, and we're going to check for things like retention, how long do they keep and retain information. And we're going to have a sensitive database that it's going to monitor these students and track all sorts of metrics, like I said, similar to what you see when you track stock, like on a Web site like TD Ameritrade. And I think with those things, we will improve education dramatically. And that -- that is my sincere desire. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you for your presentation. We would now like to hear from the Gadsden School District. Are there any school representatives here that would like to speak? Please -- oh, there. He's yielding the table. Can you have a seat there, sir? And please introduce yourself and the role that you play at the school district.

MR. YTURRALDE: Good morning. My name Efren Yturralde. First name is E-F-R-E-N; last name





is Yturralde, Y-T-U-R-R-A-L-D-E.

THE REPORTER: Thank you.

3 MR. YTURRALDE: That's okay. It's even

uncommon in El Paso and New Mexico.

THE CHAIR: I hadn't heard that last name before. And you will have five minutes to speak.

7 MR. YTURRALDE: Thank you. First of all,

8 I would like to thank the Commission for giving me

9 the opportunity to speak here. Ten years ago,

10 | Gadsden Independent School District opened an

11 alternative school. They saw a need for an

12 alternative school for students that were not being

13 successful in regular school. The dropout rate was

14 | high; it was over 18 percent at the time.

I was fortunate enough to be the principal of that alternative school when we did open it.

This was ten years ago. We opened the doors and we

took over, and we took discipline students from high

19 school.

1

2

4

15

16

17

18

20

21

22

23

24

In the last ten years, I am happy to say that Gadsden Desert Pride Alternative School has graduated over 1,200 students and has recovered students that were dropouts close to 1,000. These students that come in need not a computer, not a

25 program; they need a teacher. They need to have





understanding. A person that teaches them has to have the special training, the tolerance, the caring, the instruction, the strategies, and the knowledge to approach the student.

They cannot be successful in a regular school. We all know that these students are failures of the system. Therefore, the alternative school has been a tremendous success in this district.

Our dropout rate has gone down quite a bit. We're under 5 percent. Last year, our graduation rates, the district average was close to 81 percent for the whole district. That's not only alternative schools, but the other schools. The alternative school has played a very important part in our system.

As for the district itself, we are limited in the resources. But our teachers and our administrators and our central office, and especially our board, are very much behind the improvement and achievement of our students. We opened an early high school this year with our limited resources. We combined Doña Ana Community College and Chaparral High School, where the community college is within walking distance so the



student can attend there so they can have their own transportation.

We have also developed a number of new career paths, including a health career path in Santa Teresa. Our district as a whole has taken -- has taken a big goal to improve achievement with very limited resources.

I am extremely proud of our teachers.

They work hard. Right up the road here in this neighborhood, if you came through here, I'm sure you noticed the socioeconomics in the area, very low.

Also, 99 percent of our -- this one school is Hispanic with a high number of ELL students. That school has the fifth highest scores in the state.

It's Anthony Elementary. And that was recognized not only by the Secretary of Education, but also by our Governor.

If Anthony can do it, and we can do it with the resources we have now, we need the students in our schools, please. Our numbers are not high.

Our SEG is low. For financing, we need our students in our school.

The alternative -- the charter school we have here now has been in existence for four years.

They don't have a building. We provided a building.





The next year, we've been told by our insurance agents we cannot occupy that building anymore. It's an old central office area. They only have 57 students in four years. The students are not -- they go there looking for something new.

I'm all for alternative education. That's why we have provided alternative classes in our school. We have provided different approaches, pathways, the rigor, the early high school, Cambridge, and other programs that we have entered into our school.

I have 23 seconds. I want to say thank you very much for your very progressive resource, and I'm very proud to be in this district. I started off as a principal. I was lucky enough to get to central office. I was an assistant principal under Dr. Nava; and also, I was lucky enough for the board to make me a superintendent. And I can only put all the success in the schools to the board, the teachers and the students and the parents.

MS. CHAVEZ: Mr. Chair, the time is up.

