BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION STATE OF NEW MEXICO

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
COMMUNITY INPUT HEARING
RIO GRANDE ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS
THRIVE COMMUNITY SCHOOL
July 22, 2021
9:00 a.m.
Via Zoom Webinar Video Teleconference

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2 (Pages 2 to 5)

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	A P P E A R A N C E S COMMISSIONERS: PATRICIA GIPSON, Chair GLENNA VOIGT, Vice Chair REBEKKA BURT, Secretary MELISSA ARMIJO, Member STEVEN CARRILLO, Member GEORGINA DAVIS, Member KT MANIS, Member DAVID ROBBINS, Member MICHAEL TAYLOR, Member PED STAFF: CORINA CHAVEZ Director Charter School/Options for Parents and Families Division MISSY BROWN Technical Assistance and Support and Training Administrator Charter School/Options for Parents and Families Division	2 3 1 Call to Order, R Pledge of Allegi Salute to the Ne 5 2 Approval of the 6 3 Community Inp Rio Grande Aca 7 4 Recess Until 1:4 8 5 Community Inp THRIVE Comm 0 REPORTER'S CER ATTACHMENTS:	iance and w Mexico Flag e Agenda - Not Conducted 5 out Hearing for 5 idemy of Fine Arts 00 P.M. 118 out Hearing for 119 nunity School RTIFICATE 228
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	THE CHAIR: So, good morning, everyone. I'm going to bring to order this meeting of the Public Education Commission. This is a community input hearing for two proposed new State Charter Schools. it is Thursday, July 22nd, 2021. And it is 9:01 a.m. I'm going to ask Commissioner Burt to do roll, please. COMMISSIONER BURT: All right. Commissioner Voigt? COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Here. COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Taylor? COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Robbins? COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Robbins? COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: Here. COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Manis is not present. Commissioner Gipson? THE CHAIR: Here. COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Davis? COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Davis? COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Chavez is	COMMISSION is here. THE CHAIR: So here; is that correct? Yeah. Okay. To everyone. And I'm go Pledge of Allegiance. Robbins to lead us in to (Pledge of Allegiance) New Mexico For THE CHAIR: No for coming. Do we have I brought in. So I just he need to say and go that to work this morning. This meeting is to New Mexico Statut (verbatim), Section 8E	3-6J 2009. this community input
22 23 24 25	not present. Commissioner Carrillo? COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Here. COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Armijo?	obtain information fro receive community in	eld on July 22nd, 2021, is to om the applicants and to put to assist the Public on in its decision whether to

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grant the proposed charter application.

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According to this section of the law, the Commission may appoint a subcommittee of no fewer than three members to hold a public hearing.

According to law, these hearings are being transcribed by a professional court reporter.

The total time allocated to each application is approximately 90 minutes, which will be timed to ensure an equitable opportunity to present applications.

During the hearing, the Commission will allow for community input about the charter application.

The time for public comments will be limited to 20 minutes. If you wish to speak regarding the application -- and I do believe we've closed that off now. Correct, Missy?

MS. MISSY BROWN: Correct.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you.

The Commission chair, based on the number of requests to comment, will allocate time to those wishing to speak. If there are a large number of supporters or opponents, they are asked to select a speaker to represent common opinions. We will try to allocate an equitable amount of time to represent

the community accurately.

The Commission will follow this process for each of our hearings today:

The Commission will ask each applicant or group to be present on Zoom. They will be given 20 minutes to present their application in the manner they deem appropriate. The Commission will not accept any written documentation from the applicant, but the applicant may use exhibits to describe their school, if necessary. However -we're going to leave the setup time out.

Following the applicant's presentation, the local school district representatives, which include the superintendent, administrators, and board members, will be given 10 minutes to comment. Subsequently, the Commission will allow 20 minutes for public comment, as described before.

All the -- all Commissioners -- we have eight Commissioners present today. Do we have everyone from the school in at this point in time?

MS. MISSY BROWN: We do, Commissioner Gipson.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you. So I'm going to ask at this point in time that, for the record, that the applicant state the name of your

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school, the names of the founder of the school and any other person who is here today on behalf of your school.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair, the name of the proposed school is the Rio Grande Academy of Fine Arts. The founders of the school are myself, Jordan Franco, Michele Platis and Michelle Sanchez-St. Andre. We also have on our behalf Kathy

McClendon, Dr. Jenn Peña, Lee Baldwin, Rebekah Runyan, Daniel Hill, Amer Child, and Susan

11 McConnell.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you very much.

13 Missy, are you timing?

MS. MISSY BROWN: I am.

THE CHAIR: Okay. All right. Thank you.

So, Mr. Franco, whenever you are ready, you have 20 minutes. And the time will begin when you start.

18 19 MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Thank you, 20 Madam Chair.

21 All right. And we will go ahead and start 22

now. Madam Chair, members of the Commission, it is such a great honor to be here with you all today.

It's hard to find the words to express to you all

1 how much this journey has meant to us and how

2 grateful we are to be given the opportunity to 3

express our deep passion for the Rio Grande Academy

4 of Fine Arts and the desperate need for

Albuquerque's west side to have a school that is

6 rich in the arts and arts-integrated, rigorous

7 academics. This has been a huge dream for all three 8 of us, as we have seen the benefits of arts and arts

education with the New Mexico students and within

their personal lives.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: As I have reflected on this wonderful dream, I realize I have been an arts educator my entire adult life, even before I understood what that meant. From being the toddler teacher at the Albuquerque Children's Museum to teaching art in my home and trading piano lessons for art lessons for my children, to being a parent volunteer in my children's classes, and, finally, in my own classroom I have lived and breathed teaching the arts.

Arts education has played an essential role in my life, my children's lives, and my students' lives. Art has always been a way for me to express myself and help with healing in my life but as an educator. I have discovered that art is a

learning pathway that allows learning to stick and makes learning fun. I have seen students learn measurement through one-point-perspective drawing and learn the Bill of Rights through creating a rap.

I have learned to love science myself, because I taught science through the arts. And I believe that all students deserve the best education, and that includes a rigorous arts-integrated learning experience.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Michelle, you're on mute.

MS. SANCHEZ ST. ANDRE: Okay. Here we go. Thank you. Sorry. Okay.

I demonstrated artistic abilities early in my youth, but was --

(Reporter cautions speaker.)

MR. SANCHEZ: As an art educator, I became an artist by joining the New Mexico Art Education Association and eventually being on an executive board as the president supporting art educators and art education across the state.

With this experience, I learned about the research supporting arts and education and how the use of art contributes to the development of the whole brain and the benefits to all students.

I want to provide an opportunity for all students by opening a school with the foundation rich in the arts curriculum and academic rigor.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: For me as the son of an immigrant father from Mexico and a mother from the most impoverished beginnings, odds and statistics were stacked against me. But my parents taught me resilience and the arts found me and gave me the drive to succeed.

Without stumbling into dance my sophomore year of high school with a local dance company, I would have never accepted a coaching position at John Adams Middle School to start their first ever dance school.

I would not have met the 80 amazing women and one boy that joined my program my first year and changed my life. I would not have seen them transform into motivated students with dreams and goals because of their desire to be a part of the arts. I would not have seen them grow up into successful young adults that defied the odds and attended college, even though many of them were from the most at-risk and impoverished circumstances.

I would not have become an educator and I would not have pushed myself to become a school

leader, and, ultimately, I would not have decided to push myself to my absolute limits to be here in front of you today, asking you to consider this incredible idea we've created.

The arts gave me my purpose. And my purpose is to be here today and open this school for all students that need it.

Throughout this process, we've been fortunate enough to meet so many individuals from New Mexico that want this for future generations. With their help, we've created a video to share with you to share their story of how arts transformed their lives.

(Video plays.)

MR. SANCHEZ: It's time for Albuquerque's west side to have a school rich in arts and academics.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: Let's hear from New Mexicans that have benefited from an arts education.

MR. GILBERT SANCHEZ: I am Gilbert Sanchez. I am from Albuquerque, New Mexico, originally, but I currently live in New York City.

I am here to tell you how important the arts were in my school in New Mexico. When I was in kindergarten, my music teacher, Ms. Cailin, taught

the students this song. (Song performed.)

And from that moment on, I thought, "Oh, I know what I want to do with my life. I want to be a singer; I want to be an actor."

And that class changed my whole life. I wanted to sing. I sang every moment of my life after that. I went to high school, and with my theater department in school, I did plays and musicals. And I went to college and got my degree in musical theater and vocal performance, and that ultimately led me to moving to New York City and becoming a professional actor.

Without arts in school, I wouldn't have had that spark that led me to do that and to be that. It also gave me the confidence to be who I am as a Latino and a queer person and gave me a community of people who also had that same spark growing up with the arts in their school.

I don't think that people understand how important it is, because even if you don't go into a career in the arts, there's something about music and painting and acting and all of the arts that are very therapeutic, and, I think, really, really important for people to have. And it would be a shame for kids not to have that in schools.

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And I know they don't actually currently have that in the schools, but I think it's super, super important to do that. Thank for listening to me, and I appreciate it.

(Video plays.)

MS. TENNISE LUCAS: Hi. My name is Tennise Lucas, and I've been an educator for over 20 years. I have taught both in a classroom and in a dance classroom. I have seen the amazing things that art can do for young people. It helps them with emotional issues; it helps them academically; it helps them be able to read and do math at a very more rigorous rate because of the rhythm that students are subjected to in a performing arts-type of a situation.

It helps them gain independence. It gives them something to work for. It gives them something to be excited about. It gives them a sense of family. It gives them a sense of belonging. It gives them an outlet for either maybe things that are making them happy or things that are making them sad.

They can use that as they grow up and -and use it in their lives to promote things and to open other people's eyes to what's happening in the world around them.

It gives them critical thinking skills. It gives them just so many different things.

When you are talking about putting performing art and visual art in a school, you are opening up eyes to every single job that a child could -- or young person could have.

I am very excited to be able to see this new school open, because I know that it is going to do so many children and so many families such a great service.

Thank you so much. I hope the very best, and I know that the school will be a vital part of this community.

(Video plays.)

MS. SAMANTHA MARTINEZ: My name is Samantha Martinez. I am an occupational therapy graduate student at the University of New Mexico. I got my undergrad in psychology and dance concentrating in flamenco at UNM.

I'm born and raised in Albuquerque. Having an arts-based education experience in college was absolutely rich. It brought so much inspiration, motivation, meaning, connection to my roots, community, networking, so much into my life.

I couldn't imagine my life without it. It would be -- I don't want to imagine my life that way.

I'm in full support of RioGAFA. I think it'll provide a very rich experience for kids, an outlet of expression. So much creativity, innovation and strength will come out of this. I think New Mexico needs it. So please make this happen. Thank you.

(Video plays.)

MS. ECHO FINNER: Hi. My name is Echo Finner. I am an arts administrator and advocate from Roswell, New Mexico. I just want to pop in and talk for a second about why I believe that it's really important that children receive an arts education early on, whether that is in the performing arts, in the fine arts, a mixture of both, the arts create more well-rounded human beings.

The arts stimulate empathy and compassion, which, as we all know, is very necessary in the world that we live in and the world that we have created and that we need to bear in mind going forward.

But also when you receive an arts education in your early years, it doesn't mean that

you are training to become a professional artist, not that there's anything wrong with that. But if we look at the engineers and the designers who create our favorite Apple products, that streamlined look, those are artists. The people who design our cities, our walkways, our parks, those are artists.

If we look at the architecture around us, those are artists. And not only that, but also the arts and culture sector, people who work in the arts and culture sector provide more to every other sector in business and commerce than any other sector because of our varied skills and interests.

When you are learning to be an artist, when you are learning to think creatively, to think critically, and also to present projects, to present your work, it teaches you to be brave. And I think that ties in really closely with this idea of stimulating empathy.

But there are a few things that are more important than being able to advocate and stand up for yourself and also being willing and able to stand up for other people.

(Video plays.)

MS. JUDY BELLA: Hello. My name is Judy Bella. I am the tenth-ranked woman poet in the

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world and the author of Big Feelings. I am also a Push Cart Prize Nominee and a bunch of other stuff.

The arts changed my life. When I was really young, when I was 16, I stumbled into a poetry slam that was being offered by a community organization, and that changed the course of my life forever. And I kept writing poems, and it pushed me to be a better, more complex artist and to tell my stories and to encourage other people to tell their stories.

I've toured all the country. I've written two books. I am a competitive slam poet, and it's been eleven years. So that is really exciting, and I can only hope that other young people get opportunities like this so that they can know that a career in the arts is viable and important and that their voices are necessary.

And I really think that that's what this charter school offers to the community. And I'm just really excited to see it come to fruition.

(Video plays.)

MR. MIGUEL LASTRA: Hello. My name is Miguel Lastra. I'm a sculptor working in clay, fiber, and sound. (Inaudible) Rhode Island School of Design in the ceramics department.

And arts education like the one that I was able to receive (inaudible) Rio Rancho really offered me the opportunity to not only learn quite a few technical skills and critical thinking skills and being able to create and drive forward ideas and concepts, but it also allowed me to be able to expand my mind in order to realize what sort of things can sort of coagulate with an art practice.

And that goes on to inform a lot of the recent studies that I've been able to take currently at the Rhode Island School of Design, as far as working in computation, having research studies and opportunities working with (inaudible) and so many other opportunities that maybe would not have been afforded to me had I not had (inaudible).

(Video plays.)

MS. ANASTASIA: Hi. My name is Anastasia. And some positive aspects of art in my life, or, more specifically, dance, includes mood-lifter. Whether I'm sad or just had a stressful day, I can go to dance and come home feeling much better than before.

It's also really good at putting me in my comfort zone with its harder choreographies, stunts, and requirement for performing in front of an

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There were numerous times when I doubted my abilities in those areas, and sometimes I still do. But I give it my best shot every time. And it makes me realize that I'm capable of more than I think I am, and it really helps me to grow as a dancer and as an artist in general. So thank you.

(Video plays.)

MS. MARISA GONZALES: Hello. My name is Marisa Gonzales, and I grew up in Albuquerque. I currently work for Wicked on Broadway. And before I head back to New York City, I'm spending my summer on Cape Cod working for a non-profit educational theater company called the College Light Opera Company.

At the very least, theater has taught me empathy and teamwork and being proud of the ability to build something from the ground up. And so instilling these, plus many, many other positive values in students from such a young age is nothing short of incredible.

I fully support the Rio Grande Academy of Fine Arts and its mission to provide an arts education to the student. Providing a place for students to find their passion early on would be

such an asset to the Albuquerque area, and it's so important for New Mexicans and the Hispanic community in general to lend their voices to the arts world.

I can't even imagine what a school like this would have meant to me growing up. I urge you to make this school possible, and I look forward to it becoming a reality. Thank you.

(Video concludes.)

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Although inspirational, it is so important to note that these incredible people are among a small group of individuals that had access to the arts.

Gilbert and Marisa attended private schools in Albuquerque to access the arts.

Samantha was not given the gift of flamenco until she attended college. And J.J. and Anastasia had to find the arts outside of school.

It's been a motivator for the RioGAFA team to think about the possibilities of these individuals if the arts were accessible in school during all subjects. Would there be more Gilberts, Tennises, Echos, Samanthas or Marisas?

What happened to these students that did not have this access? Were they given the

up?

opportunity to discover themselves and develop creative problem-solving skills, or did these students fall through the cracks because they did not have the opportunity to connect to their most inner beings through the arts?

In talking to these individuals in the video, they have helped us realize that New Mexico must do more for its student to access the arts. They want to help our effort and mentor our future students to show that someone that looks like them, sounds like them, and grew up like them has power and purpose and can find them through the arts.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: Access to the arts outside of school costs financial resources or the ability to pay for private education. To the RioGAFA team, this is not equitable, particularly for the students on Albuquerque's west side. Our proposed ZIP codes are amongst the poorest in the state, and there is no schools on the west side that are focused on the arts.

Students that want to attend a school that focus on the arts must travel to the east side of town, which means their families must have reliable transportation to do so. Placing that burden on these families forces them to choose between

allowing their students to have access to the arts or making the best financial decision for their family and sending students to schools that do not have access to the arts because that's what they can afford.

To us, this is not equitable and something that we strive to correct for our students by providing a multitude of resources, including free food and transportation, year one, to its students.

MS. SANCHEZ-ST. ANDRE: We are confident that the community at large supports and sees that there is a need for this school. We currently have the support of two of the largest associations on the west side with the West Side Business Association and the West Central Community Development Group, which is composed of 15 neighborhood associations that have committed their support to RioGAFA.

We've also received over 40 letters of support from different businesses and individuals, including UNM, CNM, NMHU, Music on the West Side, Keshet Dance Company, Rio Grande Jewelry, Commissioner Steven Michael Quezada, and Representative Antonio (Moe) Maestas.

Over 30 educators have reached out to us

and attached their resumes in hopes of working with RioGAFA, and our social media presence has reached over 655 followers.

We currently have 186 families that have filled out support and interest surveys saying they wish to send their students to RioGAFA, which already exceeds our projected first-year enrollment.

We want to again share our appreciation for this opportunity to answer your questions regarding our school. We hope that we will continue to show you the need there is to have a school on Albuquerque's west side, where students can discover themselves through the arts while serving a high-quality and rigorous arts-integrated academic program. Thank you.

MS. MISSY BROWN: That's time. Wow. You guys must have practiced.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you. Thank you for the presentation.

I would just like the record to reflect now that Commissioner Manis has also joined us. So we have nine Commissioners here. Thank you.

Missy, do we have anyone from Albuquerque Public Schools?

MS. MISSY BROWN: I do not see anyone from

1 Albuquerque Public Schools at this time. Just 2 checking again.

THE CHAIR: Okay.

MS. MISSY BROWN: I do not see --

THE CHAIR: Okay. All right. Thank you.

We are now going to hear public comment from the community of Albuquerque. And, Missy, you have the list.

MS. MISSY BROWN: I do have the list. THE CHAIR: How many people have signed

MS. MISSY BROWN: Fourteen people have signed up. This would give everybody a minute and 43 seconds.

THE CHAIR: Okay. All right. So, hopefully, everyone heard that. Everyone has about a minute and 43 seconds.

We'll ask you to please identify yourself and to also identify whether you are speaking for or in opposition of the school.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Our first and second speakers are Jennifer Hillsey and Elizabeth Hillsey. I'm going to move them to the panel.

THE CHAIR: Thanks.

MS. MISSY BROWN: So, Jennifer, I have you

listed first. If you'd like to unmute yourself? We can hear you.

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Please spell your last name for the court reporter.

FROM THE PUBLIC: It's H-I-L-L-S-E-Y. MS. MISSY BROWN: Thank you. I'll start the timer when you start.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Thank you, Madam Chair and members of the Commission. My name is Jennifer Hillsey. This is my daughter, Elizabeth. I've been an educator in a private school for 20 years, and on the west side, over 25 years.

I want to voice my support for the Rio Grande Academy of Fine Arts because it is exactly what west-side families need.

If there were a fine arts charter school on the west side when we were choosing a school for Elizabeth, I assure you she would be enrolled there today. Instead, she will attend the Public Academy for Performing Arts Charter School on the east side.

Because we live and work on the west side, we will cross the river four times a day for the next seven years. And while it is inconvenient for us, we are lucky enough to have the resources to make it possible.

But not all families are so fortunate. In fact, Elizabeth was originally wait-listed for PAPA, but I was told that every year, spots open up because there are many west-side families who would like this opportunity for their children but are ultimately unable to provide transportation and have to give up their spot, and that is why Elizabeth has a spot.

So the Rio Grande Academy of Fine Arts would afford west-side families equitable access to a fine-arts-based education. Now I'm going to turn it over to Elizabeth to share some thoughts.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Madam Chair and members of the Commission, my name is Elizabeth Hillsey, and I think this school is a great idea because it is kindergarten through twelfth grade. I am so excited to go to PAPA in the fall, but it is hard to start a new school and make new friends. I would have loved to go into a fine arts school in my own neighborhood starting in kindergarten.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Thank you so much for this opportunity for Elizabeth and I to voice our support, our enthusiastic support, for RioGAFA.

24 THE CHAIR: Thank you so much. 25 MS. MISSY BROWN: All right. The next

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speakers I have are Kelly Luzzi -- and sorry if I'm mispronouncing your name. Let me -- Kelly -- and the fourth speaker is Christopher, who is also with her. And I believe the last name is "Luzzi" as well.

> So, Kelly, you can unmute yourself. FROM THE PUBLIC: Hi.

MS. MELISSA BROWN: All right.

FROM THE PUBLIC: All-righty. My name is Kelly Luzzi. I am in favor of the new charter school opening up on the west side.

I am a parent in northwest Albuquerque. I live in 87114. I have three children. Two are school-aged. And I can guarantee that this is the school my children would be attending if we had the opportunity.

I do have experience with arts integration. I was an intern at La Mesa about five years ago. We did an arts integration program there. And I saw tremendous learning happening with students who are ELL and students who were in the special education department, because that's where I was focused.

Arts integration is a really great model for learning, and it really helps the students stay engaged and go to school. I think with this school on the west side, we'll see a huge decrease in the dropout rate, especially at the high school level. It's really needed.

THE CHAIR: Thank you.

MS. MELISSA BROWN: Next is Christopher Luzzi.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hello, everybody. My name is Christopher Luzzi, and I am in support OF Rio Grande Academy of Fine Arts. I am a special educator. And so when I heard about this school, I am very excited for the special education population as well.

I use an art integration model in my classroom. And every time I use arts integration, those are the units and the lessons that my students hold onto, they learn the best from, and they're excited for. It gets my students excited to come in the door. It gets them excited to be there. And it makes the major learning happen.

With that arts integration, they have the most fun, and they are the most engaged than any other of the units. Having that arts integration also lets those who are not science-based or not STEM-based really flourish to learn their standards.

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MS. MISSY BROWN: All right. Thank you. Please hold on while I move you back to attendees.

Our next speaker is Molly Bell. Molly, you've been promoted to the panel. You can unmute.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hello. My name is Molly Bell. My husband and I are Albuquerque natives, as are our extended family and all of our children, nieces, nephews. We graduated from West Mesa in the

And this is really amazing how the west side has exploded in the years since we've lived here. I think that cultural and socioeconomic diversity of the west-side communities is remarkable and it's very deserving of access for a school matching RioGAFA's mission and mission statements.

I think their intention and vision aligned with my personal experience as a long-time employer of creative people serving creatives.

So Rio Grande Jewelry Supply has grown from a very small business of eight people in downtown Albuquerque to now serving worldwide. We employ over 300 people.

And I can assure you that the creative people with creative background, the jewelers on our

staff, the artists on our staff are the ones who really are problem-solvers. They're team players. They have creative ways of solving things and great ways of collaboration.

