Bullying Assessment Flow Chart

Interview all students involved in the incident.

For use by school administrators and staff. "What happened between you two?" "How did it start?" "Did you tell him/her to stop?" "Is there anything you did that might have contributed to this happening?"

Contact law enforcement. Let the SRO investigate and decide Was this possibly a crime? whether a crime has occurred. Yes Was there physical contact or injury, use of a weapon, Notify parents. serious threat of injury, stalking, kidnapping or Let parents of the targeted student detainment, loss of property, or damage to property? know that you have contacted the SRO or other law enforcement. Was there aggression? No Physical aggression such as hitting, shoving or Not bullying threatening injury; verbal aggression such as teasing or Consider another infraction. name-calling; social aggression such as spreading rumors and shunning. No Not bullving Was there dominance? Could be a fight or some other infraction. Was the aggressor stronger or dominant over the other? Was one side outnumbered? No Not bullving Was there persistence? Consider another infraction. Would be Was there more than one incident or did the aggressor bullying if behavior continues. fail to stop when asked? Look for evidence of a repeated problem.

Respond to bullying.

- 1. Discipline aggressor for bullying, based on the seriousness and persistence of the behavior, in accordance with the school division's policy and student code of conduct.
- 2. Educate and counsel all students, including bystanders, about bullying.
- 3. Suggest that the aggressor apologize and promise not to do it again.
- 4. Ask all students, "What could you do that would keep this from happening again?"
- 5. Ask all students, "Would you let me know if anything like this happens again?"
- 6. Monitor and follow-up to make sure that bullying does not recur.