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much for your comments, sir. We will now hear public comment from the community of Anthony. The first name on my list -- and not too many folks printed so -- Mary





Telles? 1 2 MS. TELLES: That's me. MR. CASAVANTES: I believe she's a 3 4 district employee. I'm not sure. 5 MS. TELLES: I'm here as a concerned 6 parent and a member of our community. 7 THE CHAIR: Good morning. 8 MS. TELLES: Good morning. My name is 9 Mary Telles. I am here representing our community 10 and as a concerned parent. I am a resident of 11 Anthony, New Mexico; have been for 30 years. 12 raised our students -- well, I should say our 13 kids -- in the Gadsden Independent School District 14 public school, started in kindergarten, graduated 15 high schools. We have been very pleased with our 16 public schools. 17 Just over -- overwhelmed with the support 18 that our school district gives us as families in our 19 farming community. We are a farming community. 20 do raise our kids -- most of our kids -- out on the 21 farms as far as where I'm from. 22 I know it's different when Mr. Yturralde 23 mentioned some of the career pathways that is 24 offered to our students. Out here in the farming



community, we also offer -- we also receive for our

1	kids horticulture, agricultural sciences, Future
2	Farmers of America. And if some of my farmer
3	friends were here, they would be backing me up on
4	this.
5	We are very pleased with our public
6	schools, and as a community, we need to support our
7	public schools and keep our students in our schools
8	so they can inherit the rich history of our
9	community. Thank you.
L O	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. This
L1	looks like a "Marie." Good morning. Can you all
L 2	come up and print your name for me, please? And the
L 3	other folks that signed in, their signatures also,
L 4	if you want to come up and print your name for the
L 5	record? I'd appreciate it.
L 6	I have three more signatures to be printed
L 7	out. Please come up and take care of that.
L 8	THE CHAIR: So Maria Saenz, good morning.
L 9	MS. SAENZ: Good morning.
20	THE CHAIR: I'm going to give them each
21	Mary Telles did a wonderful job. But I'm going to
22	allow three to four minutes for everyone to speak.
23	MS. SAENZ: I'm here as a concerned
24	community member, as a grandparent, and I do have



firsthand --

THE CHAIR: Start over.

MS. SAENZ: Yes. My name is Maria Saenz, and I'm here as a concerned grandparent, community member, and I also have firsthand knowledge of what Gadsden District has been doing, because I am on the Gadsden School Board. But my concern is that we've had a very negative experience with a charter school already.

As a grandparent, as a parent, I cannot see how some of our parents will actually let their children be in the existing charter school. There's no playground. They're all in a cemented area there. The facilities are not good. I don't understand how come charter schools go by different rules than school districts.

School districts, when we build buildings or whatever, we've got to have certain specifications. Obviously, charter schools don't. I don't understand that.

The gentleman that was here, I don't want to put him down or anything; but for 16 minutes, I heard war stories from a teacher. I'm a retired teacher. I could give you 16 minutes of war stories myself. I did not hear anything about the structure, how the objectives -- the goals for this



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

charter school, and that worries me. Okay?

We are doing the best we can. We need people to be involved. We need resources to do a better job. We've come a long way. We could do better if we had more resources. And I don't see the point of diluting the resources.

I'm sure they have good intentions. The existing charter school had great intentions when they started. In fact, they didn't tell us the truth, okay? And I'm just going to leave it at that, because -- again, because you are constrained in time, I'll wrap this up and say, please, don't dilute us anymore, and just have faith in us that we're doing the best that we can. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. You can just set the microphone on the table. Thank you so much. Jose Garcia. Good morning.

MR. GARCIA: Good morning. How you are you all doing?

Good morning. My name is Jose Garcia. I have two daughters here at the Gadsden School District. I am very concerned, because I have had multiple -- I can give you a long list of things that this school district is not supplying our kids.

We have asked -- our daughter has asked for help



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

after school; and yet they told her that, because she didn't meet a certain criteria, she couldn't have that help.

We asked for help. But yet, "Oh, you don't meet that certain criteria."

"What do you mean? We're asking for math help with her mathematics to become better."

But, just -- they have told her, "No. You have to be in a certain criteria."

Yet we're asking for the help, but we're not getting it.