So I think that regarding the power of arts and creativity is a way to express cultural perspectives and enrich lives.

It's just such an important thing. I think that the power of creativity as a equalizer and universal way to express and enrich lives is such an important part of life.

I personally am an artist and have worked in many mediums, and it's been a really important part of who I am. And I believe that that's true for a lot of people. And we need to be able to serve this and make it -- make it accessible to many people. Thank you.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Our next speaker is Lea Anderson. Lea, you can unmute yourself.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hello. I'm sorry if you can't see me. I'm not sure why that's -- my video isn't working. My name is Lea Anderson, and I am full-time faculty in the Art Department at Central

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New Mexico Community College. I've been teaching there since 2008.

And I get students who are straight out of high school and often also dual-credit students who are in high school and taking college courses. And what I realize is that this arts education is really helping them with all of their education. A lot of times, they're taking it as a general education credit, but then it sort of leads them in directions that they may have not known were even an option for them as far as careers or interests.

One of the things I also think is important is that we need young people to be able to grow into the problems that we're dealing with in our world, such as climate, race, infrastructure, et cetera. And those issues require adaptation skills, communication skills, and just creative problem-solving, as we've talked about many times.

Art and creativity can enrich things like engineering, technology, and science, and you can teach those subjects with art.

They build personal skills such as confidence, the ability to take risks to complete tasks and strong work ethic. They help with people's mental health and being able to express 1 themselves.

> And we also have, you know, the issue of what are people going to do for a job. And a lot of times I'm dealing with helping someone toward a career.

> And, yes, someone can find a career in the arts. But we also have, in our state, such a great industry of art and entrepreneurship. It will strengthen our economy to have more arts as far as those students coming out of school and becoming part of our -- our economical health.

> So I am in full support of this academy, and I think it's really important that we start with younger students. I am often dealing with students who have never had art before, as well as students who have art through school. And I see a big difference in their confidence and their ability to complete college. So it really helps them to have that at the beginning of their education.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Thank you, Ms. Anderson. That's time.

Our next speaker is Agnes Noonan. I don't see Agnes Noonan in the Attendees list anymore. So we'll go to Mike Quinn. I do not see

Mike Quinn in the Attendees list anymore.

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Next I have Jeanette Olvera. I moved the wrong Lea. I'm sorry. I'll move Lee Baldwin back in.

All right. Jeanette, whenever you're ready. And will you please spell your name for the court reporter?

FROM THE PUBLIC: Yes. J-E-A-N-E-T-T-E. Olvera, O-L-V-E-R-A.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Thank you.

FROM THE PUBLIC: All right. Hello, everyone. My name is Jeanette, and I am someone who had the opportunity to benefit from the fine arts in my life. I'm here to express my desire and support for the Rio Grande Academy of Fine Arts school in our city. Here is my story of how the fine arts have impacted my life.

I am a Hispanic, native New Mexican, born and raised in Albuquerque. I was raised in a low socioeconomic household. I attended elementary school in the southwest at Via Vista Elementary School where I was introduced to the fine arts for the first time, joining Baile Folklorico and the drill team. From this moment in my young life, dance became all I thought about.

I distinctly remember practicing routines

and tricks all over our small apartment. The best part of it all was performing. Performing on the stage was exhilarating, and there was no better feeling than seeing your parents in the audience clapping and cheering you on. Sorry.

After my time as an elementary student was over, I attended John Adams Middle School, where I was introduced to Coach Jordan and the girls dance team. As a middle school student, life is confusing and challenging, so dance was again my escape.

I maintained a high grade point average so I could guarantee a spot to perform on the floor and make those around me proud.

Coach Jordan was the first of many who have believed in not only myself but 20-plus girls that were very similar to myself. He believed in each of us regardless of our background, socioeconomic status, ability, and circumstances.

His belief in myself encouraged me to try out for the dance team at West Mesa High School. I was successful and made the team as a freshman and remained on the team all four years while making the top ten of my class and graduating with a 4.2 GPA.

My coaches, Beto and Carlos and Jesse, taught me the true value of beauty and discipline

and hard work as we practiced 25-plus hours a week and placed top three at our state competition every year. And as a junior in high school, I had the honor of returning to John Adams to coach the dance team for a season with a former John Adams teammate and a new coach.

My time doesn't end there, as I was accepted for the University of New Mexico. I tried out for the Lobo dance team, made it, and became a collegiate athlete as a freshman. I graduated with a 3.9 GPA, and dance taught me so many lessons about what life is all about.

I learned the value of discipline, how to work alongside a team, and how hard work in school pays off. By no means did I have any professional studio training or parents that could afford the dance expenses. But I did have coaches, teachers, and a teammate who believed in me.

Now, at 24 years old, I am a second-grade teacher pursuing my Master's degree who believes in every single one of her students and has the ability to give back to my community.

All of this is why Albuquerque, New Mexico, needs the RioGAFA so a multitude of New Mexicans can chase their dreams, excel in their studies, succeed in life, and give back to their community. Thank you all for your time this morning.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Thank you, Jeanette. I let Jeanette go on a little bit longer because we have other people that were no longer in the -- and it was lovely to hear.

So I will be promoting Jessie -- I'm going to say DuBois -- or DuBois, since I lived in Wyoming -- as our next speaker. And I still have to get Lea Anderson.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Good morning. You got it right. It's DuBois.

Well, good morning, everybody. My name is Jessie DuBois, and I'm the Albuquerque Outreach Artistic Director for the National Dance Institute of New Mexico, and I'm speaking in favor of the Rio Grande Academy of Fine Arts.

I have worked for an outreach dance program for 12 years and have seen firsthand how impactful the arts can be on children. Not only do the arts allow children to express themselves and have a unique creative and therapeutic outlet, but the strong impact arts can have on academics for children is undeniable.

The arts were mostly an extracurricular activity for me in school, and I wish I had the opportunity to have a more integrated arts in my daily school life.

Having access to the arts, even extracurricularly, helped me feel seen, gave me purpose, and allowed me to focus more on my academics.

I personally have lived on the west side of Albuquerque my whole life and I've always wished there was a fine arts school here. I most definitely would have attended a school like this myself, and I know parents of many children on the west side who would benefit from having access to an arts school near them.

My son is a very musical and theatrical child who would benefit greatly from having a focus in the arts, in addition to academics in his daily school schedule, and I would absolutely send him to the Rio Grande Academy of Fine Arts.

So thank you for your time.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Thank you. Our next speaker on the list is Shane Hendren.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Can you hear me now? My name is Shane Hendren, H-E-N-D-R-E-N.

1 And I want to thank the Commission for this

- 2 opportunity to address you all in support of the
- Rio Grande Academy of the Arts. I have been a
- 4 lifetime artist, and I've been a professional artist
- 5 for over 30 years. I can attest that the art
- 6 program that was in my schools in the rural
- 7 community of Moriarty, New Mexico, is what helped me
- 8 to stay engaged in school and then, further, go on
- 9 to study at the Institute of American Arts and the 10 University of New Mexico, receiving a degree from

both.

I am an internationally collected artist both in public and private collections around the world. Currently, I work for the Rio Grande Jewelry Supply Company as a technical person. But I've also worked on construction projects for Intel, as well as other large projects around the country. And I can say that I would not be able to do all the things I do were it not for my background in the arts.

They've given me the breadth and the creativity to be able to tackle any kind of project and take on all kinds of things.

In addition to that, I believe the arts also provide people with the ability to communicate

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when language and other sources are unavailable.

Art is -- it transcends language; it transcends

culture. And a school like this only serves not

only the community that it's in, but it allows the

students, as well as those who are experiencing the

students' work, to see things in an entirely

different light.

Thank you for this time. And, once again, I'm in support of the institute.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Thank you. The next speaker is Jordan Diggs.

FROM THE PUBLIC: All right. I support RioGAFA. As a former public school educator here on the west side, I've seen an extreme need for students who are (inaudible).

MS. MISSY BROWN: Jordan, you faded out. Can you please start again?

FROM THE PUBLIC: I have seen an extreme need for students who are interested in the fine arts to have a specific place to dive deeper into their interests and passions. In the public school system, students are generally limited to taking one elective per semester that explores the fine arts. But imagine the possibilities if these west-side students are given the chance to develop their

creative minds and spirits in all aspects of their academic career. Imagine the possibilities if students have an environment where they felt supported and challenged as a creative growing up.

RioGAFA is an opportunity for students who live on the west side to have an option to explore their passions and grow as a creative spirit. Parents wouldn't have to drive across town or pay outrageous private school tuitions, which is not reasonable for all families.

Art saved my life in middle school. It helped me process trauma and become a healthy output to express myself. It kept me in school. Art was my language and my foundation to understand the world around me, which is why I chose to get my bachelor's and Master's in art education, so that I could be the guide for younger generations to stay in school and find that connection to the arts.

I fully support RioGAFA. Thank you.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Thank you. Our next speaker is Anne Taylor. And I am promoting you to the panel. You can unmute yourself and make your statement.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Here I am, Anne Taylor, Dr. Anne Taylor.

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I was on the art education faculty for many years, and because there wasn't an interdisciplinary appointment in University of New Mexico, I moved to architecture and worked on a program for many, many years teaching architecture and design education to K-through-12 -- 12 and beyond, and was on the faculty of the School of Architecture with architects going into the schools to teach design education.

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And design education is long overdue. I mean, we've been trying to get art programs in the schools since the '70s. And Rollie Helpman (ph), who was at the Legislature, got a memorial passed that, yes, we've got to have arts programs in schools.

So we've done a lot of work with both art education and architecture through a program called the School Zone Institute.

And one wonderful thing was students who are immigrants and refugees at Eubank school could use visual thinking as a way of expressing themselves. They weren't facile yet with the English language, and so they were able to communicate through model building and drawing. It was just fabulous.

1 What I'm excited about is your

2 integrated -- the word "integrated" arts education.

3 You know, our environment is degrading. As somebody

4 mentioned earlier -- one of Jordan's students, I

5 think -- about opening our eyes. And we need to

look at our environment, the built, the natural, and

7 the cultural environment as a way of saving our

8 environment, and not only expressing ourself as

9 artists and architects, but really enhancing the 10

environment and doing something very creative to 11 solve some of the problems we have.

> There's design everywhere. Look at your flowers; look at your plants; look at your trees, the Fibonacci number series, you know, in the way that trees --

MS. MISSY BROWN: Dr. Taylor, I'm sorry. Your time is up. I'm sorry.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Okay. Anyway, you get the message. Yes, I'm all for this school.

20 MS. MISSY BROWN: Thank you. Sorry. I 21 promoted you back -- I moved you back to Attendee. 22 Our final speaker is Representative Maestas.

> FROM THE PUBLIC: Thank you very much, Madam Chair, honorable members, for the courtesy.

My name is Moe Maestas. I'm the State

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Representative from District 16 on the west side.

I'm actually here at the Santa Ana Pueblo for a Legislative Finance Committee meeting. But I felt compelled to come out and publicly support this

application.

I urge certification of a fine arts school. I think -- I truly believe New Mexico is on the precipice of a renaissance economically, historically, and that has to include cultural aspects of New Mexico, to develop the fine arts skills of students. Allowing them to learn entrepreneurship with regards to their art would enhance their lives as well as the community.

And the fact that it's set for the west side just makes it that much more fantastic. As you all know, the schools have not kept up with the population growth on the west side. So I think this is tremendous, and, once again, thank you for the

THE CHAIR: Thank you.

So, Missy, that concludes anyone that signed up?

MS. MELISSA BROWN: It does, Commissioner.

24 THE CHAIR: Thank you so much.

Commissioners, I'm going to ask for a

ten-minute break before we begin our time period for questions. So it's 9:56 -- so at five after?

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Thank you. Sounds good.

THE CHAIR: Thank you.

(Recess taken, 9:56 a.m. to 10:05 a.m.)

THE CHAIR: Okay. So I just need to double-check for the record. I do believe we are

missing, at this point in time, Commissioner Armijo and Commissioner Manis? Am I incorrect on that?

COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Armijo is on the phone.

THE CHAIR: But I used to see her name. I don't see her --

COMMISSIONER BURT: You can see her in the Attendees, not on the Panelists.

MS. MISSY BROWN: She's on the bottom of my screen.

THE CHAIR: See, she's not on -- I've lost both of them. If she's in the Attendees, she should be as a panelist so she can speak.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Well, that was my problem before. I wasn't able -- I don't know how she was showing up in the --

THE CHAIR: Oh, got you.

MS. MISSY BROWN: -- panelists, because my options for a phone call are either to give them permission to speak, rename them, or remove them. So I was thinking that maybe if Commissioner Armijo can text me or you to let us know if she wants to speak so I can unmute her? So --THE CHAIR: Okay. All right. Thanks. And Commissioner Manis? MS. MISSY BROWN: I'm looking for Commissioner Manis. And I do not see Commissioner Manis in the Attendees anymore. THE CHAIR: Okay. So the record needs to reflect that Commissioner Manis is not here right now. Thank you. And I do -- I see Commissioner Armijo now on the screen -- on my screen. Okay. Thank you, everyone. And welcome back.

So now we are at the portion of the meeting where Commissioners get to dig in a little bit -- oh. And I see Commissioner Manis is now back. So thank you.

So Commissioners have an opportunity to ask questions.

Commissioner Voigt, I think your hand is up already. So...

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Thank you, Madam Chair.

Well, first of all, I just want to commend the school on bringing forth this model of arts integration. I'm a firm believer in what you're proposing, and especially the piece about students using their creativity to bring forth their voices and their identity. Those are so important.

And so I really want to thank you for the work you've done behind this application. I know you have a field of very qualified educators working on this. So great work.

I read through your application. And a couple of things just came up. I just have some clarifying questions to ask.

In your special education, are you planning on starting with full inclusion or being full inclusion with your SpEd program?

MS. JENN PEÑA: I can speak to this if that's okay with everyone.

Yes, Commissioner Voigt, that is our plan is to use a full inclusion model.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Super. Perfect. Thank

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you.

MS. JENN PEÑA: For the most part. Sorry. If we do have children that need to be pulled out, we can adjust that as well. But that is the idea is to go in with the idea of full inclusion, to make sure that we provide that for students.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: And we believe that with the arts integration, it lends itself really --

THE CHAIR: Okay. Michele, you're -- you've broken up and now you're frozen.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: (inaudible) to inclusion.

THE CHAIR: Michele, once again, you're not coming through.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: (Inaudible) differentiation. I'm going to log out and log back in.

MS. JENN PEÑA: Based on the little bit of what I got, what we have been talking about is that the arts integration model is naturally differentiated for students with disabilities as well as any diverse student. And so we really feel that that inclusion model is going to be the best option for our students, making sure they have access to the general curriculum as well as the

individualized supports that they need as well.

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Super. Thanks a lot.

I think I heard Michele when she was saying as far as differentiation, that the arts provide that different palate for those services.

I think also -- I think your pullout would just be your ancillary services, basically.

MS. JENN PEÑA: That -- agreed.

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Yeah, super. Thanks.

You get it.

Also, I just had a question regarding -it was on your budget. I know you're working with a
model of codirectors, which is great. Won't be such
a big lift for one administrator.

So the salary that was posted in the budget was something like \$170,000. Was that for both codirectors? So, basically, half of that would be for your academics director and one for the operational director?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair and Commissioner Voigt, yes. The salary posted will be split between the two codirectors.

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Okay. Super. That's what I wanted to hear.

And then another question I had. What SIS

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program are you going to be using for your student information system? Is that -- what are you planning on using for that?

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MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair and Commissioner Voigt, we are looking currently for the system that is most cost-effective for us during that opening year. We are doing research with K12, which is represented by Rebekah Runyan. And so we have put that into the application that we will employ the most cost-effective system for us for those beginning years.

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Okay. Super. I know PowerSchool is very comprehensive, but it's also very pricy. So if K12 can -- if you have something that works and is compatible with some of the PED pieces and S.T.A.R.S., that'll help you out a lot.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: I will say that we have extensive experience in PowerSchool, and that's what we would like. So that's -- conversations that we've had with K12 is seeing if we can fit that. Because you're right, it is very costly into our budget. But we do know that it is the most popularly used and the most effective, and we've all seen that.

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Right. Yeah.

And then also I noticed on your -- your schedule that your teacher contract days are going to be well over, you know, what normal teacher contract days are. And I understand -- you know, teachers, given the stakeholdership that they're going to have in your school, especially that first year planning their curriculum and their integrative pieces with each other -- hopefully, it's very collaborative.

That 190 days, I'm sure that you're planning on the remuneration for them that coincides with the work and the time that they're spending?

And the periods on your students' schedule, there's a lot of long days for those kiddos. And the passing periods were only three minutes.

So I'm just -- I'm looking at -- I mean, how are you going to look at the burnout when it comes around, like after the fourth month after the school year, when the teachers have put in all of this two weeks of PD prior to the school opening, if not more, and then the kiddos with long days? What do you have in mind for taking a deep breath schoolwide?

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: Madam Chair and

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Commissioner, we will absolutely -- am I breaking up again, by the way? No? I'm okay? Good.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Actually, Michele, I think you just turned off your camera.

THE CHAIR: I'm sorry. You're breaking up again.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Turn off your camera. MS. MICHELE PLATIS: Okay. How's that? Sorry.

So breaks and recesses will be scheduled appropriately for the age of the children. Recess is really important to the social development of students and that breaks really help increase that creativity and learning retention by improving divergent thinking. So -- and arts integration also lends itself to those breaks.

So we feel like there's going to be a lot of natural transitions and breaks. Our teachers will be trained in good Tier 1 instruction; that includes brain breaks, movement discussion, and group work.

And we know it's a long day. But our artistry blocks will be taught by licensed teachers. They get to volunteer for those positions. Or we might have somebody else in that position. We're working on what those contracts might look like so that teachers might have a regular school day where we have another teacher tied to a guest artist also teaching the end of the day.

So they should have plenty of time -breaks. They will also have a 70-minute prep time, which gives them the time to work on the things they need to work on and be refreshed if they need to be.

Hopefully, one of the things we'll be encouraging as artists ourselves is that they continue to create themselves. Because I know, as a teacher, when I was creating with my students, it always gave me a lot of -- like, of the mental health that I needed.

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Right. Okay. Super. Thank you for that.

And I just want to say that, you know, I love reading that you're planning on having student presentations and performances. I'm a firm believer that when students can stand up and present their learning and defend what they know and why what they know is important to know, that that just opens doors, and it speaks to -- to true learning, and it's authentic.

So I really -- I really appreciate your

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application. And I want to thank you for your time being here and for all of the community that you brought together, Dr. Anne Taylor, Moe Maestas. It's great to see some people that are in the community that have great standing that are supporting your school. So thank you very much.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Thank you, Commissioner. We really appreciate that. And it has been such an incredible opportunity to connect with these people.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Commissioner Carrillo. And then I've got some questions.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Thank you. And thank you, Vice Chair Voigt, for touching on, one, the long day and how there may not be burnout. I'm thinking, just if I were attending a school like this or teaching at a school like this, the chances of my burnout are so much slimmer because I'm so much into and enjoying what I'm teaching, and I'm happy.

So I just want to start by saying thank you very much. I thought your presentation was excellent. One of the things that I was not able to do at Santa Fe Public Schools was have us be what I would call an art-integrated district. And I was

trying to model this after Guilford County, North Carolina, because of the success that they achieved with -- in attendance.

Kids -- they want to go to school, so they're there every day. Their dropout scores plummeted; their graduation scores went way up. And what I refer to as the happiness index among everybody in the school just soared because kids were now being spoken to and taught in a way that was relevant to them. So thank you so much for bringing this forward.

So what I kind of did is followed the Capacity Interview comments that are given to all of the Commissioners in terms of concerns that they had. Because my -- my goal, hopefully, in this -- in this discussion is that maybe not on paper, but that all of these areas that said "Approaches" are now kind of "Meets" by the end of this meeting because all of us have our concerns met and our questions answered.

So because special education was something that Vice Chair Voigt brought up right away, I was concerned about the -- the peer group's use of the word "ambiguous" in their plan for special ed.

So could you please kind of clarify, if

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you will, how you plan to have a robust special ed program? And I think you did that a little bit with Ms. Voigt.

But why do you think that the peer review committee used that -- the word "ambiguous"? Because I found that unsettling.

MS. JENN PEÑA: Thank you, Commissioner Carrillo. I -- I'm -- I was a little maybe confused myself about that word "ambiguous," specifically. I think that in -- in our planning, we did mention, in section 1g1 through 3, we talked about hiring a special education teacher.

And the plan is to eventually be able to have, you know, someone on the staff be the special education coordinator.

During the first year, just in terms of being cautious about the budget, the director of academics will oversee that position.

And then just as kind of the -- I guess the other side of that, I am a special education consultant. And I am on the founding team as well. And so we do have -- we do have knowledge as a group about special education programs.

The intent is that the director of academics will oversee that program and be able to

build someone up from inside, you know, someone that is a teacher there that wants to take on that role and we will be able to build them up.

However, that being said, that I have some limited capacity in what -- you know, as a potential board member, there are some lines there. And so we have spoken with several different consultants, local consultants, and we have relationships with them, who are willing to work with us and help to be able to provide guidance and support.

And, additionally, we have -- on the board side, we do have quite a bit of experience with special education. We have the academic committee as well. So if there are issues, we're able to provide some guidance, some advice, resources that would be able to be there.

Our plan is to have, as we said with Commissioner Voigt, an inclusion program that provides the direct special education support to students in the general ed classroom. The arts-integrated curriculum naturally differentiates that program, in addition to whatever other accommodations/modifications we need to be able to provide to those students.

This is less of a traditional pullout

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model, because we know from research, anecdotal stories, anybody that you talk to, that inclusion not only follows the law and allows us to be more in compliance with ensuring that students are in a regular classroom 80 percent or more of the day, but also provides a better education for every student with and without disabilities. And --

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COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: (Inaudible) I just love the idea of the full inclusion, because kids want to be a part of their class with other kids, and especially the art integration. So pulling them out doesn't foster that. We want to nurture their relationships with art and other kids.

Okay. The other -- I have a question. This was not in their little -- "little" -- it's comprehensive -- but their minutes. One of the areas I have found in my brief time as a Commissioner is that the boards of schools often struggle. And they make mistakes. They're -- they don't seem that well -- they don't seem that they're getting the instruction that they need to be effective board members.

And I know that I had spoken with someone over at PED -- I had spoken with you, Ms. Chavez, about the idea of us -- would you be open to us

training board members so that they can end up being fully compliant, rather than have somebody come in from the outside who may or may not be kind of looking at what our kind of the foundational education for board members would require?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair and Commissioner Carrillo, thank you for the question. As we referenced in our application, we will follow any State-mandated training. It's a great idea. I think our board is willing and ready to be trained by the most experienced individuals to help make that board as sound as can be.