A lot of these parents that live within a block from this school, Anthony Elementary, are taking their kids to Canutillo, Texas, Anthony, Texas, a lot of schools. A lot of these parents want to take their kids to Las Cruces, New Mexico, to the schools over there, because these schools are not cutting it. I'm sorry.

I am sorry. There's a lot of -- you'll see a lot of parents not here because they're afraid that there's -- there's going to be repercussions, that their kids are going to be ostracized because -- for the parents speaking up. I'm not one of them. I'm here. Please give us that chance. Give us an opportunity to -- give us an alternative.

SANTA FE OFFICE 119 East Marcy, Suite 110 Santa Fe, NM 87501 (505) 989-4949 FAX (505) 843-9492

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24



El Paso, you have private schools. You've got other school districts. You've got magnet schools. Yet here in Anthony, we have nothing, except the charter school that they just -- they spoke of, and they spoke of bad.

We have nothing to take our kids to say, you know what? Let's -- let's have -- why not have an alternative, so we can see -- let's better ourselves. Let's better ourselves.

So I ask each and every one of you, give us that opportunity. Just give us the opportunity to better our kids so that we can be better. I went to the pre-K orientation just the other day. I have a pre-K daughter. They told us -- there was -- out of 32 kids in that program, only four of them were going to go to -- to college, okay? And half of those were going to drop out -- drop out of school by the ninth grade.

That's not acceptable. That's not acceptable. To me, that's not. So what we need is an alternative where we can say, "You know what? Gadsden School District is here. Let me try this. Let me try something else."

The parents will be involved. The community is going to have a say as to what is done





and what is not done in this school. They're going
to -- the board is going to be made of people from
Anthony, not people from Las Cruces, not people from
Sunland.

This is a community. We're two years old as a city. The people said, "Enough is enough."

And that's why we want the alternative school, because we're saying, "Enough is enough."

There's parents that are afraid to come to speak up. I asked Mr. Yturralde himself, why is it -- I was flipping through my daughter's school yearbook. It has third, fourth, and fifth grade for one teacher. How -- is that a typo? No, it's not. They're having third, fourth, and fifth graders in one classroom.

How can you do that? How can you say, "

Okay, now, we're going to teach the

third-graders" -- no, that's not -- that's not. To

me, that's not.

Another thing, we asked Mr. Yturralde -I, personally -- well, I met with Ms. Nava, in fact,
for the 2010 census, to do a robo-call to all the
households so we can get -- everybody gets counted.
They said no.

Why not? We're trying to help them out,





and yet they cannot help us by giving people just a 1 2 robo-call, both in English and in Spanish. supply the -- both the English and Spanish 3 4 And yet they couldn't do that. translation. 5 wanted to get counted. We wanted everybody to get 6 counted so that they could get more funding, but yet 7 they couldn't do that. 8 Why not? They gave me an excuse that the 9 board members had a -- had an issue with that. 10 issue was that? We're trying to better our people, 11 our community, and yet can't step up to the plate. 12 Mr. Chair, time is up. MS. CHAVEZ: 13 HEARING OFFICER: Thank you very much. 14 THE CHAIR: Carols Hernandez. 15 morning. Good morning, everybody. 16 MR. HERNANDEZ: 17 My name is Carlos Hernandez. I'll just give a brief 18 background who I am. I am a former school 19 superintendent in Arizona, a former school principal 20 in New Mexico. I was named the Educator of the Year 21 by LULAC in 1996, recognized by Senator Jeff 22 I'm coming back to this area because I Bingaman. 23 want to see our kids succeed. 24 Failure is not an option anymore. 25 here to say anything against Gadsden, because I work



for Gadsden. I was a teacher when they first opened up Santa Teresa High School. I saw my kids go through education there, kids from the Anapra area, the low-level economic. That's not an excuse; we shouldn't put that option on the table.

Parents have a right to have an option and a choice. Now, former students of mine have come to me who are now parents. That's how old I am now. They were saying, "We need choices. We need to do more for our kids."