We have worked with Kelly Callahan throughout our application process to help us create bylaws and just give us some reference of how the board works and make sure we're doing this right from day one. But we're able and willing to ensure our board members complete that training that is required by the State.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Fantastic. Yeah, we always are seeing audit findings from that. And while I have other questions right now, I don't want to monopolize time here. I'm going to let some other Commissioners ask their questions. And if they haven't asked mine, I'll come back.

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But I'm very well excited about what you're doing and why you're doing it and who you have doing it. So thank you.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you. And I'm next in the queue, and then Commissioner Taylor and then Commissioner Robbins.

Okay. So Jordan, just a little follow-up on Commissioner Voigt's question about the salaries. And maybe I read the budget incorrectly. But I thought I saw, when I was looking at the budget, that you budgeted for the two codirectors, each with a salary of the 170 or whatever it is. So that's -and I had a similar question. So did I just read that wrong?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair, thank you for bringing up that question. We did put in the salary, but it is a combined for that line. And Rebekah, feel free to jump in if you have clarification to add to that. But that is to be split between the two proposed codirectors.

THE CHAIR: So that you're -- okay. So that's 85, roughly, apiece for that.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: That is correct. THE CHAIR: On that codirectors piece and with the special ed, you know, the breakdown of the workload, the one codirector was listed as the SpEd director --

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Yes, that is correct. THE CHAIR: -- in the first year or two. Are they SpEd-certified?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: No. They --Michele -- the proposed codirector is not special ed-certified. But we will have a special education teacher that is certified, that the director of academics will oversee that person in that program.

THE CHAIR: Okay. All right. Thanks. And, you know, let me just say up front. I've always supported STEM, but reluctantly, because it didn't have the arts in it, you know. And I'm a --I'm a Catholic school student who, you know, there was no such thing as free expression.

So -- and then when I went to high school, it was, like, "Holy cow, what you are you talking about? I can have a thought of my own?"

And it was -- it was jolting, to say the least.

So -- and I'm a humanities major. So I fully understand and support that opportunity and know that everyone doesn't learn the same way, and we all have to do the best we can to reach out and

let students shine and learn the best they can.

But in my learning through this application, I had a couple of struggles. So I just -- I guess I need some clarification there.

I get arts integration. And I -- from being on the Commission, I know that that's one of the struggles that so many schools have had, that concept of integration, not just having your academics and then you're going off to an arts class, but schools struggle with that creation of the integration.

And reading through the application, I didn't quite see that vision completed as well as I would have been comfortable with. It still seemed to be more, to me, a school where the arts kind of floated on the outside a little bit more in terms of the specialized piece at the end. So can you just -- you know, show me -- you know.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: Yes.

THE CHAIR: -- how you envision the classroom. Because I didn't get that vision when I read the application.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: Thank you, Madam Chair. I want to go back real quick to the -the special education coordinator piece. Just a brief note is while the -- director of academics may not be certified or licensed in special ed, as a licensed administrator, they can be a coordinator. So I just wanted to mention that really briefly.

Am I okay? Do I need to go off camera? THE CHAIR: You're actually doing well now.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: Okay. Awesome. Say a little prayer.

So arts integration is -- is a learning vehicle. All right? It's the way -- approach of teaching. So students will be learning two objectives; one that is in the creative process, also one that is in the academic content.

So, for instance, a lesson in math might look like -- as I was mentioning in our opening, a one-point perspective, students might be learning about angles; they might be learning about measurement at the same time.

In theater, you might have something where they're learning about the history to bring immigrants to the United States and where students will be creating, like, a performance that provides that authentic context for students to learn more about those historical events, while also having a

deep understanding of performance and theater and the impact of performance.

So, you know, we feel that these go hand in hand. It's not isolated. And not that students will be -- every moment be creating. I mean, teaching reading is teaching reading.

However, you know, as many times as we can integrate that art form into a lesson where a student learns, but is also assessing their learning through the arts, is where we'll be using it. Does that help?

THE CHAIR: It does. I guess, you know, my struggle is we have found it's very difficult to find faculty that gets that. And that's -- you know. But that's -- you know, that's a later-on struggle. But it is -- you know, it's -- it's been a profound issue in those schools that have tried to integrate, you know. That's -- you know.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair, if I can jump in here, we have also built a connection with New Mexico Highlands. They would like for us to attend their summit, which helps, kind of, them formulate a plan for us63 to help us and support us in this arts integrative approach that we are going to instill in our students.

With that comes a multitude of resources that they will help us find to ensure that we implement it to the best of our ability. So we are very excited about that partnership, and that partnership will lead to future — future faculty in our school. And they have committed to potentially sending student teachers to our building.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: And I'll also add, as far as professional development -- I'm sorry -Michelle Sanchez-St. Andre and I have extensive training in arts integration. And so that's what we'll be training our students -- not our students -- our teachers in professional development.

We also have Kennedy Center representatives in the State of New Mexico, which we can bring into the school as well. And that's what their job is. They do arts integration.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you. I appreciate that.

You know -- and I truly -- you know, the presentation that you did was great, and listening to, you know, individuals who felt the empowerment of what arts did for them in the -- through their

education is important, and supporting that and empowering so many marginalized communities as well, which you also identified.

But going along with that, I found it somewhat odd to a degree that you're only planning on using your equity council meeting four times a year, when, to me, the equity council being made up of the community and the voice of the community, to have them have that input, especially into curriculum and instructional materials to make sure that all those voices are heard, I wonder if you can talk a little bit about that.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Thank you, Madam Chair. So the equity council for us will have many different stakeholders including students, parents, faculty, family, and board members. We did outline a quarterly meeting with the equity council, and we do see the importance of having them meet to ensure that we are providing that culturally and linguistic-responsive curriculum and material.

We do think that quarterly will be sufficient in providing feedback and providing those meetings and just getting feedback from this committee. However, we are open, and we want them to be an integral part of this school. To us, the equity council is very important because they represent our school, and we want that to truly be the case for them. So we are open to including more meetings with them.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thanks. And just one more question.

When you were -- when you were working on your mission goals, and you identified the goal, and you said that students will make measurable -- I think the term you used was "measurable growth"? Let me just double-check.

And I was just wondering -- yeah. You say "measurable growth." What do you mean by "measurable growth"? You know --

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: So we'll be giving our baseline assessments, which also include other assessments that we're going to create besides the New Mexico iMSSA and MSSA. But we'll be using those as well.

So we'll have some baseline scores to go off of. We'll be doing weekly data meetings so that we can ensure that we know how to ensure that our students are making growth.

And then throughout the year, as we have the interim assessments, we'll look at that growth.

And so we're looking, you know, for students to grow.

We know when our students are coming to us where their scores are going to be at. So to say that our students are going to be at 75 percent or 80 percent proficient during those first years, we want to make sure that our goals are always headed towards 100 percent. But we'll be looking just that they're growing every day.

THE CHAIR: And I -- yeah. I understand what measurable growth is. But for a goal -- like schools are going to make measurable growth. And I'm not looking at saying, "Our kids are going to be proficient by." But we're looking at the fact that students are coming in here no matter what, especially when -- correct me if I'm wrong -- you're rolling in at the middle-school level, are you not?

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: No, we'll be starting kinder, first, and then sixth grade.

THE CHAIR: You've got gaps. Because they're coming from wherever. And everyone is coming from last year. Everyone is coming from last year. So, by and large, even if a student grows a year, that's not going to be sufficient to make a target, really, for proficiency in many cases,

especially if you're looking at, as an example, middle school coming in in sixth grade and leaving at eighth grade.

So that, you know, target goals just simply say, "They're going to make measurable growth." Well -- and, hopefully, everyone will grow a little bit while they're in the school. But to have a target that students have to achieve, you know, a year and a half's growth by the end of the year or something like that, you know, generally is what we have found more acceptable than just to say, well -- because if every student grows just a nano, you've met your goal.

And that's -- you know, that's not, hopefully, what we're looking for in terms of setting higher targets. But I'll leave it at that for now.

Commissioner Taylor?

COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Yes. Thank you, Chairwoman Gipson.

First of all, I'd like to say that I am really, really excited about the -- this proposed school. I think it's -- it has a lot of potential for success, because the excitement and enthusiasm that you all are -- are putting forth. So thank you

for that.

You know, I -- these -- I'm a new Commissioner. I've worked -- I've been on the governing council of a local district-authorized charter school in Roswell. So my questions are going to be a little more -- maybe some of the practical matters.

So I just was -- as far as your facility goes, how likely is it -- I mean, I'm sure you -- how likely is it that this -- the facility that you propose is going to be the facility that you eventually end up in?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair and Commissioner, thank you so much for bringing this question up.

We have identified three potential locations in the Facility Master Plan and are in communication with these organization managements -- management organizations.

And so the one that we are proposing is actually an old charter school, and we have been in contact with that management organization to discuss the possibility of leasing one of the three buildings on that site.

We also have the support of representative

Antonio (Moe) Maestas and the West Central
Development Group that is -- that is committed -- as
well as the West Side Business Association -- that
is committed to help us identify and locate
potential facilities for our school on the west
side.

So although that would be our proposed facility, we do have the support of many different individuals that are committed to help us finding a facility that will meet our needs.

COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Okay, great. Thank you.

And another question I have is with your funding, how much of your funding is really in place or is semi-secure at this point?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair and Commissioner -- Rebekah, do you want to speak to that?

MS. REBEKAH RUNYAN: In funding, as far as, like, donors that have already pledged to the school?

COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Sure. Yeah. I mean, I -- I -- what I read was that obviously you're going to be working on seeking grants and so forth, you know, to help with your funding. But

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what of that is secure so far? And what -- I mean what's your nest egg to begin with?

MS. REBEKAH RUNYAN: So I think -- so right now, the school has received a commitment from Rio Grande Jewelers. And as soon as we receive approval, we'll be applying for the CSP funding.

COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Right. Okay. One last question.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Sorry. If I can add, we're also in communication with the Daniels Fund. We have a connect there that is working on trying to identify some grants that lend themselves to the arts. So we are communicating with them as well.

COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Okay. One other question I had, just real quick, is the -- the -- the idea -- or the structure of having codirectors is -- is really fantastic as far as splitting the workload and allowing people to work within their giftings and so forth. I appreciate that very much.

But -- and I guess that the peer review committee said that there's a very robust job description in place and so forth.

So -- but it seems that -- that -- my question is, is that I've seen too many -- I've seen a few situations where we have people that are co-responsible and have the equal authority end up in sort of a quandary of not being able to resolve, you know, issues. And it seems that things work better if there's ultimately one -- you know, one person responsible, kind of has the last say.

Can you tell me what your -- what your -- your methods are, or what your -- what your proposed idea is as far as what happens if we have a -- just a really valid difference of opinion and -- on how things should be -- how things should be managed?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair, Commissioner Taylor, I appreciate the question. We formulated this idea of codirectors in

talking to Altura Prep as well as Tierra Adentro.
They currently employ similar models with these schools.

In talking to the schools, we decided to go with codirectors, one to be titled Director of Academics and one to be titled Director of Operations, to help remediate that issue of who is in charge of what.

However, these two individuals are expected to be professionals. And with that, includes conflict resolution. We expect that there may be things the codirectors may not agree upon,

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but it is their responsibility to oversee the mission and vision of the school.

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We have also included within the application a clear outline of the potential -- or the proposed -- duties of the codirector of academics and the codirector of operations, and we are prepared to show that to you if you would like to see.

COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: No. I'm fine with that. I just feel like there are -- there's ultimately going to be some decisions that are going to need to be made that deal with both -- both sides of that, operations and academics. And it seems like there needs to be something in place that really says, "Ultimately, this person is going to say," or, "This group," or, "The governing council" or whatever, "needs to have the final authority to make those decisions if need be."

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Yes. I agree. And I think the clearly outlined job descriptions that we have will help remediate that. But, again, I just want to relate the fact that these individuals must be able and willing to work together to solve issues; because, I mean, I know you know, as well as I do, that the governing board's responsibility is

not the day-to-day operation of the school.

So it is the responsibility of the codirectors to really problem-solve and figure out these issues and solve them accordingly.

And, Michele, I don't know if you would like to add anything to that.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: I would. Thank you, Commissioner.

I -- we believe that anyone hired, right, should work professionally. And that includes the codirectors. Professionalism, it comes with the job. And the codirector model is not unheard of, not -- we have some schools here in New Mexico. But in businesses in general, you know, codirector models work as long as, as we said, we have very specific, outlined responsibilities of who is working within what, and we have outlined that.

We also do have a grievance policy that we will put into place. And if there is an issue, that policy will be worked through step by step just like with any other employee.

COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Okay. Thank you. THE CHAIR: Commissioner Robbins? COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: Thank you. I do want to acknowledge, it was a very good application.

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I was very impressed, and with the presentation that was put forward and the comments by, you know, potential or students that wish they had had this.

A couple of things I wanted to hit on. Your first-year contract actually spans two State fiscal years. And, generally, that's kind of an odd thing to go a couple of days into the next fiscal year. It was going into July of the next fiscal year. And that's a very odd thing when there's not any teaching or anything going on at that point in time, you know, looking at your calendar.

So that seems like it's a very odd thing. Maybe someone just thought, "Hey, you know, we'll set it up that way." But to me, that's kind of odd. I don't know if PED would have any issues or anything with teacher contracts spanning more than one fiscal year.

That's a comment, not a question.

You're looking at very aggressive enrollment growth. Most schools that this Commission has approved and oversees -authorizes -- they project this wonderful growth. And very, very few of them hit it in the first two, three, four years. And, you know, even in the fifth year, you're only looking at about 860 students, but you're asking for over 1,100 as a cap.

And, generally, you know, the Commission, when a school is doing well and their performance is doing well, this Commission has been very -generally very agreeable to increasing caps, even during a contract period, but especially when we're renewing a contract.

How are you going to address, from a budget standpoint, the -- like, a Plan B if you don't hit your benchmarks and your SEG doesn't come in at nearly the level, which a lot of new schools, that happens, and they do run into financial issues those first couple of years, which forces them to struggle and cut back on their plans? How are you going to address that?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair, Commissioner Robbins, thank you for the question. I will address the enrollment, and then I'd like Rebekah to jump in and talk about our strategies if we are in that situation where enrollment is not realized.

Commissioner Robbins, I think you heard today the passion behind so many people that want this school. The west side has no arts schools. And these students are desperate for some type of

access to the arts. And you've heard it here today.

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And we are so confident that we will reach this enrollment. And we've actually undershot our enrollment. Our proposed cap will elicit 88 students per grade level, and we've underestimated that to 66 kindergarteners, 66 sixth-graders, and 44 first-graders for our first year. So we are prepared with those numbers.

But I really just wish to kind of express to you how much support we have at this point. We have 186 families that are committing to send their students to the Rio Grande Academy of Fine Arts, which overshoots our first-year enrollment of 176 students. So we plan to double that number, if not triple that number of students that are interested in this school, pending approval.

And I think that we will not have that issue of enrollment, because there is not another west-side school that will be like this.

I just want to express that passion of the community. I feel like we represent the community at large. And it is widely, widely supported by this school. And, Rebekah, please jump in because we have considered that reality of minimum enrollment, and so we have built, in our

application, strategies to address that.

MS. REBEKAH RUNYAN: Commissioner Robbins, thank you for the question. We worked with RioGAFA to -- first of all, come up with a budget where the revenue was extremely conservative. So when we built the budget, we know the first year that we will be able to take advantage of the Small School Size Adjustment, and will be the final year, and APS's Teacher Training Index. And we have used a teacher cost index that's lower than APS so that that first year, we really are -- have an extremely conservative revenue budget that we first started out with.

As far as strategies if the enrollment isn't realized, some of the strategies that we've come up with as a team are to reduce costs.

So we as, a partner with RioGAFA, will work with them and let them know right away, if the enrollment isn't realized, what the revenue reductions that are expected from that are. So we're going to keep in constant contact throughout the summer and those first few days of school to say, "What is the actual enrollment that's realized," so that we can immediately take action, calculate what the reduced revenue would be for the

school, and we can start making those plans to reduce expenditures.

Some of our things that we would consider would be delaying expenditure timing. So those would be the things -- like contractual and employment start dates would be aligned with the start of school to make staffing decisions based on the actual enrollment of the school, which would then, of course, help lower costs.

Delaying administrative and additional instructional support hires. So anything that is not absolutely necessary to get the school up and running, we would delay those hires until we made sure that our enrollment was actually realized.

And just working with the school weekly to develop that cash flow projection and just make sure that, expenditure-wise and budget-wise, that the school can account for that decreased enrollment, should that happen.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Also -- sorry. I would just like to add that both proposed codirectors are prepared and licensed teachers to teach the first semester, if need be, based off of enrollment numbers.

COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: And that's very

helpful. That's a fallback plan. That's -- sounds like you've thought it through, and I appreciate that.

We noted that at the beginning that no one from APS was here. I assume you did indeed notify APS of your intent to form a charter school.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Yes, that is correct.

COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: And have you gotten any response from APS, from their administration or their charter school division of APS?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: No, sir. Just receival (verbatim) of the Notice of Intent.

COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: That's fine. As you may know, I was an APS board member, and I'm very much in favor of charters, because I believe the district school hasn't really been addressing a lot of the needs of students.

So I'm not, you know, one of these people that says, "Oh, if APS is against it, then I'm against it." That's absolutely not the case.

I'll second what Commissioner Gipson said about measurable growth. When we get into contract negotiations, those goals are going to have to be very specific. You can't have something saying "measurable."

Also, in looking at the proposed targets of what would exceed growth, who would meet growth and what -- under goals, I realize you'd be a new school, but they appear to be very low.

And one of them, I noticed it was 75 percent, you would -- if 75 percent meets the goal, you've exceeded your overall goal. That seems like it's a very, very low target to be in the "Exceeds" category.

Most of the charter schools that we are authorizing, that is set at an 85 to 90 percent level for Exceeds. So, again, we'll get into that with contract negotiations, but I just want to caution you that some of these things -- and I understand what you're saying, students coming in at a low level. But I think we're going to want to see the school perform significantly better than what the district does with the support that you have, and we hope that that's there.

Last quick question. Are -- will you have a foundation, or have you already formed a foundation? And that may be a premature question. But what are your intentions in that area?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair, Commissioner Robbins, first, I would just like to

address your comment. We are happy to enter negotiations, love a challenge. And we would be happy to take any and all criticism and take that to heart.

As far as a foundation, Rebekah, you can speak to that.

MS. REBEKAH RUNYAN: Okay. Commissioner Robbins, the school does plan to open a foundation. It has not yet opened. We've been waiting on the final approval. But they do plan to open a foundation.

We've kind of looked at the Academy of Fine Arts. And the foundation that they have is very robust and big. There's a lot of people within the community and state who, you know, want to be able to donate to a fine arts school. And we will start looking at starting up that foundation after the school is approved.

COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: Thank you. I appreciate it.

THE CHAIR: Thanks. And I know, Commissioner Burt -- I've had my hand up and then Commissioner Burt. So thanks.

So just a follow-up concern with Commissioner Robbins' concern about enrollment.

There's a number of us that have been at these community input hearings that have -- it's been standing-room-only in support of the school. We get that.

But we've also seen the opening day. And that's the concern. You know, the bottom line is, as many people say, "Yeah, I'd like to send my kid there," you don't know until the first day of school who shows up.

And we've seen those devastating effects of, you know, the kids just didn't come, for whatever reason. And some of it, honestly, is also the ability for a school to coordinate the opening of school and that facility.

You know, we've seen schools that weren't able to make their target opening day because of facility issues. So parents naturally just said, "I'm going to send -- this year, I'm going to have to send my child here, because I need them to start school, you know, now."

So there's -- you know, there's always a lot of things in motion. And as far as people are passionate about things, you know, until they actually put the kiddo on the bus or in the car -- and that's always our concern, that you're not

overestimating and then you get yourself in a devastating issue. Because the last thing we want to see are those modifications of contracts and having to fire staff, you know, when school is opening because you don't have the kiddos there.

So just -- you know, that's always that cautionary tale. And trying not to burst the balloon as well, you know, of enthusiasm. It's -- you know, you balance that. It's like, yeah, we understand that; but -- you know. So just that cautionary.

You know, in your -- in your application, you mentioned, I think it's in the sixth grade, you're going to start offering bilingual education. And I was just wondering, is that a full program, or just the opportunity for students to have that exposure to languages, and/or are you looking at seeking funding for that program?

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: We are open to seeking funding if it is out there. We do want it to be a full program going forward. We want to embrace our students' languages so that they have a way to celebrate them as well as their culture and history. So it would be a program that's all-inclusive of language and culture.

THE CHAIR: So that it would be something that -- and, once again, I think you said starting in the sixth grade. So it would be -- it would be part of the educational programming of all sixth-graders in -- enrolled in the school.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: Yes, that's the plan. And we -- it will be a lot dependent -- we talked about it more in depth really for high school, in that we'd like to start it in sixth grade if possible.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thanks. And one last on facilities. And I know you mentioned you're looking at the school. What's your vision when you're fully or closer to fully rolled out? It's a lot of kids, K-12. And what's your vision in terms of interaction within the -- if it's your ideal building, what this would look like in terms of will there be separation? Won't there be separation? What's the commingling? You know, what are you looking at?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair, thank you for asking this question. I am so passionate about this, so I'm very excited to hear you ask this.

The proposed school is actually three separate buildings. So our vision for that is to

have separation for the day. But we have such a really great opportunity to promote interaction vertically. And we have a really great opportunity to have interaction from high school students to elementary students through the arts and have it very structured and very rich and very rewarding.

So although the facility will promote separation to make sure that safety is upheld, we really want the interaction to really get these elementary kids to have a role model in high school and just help them connect to this model, K-through-12.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: I'd like to jump in, too, Madam Chair. Just -- there are some huge benefits of students teaching students. And when our older students, even, you know, starting in upper elementary, can be mentors and teachers to their younger peers, it's of huge benefit, we believe.

THE CHAIR: Yeah. And I agree. I also like the phrasing "controlled interaction," you know. There are always those times when kindergarteners shouldn't be hearing that, you know, and vice versa. So that's a tough commingling, and glad to hear that there's thought being put into it.

Thank you.

Commissioner Burt?

COMMISSIONER BURT: Thank you. So a little tiny sliver of my district covers Albuquerque west side. I can't even tell you, like, the exact street where it is, like, the maps are so terrible. But I do have a tiny piece of it.

I am a longtime west-side, Albuquerque, Rio Rancho resident. So when I heard you say "west side fine arts," I mean, knowing this community really well, it's a huge absence.

And I know, you know, Commissioner Voigt talks a lot about the assets that New Mexico has. And, in general, New Mexico is a fine arts state. Like, I mean, you could say that about literally everywhere. I mean, we really are.