A lot of our kids all learn in the traditional system right now, and these parents need a choice. Give them that choice so they can succeed. Don't let Anthony stop growth. Like the gentleman before me was saying, "Yes, a lot of kids are going to Canutillo and a lot of kids are going out of the area."

It takes a whole community to raise a child. You heard of that, right? Let's work together, work with Gadsden, work with the charter schools. I know they say they're a bad charter school, but that's not everybody. You can't label that. That's how we begin to label our children, those who can and those who can't. Like the gentleman back there says that his children want to



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	go to college and all that no, you can't say
2	that. Children do not fail. We fail them.
3	So let's progress forward. And on the
4	record, Gadsden, last year, had a 90-percent failure
5	rate, AYP, across the state as well.
6	Ninety percent? Didn't our Governor say that?
7	We've got to change. Let's embrace grace change.
8	Let's embrace creativity. Let's not drown it.
9	Because a child may not learn in a traditional way.
L 0	They may learn in another better way. And that's a
L1	parent's choice. Thank you.
L 2	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. That
L 3	concludes all the folks that have signed in on the
L 4	sign-in sheet. So we will move forward to the
L 5	Public Education Commission's question period of the
L 6	applicant.
L 7	Will the applicant please move forward?
L 8	And the Chair will open up the floor for questions
L 9	by Commissioners.
20	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Sir, can I also
21	write my name there, so I can say something?
22	THE CHAIR: No, sir.
23	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay.
24	THE CHAIR: Questions? Commissioner



Shearman.

COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: Good morning, 1 2 everyone. I just want to make a statement. I've said this before at our other hearings. 3 4 for those of you who may not be aware of it, this is 5 the third time that we have heard Mr. -- I'm 6 sorry --7 MR. CASAVANTES: Casavantes. 8 COMMISSIONER SHEARMAN: -- Casavantes' 9 presentation. So we're -- many of our questions 10

have already been asked and answered.

But what I really want to say is, by law, what we consider -- the only thing we can consider when looking at this charter school is the application. That's it. It cannot be revised. Ιt cannot be changed. It's exactly what it is when it

I have made many -- I've asked many questions. You and I have agreed that there are many incomplete, insufficient sections in both your application and your budget.

I will simply say, at this point in my mind, your application is so insufficient and so incomplete and as well as the budget, I must tell you I cannot support this application. I wish you luck in the future. But this application is not



comes to us.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24



sufficient to start a school. Thank you. 1 2 MR. CASAVANTES: Thank you. May I respond to that? 3 4 Thank you, Vice Chair THE CHAIR: 5 Shearman. I want to also remind Commissioners that 6 if we have other questions for Mr. Casavantes about 7 the charter school, to ask them. If not, we'll be 8 having our decision-making meeting December 19 and 20. Commissioner Gant. 10 COMMISSIONER GANT: Mr. Chair, members, 11 audience. Having -- you talk about having the 12 metrics to follow the progress of the students in 13 your classes. You talk -- basically what I heard 14 you say, you will have a metrics to follow the progress and so forth -- to follow the progress of 15 16 the students that are in there -- the big areas; 17 then you take them to the individual classrooms, 18 et cetera. Do you or do you not have a system 19 developed today? 20 MR. CASAVANTES:  $N \cap$ 21 COMMISSIONER GANT: Who is going to 22 develop the software matrix that you're going to follow? 23 24 MR. CASAVANTES: Dr. Brian Clement 25



[verbatim].

COMMISSIONER GANT: And who is that? 1 2 MR. CASAVANTES: He is a -- get the exact term -- database architect, and he's a retired 3 4 And, basically, we're going to need to professor. 5 have funding to pay for his -- for his services. But he has shown us what he can do. He's worked for 6 7 Hewlett-Packard in that capacity and has extensive 8 background and can do that job. 9 COMMISSIONER GANT: And when do you expect 10 to have this metrics in place? 11 MR. CASAVANTES: Well, we know that we can apply for -- we could apply for grants in November, 12 13 because until we have -- well, if we don't have --14 if we don't have a -- a charter contract, then we --15 I don't know exactly what we could do. 16 But we were going -- we will seek funding. 17 And, like I said earlier, we will be back here next 18 year with the correct application. We -- you know, 19 we will learn from the mistakes that we made in this 20 current application and make -- and be here, back 21 here, next year. 22 One of the things is the charter school 23 that is in Anthony is run by the school district. 24 And I've attended some of the meetings. And that 25 charter has lots of problems. And I think that, as



I've said in other places, that the school districts choke off the charter.

1

2

11

12

13

14

15

16

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(505) 989-4949

This is not -- our charter will go -- go 3 4 directly to the State of New Mexico. That's why I 5 would not run a charter -- and I think a lot of the 6 charters that are run by the school districts, 7 that's where you have most of the significant 8 problems. And so I would not want to be put in that 9 position in running a charter. And I know that the 10 charter here is in very bad shape.

COMMISSIONER GANT: You -- according to your application, you're planning to open up five charter schools all at the -- same time.

> MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Excuse me. Excuse me, please.

17 MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

> COMMISSIONER GANT: Let me finish. I'm talking about your charter. I'm not talking about what the Commissioner said. And you don't have facilities -- you claim to have some facilities located by a broker. But my question is, considering you don't have any stimulus funds and there's only two of you founders, how are you going to manage opening up five facilities, getting all





the furniture, doing all the renovations and repairs that have to be done in five different locations with multiple contractors across the state of New Mexico, from Carlsbad to Deming, you name it -- how are two of you going to do this without stimulus funds and be ready to open? If you had the -- if you had the authorization from the State, how would you manage to do that? It's hard enough to do it in one community.

MR. CASAVANTES: I agree. I understand.

And I agree. I would be seeking additional help

from people and -- and -- like I say, I'm hoping

that I would get grants and that I would be able to

hire staff that would be able to provide me the

assistance in all five communities. And that would

be our plan.

And I've -- I -- I know that -- I know the challenges I face, and it would probably be a very difficult challenge and so forth. But I would do my best to accomplish that mission, and I believe I can.

Also, I know that the superintendent believed here that we were an alternative school.

We're planning to serve all students. And it's not -- it's not a dropout recovery program. It's a





plan to serve all the students that have the interest of what our charter school would have.

And --

COMMISSIONER GANT: Let's go back to the question I was -- we were just dealing with, the five locations. Do you know the process of getting plans for renovations and repairs to the Public Schools Facilities Authority? Do you know how that works?

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir. I know that -I know that they have to approve the facility. They
have to approve the condition. They have the
requirements of the condition of the facility, the
footcandles, the size of each of the spaces, the
square feet, the parking, the air conditioning,
heating, all the -- you know, all the utilities and
so on, yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Moving on. What I've been trying to figure out in my mind, you talk -- and you mentioned it this morning -- how you want -- you've been trying to open up schools -- I would assume the same type of school, a charter school, in Indianapolis, in Texas.

MR. CASAVANTES: I have been.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Well, you indicated





that your plan is to open up in Texas.

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

COMMISSIONER GANT: And open them up here in New Mexico. Now, I'm trying to get -- figure out what's going on here. Why wouldn't you just think about opening one charter school in New Mexico from the get-go and get it right?

MR. CASAVANTES: Well, your point is well-taken. I -- you know, I -- I learned that the plan is not where it should be. And I will revise it, and I'll be back. And I -- I understand the points that you've been making. And I appreciate them. And I will make all the corrections, and you will see a good plan.

I don't know exactly what -- which -- you know, how I would have changed my strategy. I do see that -- that in having five applications, I feel I have had -- I'm getting five educations, and I am going to improve upon it.

And I appreciate the comments that you've given. And I'm taking them in, and I'm learning from it. And I think you will see, next year, a plan that you enjoy.

COMMISSIONER GANT: My last question.

MR. CASAVANTES: Yes, sir.

SANTA FE OFFICE 119 East Marcy, Suite 110 Santa Fe, NM 87501 (505) 989-4949 FAX (505) 843-9492



COMMISSIONER GANT: You talk about sixth-graders taking college courses. And I guess I'm old-fashioned at my age of almost 70. When will -- when will a child be allowed to grow up before that child is sent off to take college courses? And you're talking about the sixth grade. They're still growing up. They're still learning how to get along with their peers.