And so to have this, like, huge state -- and also my daughters went through APS all through elementary school. And, you know, they only offer art every other year. It's so, so sad.

And so -- and then music every other year; right? So you either get music or art.

So, like -- you know. I think, you know, offering this opportunity to students who have already, you know, shown any kind of interest in it

at any point throughout their educational careers is -- I mean, I love the idea that it's K-12. I think that's a really unique thing that you-all are doing. And, hopefully, other folks around the state can see that that's something that could be a really great model.

And, like Representative Maestas said, I mean, west-side schools are overpacked. I mean, they -- as soon as a new one opens, it's already -- there's portables outside of it. They build a building, and there's portables after the first year.

So I think it's a really great location for this type of concept. And -- but, generally, I think anywhere in New Mexico, this is a really great concept because of who we are as New Mexicans.

So those are all the positives. I love hearing about, you know, the integration with the arts in the academic portion. I was able to spend -- you know, I've been to New Mexico School for the Arts and got to spend a day seeing how they -- what that looks like, which -- and they don't really integrate it throughout the day; right? It's like academic, break, arts. Right? And I think PAPA does that similarly: Academic, space,

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arts.

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So I really like the idea of integrating those throughout the day as well. So I do think -- I think it's going to be challenging. I think that -- you know, another Commissioner said that that's going to be a really big challenge, but interested in seeing what that looks like.

The questions I have are, first of all -- and a lot of them have already been answered, so I'm really grateful for the other Commissioners in talking through things.

One of the things that I was wondering that was kind of mentioned, but I couldn't really find it in the application anywhere, you talk a lot about community, like it being a community hub and having community partners. And because we are such a fine arts state and because there's so many organizations out -- and in Albuquerque, you have this wealth of resources in community partners.

I did notice you've met with a lot of folks. But it didn't look like there is a lot of necessarily super-fine-artsy organizations that are -- that you're meeting with yet.

So I'm wondering if you could talk a little bit more about maybe more partners and/or how

do partners engage in your school? What kind of partners are you looking for? And how do those interactions come together in your school? So that's my first question.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair, Commissioner Burt, thank you so much. Again, I'm loving these questions. These are just things I could talk about all day.

So our partnerships -- we've built an extensive amount of partners, one of which we're really excited about is Music on the West Side, which is a private music school that does after-school work with students that has to work with -- it's basically a private location for private lessons.

We communicated with that school, and they are, like, just chomping at the bit to come into our school and provide instruction to our students.

And then they ultimately want to have our high school students intern at that location. We have a similar partnership with Keshet Dance Company. Same thing. The instructors would like to provide instruction to our students, and then our students would go and intern at those locations.

We also have built a great relationship

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with NDI. NDI is incredible. And we are actually looking at the potential of being a private school for their kinder program.

And they don't have a kinder program. And so we have been communicating with Liz, their artistic director, to talk about the potentiality of us being that location where they implement this first pilot program.

In addition, we also have received a letter of support from Dean Harris, the -- UNM Fine Arts Dean. And he has also committed the same thing, where teachers go into our classrooms to provide instruction and to just promote our students to attend UNM and really attend that fine arts department.

So I think the -- the partners that we've built already are really rich. And I think once we get approved, we're just going to take off and really just make that a big effort of ours is to get all of these arts communities involved in this school, because we truly -- you said it yourself. We want to be a community hub. We want these people to access our facility and have access to instruct our kids, but to also just make a community for the arts community.

1 And that's truly our -- our big goal is to 2 become that facility for this community.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: Also I'd like to add a few others. Lea Anderson, who is in support of us, is a local artist here in town. And then Ms. Molly Bell, she also has several connections in the fine arts community to share.

And then I do want to add that Michelle Sanchez-St. Andre and I are members of the New Mexico Art Educators. We've both been presidents, so we have a lot of connections through the fine arts community that way. And the New Mexico Music Art Education is also supporting us. So they also have resources for us.

COMMISSIONER BURT: Awesome. So if I'm hearing you right, the idea is that these organizations can come into your school during that arts time. They can participate by actually providing some of that arts education. And then, in addition, your goal especially for the high-schoolers, is that they end up going off to those companies to work with or for them, interning or actually getting a career later maybe?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: It's a huge goal of ours for -- we want New Mexicans to stay here and

really provide that community for our arts communities. And I think by doing that, we'll promote that, and we'll provide sustainability for these individuals that may not have had access to the arts before.

COMMISSIONER BURT: Okay. And then my -- I have a couple of more questions, though. So one of mine -- and this isn't just you guys, but I do think it could provide a unique challenge for you-all.

In -- I think, in general, you know -- and, actually, I have a little bit of hope, just because of where Michelle works. But, in general, I think a lot of times, folks who are choosing charter schools are already spoke to -- are already folks who have a lot of resources in their back pocket, and so they choose charter schools because they have, you know, the resources or the wherewithal around it.

And I know, as charter schools, a lot of times I hear -- I hear it. Like, "Hey, we want the low-income students that don't get these opportunities, like, that's our goal to provide that equity."

But then a lot of times we end up getting,

you know, students whose parents already have a lot of resources that are choosing charter schools. And you don't -- I know you can't, you know, pick out, you know, certain kids from your lottery, which I appreciate your lottery was very fair and no auditions, and I was very grateful for that. I was like, open. They don't have an audition process or something. Let them all come in and explore whatever they need to.

But I am worried. You know, I think a lot of times, not only -- and I think this is a charter school issue in general, that, you know, a lot of families don't really understand or know about charter schools and that they're free and available and they can be really good opportunities for their students.

I love that you're providing transportation. I do think that's a barrier, often, so I'm grateful for that. But I'm still wondering if you're going to get families who are paying for their students to go to fine arts programs, right, they're paying for Music on the West Side, so, they're, like, "Oh, I don't have to pay for that anymore, I'll just go to this charter school."

They have the means to provide these finer

opportunities to their students. So they're going to pick you because they're going to hear about you right away.

So where -- can you talk to me a little bit about how you can target students whose families may not see fine arts as an opportunity for them to make a sustainable income, because that's not where they're -- that's not their reality in their life?

So how can you get those students and families who do need these equitable options the most to hear about and to buy into your school to come there?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Thank you, madam Chair, Commissioner Burt. Thank you so much for the question.

I think a big strategy of ours is to get in there. And I think that "in there" meaning the community. We want to be at these low-income, at-risk communities. And I think the only way to do that is to get in front of these people and show them what arts integration is by somebody that looks and sounds like them.

I think the powerful video that we created is a testament of that, but I think more powerful than anything is to find these local artists, which we have already, and help them explore -- like, expose their work to people, but have them do that on our behalf. I think that that's truly how we're going to get people to connect with us. "this person looks like me, sounds like me, and is from this community. I want to go there because I feel motivated to."

I want to include we have that partnership with the West Central Community Development Group, which is composed of that 15 neighborhood associations, our plan is to hit those associations as hard as we can after approval and really get these communities to see, because this is the exact community we want to be located in, that this school is viable and valuable to their students.

And, again, the only way to do that is human-to-human interaction. And I think this team here is very committed to that and very motivated to get out in front of these people, because we all are artists. We all have been affected by the arts, and we want to show them that this is an option for their students, and it's not just for these higher-income students, that it's particularly for these students, because we are removing those barriers like transportation.

We want to provide food for students. We want to provide supplies for students. That -- we want them to access these arts that they have not had the opportunity to do so before.

COMMISSIONER BURT: Thank you for that. Yeah. I mean, it sounds very reassuring. I think that -- I just -- that's -- I mean, it's something that I'll definitely be looking for years to come is, you know, who's actually enrolling in your school and how are you adjusting to that, because I do think that that's so -- it's just so important, and it's such a difficult thing to do.

But I think -- I am hopeful that that's the lens you have going in. And so -- and, once again, you know, I know that Michele works at MAS, and they have great success in getting students of low-income areas who may not know what a charter school is, and they grab them and bring them in. So having that kind of experience behind you can help lead them to this as well.

I think all of the rest of the questions I have are pretty much answered. I'm so grateful that Chair Gipson asked about the -- like, how you're going to separate or keep them together, because I was very concerned about that.

Because I have -- I have a middle-schooler and a high-schooler now, and I'm nervous having the middle-schooler with the high-schooler. So I'm glad you guys already have that that in your vision, but keeping them together as well.

Thank you so much. I'm very excited and hopeful. So thank you for a great application and putting this together, and the vision.

THE CHAIR: Thanks. I guess we're always concerned about hormones. That's where -- you know, it's like, oh, my God, you know, those little kids are good. But, oh, now you start all those hormones, and -- you know, we hate to phrase the question exactly that way.

Commissioner Carrillo had his hand up, and then Commissioner Voigt.

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Madam Chair, Melissa Armijo was unable to raise her hand, and she reached out a long time ago.

THE CHAIR: Okay. All right. Thanks.I'll put her in the queue. Thanks. Sorry.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: I'm happy that Commissioner Burt, and that you, Chair Gipson -- where's my -- brought up the mentoring stuff and the division of kids. There's an organization. You're

probably familiar with them, Jordan and the other staff, called Mentoring with Kids -- or, no. It's called Mentoring Kids Works.

It was a program we had in Santa Fe Public Schools that started at Nina Otero and El Camino, those middle schools, and Capital High School, which is right across the street from Nina Otero, just the interaction with having kids teach kids, older, younger, but still maintaining the necessary separation, because the hormones, you know.

You might just want to look into them. They're, I know, receiving more grants now. They really want to spread out beyond just the Santa Fe community. And, especially, they reached out to me to reach out to our charters to see what help they might want there. So I'm very happy to hear about that.

I don't think the question that
Commissioner Taylor was zeroing in on was actually
answered. Certainly -- because sooner or later, no
matter how much you have two people that are going
to work together, and they know how to get to "yes,"
and they realize that, you know, the goal is the
thing, not personalities, who is designated? Is
there someone in either of those roles where the

buck stops definitively if they can't make thatdecision?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair, Commissioner Carrillo, I appreciate the question. Madam Chair, I think it's just important to show the graphic that we've included in the application. Is that okay if I share my screen?

THE CHAIR: Sure.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Thank you, Jordan.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Okay. So here is the graphic of what we have proposed for the responsibilities for the codirectors, academics and operational.

THE CHAIR: Could you just make that a little bit bigger?

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Absolutely. Onesecond.

THE CHAIR: Thanks.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Is that working?

20 THE CHAIR: For me, it didn't get any

bigger. Okay. That -- now, that's -- okay.

Thanks.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: No problem. So we have outlined -- and, again, this will be up to the board to finalize within the first 60 days. That's

how long they're required to find candidates for these two positions, to finalize the job descriptions.

As it stands, these are the responsibilities of the Director of Academics and the Director of Operations. And then we have outlined the shared responsibilities between the two.

So as you can see, Director of Academics is very, very structured in what the buck stops with this person, as well as the Director of Operations. These are the places that they're sole in charge of these areas.

And then as we go down to the shared responsibilities, these are things that are more big-picture, and they should be working on, to ensure that the mission and vision is executed correctly.

So, again, Madam Chair and Commissioner Carrillo, I think it's very important to express that we have thought about this, and we have outlined clear things, that this person is solely in charge for these responsibilities, and the other person is responsible for these.

And, again, this will be reviewed by the

board and formalized within that first 60 days following approval.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Thank you, Jordan. Having the graph there helps a lot. And I imagine if we do ever get to that point, as long as we put the kids first, we always find a way to get to the right decision, right, as long as it's kids first.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: And if I could just, I'm sorry, Commissioner Carrillo. If I could just add, in addition, the formal evaluation that codirectors will participate in, they will be evaluated on communication. And if that is not something that is being executed correctly, that is something that the board will take action on.

That's something that both codirectors will be held to a very high accountability, because we are promoting a collaborative work effort between the two of them.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Thank you. You used one of my favorite words, "accountability."

People often like accountability until they're the ones that are held accountable. Thank you for saying that.

What I really like about the program also -- and even though -- New Mexico School for the

Arts up here -- I'm in Santa Fe if people didn't know that -- it's an excellent program. But it is so distinctly different from what y'all are doing, because they are not an arts-integrated program. They're basically a school and then an arts school for kids that want to absolutely go to Juilliard. That is their goal.

Whereas, I see the goal of a school like this is really building the whole child from the inside out, and that artistic core and everything kind of goes from there.

And so I want to make a comment on that really quickly. There's a guy -- you probably read about him. Robert Vladem is the one that gave the bulk of the money to build the new museum up in Santa Fe. Because he knows I'm involved in education, he said, "Steve, there needs to be more emphasis on art." Because I was telling him about my idea that the Guilford County thing for Santa Fe Public Schools.

He said when he looks for employees in upper-level management, he wants kids that can think creatively that have art backgrounds, because those are the ones, those are the ones that run successful companies and everything else.

And so I see you as a breeding ground for that.

I'm very happy that both Chair Gipson -- and I think it was Commissioner Robbins -- talked about the term "measurable" relative to growth. So I just want to reiterate that when it is contract time, "measurable" is not going to cut it.

We're going to want to hear some percentages, where you are, where you expect to be, so that there's a quantitative aspect. Because I think the qualitative is going to be there just relative to being an arts-integrated school.

So I -- the only other thing I have is -- this is relative to the -- I just want to make sure that all of us, and me, I understand that we all understand -- 'cause this was in their approaches thing -- on the artistry blocks, just making sure that we understand what that word "design" means and how -- how artistry blocks will be -- will work functionally.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: Thank you. Madam Chair and Commissioner Carrillo.

So our artistry blocks run two different ways. We have elementary will run a little different than secondary. And there will be, just

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to emphasize, a break in between the regular school day to the artistry blocks.

So for elementary, they're going to start with a 45-minute block where there's a rotation of dance, media arts, theater, and visual arts.

They are going to be aligned with the state and national core arts standards. So RioGAFA students will be provided with a curriculum that provides that sequential instruction with strong foundational skills, the New Mexico Core Arts Standards, and they ensure that valuable student and community learning and instruction, with the inclusion of New Mexico's rich history and culture.

Both -- again, both Michelle Sanchez-St. Andre and I have been significantly trained in the New Mexico Core Arts Standards. We both started using them in the classroom before they were even approved in 2018 by New Mexico. Or adopted, I should say. So we've already been using them.

We understand them. And I have built my open -- I was also part of the Model Cornerstone Assessment Pilot for the -- nationwide on building assessments from using the standards. So that backwards design of starting with your objective and

the standards, and then building upon your performance assessment. So the students don't even know they're performing an assessment because they're creating art.

So that is -- that'll be that first artistry block.

During the second artistry block, students will have the opportunity to choose -- and this, again, is elementary -- to explore a new arts elective. So they'll have 60 minutes in a variety of forms. It will change. It's going to be very dependent on what our resources are and who can teach, you know, what their gifts are.

So it could be ukulele; it could be needlework; it could be creative writing, hip-hop, recycled fashion. Again, training in the National Core Arts Standards still applies, and looking back and making sure that kids are, you know, building those sequential foundational skills.

We also are going to have -- this is why, within our elementary group, we'll have multiple grade levels so that students can explore different art forms and collaborate and learn together with similar interests. And they'll have -- they will be able to choose something different every quarter.

So that's exciting.

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And then our secondary block changes. They have two 88-minute artistry blocks with a break in between. Secondary students will participate in a visual or performing arts instruction, where they will learn to achieve mastery in dance, drama, media, music, or visual arts.

And then middle students will start -well, they'll continue to explore those art forms,
because we know that students will often come to us
that have had no art. So we will still continue to
give them those foundational skills that they need.

And seventh and eighth grade, we hope students will be given that opportunity to narrow their focus so in high school, they'll have multiple pathways they can choose, and options. If they want to focus more on a performance art, visual arts, media arts. Again, we've talked a lot about where we'll be bringing in those guest artists. But we'll always, always start with the New Mexico Core Arts Standards as the objective and then building from there into the curriculum.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Thank you very much for the answer. You made me think of one thing. And that is -- there was the young lady who,

in the presentation -- the poet, where she talked about learning about the Constitution and the Bill of Rights with -- by rapping.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: That was me.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: So there's two areas that I think, not only in New Mexico, but in our country, seriously lack, and that is civics and geography. Geography, I think, is a natural to all the things that can happen artistically.

You don't have to tell how you're going to do it now, because we're not talking about high school now. But just integrating those two items now, civics and geography, because they're so darned important, and they're just getting lost.

Anyway, thank you very much. I believe that's all I have. And thank you for the extended explanation of the artistry blocks. I appreciate that, Michele.

THE CHAIR: So, Commissioner Carrillo, do you want Schoolhouse Rocks to come back?

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: I loved Schoolhouse Rocks. I loved that.

THE CHAIR: How a bill became a law.
COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: You know what would be super-cool, Chair Gipson? If the kids at

this school wrote and performed the music for astatewide Schoolhouse Rocks.

THE CHAIR: I agree. Thanks.

Commissioner Armijo? Sorry.

COMMISSIONER ARMIJO: Hi. Can everybody

6 hear me? 7 TH

THE CHAIR: Yes, we can.

COMMISSIONER ARMIJO: Okay. Great. Thank you. And I'm sorry I couldn't be there with my face, kind of in-person, as we are in Zoom. So I apologize.

But thank you for letting me have this opportunity to speak real quick.

First of all, I just want to let everybody know all the rest of the Commissioners answered any of the questions that I had. You guys were very thorough, and I was able to read through the application.

And I'm really excited about this school. I had the opportunity to meet Jordan when I was at a groundbreaking ceremony for Solare Collegiate. So I had the opportunity to meet Jordan. Great to hear your voice, Jordan.

And Michelle Sanchez-St. Andre. Michelle, you and I are third cousins, so I'm excited about

the school.

I just wanted -- this school will be in my district, which is exciting for me. The west side, the southwest side, the South Valley could definitely use a school like this.

I was just sharing with a friend of mine how children just -- just don't learn the same. And providing that opportunity for them in the arts and making it fun and exciting and out of the box, I think is going to be great.

I know that Michelle and Jordan both are authentic in their endeavors for this school and dedicated to this unique educational model in New Mexico. So I'm really excited about that.

That's all I wanted to say. Just wanted to share that, and thank you all for your presentation and the great feedback.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. Thank you.

Commissioner Robbins?

COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: Just one last thing. And I'm glad that you showed the differentiation between the two directors, academic and operations.

In looking at the full graphic on Page 212 of your -- or 211 of your application, it seemed

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like you have a lot of administrative positions.

You're going to have a dean of students for every

3 school -- for, you know, elementary, middle, and

4 high school. You know, it almost looks like you've

taken an APS administrative framework and brought it

down to your school; whereas, most charters don't

7 have all those extra positions and everything.

People are wearing multiple hats to get to know the students.

9 students 10 A

And my concern is there's going to be a lot of layers between the people running the school and the teachers and the students. And that's a caution. Because APS has been criticized and probably has one of the most top-heavy districts in the entire state.

And this just looks -- I look at a school that has 1,000 students. They don't have that many -- all these different administrative-type positions.

And so I'm a little concerned that even though you may get funding from outside, that it actually could separate, you know, the people running the school from the school, and you're going to have too many layers built in there.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair and

Commissioner Robbins, thank you for the concern. We

2 will be a very reflective organization. These

3 decisions will be made upon enrollment. And during

4 the first years, we won't have a dean, I believe,

5 until year four. During the first years, Michele

and I -- I'm sorry -- the proposed codirectors - will be taking on multiple roles at the school. S

7 will be taking on multiple roles at the school. So 8 we understand. We have worked both in public an

we understand. We have worked both in public and

charter entities, and so we understand the concern,

and we appreciate the feedback.

THE CHAIR: Thanks. And not to be a balloon buster again, but a cautionary tale. We never look -- we always advise schools, when they're looking at their foundations, never look at New Mexico School for the Arts and what they're able to fundraise.

Because that's -- you know, that's great to look at. But, you know, the notion that that's ever going to happen is so highly unlikely that I think you need your feet a little bit more on the ground with that. It would be great, but, you know, it's -- it takes a lot of effort for them to do that as well.

And I think that goes along kind of with Commissioner Burt's concern about, you know, you get

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out there with a foundation like the New Mexico School for the Arts, and you start contacting folks that way. And they learn about your school. And it does potentially change the demographics of the school, because it's, like, "Oh, I can send my kid there."

So that's -- you know, that's just what it

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair, if -sorry.

THE CHAIR: Sure.

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MR. JORDAN FRANCO: I would just like to say that I appreciate the concern. We are a team of visionaries. And we firmly believe in reaching for the stars. I think the fact that we're here is a testament of we have goals, and we want to reach them.

And I appreciate the concern, and we will definitely take that into consideration. But I do just want to provide that testament that you're staring at a team of people that aren't afraid to reach for the stars and see where we get.

And I think that our motivation and our teamwork and our dedication to this school is really profound. And I'm excited to see what we can do -- THE CHAIR: Thanks.

MR. JORDAN FRANCO: -- and will do.

THE CHAIR: Thanks. Just one quick 4 question. You're rolling out K-1 and 6 that first

5 year. That's the -- you know. And that 6 is always

6 hard. It's always hard to capture middle-schoolers. 7 But long-term, are you looking at some point in

8 time, and would the facility also -- if you get that

9 facility, are you looking at, at any point, putting

10 in a pre-K?

> MR. JORDAN FRANCO: Madam Chair, we love a challenge, like I said. So, I mean, if that -- if that presents itself, we aren't opposed to that option. We have all worked with pre-K students in some way, shape, or form.

I will say they are -- they are an intense bunch of energy; they're just balls of energy. But we will meet that challenge if it presents itself.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thanks. And, you know, we always find -- you know, for a lot of folks, it's easier to capture those K students when you've reached all the way down into that pre-K to that community. But I was just curious. So thanks for that.

MS. MICHELE PLATIS: May I add,

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1 Madam Chair, that to Jordan's point, too, we will 2

always be looking at the needs of the community. And if the community is asking us for a pre-K, then

we'll meet that need.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thanks. I appreciate that.

Commissioners, any other questions?

Okay. So, once again, thank you for all of this. I mean, no matter what happens, we know the time and effort and energy and passion that goes into this application process. We know it's not easy. And we don't make it easy for a purpose.

You know, we're -- you're asking us to allow you to serve these communities. So it shouldn't be an easy -- you know, it shouldn't be an easy task to get through this.

So, you know, we -- once again, we appreciate everything that you've done to get yourself prepared for today and hopefully prepared for the future. So thank you for that, and everyone on the screen.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Thank you. Yeah.

THE CHAIR: In closing, any member of the public, including the applicants, may submit written input following this hearing.

1 Written comments can be sent to the 2 Commission via charter.schools@state.nm.us. And I

believe that's going to be on the Web site; correct?