And you want to do this online, which means you stick someone in front of the one-eyed monster instead of working with their peers, getting with their fellows, working with physical teachers.

And now you're talking about sending them off -- of course, they may be very bright. They may have some of the skills to take some of those courses you're talking about.

But when are we going to allow a child to actually grow up, to be a child before we're asking them to grow up?

MR. CASAVANTES: Okay. Well, maybe I'm a product of my father. You know, in -- when I was in the third grade, he got me enrolled at Texas Western College, which is now UTEP, in a geology class in the third grade. And I passed that course with a B. Now, he was on my case like you wouldn't believe,



and so forth. But -- and -- he had all the rocks, and made me identify them every day and all this -- all sorts of things. He was also teaching the course to me.

But I believe that -- that there are some things that can be done. And I think when they're starting the system that we have -- and I know that if they need to be in transitional period to get people to -- to be able to do this. But if you look at around the world, a lot of students around the world are doing much higher-grade-level work than we do.

If you look at this Singapore Math system.

They say, okay, this is seventh grade in the

United States, but sixth grade around the world.

And I think that if we look at education, you will see that there is -- that -- how it is in many other countries. They are far more advanced than us, and I think we can do sort of the same thing.

And it may take a transition to get there. But I sincerely believe that this can be accomplished.

COMMISSIONER GANT: Mr. Chair, I've asked for the last two meetings with the gentleman, so I



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

won't ask any more questions today.

2 MR. CASAVANTES: Thank you, sir.

3 COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: Mr. Chair?

Thank you, Commissioner Gant. THE CHAIR:

Commissioner Lopez.

1

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(505) 989-4949

COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: I know it must be hard for the audience, because we've done this two other times already. And I apologize if there's anything we're missing that we're not filling in for you.

Here's what's bothering me. You did a presentation this morning on being a teacher and accomplishments that you had as a teacher. talked some about your program in the last two meetings and in this meeting. Yesterday, at the meeting, you said, "We will set up these five schools, and then we will pull out" -- which, to me, sounded like you're going to Texas -- and you'll be compensated.

And I asked you, "What will you be compensated for when you're not in these schools anymore and you're not teaching, " which you talked about these great stories as a teacher. And then you go, "Here, I'm going to pull out and go elsewhere, " wherever that is, and be compensated.





And that's (indicates.)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

We're being honest here, so I'm -- that's pushing all my buttons. What will you be compensated for when you leave and you won't be teaching, and -- that's not working for me.

MR. CASAVANTES: I understand. Well, I've looked at the budget and how you guys operate and so forth. And I -- I need to study a little bit more how the other school in Las Cruces is doing and how they operate. I don't know if there is -- how their compensation structure goes to the Colorado office, okay?

I -- I -- I know that there's a huge need here in New Mexico. And -- and I -- we will find -- I don't know if this will be a small amount that comes out of New Mexico. I -- I -- I am -- do not know exactly how -- just -- I just recently learned about what happened at -- I think at the school in Las Cruces. I was not aware of the structure and the partnership agreements and those sort of things.

But now I am, and I will -- you know, I -- I need to have some compensation to live. But I -- and I -- but I am not seeking to get rich out of this venture. I think that there's a huge need, and we're going to satisfy that need. And I think that



there is someplace, somewhere, that I will get 1 2 enough compensation. 3 COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: I agree that we all 4 have to be compensated for the work that we do. 5 I'm not hearing what work you'll be doing from elsewhere on these five charter schools that are in 6 7 New Mexico. Well, similar to the same 8 MR. CASAVANTES: 9 thing is happening in Colorado, where they have some 10 oversight to make sure that the schools operate, and 11 then if there's any interventions that are 12 necessary, to do those interventions. And, you 13 know, once these schools are in place and running 14 well and so forth, I don't see that there's really that much that I would be doing, you know? 15 16 COMMISSIONER LOPEZ: Thank you. 17 THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner Lopez. 18 Are there any other questions from Commissioners? 19 Commissioner Bergman. 20 COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Thank you, Try it again, Mr. Chair. Let me lean 21 Mr. Chair. 22 back a little bit. I was not going to reask any of 23 the questions we discussed yesterday. 24 But this audience, of course, has not



heard many questions that this Commission has asked

you. So just to give them an idea of some of the questions we have asked, I'm going to ask one again.