4 Yes?

Okay. Thanks.

They can also -- well, now I have to double-check. The building is open, so there is mail being accepted. I don't want to say mail will be accepted if it's not.

DIRECTOR CORINA CHAVEZ: We are accepting mail at the PED.

THE CHAIR: So they can also be mailed. Can it be hand-delivered?

DIRECTOR CORINA CHAVEZ: It can. Although

there is a skeletal crew at the PED. THE CHAIR: Okay. All right. Thanks.

Make sure you identify the school you are commenting on in the letter, or in the drop-down

The details and addresses are listed on the website.

menu that is there.

Please note that any written input must be 22 received no later than 5:00 p.m. on the third business day following the hearing on the application on which the public wishes to comment.

For Rio Grande Academy of Fine Arts, that

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1	would be July 27th, 2021, at 5:00.	1	COMMISSIONER DAVIS: Yes.
2	And thank you all for your presentations	2	COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Gipson?
3	once again. And the Commission will be meeting	3	THE CHAIR: Here.
4	on in Santa Fe on August 27th, 2021, to render	4	COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Manis is
5	their decision on approval or denial of this and any	5	not present.
6	other applications.	6	Commissioner Robbins?
7	And we stand now in recess until 1:00 p.m.	7	COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: Here.
8	for our next community hearing.	8	COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Taylor?
9	So thank you all once again. Take care	9	COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Here.
10	and we will see you in August. Thank you.	10	COMMISSIONER BURT: And Commissioner
11	(Recess held, 11:39 a.m. to 1:03 p.m.)	11	Voigt?
12	THE CHAIR: Okay. I think we can get	12	COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Here.
13	started. If other Commissioners come in, we can	13	COMMISSIONER BURT: All right. So there
14	certainly join them in. But, just for the record,	14	are seven Commissioners present.
15	Commissioner Burt, would you take record would	15	THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you so much.
16	you take roll for this one, please?	16	So welcome, everyone. I just have a short
17	COMMISSIONER BURT: Yeah, no problem. All	17	little blurb that I have to say and then we can move
18	right.	18	on to the meat of this.
19	Commissioner Armijo is not present.	19	This meeting is being conduct well, I
20	Commissioner Burt is present.	20	guess I'm bringing back from recess this community
21	Commissioner Carrillo?	21	input hearing for THRIVE Community School. And it
22	COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Yes.	22	is Thursday, July 22nd, and it is now 1:05 p.m.
23	COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Chavez is	23	This meeting is being conducted pursuant
24	not present.	24	to New Mexico Statutes Annotated, Title 22,
25	Commissioner Davis?	25	Section 8B-6J 2009.
	120		121
1	The purpose of this community input	1	The Commission chair, based on the number

The purpose of this community input hearing that will be held on July 22nd, 2021, is to obtain information from the applicants and to receive community input to assist the Public Education Commission in its decision whether to grant the proposed charter application.

According to this section of the law, the Commission may appoint a subcommittee of no fewer than three members to hold a public hearing. According to the law, these hearings are being transcribed by a professional court reporter.

The total time allocated to each application is approximately 90 minutes, which will be timed to ensure an equitable opportunity to present applications.

During the hearing, the Commission will allow for community input about the charter application.

The time for public comments will be limited to 20 minutes. If you wish to speak regarding the application, that time in chat has now been closed. So hopefully everyone has signed up.

Please be sure that you indicate when you do sign up if you are speaking in favor or in opposition of the charter school.

The Commission chair, based on the number of requests to comment, will allocate time to those wishing to speak. If there are a large number of supporters or opponents, you're asked to select a speaker to represent common opinions. We will try to allocate an equitable amount of time to represent the community accurately.

The Commission will follow this process for each of the hearings today:

The Commission will ask each applicant or group to present. They will be given 20 minutes to present their application in the manner they deem appropriate. The Commission will not accept any written documentation from the applicant, but the application -- but the applicant may use any exhibits that they choose.

Following the applicant's presentation, the local school district representatives, which include superintendent, administrators, and board members, will be given 10 minutes to comment.

Subsequently, the Commission will allow 20 minutes for the public comment, as referenced before.

And, finally, the Commissioners will then have time to ask questions.

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So I'm going to ask the applicant team to 2 please now identify who was here that will be able 3 to speak for the school. And please identify their 4 role at this point in time. So thanks once again. And, Julie, are you 6 doing this? 7 FROM THE PUBLIC: I've got this. Thank 8 you, Commissioner Gipson. 9 THE CHAIR: I'm sorry. Missy? 10 MS. MELISSA BROWN: I just wanted make sure that you all understood that Commissioner 12 Armijo was here. 13 THE CHAIR: Thank you. I did not. I 14 didn't see -- and Commissioner Manis is here. Yes? 15 MS. MISSY BROWN: Yes. THE CHAIR: So please have the record reflect that. Sorry for the interruption. And, Sean, I'm sorry.

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16 17 18 19 MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Thank you, Madam Chair. 20 My name is Sean Duncan. I am a cofounder of THRIVE 21 Community School. I am joined by Ms. Valverde, a 22 proposed board member and our proposed board chair; 23 Mr. Brian Crider, proposed board member and our 24 proposed treasurer; Ms. Amy Chacon, a cofounder; 25 Julie Lucero, a cofounder; Dr. Angelia Moore,

1 cofounder. And we are also joined by our attorney, 2 Mr. Dan Hill. And -- I have not seen him present yet, but Mr. Michael Vigil from the Vigil Group for 3 4 our business -- our school business services. 5

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thanks. And let me just double-check.

7 Missy, do you see Mike Vigil in the 8 participants? I hadn't.

DIRECTOR CORINA CHAVEZ: He is.

10 THE CHAIR: He is? Okay. So I'm assuming 11 the school wants him brought in?

12 MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Yes, please. Thank you. 13 THE CHAIR: Okay. So we've got everyone 14 in now. Your 20 minutes starts whenever the 15 presentation -- whenever you start your 16 presentation. And Missy is doing the timing.

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Wonderful. Thank you. I'll do a quick screen transition here, and we'll begin.

20 THE CHAIR: Sure.

> MR. SEAN DUNCAN: All right. We are ready to begin.

Good afternoon, Madam Chair and members of the Public Education Commission. My name is Sean Duncan. I'm one of the cofounders of THRIVE

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1 Community School and the proposed executive 2 director. I'm incredibly grateful for the 3 opportunity to be here today with members of our 4 founding group and many of the community members who 5 have helped inform our proposed model.

My career in education was precipitated by my work with a younger family member who had special needs, where I learned valuable lessons about equity, access, and advocacy at an early age. Those experiences led me to become a special education teacher myself, and then later a school administrator and school psychologist.

For the previous three years, I have worked as a school psychologist and reading coach for Santa Fe Public Schools, where I have worked closely with teachers, leaders, and students and families. Those roles are all in addition to the most important role of being a husband and father of two young children.

For over a year, I've had the honor of working with the three other cofounders and members of our proposed board. During this time, we've had the privilege of engaging with our community to develop an evidence-based school model that will meet the needs of students in our city in

transformative ways.

Myself and members of this founding team bring deep and varied experiences to this work, and we are eager, excited, and humbled to be here today.

Now I'll pass it to Ms. Valverde.

MS. RANDI VALVERDE: Madam Chair, members of the Commission, good afternoon. It's a pleasure to be here with you.

I am very honored to have been selected as the proposed board chair for THRIVE Community School.

In terms of services that I'll bring to the board, I'm a shareholder at Montgomery & Andrews Law Firm, and I've been practicing law in New Mexico for about 12 years.

I served on the Human Rights Commission for about six years.

And as part of my law practice, I represent boards and commissions, so I know what it takes to run an efficient board.

In terms of why I'm committed to this board, my mom was a teacher for nearly 30 years, which gave me an insight into some of the issues that the education system faces.

And as a Native New Mexican, I believe

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that it's very important to provide New Mexican families with as many choices as possible with regard to the educational experiences that they believe will best suit the needs of their children.

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Thank you so much, and I'll pass it to Mr. Crider to introduce himself.

MR. BRIAN CRIDER: I'm Brian Crider, proposed member of the governing board and its proposed treasurer. I will serve as a member of the finance committee and bring 14 years of experience in finance and accounting to this position.

I'm currently a fixed income investment analyst at Thornburg Investment Management here in Santa Fe and have an MBA degree from the UCLA Anderson School of Management.

As a first-generation college student and a product of New Mexico public schools, strong education has played a major role in my life, and I want all of our kids to have the same opportunities that were provided to me. So I'm excited to be part of such an amazing team and look forward to helping THRIVE create a community where students know that there are no limits to what they can achieve.

MS. AMY CHACON: Good afternoon, Madam Chair, members of the Commission. My name is Amy Chacon, and I am thrilled to be here today as one of the founders of THRIVE Community School. I am deeply committed to the mission that THRIVE is proposing.

And as a Native New Mexican and educational practitioner for over 15 years, I believe that this charter's commitment to an equitable educational model that has a focus on education mastery and social-emotional learning will provide new and essential opportunities to the young people in my community.

I am a special education teacher, and, if authorized, intend to apply for a position with THRIVE Community School as a special education teacher.

Additionally, I have a background in education administration and teacher recruitment. And this is something where I would bring a professional perspective during the implementation

I look forward to this hearing today, and I thank you for the opportunity.

I will now turn it to my colleague, Ms. Lucero, to introduce herself.

MS. JULIE LUCERO: Good afternoon,

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school as an expedition model, a high school leadership program, and I've written curriculum and

delivered workshops across the country.

I've worked with families on the south side of Santa Fe for five-and-a-half years as an assistant principal, and then principal at two pre-K-through-8 community schools in the Santa Fe Public School District. Prior to that, I was a classroom teacher for 17 years.

It is a privilege to be before you today and continues to be a privilege to serve our families in Santa Fe.

Now I'd like to turn it over to our proposed executive director, Sean Duncan, for an overview of our community outreach efforts.

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Thank you, Dr. Moore. So we'll now transition to talk -- to talk about how our team has engaged with our community through a variety of outreach activities.

Ms. Chacon will give an overview of our approach to our outreach and the types of activities we engaged in before we talk about what type of input we received from our community.

MS. AMY CHACON: So the THRIVE Community School founding team has a sincere commitment to

Madam Chair and members of the Commission. Thank you so much for the opportunity to be here as one of

the cofounders of the proposed THRIVE Community School.

I am born and raised here in New Mexico and a first-generation college student. I have 26 years of experience in public education in a variety of capacities, to include teacher, principal, charter leader, Charter School Division General Manager, and, most recently, retired from Santa Fe Public Schools as their executive director of special education.

I also have a passion for work in policy, where I serve as an educational analyst for the Speaker of the House during Legislative Session. I am hoping to be given the opportunity to share my experience with THRIVE Community School if authorized. Again, thank you so much. I will now turn it over to Dr. Angelia Moore.

DR. ANGELIA MOORE: Good afternoon. Madam Chair and Commissioners. My name is Dr. Angelia Moore. I'm a THRIVE cofounder and proud to support THRIVE's work towards authorization and launch, and am a first-generation college graduate, been an educator for 23 years, designed a middle

130 1 ensuring that the charter we are presenting to you 1 city. 2 2 here today is reflective of the stated needs and And new approaches that dramatically improve academic outcomes. 3 wants in our community. 3 4 4 Therefore, we worked diligently to create Now Mr. Duncan will talk about some of the 5 5 data we considered based on this feedback from our and execute a comprehensive inclusive community 6 6 outreach process. community. 7 7 This process included three essential MR. SEAN DUNCAN: So as Dr. Moore 8 8 mentioned, the meetings that we held helped us to components: community meetings, a Google survey, 9 9 and a professional survey. I will now defer to better understand what our community wants to say in 10 10 Dr. Moore to address the community meetings. a new K-to-8 public school option. And one of those 11 DR. ANGELIA MOORE: Sure. We've held over 11 points was dramatically improved academic outcomes. 12 12 So one of the pieces of data that has been 225 meetings with individuals in 65 community 13 13 foundational to better understanding this need is organizations. The conversations, connections, 14 14 related to the significant gaps in performance we've feedback we've received from these meetings have 15 15 seen in student outcomes in Santa Fe. helped us to shape our school model and make sure 16 16 An analysis of the most recent academic that our school model is aligned to the needs of our 17 17 community. student performance reveals gaps of 20 to 40 points 18 between students from middle and upper income 18 So the feedback we've received from the 19 19 Santa Fe community prioritizes the following: backgrounds and students from lower income 20 20 backgrounds, as well as between Caucasian students More accessible public school options for 21 21 and Hispanic students, Native American students, and families. 22 22 English Language Learners. Options that prioritize social and 23 Our team recognizes that disparities in 23 emotional needs. 24 outcomes are innately connected to the opportunities 24 Options that are reflective of the 25 that children are provided. And we have kept that 25 economic, racial, and cultural diversity of our 132 133 1 understanding at the core of our commitment to 1 to gauge interest level in a new STEAM-focused 2 2 collaboratively develop our school model. K-to-8 charter school. 3 3 Now Ms. Lucero will talk through our The survey revealed three pieces of data 4 4 Google survey results. that offers -- that offers very clear support for 5 5 MS. JULIE LUCERO: Thank you. our proposed model. 6 So the Google survey that we completed 6 First, four out of five residents were 7 7 included 145 surveys. 72.6 percent were parents or either supportive or very supportive of seeing a 8 8 guardians of school-age children. 87 -- excuse STEAM-focused K-to-8 charter school in Santa Fe. 9 me -- 40 percent were in the 87507 ZIP; 21.9 in the 9 Second, 73 percent of residents expressed 10 87501 ZIP code. 10 interest in sending their own child to a new 11 85.6 percent were supportive or very 11 STEAM-focused K-to-8 charter school, while only 12 supportive. And out of those, 77 volunteered for 12 14 percent said that they were not interested. 13 13 focus groups. Third, 74 percent agreed that parents need 14 What they want to see in a school option: 14 more free public school choices. That number goes 15 Small group learning. Social and 15 up higher to 82 percent when we looked exclusively 16 emotional learning. STEAM education. Rigorous 16 at results from residents who are parents of 17 instruction. Mastery learning, and intentional 17 children aged 13 and below. 18 diversity. Two other components that were noted 18 And only 10 percent of all residents do 19 were wanting transportation for their students and 19 not believe that we need more free public school 20 an extended day. 20 choices in our city. 21 I'll now pass it on to Mr. Sean Duncan. 2.1 Another trend that's worth noting is that 22 MR. SEAN DUNCAN: So in an effort to help 22 generally similar levels of interest were observed 23 reduce our survey bias and to ensure that we are 23

reaching an even wider audience, we worked with

Research & Polling to survey 501 adults in Santa Fe

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across demographic groups, including income levels,

ethnicity, educational attainment, and the section

of the city which further underscores the broad and

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diverse level of support THRIVE's model has received from our community, particularly parents and families of school-aged children.

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So from the meaningful input that we collected from our community, we were able to develop THRIVE's mission and values.

Now I'll turn it over to Mr. Crider, who will share THRIVE's mission.

MR. BRIAN CRIDER: THRIVE Community School is a diverse and affirming K-through-8 Learning Community that embraces social and emotional learning practices and utilizes evidence-based teaching to advance educational equity.

We use innovative approaches to drive academic achievement, eliminate disparities in student outcomes, and reinforce a positive self-concept so that all students are positioned to follow paths of their choice.

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: The takeaways from our community outreach efforts also helped us to identify and define our four school values. We understand that these values are the qualities that really permeate all aspects of the school community and define not what we do, but how we do it.

At THRIVE, we show love. We affirm one

another and recognize the innate beauty and

2 brilliance in each one of us. We remind one another

3 every day to be the best version of ourselves. We

4 create joy. We find joy in learning and being part

5 of a community. We smile and laugh and prioritize 6

finding the fuel we have need to overcome the

7 challenges we face. At THRIVE, we work as a team.

8 We rely on one another to achieve our shared goals, 9 and we value different goals and perspectives and 10 elevate voices that are often ignored. We grow and

11 we take risks and lean into discomfort, and we value 12 mistakes because we are committed to learning from 13 them and adjusting.

> So -- ooh, let me back up here. All right.

So the voice of our community and our mission and values were developed in -- as we were thinking about what the proposed model would need to be able to achieve our stated mission.

So as we look at our proposed programming, our model consists of four innovative approaches and three unique features.

We'll start with our innovative approaches.

So our four innovative approaches were

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developed to ensure that we were utilizing evidence-based and sustainable solutions that are currently not being utilized at a wide scale in our

city and region.

First, THRIVE is committed to investing deeply in the development of our teachers and staff. We recognize that being an educator means that you are a lifelong learner yourself. And to have that impact that you want to have on your students, we must have regular access to high quality professional development opportunities that are truly mission-aligned.

So THRIVE will offer 25 days of paid professional development for all teachers and staff.

Second, we know that our community wants to see more developmentally appropriate and effective practices being used with students and families. The majority of K-to-8 community schools in our city operate as an elementary school in Grades K through 5 and a middle school in Grades 6 through 8.

THRIVE will operate as one school on one campus. However, we believe that structuring our school as a primary school in Grades K to 2 and an intermediate school in Grades 3 to 5, in addition to the middle school in Grades 6 to 8, will position us to better meet the needs academically and socially of our students in Grades K through 5 so they are more successful when they enter the middle school grades.

We also believe that this structure will help facilitate strong relationships and clear communication with parent and families.

Third is that we've developed an expanded definition of student success. This definition is inclusive of three specific elements:

One, transformative academic achievement.

Two, exceptional emotional intelligence. Three, demonstrated awareness of our

community's resources and assets.

Our fourth is that we offer a 21st Century calendar and schedule that is reflective of the demonstrated need expressed by our community. We've prioritized extended learning that will allow us to offer a bonus block of instruction where STEAM labs will take place on a daily basis where students will have the opportunity to engage in hands-on learning activities.

So our model also consists of three unique features: Intentional diversity, equitable

academics, and social-emotional learning.

Ms. Chacon will begin by taking us through our first feature.

MS. AMY CHACON: Unique feature of intentional diversity includes targeted coordinated outreach throughout our community. This is done to support the families through the lottery and the enrollment process, as well as to cultivate partners within our community that are already playing a critical role in the lives of our potential students and their families.

We will use an antibias, antiracist approach to teaching and learning that will help us maintain a practice that is culturally and linguistically responsive and that supports the development of positive self-concept across all diverse identities.

Our approach to intentional diversity will include extensive family and community programming to drive a truly community-centered approach to intentional diversity.

I will now turn it over to Ms. Lucero to speak to equitable academics.

MS. JULIE LUCERO: So THRIVE's approach to equitable academics prioritizes the use of

evidence-based and culturally and linguistically responsive practices that have been shown to support students' success in an engaging and affirming manner.

The first component of this feature is mastering learning. We implement a research-proven approach to teaching numeracy skills, concepts, and background knowledge. This approach utilizes systems of positive reinforcement and flexible small groups, which allows instruction to be modified to accommodate each student's pace of learning.

The second component is STEAM education. We utilize a cross-curricular, integrated approach to teaching and learning known as STEAM to help prime passions and build academic proficiency. This innovative approach helps students develop the critical thinking, collaboration, communication and problem-solving skills needed for long-term succession.

The third component is experiential learning. We assure students are able to engage in place-based experiential learning opportunities across all content areas to increase relevance, deepen conceptual knowledge, gain an appreciation for our cultural heritage, cultures, landscapes and

opportunities, while providing students with multiple pathways to demonstrate mastery of content.

I'll now pass it on to Dr. Angelia Moore to speak on social-emotional learning.

DR. ANGELIA MOORE: So social and emotional learning at THRIVE includes the following:

Students are going to be spending quite a bit of time during the day working in small group learning structures. Staff members will be teaching the skills of emotional intelligence to support strong and healthy relationships, interpersonal skills, and self-awareness.

Additionally, we'll be utilizing restorative justice approaches to management and relationships.

Now I'll pass it along to our proposed governing board chair, Ms. Randi Valverde.

education administration at the state and local

MS. RANDI VALVERDE: Thank you. Our board members each bring a wealth of experience and knowledge to the team, including real estate and facilities law, employment and administrative law, finance, special education, development in marketing, social justice and gender equity expertise, community services and outreach, and

levels.

In terms of our key responsibilities, the board recognizes that success of the charter is highly reliant on the strong governance of the board with a specific focus on all of the key responsibilities outlined in the bullets.

In terms of our Implementation Year priorities, with regard to board functioning, the board will first vote to approve the board officers and the committee members, including our finance committee and our audit committee. We'll also take all necessary action to become a board of finance, including submitting our application to the Commission within 90 days, and in full compliance with all state statutes and regulations.

In terms of development and approval of our policies, we will first finalize our bylaws, including our conflict of interest policy as well as our Open Meetings Act compliance policy.

During our first regular meeting and then after that, we will begin the process of adopting four separate sets of policies, including board policies, fiscal policies, personnel policies, and our school policies.

Finally, with regard to hiring and

oversight of our proposed executive director, the board will take formal action to hire our proposed executive director and finalize the evaluation for that position.

much.

Granata.

I'll now turn it over to Mr. Duncan. Thank you.

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Thank you. So as we conclude, I would just like to extend my appreciation to the Commission, the Charter Schools Division, and all of our community members who have shown up to speak on our behalf and support us in spirit.

Our team recognizes that this is a rigorous process, and it should be, and we are eager to answer any questions that we can to provide clarity. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you so much. Appreciate it.

Missy, is there anyone here identified from Santa Fe Public Schools?

MS. MISSY BROWN: Not that I am aware of. I don't know what name I would be looking for;

COMMISSIONER BURT: It looks like there is someone that has "SFPS" by their name. Joshua

THE CHAIR: That would be the attorney for Santa Fe Public Schools, I believe. This is like "old home" week for -- for folks. Joshua is at the AG's Office and came in for PEC meetings when I first came on. So, Josh, good to see you.

MR. JOSHUA GRANATA: Good afternoon, Commissioner Gipson. It's nice to see you, too.

Good afternoon, Commissioners. Our current superintendent, Chavez, is also waiting, I believe. Hilario Chavez, Larry Chavez.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Ah. Thank you. SUPT. HILARIO CHAVEZ: Yes. Good afternoon, Commissioners. This is Larry Chavez, Superintendent of Santa Fe Public Schools.

I appreciate you guys giving us the opportunity to voice our thoughts and ideas about the application. So if you don't mind, I guess I can get started.

THE CHAIR: Certainly.
SUPT. HILARIO CHAVEZ: Thank you very

Santa Fe Public Schools has seen a consistent pattern of declining enrollment over the last few years. Santa Fe also has a very low number

of birth rates which directly contributes to our declining enrollment.

During the pandemic, Santa Fe Public Schools also saw an additional loss of 615 students. And coming out of the pandemic, we're wondering if we're going to see those students return, but an unknown question that not only Santa Fe Public Schools has, but a lot of districts across the street.

With previous discussions at our Board of Education meetings on school closure due to loss of enrollment and under the State of Emergency due to the pandemic, the application is contrary to the best interests of Santa Fe Public Schools and the District.

And with that being said, I will hand the mic over and conclude my statement.

THE CHAIR: Thank you. I'm just -- so, Josh, are you going to say something? Is he handing the mic over to you? Or no? You're just here as eye candy for the Superintendent?

SUPT. HILARIO CHAVEZ: Exactly. He is eye candy for the District.

THE CHAIR: Thanks. So if there's no one else -- thank you so much. We appreciate your

comments. And there is additional opportunity to provide written comment, which is identified on the website. So just so you're aware of that, there is a time limit of three business days for those comments to come in.

SUPT. HILARIO CHAVEZ: Great. I

appreciate it. Thank you, guys.

THE CHAIR: Thank you so much.

Oh, I'm sorry. Commissioner Carrillo? You're muted.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: There we go. Sorry about that. I thought you were transitioning to the next piece, and I was going to say something. But I'll wait until you move to your next --

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thanks. Thanks.

So we are now on to the public comment portion. We'll hear -- we will now hear public comment from the community of Santa Fe.

And, Missy, how many do we have?
MS. MISSY BROWN: Well, there are
21 people signed up. But one of them, I do not see
on the Attendees list, Nora Geiss. So I don't know
if she's named herself something other than Nora
Geiss, but I do not see her.

So I would say there are 20 people. And

also Commissioner Armijo has lost connection and she

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can't get back on. So I'll keep looking for that.

So with 20 people --

THE CHAIR: Everyone's got one minute, provided that everyone is still here.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Provided that everyone is still here. So I will try to time the 20 minutes on this and the one minute on this, and I'll try to see if we can add time at the end if everybody's here or not.

So I will start with --

THE CHAIR: So let me just double-check before we do this. I'm making the assumption everyone is speaking in favor. So if we have to, to make sure that we're hearing, if we need to, from both sides. So we don't have to divvy up the time that way.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Everybody indicated that they were in favor of the school.

THE CHAIR: Thanks so much. You can bring the first person in. Thanks.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Molly Conway from Española Outreach. You can unmute yourself.

THE CHAIR: And I would ask folks, as they begin to speak, if you would please identify

yourself, spell your last name, please.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Good afternoon, everyone. My name is Molly Conway. C-O-N-W-A-Y. And it's a great honor to be here today to show my support for the THRIVE Community School.

I currently hold the position title as community outreach and education coordinator at Esperanza Shelter. Esperanza is a dynamic nonprofit providing nonresidential and residential support services for those who are impacted by domestic violence.

I hold a Master's degree in special education, and I have had the opportunity to work with children, teens, and young adults with a wide scope of exceptionalities in Westchester County, New York, and Santa Fe, New Mexico, for 15 years.

Most recently, I worked at the Santa Fe Indian School in their Restorative Justice Education model.

When the dedicated founders and staff from the THRIVE Community School reached out to me in my position as the community outreach and education coordinator, they wanted to know how they could incorporate and include education on and awareness of domestic abuse into THRIVE.

In all of my years of teaching, I never attended a training on domestic violence or signs and symptoms of domestic abuse exposure in children. With great upset, I looked back in retrospect and wondered how many children, teens, and young adults I could have helped if I did have that knowledge.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Time.

FROM THE PUBLIC: I support THRIVE.

THE CHAIR: Thank you.

MS. MISSY BROWN: I'm sorry.

All right. I'm going to -- hold on,

Molly. I'll move you back into the Attendees. I'm going to be moving Mr. Jose Lopez.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Madam Chair? THE CHAIR: Yes.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Can we remind people before they speak, just in case they're not reminded, that they do have a minute. It goes quickly, in case they need to kind of fine tune what

they're saying so they're not cut off. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: And I will also add that if someone's on and they know that someone -- they have the opportunity to yield their time as well. So that I'll let people be aware of that as well.

As I spoke before, I try to kind of

coordinate the thoughts about the school.

But, yes, a minute does seem often like a lot of time. But, in this case, it seems -- it often goes quickly.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Thank you.
MS. MISSY BROWN: All right. Mr. Lopez.
FROM THE PUBLIC: Good afternoon, guys, esteemed members of the board, thank you for the opportunity to speak today on behalf of THRIVE Community School.

As a lifelong resident of Santa Fe, New Mexico, I've had the opportunity of going through our public school system and also the opportunity of working through our private educational system.

The one difference that I saw came down to expectation. When I was a student at Agua Fria Elementary School, success was celebrated. When I got to Santa Fe Preparatory School, success was expected.

What we're looking at at THRIVE Community School is a model that's been established to not only redefine what success is, but to establish the means on how to obtain success on behalf of our students.

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Looking at the models that we've established, looking at the diverse efforts that we've made to obtain as much information about what the community truly needs, I am speaking today in support of THRIVE Community School because I feel we do need to diversity our opportunities on behalf of our parents.

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I'm a basketball coach; I'm a parent; I'm a special education teacher; and I'm an active participant in this community. Santa Fe means enormous amounts to me, and I think it's very, very important that we continue to look towards the future and recognize that the models of education are evolving, and it's very, very important to be on the cusp of that evolution.

And I think what we see here today is the presentation of a group of individual who are willing to stay on the cusp of that evolution and be on the forefront of what modern education needs to

Thank you for your time. And, again, I'm speaking today on behalf of THRIVE and education.

THE CHAIR: Thank you so much. And I'd also like to remind folks that you've got a minute. This is being transcribed. And our transcriber's

fingers can only move so fast. Sometimes pictures says a thousand words. Cindy's eyes sometimes -it's like I don't want her fingers to blow out. So it's not a race to the finish, either, for that one minute. We want to accurately capture what's being said.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Also I would like people to know, particularly our next speaker, that I don't start the timer until after you've spelled your name for our court reporter.

THE CHAIR: Right. Thanks.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hi. My name is Yesenia Bermejo. B-E-R-M-E-J-O. Yesenia.

I am currently site coordinator for communities and schools at Nina Otero. I am a first-generation college student from immigrant parents. I am a product of Turquoise Trail Charter School. I had the privilege of attending and had the privilege of having my family be served by the charter school community.

I am also here to speak for THRIVE, in that if it wasn't for my charter school education, I wouldn't be who I am today. I know I'm very young and I have only started my career here. But I feel like if it wasn't for Turquoise Trail Charter

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School, I wouldn't have been a product of breakthrough and ultimately been a Davis Scholar.

And that's all I have to say. I am for THRIVE.

THE CHAIR: Thank you so much. MS. MISSY BROWN: All right. Our next speaker is Juan Acevedo.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hi. Good afternoon. Thank you for the opportunity to let me speak here in favor of THRIVE Community School.

My name is Juan Acevedo. A-C-E-V-E-D-O. I am a current high school teacher at Capital High School. I teach an elective business class there. as well as I am part of the New Mexico board member for DECA; that is, Distributive Education Clubs of America.

I want to speak as a father and also as an educator in favor of THRIVE. As a father, I think it's important for me to be part of a community that emphasizes equity and inclusion. I come from another country as well as any other members of this beautiful community in Santa Fe, and I believe that for me and for all of them to feel included in a community that emphasizes these two elements is really, really important for the education of our

children.

I'm a father of two beautiful children, one a boy that is five years old, and my daughter that is just one.

And as an educator in the high school in the public schools, I have been seeing a lot of gaps that our students have that they carry for the elementary and middle school in terms of reading and critical thinking, problem solving, but also in their social-emotional development. And I believe that THRIVE Community School is going to be a great option for these new generations coming to have the pillars that are going to set the foundation that they need in terms of the development of those skills.

Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you so much.

18 MS. MISSY BROWN: Next speaker is Chris 19 Eide.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Good afternoon. Madam Chair, members of the Commission. I hope this 22 find you well. It's really good to see you. I am 23 here today in support of THRIVE Community School for 24 a variety of reasons.

One, we occupy this dusty outpost on

Highway 14. And Yesenia gave us a shout-out already and, hi, Yesenia. We know through all of our community outreach work that there is a really strong need, in South Santa Fe in particular, for a great school, a great K-through-8 school that would be a competitor of ours, that would -- that would be thinking about the same students that we serve.

But, in my opinion -- and I know this is the shared opinion of many members on the Commission as well -- we need to be in the business of good schools for all of our kids, no matter what type of school it is.

I've gotten to know the leadership team at THRIVE really well over the past year. I know what's in their heart. And I know what's in their wealth of experience.

This is going to be a great school. It's going to be great for our kids. It's going to be great for our community. And this next year, pending approval, I look forward to hosting the leadership team at THRIVE here at our school so that we can work together to develop great systems that can hopefully spread out in Santa Fe for the benefit of more and more students.

I'm really excited about the possibility

of having them join this charter school community here, and I hope that you are, too. Go, THRIVE Community School.

THE CHAIR: Thanks, Chris. And it is good to see you.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Thanks, Madam Chair.
MS. MISSY BROWN: All right. The next
speaker we have is -- sorry. They named themselves
THRIVE. Okay. THRIVE. Melynn Schuyler -Schuyler? Schuyler?

So, Melynn, I hope I'm pronouncing that correctly. Please unmute yourself, spell your name, and then I will start the timer.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hello, everybody. My name is Melynn Schuyler. S-C-H-U-Y-L-E-R. I am the founder and executive director of YouthWorks in Santa Fe. YouthWorks turned 20 in May, in this last May.

And we set up to assist young people who were not succeeding through traditional school or pathways of care in order to help them finish an alternative education and to gain job skills, social-emotional skills, and life skills in order to be successful.

YouthWorks is highly in support of THRIVE

and their concepts. We believe that YouthWorks can be an incredible community partner. We work widely across the district and into rural environs in the Santa Fe area, and we are -- have seen thousands and thousands of young people not make it through traditional pathways and end up in our hands.

We believe a really strong early start is what THRIVE is -- is proposing, and we're in great support. We would love to be able to partner with THRIVE and help families and students with alternative resources, community service opportunities, alternatives, tutoring, home tutoring, all -- and food resources.

YouthWorks has a huge wraparound system of care, and we completely support THRIVE's mission and know that this is a necessary option for Santa Fe students and families.

Thank you very much.

THE CHAIR: Thank you.

MS. MISSY BROWN: The next person on the list is Laura Ingram.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hi. Good afternoon. Commissioners. My name is Laura Ingram. I am a supporter of THRIVE Community School.

My last name is spelled I-N-G-R-A-M.

When I first learned that Sean Duncan was starting a school, I was very pleased. I am a parent of a three-year-old who has an IEP as well as a young daughter who is delayed.

I feel as a parent -- and I'm also a teacher, special education teacher for 17 years -- that THRIVE Community School really reflects the needs of my children, my child who will soon be going into pre-K, myself as a parent, and the overall community.

I know I don't have much time, but I really want to talk about the social-emotional piece, the approach that THRIVE is proposing. Proficiency.

It's really important to have the explicit instruction and the small group learning and to give the teachers those skills to then provide it to their children -- their students and the families. I don't think it should take a pandemic or an IEP to address the social and emotional needs of the students.

I think having the -- the curriculum to start from an early age that continues through as part of the curriculum is very important.

I also think the professional development

piece that THRIVE is proposing is huge for attracting teachers as well as retaining them. I am surprised that it is hard to get teachers here in Santa Fe, and I do think it's a lack of support, often. And I am very confident that Sean, Angelia, Amy, and Julie will fulfill their vision and mission with THRIVE, and I support it. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Our next speaker is Kasey Johnson, Kasey with a "K."

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hello. My name is Kasey Johnson, spelled J-O-H-N-S-O-N. It is nice to see everyone. I am a multigenerational Native New Mexican. I am a former T-Bird and Capshaw Falcon. I am a passionate public educator, including I being a school psychologist.

Most importantly, I am a parent of two school-aged children, and I am honored to speak today with 100 percent certainty that I would be honored to enroll my children at THRIVE based on a couple of things.

I have full faith in the capacity of every single proposed team member at THRIVE to meet new norms for equitable academics for every child, not just mine.

I am very attracted to their commitment to a more racially, economically, and culturally integrated school, ensuring that all New Mexican children attending THRIVE would be more secure in their unique identities and part of a design of a more just world.

I am drawn to THRIVE's social and emotional learning focus, validating not only my own children, but, again, all children attending THRIVE's identity.

Finally, having had already the unique opportunity to share my perspective and voice as a parent and an educator and what is important to me contributes to my full support for THRIVE.

Again, I believe in every single proposed team member's ability to meet their vision and goals, and I do believe that -- with zero doubt, that having this option for all students and families in our communities would truly benefit our beautiful city and state. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Our next speaker is John

THE CHAIR: We can, yes.

Rizzo.FROM THE PUBLIC: Can you hear me?

MR. JOHN RIZZO: I guess it's the afternoon. My name is John Rizzo, spelled R-I-Z-Z-O. I want to give you perspective on my background and talk about why I support THRIVE. My grandfather came over from Italy; he was illiterate. My father joined the Air Force to get his college degree paid for by the GI Bill. He eventually became a Ph.D. scientist and ran the nuclear weapons in Albuquerque. So I lived here 50 years ago.

We then moved to Silicon Valley, where I began my career in the technology business, and I've been at companies like Intel and Apple and others you've probably heard of.

The key thing about technology is that it creates tremendous upward mobility for society and tremendous job growth.

One of our new initiatives here is to create technology to New Mexico. We want to create 25,000 innovation jobs over the next ten years. And in order to do that, we need a very strong educational system that cranks out kids who have the knowledge and skills to work in these new innovation economies.

That's a very interesting and key part of our strategy. One of the things that the

Superintendent said was that Santa Fe Schools are getting smaller; they're shrinking. That's because the state of New Mexico is not growing. Younger people are leaving; older people are coming into the state. That's not a great recipe for economic growth.

The reason we support THRIVE is that it's a STEAM school and a STEM school. Those educational components drive the right quality of people that can learn in the schools, go to local universities in New Mexico, and stay in New Mexico to create these new innovation jobs.

It's a place-placed approach which creates a lot synergy with our local businesses, art and cultural community. And, finally, tech is one of the most diverse employers on earth. Diversity is critical for the success of tech, and THRIVE's approach to diversity is very important as well.

We're building an innovation village on the south side of Santa Fe, and we'd be excited to have THRIVE be a part of that, and we're very supportive of the program and Sean and his team and support this school wholeheartedly, and others in the area of Santa Fe, to drive economic development and growth for everyone in the city.

Thank you so much.
 THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.
 MS. MISSY BROWN: Our next spea

MS. MISSY BROWN: Our next speaker is Mary Rose C de Baca. Where did she go? There she is.

Mary, you're part of the panel, if you would like to unmute yourself and please spell your name.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Okay. Madam Chair, members of the Commission, I'm Dr. Mary Rose C de Baca. C-D-E-B-A-C-A. And I'm here in support of the THRIVE Community School.

The school is going to be taking an activity-based learning approach. And this requires more time. And because -- because of this, the students' day will be one hour longer.

And this is absolutely needed, especially for the kids that are behind. We can't keep on doing the same thing and expect different results. And so students need the additional instructional time.

Additionally, there's a misconception that teachers are prepared once they exit the university and get a license. In fact, that's just the beginning. So it has really become the responsibility of the school to continue to prepare

the teachers. Our world is changing; the student demographics are changing. And the additional 25 days of instructional support for teachers is really important.

This will end up ensuring the continuity in the application of the mastery learning approach.

And as students move and progress from one level to another, it's really important that they have that continuity and that teachers have the same approach to teaching.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Thank you, Dr. C de Baca.

FROM THE PUBLIC: I appreciate your time. Thank you.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Sorry for interrupting. Next speaker is Jenny Parks.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hello. Can you hear? THE CHAIR: Yes, we can.

19 FROM THE PUBLIC: Thank you,

Commissioners. Thank for you letting me speak. My
 name is Jenny Parks. I'm the president and CEO of
 the LANL Foundation based in Española, but covering

23 a seven-county region, including Santa Fe County,

the mom of a 15-year-old and a Santa Fe High graduate myself.

I'm supporting, today, THRIVE for a variety of reasons, some that have been mentioned already. But if I could design a charter school based on our learning and understanding of education in our region, it would look almost exactly like THRIVE. Everything they have thought out so well, from a social-emotional learning, aspect which often gets overlooked in our whole system in New Mexico, to the 25 days of learning for teachers.

I can't tell you what a huge difference that can make, both in the job satisfaction, but also in the quality of teaching that our teachers will have, the extended school day so that parents who work aren't scrambling to try to find care for their children.

The mastery learning. That is something that I hope that all of us can learn from THRIVE and see them succeed.

We are huge supporters of Santa Fe Public Schools. They are one of our largest recipients of grants and programming, and my hope is that the promise of charter schools which charter schools were started for, which is that their innovations would teach the rest of us, will come true with THRIVE, and that all of our schools will be the

better for it.

And I know that the students who go there will have an incredible opportunity that all of our students should be able to have.

So thank you for listening, and I fully support THRIVE's charter. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Next speaker is Shirlee Cole.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hi, everybody. Okay. My name is Shirlee Cole. That's C-O-L-E. And I am an educator at E.J. Martinez and a parent of a school-age child in Santa Fe who is starting kindergarten in just a week and a half.

And I am speaking on behalf of my support for THRIVE Community School.

With one of the foundations of THRIVE being based around equitable academics, all students will have the same opportunities to master the content. Also, promoting flexible learning groups ensures that each learner will have the knowledge and skills to take them through their educational journey successfully.

Being a K-8 school, which I truly believe Santa Fe needs more of, will provide continuity and

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a caring learning environment for all students. And having the K-8 model being broken down into three smaller schools will give each student the chance to learn in a smaller, more focused setting.

In the world we live in, having the opportunity to attend a school with the core foundation of justice and diversity, the students of New Mexico will become the agents of change that our society truly needs. When students are loved and cared for at school and given the same opportunity regardless of race, gender, or economic status, they thrive and they are set up for a successful educational career. So short and sweet, in closing, I am in full support of THRIVE Community School.

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Our next speaker is

Andrea Romero.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Sorry about that. Okay. Hi, everyone. My name is Andrea Romero. I'm a lifelong resident of Santa Fe, the mother of two college students now. And I have my background in early childhood education and development. So my passion is on social-emotional learning. And that's the reason why I support THRIVE Community School.

I agree with their core values, and I'm

especially in support of them utilizing restorative practices. Restorative practices gives our students the tools to build and maintain relationships that last a lifetime.

These practices give our students confidence and the ability to use their voice as well as the tools to resolve conflict and recognize what it looks like when we are at our best.

And, most importantly, restorative justice practices celebrates students for the values that they bring to the community.

So thank you. And, again, I'm in support. THE CHAIR: Thank you so much. MS. MISSY BROWN: All right. Our next speaker is Toby Wright.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hi. My name is Toby Wright, and I'm here to speak briefly in support of THRIVE School. Last name is W-R-I-G-H-T.

I currently am the testing coordinator at Capital High School. But in 13 years of working in the college and career readiness framework, and six years of teaching AVID at Capital High School, I've learned that maintaining high expectations for students is a key approach to their success in the college and career readiness game.

I've seen so many times over the years where expectations have been lowered in order to improve our graduation rates. And I've also spent a great deal of time in the credit recovery arena at Capital High School. I know that so many of our students are expanding into credit recovery because they are ill-prepared for high school.

I support the THRIVE model for many reasons, not the least of which being that they are managing high expectations and prepared to work in a collaborative environment, which the AVID program found over 30 years ago was one of the best ways for students to achieve.

I, as a member of the alternative licensure program, am also hugely in support of 25 days of professional development which I would sorely could have used in my first few years of teaching.

Thank you for letting me speak, and I am fully in support of the THRIVE Community School. THE CHAIR: Thank you so much.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Six more to go. Our next speaker is Jay Hennicke, I guess?

THE CHAIR: One thing I don't miss is trying to figure out people's names when they've

written them by hand on that sheet.

MS. MISSY BROWN: So, Jay, you are on the panel. Please remember to spell your name.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Great. Thank you. Yes, my name is Jay Hennicke. H-E-N-N-I-C-K-E. Currently, I work for Santa Fe YouthWorks. I'm the director of operations. But for the past 17 years, I have also taught at the community college level English, composition, and philosophy. And for about 20 years, I've been a private tutor of all ages, pre-K through adult.

I -- and one thing that I've learned in my career as an educator and working with the youth here in Santa Fe is that when it comes to education, more in most aspects is usually better, and more in terms of opportunities, options, innovation, and care.

And from all of the meetings I've had with the leadership at THRIVE and everything that I've experienced with them, I believe that they will bring more of all of those things to the youth and to the families of Santa Fe. I believe in the large scale that this school and, in general, the resources are available to bolster our education. And this gives us an opportunity to do more for the

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youth, which will expand out to families and community.

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So, yes, I am strongly in favor of THRIVE Elementary School. (Verbatim.)

THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Our next speaker is Mike Loftin.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hi. My name is Mike Loftin. It's L-O-F-T-I-N. I'm the CEO of Homewise here in Santa Fe. Homewise's mission is to help people improve their financial security over the long-term through home ownership. We're very committed to this. This year, we'll help about 600 households buy their first home.

The -- you know, we really care about the intergenerational transfer of wealth, which home ownership is effective at.

The other thing that really helps the next generation get ahead is access to good education. And that's why we're supporting the THRIVE school, because THRIVE is committed to serving low and moderate income families, the same families that Homewise tries to help.

And there -- and we are -- and they also have assembled a leadership team that is just an incredible leadership team. And I think this school, I think, is going to be a great school, and Santa Fe really needs it.

We're -- Homewise is now actively working with THRIVE to help them find a location for this school. We're looking on the south side of Santa Fe, where, till today, the public schools have been saying is where they have an overcrowding problem. So this would help alleviate that overcrowding.

And so I think that, like -- you know, we're very excited to work with THRIVE. We're also very excited to work with the regular public schools. I've helped over 10 percent of their teachers buy a home in Santa Fe.

I would just encourage our new superintendent to, rather than, like, oppose this kind of innovation and leadership coming to our city, to embrace it and to look for ways to partner with them, because working together is how we're going to provide the opportunity for all kids to get the education that they deserve. We need to work together.

24 Thank you. 25 THE CHAIR: Thank you so much.

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MS. MISSY BROWN: Next speaker is Jeff Pinkerton.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hello. Thank you. Thank you, Commissioners, for allowing me to speak to you guys in supports o THRIVE. My last name is Pinkerton, P-I-N-K-E-R-T-O-N. And I'm an instructional support specialist for Santa Fe Public Schools.