And you had -- I know you took many notes yesterday, and you had last night to think about this. So let's just explore this one question, to give them an example of what we've talked about.

It was on Page 23, where you stated, "Our development plan is to begin the first year with enough lessons and learning activities in our database to meet the needs of our students for the first four months of the school year." And then you went on to state that, "As the year progresses, our teachers will be assigned to create additional learning activities to cover all the needs for the year."

This, of course, would be in addition to all their teaching every day that they're going to be doing. Did you have a little time to think about how you might answer that today that might be different from yesterday?

MR. CASAVANTES: Maybe I didn't explain it as well last time. But one of the things is we're going to be in a longer school year basis, and we're going to be a year-round plan, and we're going to have the intercessions. And so during the

SANTA FE OFFICE 119 East Marcy, Suite 110 Santa Fe, NM 87501 (505) 989-4949 FAX (505) 843-9492



intercession periods, our teachers will work on
the -- the curriculum. And what was originally
believed was we worked up to the first intercession;
these teachers would get the second intercession
done over the second period, after the -- you know,
when they have the first break.

But then I told you that we -- we would have a single strand through the entire year, so that we would have that accomplished, and then develop the second and third strands. Because, in our system, we are going to have the students have a choice of activities. There's activities which sometimes are -- you know, boys like it more than girls; and then there's other activities which girls would like more than boys. So we want to give them those choices; and then, also, based on their learning styles.

So we plan to have, you know, five or more strands. But we'll start with a single strand that everyone would do for the whole year, before the school year started. And Wes is working on that right now, in developing that strand -- those strands in all the curriculums.

And that -- and then when we could hire any additional staff, you know, based on funding or





whatever, we would -- we have to allocate the 1 2 resources we have. But we would work on developing 3 those, you know, so everything would be in place at 4 least for one strand. 5 COMMISSIONER BERGMAN: Thank you. Thank 6 you, Mr. Chair. 7 THE CHAIR: Thank you, Commissioner 8 Bergman. Are there any other questions from Commissioners of the applicant? 10 Any member of the public, including the applicant, may submit written input following this 11 12 Written comments can be sent to the hearing. 13 Commission via the Public Education Department main 14 Web site, at ped.state.nm.us/comments. You will be directed to an e-mail format in which to write your 15 16 Make sure you identify the school you are comment. 17 commenting on in the drop-down menu. Please note that any written input must be 18 19 received by no later than close of business on the 20 third business day following the hearing on the 21 application you wish to comment on. 22 And I also want to mention that 23 Secretary Gant gave me the suggestion to announce 24 The Academic Opportunities Academy described this:



in detail their plan in the first community input

hearing, and all the minutes of those meetings will be up on the Public Education Department Web site as soon as they're finished off by the transcriber. So give it a few days, and then go to the Web site, and you'll be able to see those minutes, if you want a more detailed description of the school.

So I thank Commissioner Gant for that recommendation. I'd like to thank you all for your presentations and your hard work in preparing the application. We're going to take a ten-minute recess.

MR. CASAVANTES: Thank you.

(Proceedings in recess at 9:00 a.m.)



e-mail: info@litsupport.com

## REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 1 2 I, Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR, CCR #219, Certified Court Reporter in the State of New Mexico, do hereby 3 4 certify that the foregoing pages constitute a true 5 transcript of proceedings had before the said NEW MEXICO PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION, held in the 6 7 State of New Mexico, County of Doña Ana, in the matter therein stated. 8 9 In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my 10 hand on September 4, 2012. 11 12 13 Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR-CRR, NM CCR #219 14 BEAN & ASSOCIATES, INC. 201 Third Street, NW, Suite 1630 15 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102 License Expires: 12/31/12 16 17 18 19 20 21

Job No.: 5153K (CC)



22

23

24