And I delve in a lot in the curriculum and development working with teachers. And this -their objective of basing instruction on mastery and small group learning and using the science and technology, I think that so many have said this in the past -- or that have spoken -- we have to move into that direction.

And I think that this board has spot-on a great idea for what needs to happen for Santa Fe. And working for Santa Fe Public Schools, I'll say that it could be perceived as competition. But I think that whenever we're all working together for the benefit of our students, we're raising the bar. And I think that it would benefit the children of Santa Fe.

I think it's a very strong academic foundation that THRIVE is trying to -- to put

forward to our community, and I am in very strong support. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you so much. MS. MISSY BROWN: Next up is Donald Walcott.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Hello. My name is Donald Walcott. W-A-L-C-O-T-T. I'll try to give Cindy a break. She -- I'm an attorney here in Santa Fe for the last 25 years, mostly in real estate, commercial, and corporate law. And I've been scolded a few times by Cindy for speaking too fast.

I've been working with this board. I've never seen such a talented group of energetic, passionate people that are absolutely dedicated to diversity. And not just superficial diversity. They're dedicated to making sure all kids and their parents have the support and the education that they need, and they're striving to do that.

And I -- I know a lot of people have already addressed the Superintendent's comments. I have a daughter who's in a Santa Fe public school going into fourth grade. Several of her friends' parents have decided to put their kids in different schools. And it's not because of more choice in the

public schools. Having more choice will actually draw more people back into the schools, I think.

So I think that is an argument for the public schools allowing this kind of diversity and innovation, and, hopefully, it'll bring kids back into the fold. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you so much.

MS. MISSY BROWN: Next is Bridget Dixson. Ms. Dixson, you're on the panel. You can unmute vourself.

FROM THE PUBLIC: Great. Thank you so much for that. Sorry I was having some technical difficulty. Hope you all can hear me okay.

Good afternoon, esteemed members of the board. I'm Bridget Dixson. That's D-I-X-S-O-N. And I am the Santa Fe Chamber of Commerce President and CEO. And the mission of the Santa Fe Chamber of Commerce is to strengthen the local economy and to serve as the voice of business and community affairs.

We represent over 700 businesses in Santa Fe County and surrounding areas. Business leaders understand the importance of a well-educated workforce to support a strong local economy. Our education system at times can fall short in preparing students to succeed.

Building a highly skilled workforce is more important than ever. Therefore, the Santa Fe Chamber of Commerce has a committee that is dedicated to education. We feel that supporting THRIVE Community School is another way that our business community can come together to support our children and our future workforce.

Also on a personal note, I just want to mention that I am the mother of a 21-year-old who's a junior in college who has a learning difference. And if it wasn't for the hard work of all the tutors that she had from third grade to sophomore in high school, she would not have the success that she's experienced today as an honor student in college.

And I only wish that THRIVE Community School would have been available to support her when she was in school. Thank you so much for your time.

THE CHAIR: Thank you.

20 MS. MISSY BROWN: Finally, Amanda Aragon. 21 FROM THE PUBLIC: Hello. I'm Amanda

22 Aragon. A-R-A-G-O-N. And I'm the executive

director of NewMexicoKidsCAN. Good afternoon,

24 Madam Chair and member Commissioners. It's my

privilege to be here to support the charter

submitted by THRIVE Community School, too.

Santa Fe families and students deserve and need a robust set of high quality schools to meet their needs. THRIVE will undoubtedly provide another needed option to students in Santa Fe. It is clear that THRIVE Community School, their proposed staff and board have done DEAP community engagement. And from the poll data mentioned, we know that over 80 percent of families want this option in their community.

Furthermore, from our own experiences monitoring the progress of new charter schools, we know that a strong founding team is critical. It's clear that this founding team has the knowledge and experiences they need to deliver results to THRIVE students on day one.

For all of these reasons I strongly encourage the approval of this charter school. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thank you so much. And thank everyone who took the time and the effort and the energy to come today and offer that support. We truly do appreciate that. And also the comments by the Superintendent. We appreciate the time that he took.

So I'm going to ask the Commissioners, at this point in time, can we do another ten-minute break, like we did before, before we go into our questions?

So we're looking at coming back about 25, 27 after. Thank you.

(Recess taken, 2:17 p.m. to 2:27 p.m.)

THE CHAIR: Okay. We can get started.

Yeah. And I know Commissioner Voigt. My hand's been up. And then, Commissioner Carrillo, did I just see you put your hand up? Or no?

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: You did. But I wanted to make a comment before the questions started. But I asked you earlier to wait until after public comment.

THE CHAIR: Oh. Got you. Okay. I thought that was the other comment. Okay. Got you. Now I understand. I'm sorry. Sure.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Got it. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Okay. So you want to say something now before we start the --

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Prior to the questioning, yes, please.

THE CHAIR: Okay. All right. You've got

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COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Oh, okay. I just -- others had commented on it, but I think it's very important. First, I want to congratulate Larry Chavez on his appointment as Superintendent. They've left you with an incredibly difficult job. And I respect you, as you know, very much, and the position.

As many of you know I was with Santa Fe Public Schools for nine years on the board. And I want to say that, first, Mandela International Magnet School, if we didn't open that charter school as a -- a magnet school as a district, it would have been a charter by now.

It's about choices. And many of you have probably heard Larry -- I'm sorry -- Johnny Taylor, the president of SHRM, especially if you were at the last school board's conference a couple of years ago. He said, to public school board members, "We have to change. We have to change to accept what parents and kids now want in public schools, and it's not traditional models."

And if you remember that movie "Moneyball" which is a favorite movie of mine, the Brad Pitt character says, "Adapt or die."

So when Larry and other superintendents say they're worried about declining enrollment, I am, too. I love Santa Fe Public Schools with everything that I am. But the fact that the enrollment is declining is not because there are great other choices. It's because districts around the state and around the country are not innovating, okay? And that's -- you know, I just think that's so important.

And I'm sorry that Santa Fe Public Schools is losing kids. A lot of different reasons. And I would just ask Santa Fe Public Schools to kind of look at what's stopping them from their innovation, because there's going to be more THRIVEs throughout the state. And this is just exceptional for kids, and I can speak for the Commissioners to say we're all about putting kids first. Thank you.

> THE CHAIR: Thanks. Okay. Commissioner Voigt?

20 COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Okay. Thanks, 21 Madam Chair.

> Well, first of all, it's so wonderful to see such a collective of experts behind this school. Amy and Julie, it's great to see you again. Many lifetimes ago, we worked together.

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But THRIVE School, I love -- I love your mission, especially -- and I -- you know, I don't know why more schools don't have this -- this social-emotional learning component in your model is so huge, and I'm so appreciative to see that. Also this equity integrated component within your curricular program is wonderful. It's refreshing.

I think the way that you've broken down your three small schools within a school is going to be really, really successful. And this is so well thought out.

I read through your application. And I also really, really love the way that you're not -you're not pigeonholing students by a narrow definition of student success. And your community-based approach and building on the assets that you know are in your community is going to be, I think, really, really successful.

The guiding principles that you have are so concise and comprehensive and so thoroughly explained. I really especially like No. 6 about how you are engaging in building relationships right off the bat. You're establishing foundational support, people capital, which is huge.

You've already brought in a lot of

community partners, which is so important to your stability and growth going forward.

But this piece about building on your community assets and those strengths, I think is huge, because you haven't taken a template and just plopped it into THRIVE from wherever and expecting those -- that community to fit in a template. You're building your parameters around the community that you know so well and that you've researched so thoroughly.

All throughout your application, I can see the "hows" of how you're going to implement the STEAM, how you're going to really root within your community.

So I just want to congratulate you on what a great application.

I think that this intentional diversity piece is really powerful. I just want to -- I just have one little question about that.

So it's like a what-if question. So what if your lottery one year is comprised of applicants that are 96 percent Caucasian, and, you know, 4 percent Hispanic? I mean, how are you going to address that intentionality with -- of your diversity -- maintaining that intentional diversity?

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Madam Chairwoman and Commissioner Voigt, thank for you this question. And I appreciate your feedback. That is -- you know, that is a trend that seems to happen at different schools around the country as they begin to establish a record of success. Families with more and more resources sort of flock to them.

And I think that if we continue to rely on our approach that we are going to utilize in our first year of operation, where we approach our first year of operation, if authorized, where we are constantly evaluating what our outreach efforts look like, we'll be able to make sure we are establishing meaningful connections prior to entering the lottery.

And a huge piece of that is who we are choosing to develop community partners with. A couple of folks spoke. But I think that the real mechanism to that is not necessarily for us to just do it ourselves, but to really work with mission-aligned community-serving organizations to ensure that our student body is really reflective of our city as a whole and that we don't end up with a level of imbalance.

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Thank you.

DR. ANGELIA MOORE: I would just like to add that some of the specific organizations that have really supported us that we believe will be good tools for recruitment are organizations that really support our most vulnerable families. So that would be Boys and Girls Club, YouthWorks, NMCAN, Girls, Inc., Many Mothers -- they do work with new moms -- Esperanza, and, of course, other art organizations that are, you know, large, like ARTsmart for all of our schools.

And I think one other approach that we've talked about as a team in terms of intentional recruiting is just making sure -- I was a south-side principal. And we know that many of our families struggle with technology, struggle with understanding the whole lottery system. For those of us that are well educated, it's cumbersome and difficult to figure out.

So our plan is to push into lower socioeconomic areas and communities of color on the south side and just make sure that we're proactive in terms of our student recruitment policies and that families have what they need to understand how to navigate lottery systems.

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Super. Thank you so

much for that.

I think that -- you know, and understanding your community and being a part of that south-side community and knowing the demographics there, you know, going to neighborhood association meetings or hanging out at the restaurants, things like that, that recruitment piece is going to be huge.

I think that the mastery learning piece of your academics is very progressive also. Do you foresee having multi-age classrooms in that mastery component?

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Thank for that question. So our point is not to have multi-age classrooms at this point. However, we -- because we will be utilizing flexible small groups, there might be times where kindergarten and first grade may work together during a specific block of the day, so that students are actually working at the levels that they need for both acceleration, but also to add any underlying deficits in terms of reading or math skills the students, might have in a way that's super-affirming.

So our plan is to have traditional sort of grade classrooms, but then have specific times

during the day where students might be working in different groups with students from different grade levels.

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Okay. Super. Thanks a lot. And then you have a really broad component of special education within your staff. You know, that's -- that's commendable, and that's huge. And it's hard to come by.

So that's wonderful that you were able to bring that much special education experience forward in formulating the school.

Do you plan on having, like, full inclusion classrooms?

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Aside from my related services -- and I'll defer to Julie in just a second. But aside from related services, we do plan to work a -- within an inclusive practices structure with a push to always be included, unless the service absolutely needs to be delivered outside of the classroom.

We think our small group approach is going to allow that to happen. And many of us have seen it happen in some different settings where we have worked. So that is our initial response. And I'll pass it to Ms. Lucero.

MS. JULIE LUCERO: Mr. Duncan did a great job of answering that. But, really, just emphasizing access to general education for all of our students, and, you know, making sure that all of their needs are met no matter what that looks like. So, yes. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Great. Thank so you much. Fantastic application to read.

THE CHAIR: Are you done?

Okay. And I just have a couple of questions, and then I'm going to Commissioner Robbins. I saw his hand up.

So, once again, I mean, I -- I have to echo most of what Commissioner Voigt said for the thoroughness and the thoughtfulness that went into this application. And, in particular, I was struck by the thoroughness of how you're incorporating your equity council into this school, that we all know that Yazzie-Martinez was an admonition that you have to do better. We all knew that we needed to do better, and we can do better.

And the equity council, although an answer as a component of the lawsuit, needs to be how do we make -- how do we assure you that our students and also our communities are being supported

intellectually and emotionally?

And what you gave us in that application is really that outline for me how you do it well. And I think that -- and you can tell me if I'm wrong. But I'm hoping that that incorporation of that equity council will also help in assuring the diversity in the -- in the lottery. Hopefully. So I truly do thank you for that.

And the thoroughness for the discussion on MLSS. It's -- it's a difficult process, and it's still kind of in motion, as Julie can certainly attest to more than probably any of us here. But that you did address it so thoroughly, I do appreciate it.

I just have one question, 'cause -- if I remember correctly, you're doing 1-2 -- K-1-2-6, yes? That's your anticipated first-year enrollment is those four grades.

So I guess the -- the concern is -- so if I look at the numbers correctly, you're looking at approximately two classes of each of those grades for that first year.

And budget is kind of tying in to facility. Because I think your facility presents a little bit of a challenge. And if I remember,

looking at all of the possible facilities, none of them are adequate for full rollout, whenever that happens.

So, future, what are you really looking at in terms of what the site -- what your site will look like and where it might be? And how likely is it that you might get that -- I think it was a private school, the closed private school? What's the likelihood? Because that, to me, would be the easiest for E-Occupancy, to be able to move in and not have to do much, because that always is the challenge.

But there's a little concern about the numbers that you're looking at for the first year and how attainable those numbers are and what that budget looks like.

So I think I've thrown a lot out there.

DR. ANGELIA MOORE: Yeah. I can speak to the facilities side of things and then pass it along to Sean. Is that okay, Madam Commissioner?

THE CHAIR: Absolutely.

DR. ANGELIA MOORE: Yeah. So as we looked at facilities -- and we certainly went to several, and we understand the complexities of making sure that we meet the PSFA requirements for appropriate

E-Occupancy, and also ensure that we have -- you know, have a great space for kids to learn, we believe that the Multedo campus, which housed the former Desert Academy, is our most viable -- like, initial option for us as a school.

There is adequate existing classroom space for Years 1 and 2, with the potential to add additional classroom space to accommodate our third year of growth if we have to do that.

But we have been working closely with Homewise to identify land in our proposed community on the south side, which would allow us, hopefully before year three, but, you know, could be as late year two, that would accommodate all of our growth needs from the end of year two, beginning of year three, all the way -- all the way through.

But we also know that something could fall through and Multedo campus may not be financially viable for us, or, you know, they lease it out to somebody else. So we're still working with Cozette Hansen and T.C. Warner of Santa Fe Properties, because we know, like, typically charter schools struggle with the first option you really think they have. So I'll pass it over to Sean to talk about budget.

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Yes. Thank you, Dr. Moore.

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The only thing that I would add to that is the -- the owners of the Multedo campus are very interested in continuing to talk with us upon authorization about possibilities of us locating there, and their current projected costs are well within our budget amounts for facilities, which is encouraging.

But we are, you know, working very closely with Homewise to explore all options, including if we needed to purchase or lease modular space for a while while a campus was being built.

We're -- like Dr. Moore said, there are a number of commercial spaces that are available in Santa Fe that we are continuing to look at that could be transformed. But we do know that they -- it would be a couple of steps to get the E-Occupancy.

So we are -- we're just -- we know that this is what we're rolling our sleeves up on, but feel confident that we have a Plan B, and Plan A, and then also a Plan A for a long-term facility with our partnership with Homewise.

THE CHAIR: Thanks. So the folks at the

Multedo campus, they are okay with a lease that probably won't be beyond two years, at best three years, if you were able to put some portables on there? That's -- they just want to lease it out and --

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: So we have not -- our real estate agents have spoken directly to them. They're not -- they're not in-state. I think they live in another place now. But the information that our real estate agents have communicated to us is that they -- there's plenty of land to do additional classroom space out there, which is encouraging if things were to not come together for a long-term facility.

And the only thing that they would need to be responsible for is additional access to water which they said they've already started to research. So that would be the only hurdle to us potentially being there for the long-term.

And they are -- they feel confident, because they had a long-term plan for the property that included accessing additional water. And that's -- yeah. So they said that they would just be able to follow through on whatever that plan was.

THE CHAIR: Okay. All right. Thanks.

So there is the possibility that if you had the appropriate funding, you might be able to simply add on to that space and that could become your permanent home.

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Absolutely.

THE CHAIR: Okay. All right. Thanks. I appreciate that. Because -- you know. And, of course, you know, I guess the concern is if you don't get the numbers that you're going to get that day one, are you going to be able to afford the lease?

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: That's a great question. and an important one, because we need numbers to be able to afford the lease.

So Dr. Moore and other members of the team, we've developed a pretty -- maybe overly, but I don't think we can be overly sort of out there on our recruitment efforts to really be tracking the level of interest from all of our outreach events prior to the lottery.

So we'll know if we need to make sort of adjustments to our budget well before the lottery even happens, and, then again, once the lottery happens. So the good thing about the Multedo campus is it's currently listed as having multiple lease

options on the property itself. So if our numbers did shift and we had to say, "We actually can't afford this much classroom space because our students' enrollment does not hit the targets that we had set," we could request to lease less space than -- than we might need if we were occupying more for higher student enrollment.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thanks. And just one last quick question. In the application, you mention that lottery opportunities are not as available to the south-side community because of transportation -- the unavailability of transportation. But Turquoise Trail does bus, do they not?

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Yeah.

THE CHAIR: What were you referencing there?

DR. ANGELIA MOORE: So I can speak to transportation. The reference is really in terms of district-provided transportation. So the policy within Santa Fe Public School district is that if -- say, for example, you don't want your child to attend Nina Otero. You want to -- you want a lottery seat over at Piñon; right?

If you get that lottery seat at Piñon or

another school, the district is not going to transport your child out of the school that they're zoned for. So it becomes a burden on the families to access lottery choices within the schools on the south side.

Sean, correct me if I'm wrong. But I think Monte del Sol has transportation; Turquoise Trail has transportation. So many of the charter options do, in fact, have transportation.

We'll be working with the Herrera Bus Company to make sure that -- we've already talked with them and gotten an estimate for transportation routes for our families, too.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thanks for that clarification. And, you know, even though they do offer transportation, I don't think there's too many open seats at those schools. So thanks for that.

Commissioner Robbins?

COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: Yes. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: And then Commissioner Carrillo.

COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: And my comments will be similar -- and questions -- will be similar to what Chair Gipson had.

But in terms of your aggressive -- and it

is a very aggressive growth in your enrollment, and aggressive especially the first year. New schools, sometimes you'll get a really high initial indication of acceptance, but then when the reality comes, people back off.

One of the things I noted in your numbers is you're projecting 25 students in the sixth-grade classes. You know, a lot of parents are wanting -- they're looking to charter schools to have smaller class size. And that can be a deterrent for a lot of parents wanting to come in.

How are you going to address the goal that a lot of individuals, parents and teachers, want to have smaller class sizes when you're projecting fairly significant sized classes, especially in sixth grade?

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Thank for you that question. And, absolutely, when we have met with families, the biggest concern, particularly from parents and families of middle-school students, is that, you know, it seems like there are reasonable class sizes in the elementary grades, and then all of a sudden kids get to middle school, and they are -- they feel like they're just a number.

So that is a top priority for us. And I

know that based on looking at the numbers, like just on a list, that it would appear that it would be one teacher, 25 students in a classroom. Because we do have a plan, both within our staffing plan, to utilize both additional enrichment support through our STEAM labs teachers, which is ultimately an additional enrichment, as well as utilizing educational assistants all the way through the -- the upper grades. We know that we're going to be able to keep those same small group learning structures in place, even if, on a specific class roster, there are 25 students.

Additionally, just the -- the way that we're going to be able to do certain portions of the day will have more teachers involved in sort of a more all hands on deck for, say, like a differentiated literacy block where kids are working in small groups for up to 45 to 60 minutes.

And, you know, I think that one of the things that we know is that our educational assistants in our community bring so much value, and we want to be able to support them to become teachers as well, if they choose that path. But we also want to be able to rely on them to help facilitate these small group learning structures

that will help the class sizes feel as small as we know our families want to see in a new school.

COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: Okay. Thank you. I am impressed by the number of people in the community, the different organizations, business groups that are supporting THRIVE. And I compliment you on reaching out and getting that type of support.

Because a lot of times, you know, this is one thing that -- you know, sometimes -- I think Commissioner Carrillo said this -- you know, looking at the goals of the students and the parents, well -- but, ultimately, it goes to the business community. And if the business community -- if their needs of getting educated students, you know, students capable of getting into the workforce and performing, regardless if it's STEM or health care, whatever it may be, or the arts, having people who are competent and can read and write and do basic math is very, very important.

So I've always stressed the importance of the community is really the customer of our public education system, not just the parents, not just the students. The students are -- and I don't -- for lack of a better word, they're the cog, okay? We're

producing a cog that will fit into being a contributing member of society. And it's a living cog.

But the thing is, is if schools don't, you know, shape and mold that individual along with community support, then we fail.

Just the last thing I wanted to mention is the location. And if you have to change location, you're going to lose students. Because a lot of times, people will be attracted to a school initially. But if you have to change locations you're going to lose some of those students that you anticipate keeping from year to year. And that's going to be a challenge.

So looking at locations, having build-out opportunities or the ability to lease additional space within a campus, very, very important. Because what I've experienced is when parents seek a school, and they like the school, if that school starts shifting around and doing things and moving, you lose some, if not a lot, of your students.

Just a cautionary thing. But I'm very impressed with the support that this school has from the community. Thank you.

THE CHAIR: Thanks. Commissioner

Carrillo?

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Yes. Thank you.

Building on what Commissioner Robbins just said, extremely impressed by the people that rolled out to speak in favor of -- of THRIVE. It speaks to what the community wants, what business wants, and what parents and kids need, to have that array of community leaders speak out.

And, I mean, hearing from Ms. Parker at LANL and Mr. Rizzo and Mr. Loftin in their areas, that was super-impressive.

Relative to location, couldn't agree with Mr. -- Commissioner Robbins more. And even though I don't want to, like, throw water on whatever -- whatever might be relative to the Mercado property, I personally would caution against it.

You couldn't get further away from the south side except to be in the Pecos Wilderness, in terms of serving kids and parents in the area. And I think in terms of the equity, you would lose a lot of people wanting to lotto in if they knew they really did have to drive 30 minutes.

I mean, for people that aren't familiar with Santa Fe, it's over by El Gaucho off Old Santa Fe Trail. It's way -- it's way out.

And so I would really caution you. And I also am familiar with the last lease they had with Desert Academy from parents/friends that went there. And it was a balloon lease; it was a horrible lease. And, basically, you know, Desert signed a deal with the devil that they could never keep, ever, ever.

So I would just caution you against that property, because great ideas find a way of having other great people find properties for them. I don't think that's going to be a huge obstacle for you. I would just caution you on that property.

In terms of questions, I'm using, like I said for the earlier one with the peer review report where it was "Approaches," because my goal is hopefully at the end of this meeting that those areas where the peer review said you approach, you know, the standard you're supposed to meet that all of our questions and concerns are satisfied, so that essentially we can look at this and say, "Oh, they've met all the requirements. You know, bravo."

So one of the areas they were concerned with was the board, how board members are going to transition. So I would like you to speak in general to how -- how you're going to get board members, what training you expect them to have, both in terms

of academics and financials, board norms, the Open Meetings Act. I mean -- because we find that there are so many -- so many of the challenges that people come to us or that we see have to do with boards that are just ill-prepared, members that didn't know what they were getting themselves into, and then they get themselves into trouble.

So if you guys could talk about the financial part, the academic part, oversight of everything, and then training for board members, that would be swell. Thanks.

MS. RANDI VALVERDE: Madam Chair, Commissioner Carrillo, I'm happy to address the board piece, and then I'll pass it to Mr. Crider to talk about more of the financial piece.

Our governance committee will take the lead for ensuring that there is a process for regular ongoing assessment of our board needs, based on skill sets and community engagement.

We will keep a developed list of the potential board members running and keep them up for consideration. We will cultivate and evaluate prospective candidates based on their resumes, based on their reputations in the community. And all of those potential board members will be vetted for

approval by the full board and will have to have a majority of our board to become a member.

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And then when you look in terms of the diversity of our founding board members and all of our respective networks that we could potentially tap into to find new board members and make sure that we have the right people on an ongoing basis, I think that we can be confident that we'll maintain the right number of board members and the right people on our board.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Terrific.

MR. BRIAN CRIDER: Just to speak to that transition, first, we do anticipate that, you know, once approved, all founding members of the board or founding board members will transition to the governing board.

Second, you know, that Mr. Duncan will serve as our executive director, and other members of the school will transition, you know, into other school-based positions as leaders and classroom teachers.

In terms of, you know, the finances, so, you know, we understand that, you know, within 90 days of approval of the charter, you know, as Ms. Valverde mentioned earlier, we will seek -- you

know, file an application with the Commission seeking approval as a Board of Finance.

Once approved, you know, the governing board understands that ultimately we will be responsible for maintaining the fiscal solvency and financial stability of the school.

What does that look like? So moving forward, the board will conduct financial and academic oversight of the school. And to accomplish that, we're going to be provided with detailed financial and academic dashboards; so, you know, cash flows, you know, actual and projected financials. Then on the academic side, you know, attendance, attribution, assessment, and performance. That will be provided by the executive director and the business manager. And during each meeting, we will address those on an ongoing basis.

And, finally, you know, just to mention, you know, we also have, you know, discussed thoroughly the establishment of the audit committee and finance committee. The executive director and the business manager will be members of each, and the audit committee will, you know, oversee the selection of auditors, receive the auditor's report and respond to any of the auditor's recommendations.

So our goal, you know, is to be very proactive in setting policies in order to avoid these issues from the start. But if there are issues, which there usually are, we want to set up a clear process where the audit committee can address those issues and present them to the board so we can get corrective action.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Great. Thank you. I have a couple more. There's a comment I wanted to make.

And I don't know how long you have been, Mr. Crider, with Thornburg. But there was a time many years ago where he was not going to stay in Santa Fe. They were considering moving to Colorado because of the public schools in Santa Fe.

And so this -- I mean, it's a really -- a dire need, not just a need -- for business if they want to look at coming here and so that we can service all their high-tech fields.

But a question here is -- and I had this one written out earlier, so I'm just going to read it.

The peer analysis indicated that they had concerns about the calendar and schedule. Based on your capacity interview, you appear to have

alleviated these concerns.

But please tell us, the Commission, about your daily schedule, your annual calendar, and how it supports your proposed model. Does the daily/weekly schedule allow for adequate planning time, teachers, lunch, recess, and enrichment?

And the final thing that I would add that I didn't write down. You probably all know that Turquoise Trail starts later and ends earlier -- I mean starts later and ends later, into June, which parents actually love.

So I'm wondering if you're considering something like that. Public schools are going backwards; they're starting on August 6th. It's not what the community wants; right? So if you could speak to that as well.

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Thank you, Commissioner Carrillo. And I appreciate this question. And we did have a good conversation with our review committee about that.

We're going to offer 180 days of instruction for our students. In year one, I also clarified in that interview that based on the guidance and funding that is allocated or not allocated, our team will consider pursuing K5-plus

or K8-plus programming to ensure that we're continuing to build on extended learning opportunities if it aligns with our mission and sort of our programming.

Now, the -- in terms of the time, we want to keep our teachers. We want to make sure that we hire people in year one and they stay for at least two decades. And in order to do that, we need to make sure that they have the coaching, but also you have to have time during the day to be effective at what you are trying to do.

So in our primary grades, we've built in a lot of extra planning time, because we know that teachers in Grade K through 5 have multiple preps. So teachers will have anywhere between 70 to 80 minutes of planning Monday through Thursday, as well as a 40-minute lunch.

In middle school, there is a little less planning, but that's with the assumption that we have primarily content-area teachers with one, maximum two, preps. They would have just under an hour of planning, as well as a 30- or 40-minute lunch, depending on the year.

And we're committed to that.

Part of what our commitment is is, having

worked in the schools, we have to be reflective. As leaders, we're all very aware that teachers' feelings might change on things, and we want to make sure we are adapting our schedule in a way that's mission-aligned, but also meets the needs of our highest impact team members.

And then I know the last part of your -- could you tell me the last part of your question again? Apologize.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: The last part had to do with when school starts and ends. That was the very last thing I talked about.

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: I would say we are absolutely open to making sure that our calendar works for our families, or else we will not have families. And if Turquoise Trail has made that adjustment, and we'll have the opportunity to work and learn from some of their presentations they've had along the way, we would absolutely make that adjustment to our calendar.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Yeah. I still have people call me. They think I'm on the board. And they're so angry about the early start for Santa Fe Public Schools. They said, "Look, we're going on our vacation. Forget it. You guys are

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crazy."

Anyway, that's good to know. Because I think Chris is taking his parents and families into account.

In terms of facility, your thoughts and direction to your realtors around separating the bigs from the littles, right, but then also seeing the value of mentorship of those kids that are in grades, you know, seven and eight for the littles. Can you explain how you're kind of looking -- how you're approaching this?

DR. ANGELIA MOORE: So I can speak to this a little, Commissioner Carrillo.

As principal at Nina Otero and assistant principal prior at El Camino Real Dual Language Academy, pre-K-through-8 model, I had previously run a high school leadership program back in St. Louis for five years before coming here.

And mentorship is the way; right? If -if you ask any child who really impacts their lives,
you know, typically, you hear that it's an older
sibling or, you know, aunts or uncles or cousins.
And the littles really look up to the older kids.

And we saw a lot of mentoring relationships happening between sixth-, seventh-,

and eighth-graders with the smaller ones. So we had reading buddies. We had rolled out a peer panel restorative justice practice, where we had trained seventh- and eighth-graders working with Grades 3, 4, 5 on problem-solving and self-regulation.

We had older students hosting celebrations for kids.

There's just -- we -- at El Camino, we took the eighth-grade math class, we created a math elective. And those students who were really passionate about math got to push into some of the fourth-grade classes and work on teaching math lessons and do some skill building with kids.

So there's -- I mean, you know, those are things that were in place. But with this team, you know, the sky is the limit in terms of growing students as leaders and learners and hopefully growing that through the grade levels.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Well, I'm sure, actually --

THE CHAIR: Commissioner Carrillo, you froze. You're freezing.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: I'm freezing still.

THE CHAIR: I think you're back now, but

we didn't catch whatever you just said.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Okay. So there's an organization called Mentoring Kids Works that I'm sure, Angelia, you're familiar with.

DR. ANGELIA MOORE: Yes, they're working --

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: They reached out to me, because they want to reach out to state charters.

DR. ANGELIA MOORE: Yes. Louise was going to be here to speak, but she's actually on the road and couldn't log in. And we're looking at a possible partnership. We just wrote a grant to do some Saturday Scholars work, and Louise's students would help us with that.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: That's fantastic.

Finally, I'm going to ask Commissioner Robbins' question that he hasn't asked yet. That is, do you plan on having a foundation, and how do you plan on being -- making sure that you don't have an administrator serving as the head and all these conflicts of interest that we all see happen? So that's probably Mr. Crider.

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: I'll start off, and I'll defer to Mr. Crider. I -- we absolutely do plan to

have a foundation. Once we're authorized, we'll be able to begin taking necessary and appropriate steps to form a foundation.

And we similarly would be modeling ourselves off of the approaches that local charter schools that have started foundations have done to try to learn from some of the successes and setbacks they've had along the way and be able to use the foundation to support the mission of the school.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Great.

MR. BRIAN CRIDER: Yes. We've discussed that as well. You know, one of the things as -- you know, there's a lot of community support, you know,

in Santa Fe. The Santa Fe Community Foundation, you know, they also have, you know, a program where you can set up an endowment and do fundraising going forth.

That's one of the things that the board has discussed. You know, how are we going to approach fundraising going forward? And I think that's -- that's certainly in the plan. It's definitely something we would like to accomplish, you know, move forward with.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Terrific. I know ATC is a great model for that. And Susan Lumley

used to head that school, a great resource.

So I'm going to ask something, because I haven't seen -- oh, I think her hand's going up, so I'll let her ask it herself. Commissioner Burt. About equity, I just am concerned about equity and location. If you start making this school on the other side of St. Michael's or too far away from the people you want to serve, they're not even going to try to lotto in.

So really please take that into consideration. I know you will. Thank you very much. Very impressed by all of you.

THE CHAIR: Commissioner Burt?

COMMISSIONER BURT: Thanks. Commissioner

Carrillo is absolutely correct. I get so stressed about it, because I know -- you know, I know intentions are there, and even all the work is there. But at the end of the day, all the moms on your board and panel and all the parents that are on here, but if I have to send my kindergartener on a bus for 45 minutes, that's going to be difficult for me. You know, it's going to be a little hard.

So I definitely agree with that. Like, location is going to be really important. And you're calling yourself a community school; so -- I

mean, just -- just that. So, actually, that's -- first, I'm going to start by saying I genuinely was just enthralled reading through this application.

I think, you know, when I think about the PEC and kind of, you know, who we are and what we're looking for and what we're trying to do with charter schools, we really are looking for those innovative progressive schools that, you know, are going to kind of test out the waters on new ideas; right? Or do something different that is not available to the community otherwise.

What I would like -- I mean, honestly, the only thing that a little bit bums me out is, you know, I hope that one day social-emotional learning, student-centered, relevant, like all these things that you are that is going to be unique and tested out, I really do hope that that's not going to be stuff of privilege for every student in the future.

I mean, when you think about what community needs are, once again, what community doesn't need social-emotional learning for their students? I mean, any community literally ever needs this kind of -- this kind of learning for their students.

So, I mean, like I said, just

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super-thrilled about the concept of this. I can't wait, you know, to hopefully get to the opportunity to see it play out and how it works, where maybe, you know, traditional district schools and the rest of the state charters aren't so scared to do social-emotional learning and making it a primary focus in the future.

But I think, you know, we need some trailblazers. So I think that's what you offer right now.

My question is about community schools. I'm a huge fan, like really, really big fan of community schools. I know Santa Fe's model -- Santa Fe Public Schools' model is community in schools that's around Santa Fe.

I actually worked more prevalently with community schools in Albuquerque, and so they're a little bit different, a little bit different of a model. I know the heart of it remains the same.

But I'm wondering what does the community school model look like for your school? So if you could talk a little bit about that.

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Thank you. I appreciate that question.

When we -- when we sort of began to throw

ideas around about how we were going to sort of define what it would mean for THRIVE to be a community school, we really thought about it in a couple of different ways.

One was thinking about which partnerships we need to establish that would be able to be working directly with us in our building to be able to provide students additional services that might extend beyond the scope of our practice as educators; but then also how to have those same services available for community members that are in proximity, as well as parents and families. So there's sort of the -- like in the school sort of functioning as a partner within the building.

And then the second is -- which, you know, there are a lot of in Santa Fe, and we're super-grateful for that up here in our community -- that there are a lot of social service agencies that do external work, and that by having those partnerships, we can better help connect families and students to services that are community- and home-based.

So those are two of the things. And I think the third thing that I would elevate as sort of what we would use to define as how we are a

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community-centric school -- and I think this will come to fruition once we reach our higher levels of enrollment -- is that we really do plan to offer robust family and community programming through some of those organizations within our building, but then also from some of our own staff members, so that families can really come and see these culminations of learning that will take place several times a year.

And then we also -- you know, we want to make sure that the programming that we are sort of organizing internally is responsive to what our families want to do with other families.

So there are fun things. And there's a lot of great models for that that we would like to incorporate, including just things that are fun in community building, to say, like, "Hey, we are all parents and families within this inclusive school. How can we come together to teach each other what some of our favorite cooking approaches are, or some of our favorite sports and athletics are?"

So we're excited to begin to develop some of our founding family list so they can really inform some of the finer details of the vision for what that programming will look like.

And the last thing that I'll say just on the -- I want to emphasize -- and I hope I didn't overemphasize that we are like trying to locate on the Multedo campus -- just to rephrase this, we recognize that the transportation issue will immediately cut down our recruitment efforts. And if we had to figure out a short-term solution that slowed our growth rate down while a more permanent facility was being established in the community that we intend to serve, we would revise that and adjust sort of our staffing plan as well.

COMMISSIONER BURT: That makes sense. So it kind of sounds like if you -- it sounds like a little bit more like you're doing the Albuquerque community schools model; that's what I'm hearing a little bit. Because I know in the community schools, it's more of a case-based -- you know, each student that needs that support.

So if you haven't reached out to ABC
Community Schools, you might want to, because they -- I know they love talking to people about what they're doing. And it sounds very similar to what you guys are kind of envisioning. It sounds like you have a little bit of both, because you do have, like, those other pieces.

But -- and I don't know if you are considering or already know you're going to apply for the Community Schools money through the PED. But I know that's also just a great process to go through. They have good support in starting that up.

And one of the great things that I love about community schools and making sure you have a community school coordinator is they end up just paying for themselves. They just do. Like, they bring in all these resource- -- they end up -- you know, their salary ends up basically being free for what you would have spent otherwise. So that was definitely encouraging to hear.

That -- honestly, that was my only question. I just -- I was wondering what your community school looks like, because I know -- you know, there are a lot of schools that call themselves community schools. And I guess, technically, if you're in a community, you could say that

But I think it's a little bit more than that. It's a little bit more in-depth. It's a little bit more integrated than just calling yourself it.

So being thoughtful about that and utilizing the other -- I mean, New Mexico is on the leading forefront of community school. They really are. It's well known across the country that New Mexico is moving -- moving that way.

So I think you have a lot of resources just in-house to kind of help you-all out as well.

But, honestly, I was so impressed with the application. I, like, really tried to find, like, nitpicky things to do. And I think -- and I think all the Commissioners went through a lot of them. I mean, I -- I just never underestimate the willingness of, you know, upper middle class, upper class white people, to go find good schools and make their kids get into them.

And I -- so I do -- I just am worried for that all the time. Like, as soon as they find out there's a good school, they're, like, "I want my kid in it"; right?

So I know I -- the communities -- the thing I loved about the folks that came and spoke about you were they were serving the -- like, starting out from the beginning, serving, you know, people who are homeless and needing -- like, women needing support. Like, those are the kids that you

want; like, those are the kids that need that, like, boost.

And so just who you've aligned yourself with, who you've focused on partnering with right away does say a lot about where your intentions are.

I just get so -- you know, I get so worried. Don't underestimate the power of those people who are willing to go out of their way to get their kids an upper hand.

So thank you all very much and really appreciate it.

THE CHAIR: Thanks. Commissioners, if there are no other questions?

Oh. Commissioner Carrillo.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: So it says I'm muted, but can you hear me?

THE CHAIR: I can hear you.

COMMISSIONER CARR: Okay. Good. All right. So I'm just curious. Sean, do you guys have colors or a mascot yet?

MR. SEAN DUNCAN: Thank you. We have -we've thrown around ideas. However, we ultimately landed in saying that how empowering and exciting would it be to get a group of prospective founding parents and families to lead a -- like, have a focus group to say, like, which way should we go? We've kind of used a blue-and-orange color, but we are ready to turn that over to our families as soon as possible.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: That's a great idea. It totally worked for us. At our Milagro school, the colors are the UCLA colors, and they call themselves "The Thunder." It was the kids -- not even the parents -- it was the kids that chose it. There was a point at which the district said, "No, it should be Thunderbolts."

We said, "No, you told the kids you were going to let them make the decision. And that's what they said."

They've kept it that, and it's really great.

The only last thing I would say is -- and this goes exactly to what Ms. Burt was saying. A way to attract yourself to the kids that want to be in that school and need it is to have something along the lines of a parent academy, where those people, where, in the home, English is not the first language, and there really is no -- there are no financial resources for them feeling welcome.

Because we found out the hard way in

Santa Fe Public Schools that so many of these families didn't feel welcome coming to our schools. And that was just heartbreaking.

But, anyway, thanks for everything, and I look forward to first day.

THE CHAIR: Okay. Thanks. And I'll just add, leaving it to parents and students, it's what my high school did. And our mascot was a rock. So -- so just putting it out there, you know.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: You have veto power.

THE CHAIR: Be careful what you get stuck with. Made uniforms a little difficult. So just -- you know, just a little aside there. So thanks a lot, everyone. We appreciate that.

And absolutely, there is no doubt we appreciate every bit of time and effort that you've put into this application. The thoughtfulness that went into this does not go unnoted.

It was -- for me, it was a pleasure to read it. I think I was very similar to Commissioner Burt. I kept going back, and, it's, like, why am I purposely looking for something to find? And it's like -- it's just -- you know, there's got to be something that I can ask.

And it's like, oh, my God. There's really -- you know, my -- I use an application that I can physically write notes on. I'm going through the pages and I've got no notes. So it's, like, thank you for that, because it saved a lot of time, too. So I do appreciate that.

You know, no matter what happens, we look forward to seeing you in August, and thank you. And you even acknowledge the fact. This isn't an easy process. And it's -- it shouldn't be, you know, where you're asking to let us let you do something profound. And it does. And if it works appropriately, you're changing communities; you're changing children's and families' lives.

And that's -- you know, that's what we hope happens. But we all know that it's not easy. It's not an easy task. So having the capacity to be able to do that -- because, unfortunately, we've also seen those schools that we had to close that failed. But you can never say that community members didn't feel that their children were being served there. And that's sad in some cases, because they thought their children were being served, and they really weren't.

So it's -- it's a rigorous process, and we

appreciate you taking that time and your willingness to work for your community, because you're doing it, you know, out of the goodness of your heart at this point in time. And your time is very valued by us, so thank you for that.

So that being said, in closing, any member of the public, including the applicants, may submit written input following this hearing.

Written comments can be sent to the Commission via charter.schools@state.nm.us.

And that address is on the bottom of the agenda as well, and it's on the website. It can be mailed to PED, or it can be hand-delivered. The details and addresses, once again, are listed.

Make sure whoever is doing the input identifies the school that they're commenting on. And on the website, there's a drop-down box for that.

Please note that any written input must be received by no later than 5:00 p.m. on the third business day following the hearing on the application on which you wish to comment. And the THRIVE Community School, that would be July 27th, 2021, at 5:00 p.m.

And thank you once again. We will be

1 meeting on August 27th, 2021, and we will be live at

2 the Roundhouse for -- for the meeting. So we look

forward to actually seeing you and hopefully being

able to shake your hand and hearing from you in

person. And thank you once again.

COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Thanks, everyone.

THE CHAIR: So I guess we do actual- --

no. I guess we do actually need a motion to

9 adjourn.

COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: So move.

THE CHAIR: Now that I'm thinking. So

there's a motion by Commissioner Robbins.

COMMISSIONER VOIGT: Second.

THE CHAIR: There's a second by

Commissioner Voigt.

Commissioner Burt, do you want to do roll, please, even though I said we didn't have to do anything?

COMMISSIONER BURT: That's okay. It's okay.

All right. Commissioner Burt, yes.

Commissioner Carrillo?

23 COMMISSIONER CARRILLO: Yes.

COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Davis?

COMMISSIONER DAVIS: Yes.

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1	COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Gipson?	1	21st and then 27th as well?
2	THE CHAIR: Yes.	2	THE CHAIR: No, we changed the meeting
3	COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Manis?	3	dates.
4	COMMISSIONER MANIS: Yes.	4	COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Okay. I'm sorry. I
5	COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Robbins?	5	didn't have that on my schedule yet. So okay.
6	COMMISSIONER ROBBINS: Yes.	6	Thank you.
7	COMMISSIONER BURT: Commissioner Taylor?	7	THE CHAIR: Okay. Thanks. See you all
8	COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Yes.	8 9	tomorrow.
9	COMMISSIONER BURT: And Commissioner		(Proceedings in recess at 3:30 p.m.)
10	Voigt?	10	
11 12	COMMISSIONER PURE. All sight. That was	11 12	
	COMMISSIONER BURT: All right. That was		
13	unanimously approved.	13	
14	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. The	14	
15	motion passes, and we will see you bright and early	15	
16	tomorrow morning for the work session.	16	
17	And thanks for everything that you did	17	
18	today, Missy. It really worked seamlessly.	18	
19	Appreciate it and see you all, tomorrow. Have a	19	
20	good night.	20	
21	COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Chair Gipson?	21	
22	THE CHAIR: Oh, sorry, yes.	22	
23 24	COMMISSIONER TAYLOR: Just a quick	23 24	
	question of clarification. Our meeting our next		
25	PEC meeting, are we going to meet the 20th and the	25	
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1 2	BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION STATE OF NEW MEXICO	1	RECEIPT
_	STATE OF NEW MEATCO	2	JOB NUMBER: 4952N CC Date: 7/22/21
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3 4		3	PROCEEDINGS: Community Input Hearing Proceedings
	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE	3 4	PROCEEDINGS: Community Input Hearing Proceedings CASE CAPTION: In Re: Community Input Hearings, Rio
4 5 6	I, Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR, CCR #219, Certified	3 4 5	PROCEEDINGS: Community Input Hearing Proceedings CASE CAPTION: In Re: Community Input Hearings, Rio Grande Academy of Fine Arts and THRIVE Community
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1 BEFORE THE PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION 2 STATE OF NEW MEXICO 3 4 5 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE 6 I, Cynthia C. Chapman, RMR, CCR #219, Certified 7 Court Reporter in the State of New Mexico, do hereby 8 certify that the foregoing pages constitute a true 9 transcript of proceedings had before the said NEW MEXICO PUBLIC EDUCATION COMMISSION, held in the 10 11 State of New Mexico, in the matter therein stated. 12 In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my 13 hand on August 5th, 2021. 14 15 16 17 BEAN & ASSOCIATES, INC. 201 Third Street, NW, Suite 1630 18 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102 License Expires: 12/31/21 19 20 21 22 23 24 Job No.: 4952N (CC) 25 Proofed By:

